SQUIRE FURNEAUX COBHAM LIMITED

Strategic Report, Directors' Report and
Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

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Company Information for the year ended 31 December 2015

Directors:

C A Slaughter

P Nott

Registered office:

Sterling House 177-181 Farnham Road

Slough Berkshire SL1 4XP

Registered number:

00457299 (England and Wales)

Auditors:

Haines Watts

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Sterling House

177-181 Farnham Road

Slough Berkshire SL1 4XP

Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2015

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2015.

We aim to present a balanced and comprehensive review of the development and performance of our business during the year and its position at the year end. Our review is consistent with the size and non-complex nature of our business and is written in the context of the risks and uncertainties we face.

Review of business

As a main Volvo dealer, the company continues to deal in new and used motor vehicles, provide vehicle servicing and repairs and sell spare parts for Volvo vehicles. The company's activities are organised into the following five divisions:

- Sales of new vehicles
- Sales of used vehicles
- Sales of fleet vehicles
- Servicing and repairs
- Sales of spare parts

We consider that our key financial performance indicators are those that communicate the financial performance and strength of the company as a whole, these being turnover and gross margin.

The turnover of the company by division was as follows:

2015 £'000	2014 £'000
7,091	7,567
12,038	13,309
6,987	6,155
1,993	2,621
2,817	3,327
1,060	891
31,986	33,870
	£'000 7,091 12,038 6,987 1,993 2,817 1,060

All divisions have performed well during the year given the continued competition from other dealerships and internet sales. Although turnover has fallen in the year, profit before tax has increased from £947k to £1,193k due to improvements over cost control. During 2015 the company successfully launched the new Volvo XC90 and the latter part of 2016 will see the launch of the new S90 and V90 ranges with more new products also expected during 2017.

Whilst the business environment in which we operate continues to be challenging and the car market in the UK remains highly competitive with pressure on margins a continual issue the Directors' remain confident that the company will continue to trade profitably and will seek to invest in the improvement of the facilities over the next two to three years as volumes grow and customer expectations increase.

Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2015

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks which include credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The company has in place risk management policies which are implemented by the company's finance department. These policies, which are consistent with those from the previous year, seek to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company by monitoring levels of debt finance and related finance costs.

Interest rate risk

The company's liquidity position does not place reliance on short term borrowings and hence such perceived risk is considered to be minimal.

Liquidity risk

The company makes efforts to manage the financial risk by the monitoring of cash flow to ensure that the company is able to meet its foreseeable debts as they fall due and to invest any cash assets profitably. A mixture of long-term and short-term debt finance is designed to ensure the company has sufficient funds available for operations and planned expansions.

Credit risk

The company's principal financial assets are freehold property, stock and trade debtors. The credit risk associated with freehold property and stock is limited and therefore the principal credit risk arises from its trade debtors.

In order to manage credit risk the directors set limits for customers based on a combination of payment history and third party credit references. These credit limits are reviewed regularly by the directors together with the aged debtors and collection history.

With these risks and uncertainties in mind, we are aware that any plans for the future development of the business may be subject to unforeseen future events outside of our control.

On behalf of the board:

Date:

C A Slaught

28/9/16

Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2015

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Dividends

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Directors

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2015 to the date of this report.

C A Slaughter P Nott

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the board:

C A Slaughter - Director

Date: 28 | a | 16

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Squire Furneaux Cobham Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Squire Furneaux Cobham Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Michael Davidson (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Haines Watts

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Sterling House

177-181 Farnham Road

Slough

Berkshire

SL1 4XP

Date: 23 9 116

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2015

N	otes	2015 £	2014 £
Turnover	2	31,985,760	33,870,380
Cost of sales		(29,615,461)	(31,403,557)
Gross profit		2,370,299	2,466,823
Administrative expenses		' (1,256,119)	(1,649,734)
Operating profit		1,114,180	817,089
Income from shares in group undertakings Interest receivable and similar income		116,542 3,883	114,313 16,043
		1,234,605	947,445
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(41,462)	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	6	1,193,143	947,445
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(238,729)	(200,298)
Profit for the financial year		954,414	747,147
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		954,414	747,147

SQUIRE FURNEAUX COBHAM LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 00457299)

Balance Sheet 31 December 2015

			2015		2014
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		117,177		103,446
Investments	9		1,463,902		1,347,360
			1,581,079		1,450,806
Current assets					
Stocks	. 10	2,085,298		1,914,811	
Debtors	11	4,231,523		2,776,466	
Cash in hand		133,283		398,023	
		6,450,104		5,089,300	
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	12	3,625,846		3,094,647	
Net current assets			2,824,258		1,994,653
Total assets less current liabilities			4,405,337		3,445,459
Provisions for liabilities	16		10,056		4,592
Net assets			4,395,281		3,440,867
Capital and reserves	47		27.000		27 200
Called up share capital	17		37,200		37,200
Retained earnings	18		4,358,081		3,403,667
Shareholders' funds			4,395,281		3,440,867

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on signed on its behalf by:

28/9/16

and were

C A Slaughte

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2015

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2014	37,200	2,656,520	2,693,720
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	-	747,147	747,147
Balance at 31 December 2014	37,200	3,403,667	3,440,867
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		954,414	954,414
Balance at 31 December 2015	37,200	4,358,081	4,395,281

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest pound.

This is the first year in which the financial statements have been prepared under FRS 102. Refer to note 21 for an explanation of the transition.

Squire Furneaux Cobham Limited is a private limited company incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Sterling House, 177-181 Farnham Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL1 4XP.

Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemption in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Sales of motor vehicles and accessories are recognised on the earlier of full payment by, or delivery date to, the customer together with associated manufacturer vehicle bonus income. Any other manufacturer income in relation to achieving targets is recognised on an accrual basis. Servicing revenue is recognised on the completion of the agreed work

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

S/Term Leasehold Property

- Over the period of the lease

Plant & machinery

- 20 - 33% Straight line

Motor vehicles

- 25% Straight line

Fixtures & fittings

- 20% Straight line

Computer equipment

- 20 - 33% Straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2015

1. Accounting policies - continued

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank and bank overdrafts which are an integral part of the company's cash management.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

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2. Turnover

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

All turnover arose within the UK.

3. Staff costs

		2015	2014
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	1,779,673	1,810,824
	Social security costs	111,985	153,684
	Other pension costs	19,535	19,000
		1,911,193	1,983,508
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		2015	2014
	Sales	14	15
	Servicing and parts	48	48
	Administration	6	7
	•	68	70
		=====	===
4.	Directors' emoluments		
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Directors' remuneration	-	-
5.	Interest payable and similar charges		
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2015	2014
		£	£
	Financing interest	41,462	-
	·		

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2015

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		
The profit on ordinary activities is stated after charging:		
	2015 £	2014 £
Other operating leases	348,432	378,321
Depreciation - owned assets	10,423	38,796
Auditors' remuneration	15,000	13,000
Taxation	·	
Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the yea	r was as follows:	
	2015	2014
	£	£
Current tax:	222.205	400.044
UK corporation tax	233,265	198,911
Deferred tax	5,464	1,387
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	238,729	200,298
Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard explained below:		he difference
	2015	2014
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,193,143 ————————————————————————————————————	947,445
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of tax in the UK of 20.247% (2014 - 21.493%)	corporation 241,576	203,634
Effects of:		
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(5,759)	(1,420
Deferred tax movement	5,464	1,387
Difference between accounts and LLP profit share	(2,552)	(3,303)
Total tax charge	238,729	200,298

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2015

	Tangible fixed accets				
8.	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment	Totals
	Cash	£	£	£	£
	Cost At 1 January 2015 Additions	450,941 24,154	375,723	15,181 -	841,845 24,154
	At 31 December 2015	475,095	375,723	15,181	865,999
	Depreciation				
	At 1 January 2015	419,568	303,650	15,181	738,399
	Charge for year	6,799	3,624	-	10,423
	At 31 December 2015	426,367	307,274	15,181	748,822
	Net book value				
	At 31 December 2015	48,728	68,449	-	117,177
	At 31 December 2014	31,373	72,073	-	103,446
9.	Fixed asset investments				
					Shares in group undertakings £
	Cost At 1 January 2015 Share of profit/(loss)				1,347,360 116,542
	At 31 December 2015				1,463,902
	Net book value At 31 December 2015				1,463,902
	At 31 December 2014				1,347,360
	The company's investments at the Ba	alance Sheet date in the share	e capital of com	panies include the	e following:
	Squire Furneaux LLP Nature of business: Property investme	ent		24	
	Class of shares:		ŀ	% nolding	
	Capital account		·	95.00	
				2015	2014
				£	£
	Total members' interests			1,509,496	1,386,820
	Profit for the year			122,676	120,329
10.	Stocks				
				2015 £	2014 £
	Stocks			2,085,298	1,914,811
					 _

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2015

11.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	2045	0044
		2015	2014
	Trade debtors	£ 436,744	£ 551,262
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	3,434,424	1,750,000
	Other debtors	25,583	191,933
	Prepayments and accrued income	334,772	283,271
		4,231,523	2,776,466
12.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
12.	ordations. amounts faming and main one year	2015	2014
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 13)	1,092,103	-
	Trade creditors	675,379	1,151,746
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	367,642	103,859
	Tax	233,764	306,157
	Social security and other taxes	46,557	44,384
	VAT	172,483	383,533
	Other creditors	676,847	732,083
	Accruals and deferred income	361,071	372,885
		3,625,846	3,094,647
13.	Loans		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		0045	0044
		2015	2014
	Associate falling due within one year or an demand:	£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Bank overdrafts	1,092,103	-
14.	Leasing agreements		
	Minimum land narmonte under non concellable energing leader fell due as follows:		
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:	2015	2014
		2015 £	2014 £
	Within one year	160,000	160,000
	Between one and five years	800,000	800,000
	In more than five years	93,333	253,333
		1,053,333	1,213,333
15.	Secured debts		
	Within other creditors is a vehicle funding balance of £676,847 (2014: £732,06 stock items to which it relates.	83) which is s	ecured over the
16.	Provisions for liabilities		
10.	TOTISIONS TOT HADINGS	2015	2014
		£	£
	Deferred tax	10,056	4,592

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2015

16.	Provisions fo	or liabilities - continued			
					Deferred tax £
	Balance at 1 J Charge to Stat	anuary 2015 tement of Comprehensive Income during year			4,592 5,464
	Balance at 31	December 2015			10,056
17.	Called up sha	are capital			
		ed and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2015 £	2014 £
•	18,600	Ordinary	1	18,600	18,600
	18,600	Preference	1	18,600	18,600 ————
				37,200	37,200
18.	Reserves				
					Retained earnings £
	At 1 January 2				3,403,667
	Profit for the ye	ear			954,414
	At 31 Decemb	er 2015	ž		4,358,081

19. Ultimate parent company

The immediate parent company is Grafise Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the UK.

The ultimate controlling party is the Slaughter family.

Copies of the group financial statements of Grafise Holdings Limited, can be obtained from:

140 Tonbridge Road Hildenborough Kent TN11 9HJ

20. Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

21. First year adoption

The company has adopted FRS 102 for the period ended 31 December 2015, however there are no differences in accounting treatment from UK GAAP to FRS102 for this company, therefore the comparatives do not require restating.