

# The London Gazette.

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From Tuesday October 2, to Saturday October 6, 1759.

AT the Court at *Kensington*, the 28th Day of *September*, 1759,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Time limited by His Majesty's Proclamation of the Fifteenth of May last, "For giving Encouragement to Seamen, and Able bodied Landmen, to enter themselves on Board His Majesty's Ships of War; for granting Rewards for discovering such Seamen as shall conceal themselves; for pardoning such Seamen as have deserted, and shall return into the Service; and also for taking up all straggling Seamen", hath been prolonged and extended to the 29th of this Instant September: And whereas it is judged expedient for His Majesty's Service, that the same should be continued for some Time longer; His Majesty doth therefore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, hereby order, that the said Time be prolonged and extended from the aforesaid 29th Day of this Instant September, to the 9th Day of November next; and that the Bounties and Rewards given and granted by His Majesty's aforementioned Proclamation; be continued to be paid until the said 9th Day of November next: — Whereof all Persons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

*W. Blair:*

AT the Court at *Kensington*, the 10th Day of *August*, 1759,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majesty was pleased by His Order in Council of the 11th of July last, to declare and order, (amongst other Things) That all such of His faithful Subjects, who should from and after that Time enlist themselves as Soldiers in His Land Service, should not be sent out of Great Britain, and should be intitled to their Discharge in three Years, or at the End of the War, if they should chuse it; — His Majesty, with the Advice of His Privy Council, doth hereby most graciously repeat and confirm the same, with relation to such as shall hereafter enlist on those Conditions; as also to such as have been enlisted in any Corps from the 11th of July last to this Day — But whereas Doubts have arisen with Respect to the Extent and Meaning of His Majesty's said Order, — His Majesty in Council doth therefore hereby declare, That the Conditions therein contained are not meant or intended to extend to such who shall enlist themselves in Great Britain, to serve in Regiments Abroad, whether Ireland or elsewhere, or to such who may chuse to enlist in any of His Majesty's Corps in the usual Manner, without Limitation of Time or Place of Service.

*W. Sbarpe.*

*Hague, Oct. 2.* By the last Accounts received from Magdebourg it appears, That the united Corps of General Finck and General Wunsch had been attacked, the 21st of last Month, near Corbitz, not far from Dresden; by the Prince of Deux Ponts, and General Haddick, who had under their Command the greatest Part of the Army of the Empire, as likewise a considerable Body of Austrians; and that the latter had been obliged to retreat to the very Gates of Dresden, after a very warm Cannonading on both Sides, which lasted from Ten o'Clock in the Morning till Eight at Night. The Loss on either Side is not yet known. This Action, however, will probably be attended with the best Consequences to the Affairs of the Prussians in Saxony: It is assured, that the King of Prussia continued to follow the Russians, who seemed to intend the Siege of Glogau in Silesia. The Advantages, which Prince Henry of Prussia was reported to have had over Marshal Daun's Army, are confirmed; namely, that his Royal Highness had taken the Austrian Magazines at Gorlitz, Gabel, Bommisch Friedland, &c. upon the Frontiers of Bohemia: Upon which Marshal Daun had been forced to draw from Dresden both Forage and Provisions, for subsisting his Army. His Royal Highness had advanced as far as Gorlitz.

The last Letters from Prince Ferdinand's Army, which are of the 26th past, mention; That his Serene Highness's Army, and that of M. de Contades, continue in the same Position as before; and that Colonel Luckner's Appearance with his Corps in the Neighbourhood of Francfort and Coblentz had given a great Alarm to the French Quarters in those Parts.

*Kensington, October 5.*

The King was this Day pleased to confer the Honor of Knighthood on Thomas Stanhope, Esq; Commander of His Majesty's Ship the *Swiftsure*.

*Admiralty-Office, Sept. 7, 1759.*

WHEREAS divers Foreign Neutral Ships or Vessels have, during the present War with France, been at different Times, in the Course of their respective Voyages, Piratically Robbed on the British Seas, by the Crews, or Parts of the Crews of several English Ships or Vessels, who were, or pretended to be Privateers; And whereas in order effectually to prosecute the Persons who have committed any such Robberies, it is necessary to prove the Name of each respective Ship or Vessel so robbed, and the Name of the Master or Commander thereof, and the Time when, and the Species and Quantities of Goods Piratically taken, and their Values, with as much Exactness; as the Nature and Circumstances of the Case will admit of; And as it is hardly possible to make such Proofs without the Evidence of proper Persons, who belonged to, and were on Board each particular Ship or Vessel at the Time of its being Robbed; And whereas my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have, pursuant to the Directions of the Statute in that Behalf, ordered and appointed a

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