

Registered number
00481410

MORTON & TRENT LIMITED

Report and Accounts

31 March 2018

MORTON & TRENT LIMITED**Registered number:** 00481410**Balance Sheet****as at 31 March 2018**

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	54,981	54,981
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		64,363	62,054
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(69,394)	(65,762)
Net current liabilities		(5,031)	(3,708)
Net assets		49,950	51,273
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		48,950	50,273
Shareholders' funds		49,950	51,273

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

H D GENTRY

Director

Approved by the board on 1 November 2018

MORTON & TRENT LIMITED
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	not depreciated
Plant and machinery	over 5 years

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

2 Employees

	2018	2017
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery etc £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 April 2017	54,980	123	55,103
At 31 March 2018	54,980	123	55,103
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2017	-	122	122
At 31 March 2018	-	122	122
Net book value			
At 31 March 2018	54,980	1	54,981
At 31 March 2017	54,980	1	54,981

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors	2,000	2,000
Corporation tax	6,705	6,066
Other creditors	60,689	57,696
	69,394	65,762

5 Controlling party

The company is equally owned by 2 trusts, the trustees of which are F E Collyer, H D Gentry and his wife C M Gentry and M E Bryan.

6 Other information

MORTON & TRENT LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

STABLE LODGE
GREAT FINBOROUGH
STOWMARKET
SUFFOLK
IP14 3BE

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.

