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Algiers, March 5.

Since the departure of Sir John Narborough from hence in January last for Tunis and Tripoli, this Government has on all occasions expressed their great disposition for the continuance of peace and friendship with the English. The fifth instant, came ashore near Bugia, in a Ships Boat 41 persons, belonging to the *Andrew*, William Symonds Commander, which some days before foundered at Sea, about 30 Leagues from the shore; 13 of those that Landed were Spaniards and Italians, which notwithstanding, this Government has sent orders to treat them with all kindness, and not to suffer that any prejudice be done them. The first of this month, was brought up here three *Hollanders* and a *Spaniard*, of considerable value. Here is arrived *Saddy Abra la Ben hag*, formerly Governor of *Sally*, from whence he was forced to flee by the present King of *Morocco*, *Muley Ismael*, against whom he is come to desire assistance; and to render his sollicitation the more successful, has brought with him a considerable Sum of money: in which he has not missed his expectation, for this Government has resolved to assist him with a good Body of Men.

Naples, March 26. On Wednesday last arrived here an Extraordinary Courier from the Court at *Madrid*; by whom our Viceroy, the Marquess *d'Asburg*, received the necessary Dispatches for the confirming him in this Government, and positive Orders to arrest the late Viceroy of *Sicily*, the Marquess *de Bayonne*, and the Generals at Sea, who through the difference and divisions amongst themselves, gave the Chevalier *de Valbelle* an opportunity to relieve the *Messineses*; and since, in the Re-engagement with the Duke *de Vivonne*, did not behave themselves as they ought; *Don Melchior de la Cueva*, Lieutenant General of the Fleet, hath accordingly been sent Prisoner to the Castle at *Gayetta*; the Marquess *del Vise*, General of the Gallies, to *Barletta*; *Don Joseph Centeno*, to *Taranto*; and the Marquess of *Bayonne* is a Prisoner in the Castle here. We have Letters, which very confidently assure us, that *Don Juan of Austria* will arrive in these Parts about the middle of the next month, till when, no great matter will be attempted against the *Messineses*.

Madrid, March 27. Letters from *Cadiz*, tell us, that six Men of War are fitting out there, designed for *Sicily*, to Reinforce the Armada, which, according to our last Advices, was put into *Naples*. The Ministers of this Court are very much concerned to see Affairs go so ill in those Parts, which has chiefly hapned through the fault of those who had the chief Command of the said Armada. The Count *de Monterey*, late Governor of the Spanish *Netherlands*, of whose arrival here, we have already told you, having given her Majesty an account of the posture he left those Countries in, is gone to meet his Lady, who comes by the way of *St. Sebastian*. The Prince Regent of *Portugal*, we understand, has issued out Commissions for the raising of several new Troops, as is given out, for the security of the peace and quietness of his Government; which this Court is however somewhat jealous of. *Don Juan of Austria* will now very suddenly begin his journey for *Italy*.

Warsaw, March 29. We daily more and more discover, that *Dordensko* means only to deceive his Majesty, having hitherto kept him up with Treaty, and Accommodations, to gain time, till the *Turks* and *Tartars* came to his assistance; and the former being now approached the *Ukraine*, in a Body of 20 or 25000 Men, it is feared he will join his Forces with them, and fall upon the King, whose Troops are at present in a very lamentable condition, so that we cannot well see how his Majesty will be able to disengage himself, if the Enemy press upon him, but by making a Peace, which, as things stand, cannot be expected should be very honourable for this Crown. The King, we understand, has again written a very earnest Letter to the Czar of *Moscow*, to represent to him the ill posture he is in; and that without a speedy and considerable assistance, he shall be forced to quit the *Ukraine*, and suffer it to fall again into the hands of the Common Enemy, and therefore desires he would give positive Orders for the Conjunction of his Forces with those of this Kingdom, for the preservation of their common interests.

Vienna, April 7. The fifth instant, parted hence the Baggage of the Count *de Monteciculi*, who has taken his leave of the Emperour, in order to his departure likewise, which, however, is deferred for some days. Yesterday arrived here Prince *Pio* from *Italy*, intending to make but a very short stay here, and then to proceed to the Army, which, it is said, will consist of 25000 Imperial Troops, besides the Troops of the Circles which are to join with them, and may compose 12000 Men. The Emperor has given orders for the setting at liberty several *Hungarians* which were Prisoners on account of Religion, and it is said, as if the Emperor had resolved to leave them the free exercise thereof, and even to cause several Churches to be restored to them. Hitherto there passes nothing but offices of friendship and civility between the Imperial Officers in *Silesia*, and the *Suedes* in *Pomeran*; and many People seem after all, to believe, that the Crown of *Sueden* has not any intention of entering into a War with his Imperial Majesty. The Ambassador to the Czar of *Moscow*, is on his way thither, having with him very considerable Presents for the Czar from the Emperor; it is said, his Errand is to propose and conclude an Alliance with that Court against the *Turks*, in which it is probable the King of *Poland* will be likewise included, if he make not a Peace before with the Port, of which there seems some likelihood.

Strasburgh, April 14. The old Duke of *Lorrain*, and Prince *Herman* of *Baden* are still here, and as yet we cannot precisely say, when they will leave this place. From *Ratisbonne* they write, That the Duke of *Wurtemberg* having not only refused to grant any quarters within his Territories to the Confederates, but even with force opposed them; it had been resolved the sixth instant at the Dyet, That a Letter should be written to the said Duke, and other the States and Princes of *Suebia*, seriously to exhort them, to accord the quarters assigned the said Confederates, according to the Constitutions of the Empire. The Troops of the several Circles, will hardly act under a General of their own; as was at first in-

intended; for that the several States are very backward to contribute towards the maintenance of the general Officers, &c. so that they will be joined, as is thought, with the Imperial Army commanded by the Count de Montecuculi, which the Emperor hath long and earnestly desired, as most conducing to the Publick service. From Mayence they tell us that several Boats pass daily by that City down the Rhine, coming from the Upper Palatinate, Bohemia, &c. with Soldiers. The Imperialists are, it's said, very forward in their preparations for the Campagne; and we are assured, that the fourth of the next month, Count Montecuculi will beat the head of his Army.

Cologne, April 16. The Imperial Troops that were quartered in this Diocess, are all moved out of their quarters, and hitherto march to and fro, leaving us uncertain whether they are indeed designed: the general discourse is, that they now draw only together, between this place and Bon, and that the 18 instant they, that are on this side, will pass the Rhine, and march in a Body towards Francfort; if so, we know not how to understand, that the Regiments of Count Gallas, and of the Duke of Holstein, which were quartered in the Neighborhood of that City, are coming down the Rhine towards Bon. The Imperialists fortifie Lickenich, and seem to apprehend some design upon Rhinterg, belonging to our Elector, in which there is not at present any great Garrison. The States of this Diocess have finally concluded their Assembly, having only resolved, that Monsieur Fario should be desired to depute some person hither to Treat with those appointed by them, about the matter in controversy; but, it is said, that Monsieur Fario has no orders to Treat: and in case the monies demanded be not paid, to proceed to execution.

Brussels, April 19. Some persons arrived here from Chaleroy, inform us, That preparation was made there for the lodging of 10000 Horse; and that the Prince of Conde was expected there the 25 or 26 of this month. The Imperialists, having left good Garrisons in Huy and Dinant, are all marched towards the Rhine; the 2000 Imperial Troops that were sent to Luxemburg, for the Reinforcement of the Garrison there, are likewise marched out again, to join with the rest of these Forces; and now all the discourse is, that the old Duke of Lorraine will be ere long with a flying Army in or about the Province of Luxemburg. We expect every day to hear of the Enemies taking the Field with their Army, and therefore all endeavors possible are used here to put ourselves into a posture of defence; in order to which, our Governor has, it's said, desired a farther assistance from the Prince of Orange, and that accordingly several Regiments are, to arrive here from Holland. On the other hand, we are very well pleased to hear by our Advices from Germany, that the Imperial Recruits are in very great forwardness.

Hague, April 19. This morning his Highness, being perfectly recovered, appeared abroad for the first time since his illness, and was at his devotions in the Cloyster Church, though his Physicians would have persuaded his Highness to have deferred it for a day or two longer. Their Electoral Highnesses of Brandenburg will be certainly here about Wednesday or Thursday next, if the Elector be not taken ill again of the Gout; the Marquis de Grana continues here, in expectation of his Electoral Highnesses arrival, in order to assist at the Conference, to be held with him, on the part of the Emperor. The Commissaries are parted from hence, to go and muster the several Troops, which done, they will march to the place assigned for their Rendezvous; and about the mid-

dle of the next month, his Highness will take the field with them. The Heer Van Beverning, the Heer Odyck, and the Heer Van Hairten, are appointed to assist at the Treaty at Nimwegen, on the part of this State, and they have orders accordingly to prepare themselves for it. It is written from Vienna, that the Count de Montecuculi parted from thence the fifth instant, which, according to our former advices from thence, we find to be a mistake, that it was only his Baggage that began to march that day from Vienna.

Paris, April 20. Our Letters from Marseilles of the ninth instant, advise, That that morning 24 Gallies sailed from thence with a fair wind, being designed for Messina; and that in few days they would be followed by eight or ten Men of War from Thesion, and several other Vessels laden with Provisions. Madam; the Dutchess of Orleans, is now pretty well recovered of her indisposition, to the great joy of the whole Court. The disorders that had hapned at Bourdeaux are now wholly appeased, and his Majesty has confirmed the General Pardon, the Abolition of several Impositions, and whatever else was accorded by the Marechal d'Albret, by whose great prudence and moderation matters were there so well composed. We cannot yet certainly say the day that his Majesty will begin his journey towards Flanders, but the general opinion is, that it will be sooner than is by many expected, and even before the 15 of the next month. From Andunard we have an account of Monsieur de Chamilly, Governor of that place, having been with part of his Garrison, to visit the Suburbs of Ghent, from whence his Soldiers returned with good store of Purchase, and some Prisoners. From Mastricht they write, That the Magistrates of Liege had sent certain Deputies thither, to Treat with the Count d'Esbrades about the conditions of their Neutrality, and that they were returned again very well satisfied.

Whitehall, April 14. Yesterday the Two Houses of Parliament, pursuant to His Majesties late Prerogation, met at Westminster. His Majesty being come into the House of Lords, and with the usual Solemnity seated in his Throne, and attired in His Royal Robes with the Crown upon His Head, was pleased to send for the House of Commons up; who accordingly attending His Majesty at the Ear of the Lords House, His Majesty made a very Gracious Speech to the Two Houses, on the Subject of their Meeting. And the Lord Keeper having farther most eloquently and fully declared His Majesties Mind on that occasion, the Commons went back to their House, and Resolved, That the humble and hearty Thanks of the House should be returned to His Majesty for His Gracious Speech. And this day accordingly His Majesty received the Thanks of the Two Houses: of the Lords, by a select Committee of their House; and of the Commons, in the Parquetting House at Whitehall, where they this afternoon attended His Majesty in Body.

Whitehall, April 14. His Majesty, in consideration of the good and faithful services of Capt. Richard Booth, hath been pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood upon him.

Advertisements.

HIS Majesty hath Commanded that Notice be given, That His Majesty will not Touch any persons for the Kings Evil, after the end of this month of April, until Autumn: according to the usual custom.

THese are to give Notice, That the Records of the Office of Arms, are removed from Westminster, to the College of Arms near Doctors Commons in London; where the Heralds, and other Officers of Arms, do attend, as formerly.

The present state of the Jews (more particularly relating to those in Barbary) wherein is contained an exact and full Account of all their present Customs, Secular and Religious; to which is added a Discourse of the Jews Misina, Talmud, and Censura. By L. Addison, one of His Majesties Chaplains in Ordinary, and Author of the Primitive Institution.

Lost on Sunday last in the Evening, going from Old Spring Garden to the Queens withdrawing Room, the drop of a Diamond Pendant, in the shape of a Pearle, with 37 small Table-Diamonds set in Wreaths. Whoever brings tydings thereof to the Porters at Whitehall, shall be well Rewarded.