Registration number: 307721

Antalis Holdings Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

433

29/09/2016

#482

Contents

Company Information	1
Strategic Report	2
Directors' Report	3
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	4
Independent Auditors' Report	5 to 6
Profit and Loss Account	. 7
Statement of Comprehensive Income	. 8
Balance Sheet	9
Statement of Changes in Equity	10
Notes to the Financial Statements	11 to 16

Company Information

Directors A P D Gourjon

S G McCue D Hunter S M Lefebvre

Company secretary Abogado Nominees Limited

Registered office 100 New Bridge Street

London EC4V 6JA

Independent PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Auditors Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Exchange House

Central Business Exchange Midsummer Boulevard

Milton Keynes MK9 2DF

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

The Directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of a holding Company. The Company's subsidiary undertaking, which is based in the United Kingdom, is engaged in the sale of paper and paper products

Fair review of the business

The Company's activities have remained unchanged all year and the Directors do not foresee any alteration to its activities as a holding company in the foreseeable future.

The Company's loss for the financial year is £1,353k (2014: profit of £135k). During the year, the Company paid pension contributions to the Antalis Pension Scheme and PPF levy on behalf of another group company totalling £1,492k (2014: £Nil).

Key performance indicators ("KPI's")

Given the straight forward nature of the Company, the Directors believe that analysis by KPI's is not necessary for an understanding of the development and performance of the business.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and the execution of the Company's strategy are subject to the following risk: all borrowings are through a group treasury department, which operates a base rate plus system, so the Company is exposed to interest rate volatility.

These financial statements were approved by the Board on 28 September 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

S G McCue Director

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Directors of the Company

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing these financial statements were as follows:

A P D Gourjon

S G McCue

D Hunter

S M Lefebvre

Results

The loss for the year ended 31 December 2015 was £1,353k (2014: profit £135k). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend. The future development of the business and financial risk management have been disclosed within the Strategic Report.

Disclosure of information to the independent auditors

Each Director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information. The Directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

These financial statements were approved by the Board on 28 September 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

S G McCue Director

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), and applicable law). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- notify its shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 102 used in the preparation of the financial statements, and;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In accordance with Section 418, Directors' Reports shall include a statement, in the case of each Director in office at the date the Directors' Report is approved, that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Antalis Holdings Limited

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, Antalis Holdings Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

What we have audited

The financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), comprise:

- the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2015;
- the Profit and Loss Account and Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year then ended;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which includes a summary of accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Directors remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified in law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Antalis Holdings Limited (continued)

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the Directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 4), the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the parent company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures within the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Mark Foster (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Statutory Auditor

Exchange House

Central Business Exchange Midsummer Boulevard

Milton Keynes MK9 2DF

28 September 2016

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

	Note ⁻	2015 £ 000	2014 £ 000
Turnover	•	-	•
Administrative expenses	· •	(1,493)	2
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(1,493)	2
Interest receivable and similar income	5	140	133
	<u>-</u>	140	133
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(1,353)	135
Tax on (loss) / profit on ordinary activities	6 _		
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	=	(1,353)	135

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

	Note	2015 £ 000	2014 £ 000
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(1,353)	135
Total comprehensive (expense) / income for the financial year		(1,353)	135

(Registration number: 307721) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2015

	Note	2015 £ 000	2014 £ 000
Fixed assets		·	
Investments	7	129,775	129,775
Current assets			
Debtors	8	2,913	4,266
Cash at bank and in hand		19	. 20
		2,932	4,286
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(1)	(2)
Net current assets		2,931	4,284
Net assets		132,706	134,059
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	129,788	129,788
Share premium account		1	1
Profit and loss account		2,917	4,270
Total equity		132,706	134,059

The financial statements on pages 7 to 16 were approved and authorised by the Board on 28 September 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

S G McCue

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

	Called up share capital £ 000	Share premium account £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total equity £ 000
At 1 January 2014	129,788	1	4,135	133,924
Profit for the financial year	-	-	135	135
Total comprehensive income	<u> </u>		135	135
At 31 December 2014	129,788	1	4,270	134,059
	Called up share capital £ 000	Share premium account £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total equity £ 000
At 1 January 2015	share capital	account	account	equity
At 1 January 2015 Loss for the financial year	share capital £ 000	account	account £ 000	equity £ 000
*	share capital £ 000	account	account £ 000 4,270	equity £ 000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

1 General information

The Company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is: 100 New Bridge Street London EC4V 6JA

The principal place of business is: Gateway House Interlink Way West Coalville Leicestershire LE67 1LE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 28 September 2016.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The Company has adopted FRS102 in these financial statements. Details of the transition to FRS102 are disclosed within note 12

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates of assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. However, there are no significant estimates or assumptions used on these financial statements that the Directors expect will have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

The Directors also consider a key area of estimation to be the deferred tax provision. As the Antalis and Arjo UK group of companies have significant tax losses, and anticipates further tax losses in later years, it is not known when deferred tax assets will be realised.

The Directors have taken a prudent view and not recognised the deferred tax asset in the current year. The Directors believe that the assumption that Antalis Limited is a going concern is a critical assumption. The financial information has been prepared on the going concern basis as the Company is expected to generate both cash and trading profits going forward.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value. The Company has taken the exemption from preparing a statement of cash flows (section 7 of FRS 102 p3.17 (d)) and certain financial instrument disclosures (FRS 102 p11.39 - 11.48A, 12.26 - 12.29).

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary and is included in the consolidated financial statements of Antalis International SA. Consequently the Company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 to not prepare consolidated financial statements.

Cash flow statement and related party transactions

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary company of a group headed by Antalis International SA and is included in the consolidated financial statements of that company, which are publically available (note 11). Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemptions from preparing a cash flow statement.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemptions not to disclose related party transactions with other members of the Antalis group on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of a group headed by Antalis International SA.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Changes in accounting policy

New standards, interpretations and amendments effective

The following have been applied for the first time from 1 January 2014 and have had an effect on the financial statements:

Transition to FRS 102

This is the first year that the company has presented its results under FRS102. The last financial statements under the UK GAAP were for the year ended 31 December 2014. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2014.

Other than presentational format changes, and additional disclosure requirements, there are no changes to any financial amounts in these financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, or the year ended 31 December 2015.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recorded initially at their fair value and subsequently at amortised cost. They are classified as non current according to when the receipt or payment falls due.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. When a debtor is unrecoverable, it is written off against the allowance account for debtors. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against "administrative expenses" in the profit and loss account.

• Cash

Cash includes cash in hand and deposits held with banks available on demand.

Creditors

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Tax

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purpose which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occured at that date will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the Directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing difference can be deducted.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment. The carrying value of investments is stated at cost less provision for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

3 Operating (loss) / profit

Operating (loss) / profit is stated after charging

·	2015	2014
	£ 000	£ 000
Auditors' remuneration	1	1
Exceptional pension contribution paid on behalf of other group members	1,492	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

4 Staff costs

The directors are all employees of other group companies and their emoluments and contributions to pension schemes on their behalf are paid by other group companies. Their services to the company are of a non executive nature and their remuneration, including pension benefits, is deemed to be wholly attributable to their services to other group companies. Accordingly, none of the directors received any remuneration for their services of the company during the year (2014: none).

The company had no employees or employment costs during the year (2014: none).

5 Interest receivable and similar income

	2015 £ 000	2014 £ 000
On loans to fellow group companies	140	133
6 Tax on (loss) / profit on ordinary activities		
Tax charged/(credited) in the profit and loss account		
	2015 £ 000	2014 £ 000
Current taxation		•
Corporation tax charge	28	29
Losses surrendered by fellow group undertakings for no consideration	(28)	(29)
UK corporation tax		

The tax on (loss) / profit before tax for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2014 - lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 20.25% (2014 - 21.5%).

The differences are reconciled below:

	2015 £ 000	2014 £ 000
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(1,353)	135
Corporation tax at standard rate Exceptional pension contribution not deductible by the company	(274)	29
(deductible by fellow group companies)	302	-
Group relief surrendered by other group companies for no consideration	(28)	(29)
Total tax charge/(credit)	_	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

6 Tax on (loss) / profit on ordinary activities (continued)

A change to the UK corporation tax rate was announced in the Chancellor's Budget on 16 March 2016. The change announced is to reduce the main rate to 17% from 1 April 2020. Changes to reduce the UK corporation tax rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 18% from 1 April 2020 had already been substantively enacted on 26 October 2015.

As the change to 17% had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date its effects are not included in these financial statements. As the company has not provided for deferred tax in the financial statements, this tax rate change would have no impact on the tax charge for the year or tax balances in the balance sheet.

7 Investments

Subsidiaries	£ 000
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2015 and 31 December 2015	177,725
Provision At 1 January 2015 and 31 December 2015	47,950
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2015	129,775
At 31 December 2014	129,775

Details of undertakings

Details of the investments in which the company holds 20% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital are as follows:

Undertaking	Country of incorporation	Holding	Proportion of voting rights and shares held	
Ü			2015	2014
Subsidiary undertakings				
Antalis Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary shares	100%	100%

The principal activity of Antalis Limited is paper merchant.

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets.

8 Debtors

	2015 £ 000	2014 £ 000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,913	4,266

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

8 Debtors (continued)

The loan is owed by Antalis Group, a fellow group company, and Antalis International SAS, a parent company of the group. The loans are repayable on demand. The interest is calculated daily at LIBOR plus 0.5% (2014: LIBOR plus 0.5%).

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

			2015 £ 000	2014 £ 000
Accruals and deferred income			1	2
10 Called up share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2015	5	2014	4
	No. 000	£ 000	No. 000	£ 000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	129,788	129,788	129,788	129,788

11 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Antalis Group, incorporated in United Kingdom.

The ultimate parent is Sequana SA, incorporated in France which is the largest group to consolidate these financial statements.

These financial statements are available upon request from 8 rue de Seine, 92100 Boulogne Billancourt Paris France

Antalis International SA is the smallest group to consolidate these financial statements. These financial statements are available from the same address as above.

12 Transition to FRS 102

This is the first year that the company has presented its results under FRS102. The last financial statements under the UK GAAP were for the year ended 31 December 2014. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2014.

Other than presentational format changes, and additional disclosure requirements, there are no changes to any financial amounts in these financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014, or the year ended 31 December 2015.