

# The London Gazette.

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*Dantzick, March 23.*

**O**UR Letters from Poland do not confirm the death of *Dorosensko*, the news of which had been received with great joy, for the advantage it would have been to the Crown; it being not to be doubted, but the Rebel *Cossacks* would, after the death of their Captain, have submitted themselves to his Majesty. Some Letters say, That *Dorosensko* had indeed, being in drink, had a fall from his Horse, so that he lay for several hours speechless, which occasioned the report of his being dead, but that he is very well recovered of it. The Treaty of Accommodation between him and his Majesty does not advance very much, for though it is thought that *Dorosensko* is of himself sufficiently disposed to it; yet it seems the fear of offending the *Turks*, in whose hands are his wife and children as Hostages, makes him very backward of coming to any conclusion. We have advice, That an Ambassador is arrived at *Leopol* from the Czar of *Moscovy*, and that he comes to propose a Conjunction of Arms against the *Turks*; which the *Poles* will give no great regard to, seeing the actions of the *Moscovites* this last Summer, did not in any manner correspond with the obligation of the Treaty they had with his Majesty. The *Suedes* have still their quarters in the *Hinder Pomerer*, but the season coming on, we expect they will ere long begin to move.

*Naples, March 24.* We do not yet hear that the *French* have possessed themselves of the *Scaletta*, though the *Spaniards* finding themselves so beset on all sides, that they cannot be able to maintain it, are preparing to leave it, and have already begun to withdraw part of their Artillery. It is said here, that the *Messines* begin again to have great want of Provisions, and that for that reason the Duke of *Vivonne* has sent an Express to *Marseilles* and *Thoulon*, to hasten the farther supplies expected from thence. Our Viceroy is sending several Troops into *Sicily*, having for their transportation hired seven *Taranes*.

*Vienna, March 28.* Some days since arrived here a Deputy from the City of *Strasburgh*, to represent, as is said, the danger it is in from the *French*, because of its refusing the Neutrality proposed by them, and to pray his Imperial Majesty will be pleased to send some Troops for their assistance and security; which does not agree with the news we have from other hands, viz. That the Magistrates of *Strasburgh* have concluded a Treaty of Neutrality with the *French* Envoy, and that they are to have a Garrison of *Swallers* to enable them to maintain it. Great quantities of Corn are buying up in *Moravia*, and on her the Emperors Hereditary Countries, for the use of the Armies this Summer. The Count de *Montecuculi* will now begin his journey in few days; it is confidently said, that he will first pass to *Munick*, to confer with the Elector of *Bavaria*, and from thence proceed to *Cologne*. We have news of the death of General *Spork* in *Bohemia*, and that the Emperor has given his Command to Prince *Charles* of *Lorraine*.

*Frankfort, April 3.* The States of the Circle of *Franconia*, will in few days assemble at *Wirtzburg*, fi-

nally to resolve about the march of the Troops which they are to furnish for their Quota. The Marquess of *Baden Dourlach*, General of the Forces of the Empire, makes great instances at the Dyet at *Ratibon*, that their march may be hastened for the security of the Empire. The Elector Palatine since the seizing of *Germshelm*, has also put Garisons into *Steynach* and *Hirschorne*, likewise belonging to the Elector of *Mayence*, to prevent their falling into the hands of the *French*. It is said, That the Emperor, and the other Princes of the Empire his Allies, use great endeavors at the Dyet, to have the *Suedes* declared Enemies of the Empire, in case they do not quit the Territories of the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, and make reparation for all the damages his Subjects have suffered by the *Suedish* Troops. Some here pretend to have news from *Vienna*, that the Count de *Montecuculi* was parted from thence, towards the Elector of *Bavaria's* Court, with intention to remain there some few days only, and then to continue his way towards the Army. The death of General *Spork* is confirmed, and that his Command in the Army is given to the Prince of *Lorraine*.

*Brisac, April 5.* The Imperial Troops that were lodged in *Suabia*, are to the number of 4000, come towards the *Rhine*; it is believed that their intentions were to have passed it, and to have entered into *Alsatia*: upon which, the Marquess de *Vaubran* our Governor, sent out a Party of Horse under the Command of the Sieur *le Roy*, to take an account of them; who returning, brought word, that the said Imperial Troops were separated, and had put themselves into the four Forest Cities (as they are called.) The *Suisse* Cantons have written to the Emperor, and his Most Christian Majesty, concerning the Neutrality formerly proposed between *Alsatia*, and the Countrey of *Brisgow*, which they seem to desire very earnestly; and in the mean time they have prayed the Marquess de *Vaubran* to grant a Suspension of Arms, till such time as the Emperors, and the Most Christian Kings minds be known in the matter; to which the Marquess answered, that he could not do any thing without the King's particular order.

*Cologne, April 5.* On Tuesday last, the Prince of *Lorraine* parted from *Bon* for *Aix la Chapelle*, having before issued orders for the march of several Troops towards *Luxemburgh*, to act under the orders of Monsieur de *Louvigny*, who at present commands in that Province. The design of the Princes going to *Aix*, is said to be, that being so much nearer to *Liege*; he may be the better able to see what can be done towards the removing the *French* out of that Cittadel, in which there seems but little appearance of success; the general opinion being; that the Inhabitants of *Liege*, notwithstanding the concern they expressed at first, are very well pleased that they are under the *French* protection; and that many of the principal of them, had knowledge of the design before it was put into execution. This day the States of this Diocess have begun their Session, in order to the finding out some way for the payment of the monies demanded by the *Dutch*. The third Infant the Duke and Duchess of *Newburgh* returned to *Dusseldo* from *Cleves*,

*Cleves*, where they left the Elector and Electores of *Brandenburgh*, the former being still ill of the *Gout*.

*Ditto*, April 8. All the *Imperial* Troops which have had their Winter-quarters on the other side of the *Rhine*, are on their march to pass it at *Bon*, on the bridge of Boats that is there, and so take their way towards the *Meuse*. Monsieur *Caplieres*, Commissary General of the *Imperial* Army, is going for *Francfort*, to expect there General *Montecuculi*. The States of this Diocese are still assembled, but are not as yet come to any resolution in the matter of the monies owing to the *States General* of the *United Provinces*. From *Assatia* they write, That the Duke of *Lorraine* and the Prince of *Baden* are still at *Strasburgh*, and seem not to make any great haste for the Campaign; that 300 *Imperialists* being commanded to march to *Keyserlauterne*, in the way mutined, and would have gone and put themselves into the hands of the *French* at *Philipsburgh*, but that 400 *Dragoons* belonging to the Elector Palatine coming upon them unawares, took 150 of them, and carried them Prisoners to *Manheim*, upon which, the rest continued their march to *Keyserlauterne*. The *French* of *Philipsburgh* have lately burnt five Villages more in the Palatinate.

*Offend*, April 11. On Sunday last, between one and two in the morning, a strong Party of *French*, who came from *Audenard*, surprized the Guards that were in the Suburb of *Ghent*, having broken down the Palisadoes, and passed the Outworks, without any opposition from the *Spaniards*, though, it's said, they had time enough to have put themselves into some posture; but being unprovided of Ammunition, could not make any defence: so that the *French* were left at their liberty to burn and plunder, lading their Purchase, which was very considerable, on several Wagons they had brought with them; 22 Houses they burnt, and about 26 *Spanish* Soldiers and others were killed; which done, the *French* returned again to *Audenard*, leaving the City in a great alarm. It is said they were conducted in this Enterprize by a Sergeant, who three days before deserted his Company at *Ghent*, and went and put himself in the *French* service.

*Brussels*, April 9. The Baron *de Feu*, who was appointed with a strong Party of Horse to Convoy the Regiment of *Motara* to *Namur* for the Reinforcement of that Garrison, is returned, and hath given his Excellency an account of its safe arrival there. The news we have of the sudden march of the *Imperial* Troops that were quartered in the Diocese of *Liege*, towards the *Rhine*, is not very well understood by many, who know not their design in it; we had rather hoped they would have come this way for the security of these Provinces, against that great power that seems ready to assault us. The Cardinal of *Baden*, who lately retired from *Liege* to *Huy*, is gone from thence with a good Convoy towards *Bon*, much dissatisfied with the dispositions he found at *Liege*. On Saturday night last arrived here the Marquess *de Grana* from the *Hague*, whither, after having had a long conference with the Duke *de Villa Hermosa*, he returned again the next day in the evening, hoping to find his Highness in a condition, that may admit of consultations concerning the affairs of the Campaign, which by his Highness illness are set somewhat backward, not without great prejudice to the common interest of the Allies.

*Ditto* April 12. We have the confirmation of the *Imperialists* having quitted the Countrey of *Liege*, *Jurriers*, *Aix la Chapelle*, &c. And from *Cologne* they

write, That the Troops that were quartered in that Diocese, are likewise on their march; but we cannot yet certainly learn whether they intend to take their way. The advices we have from the *French* Frontiers, do all agree, that before the end of this month, the *French* will be in the Field, and that they intend to make these Countries the Seat of the War this Summer. We have Letters from *Vienna* of the 31 past, which say, that that day the Baggage of the Count *de Montecuculi* was parted from thence, and that he himself would certainly follow in few days, having received the monies demanded by him for the defraying the charges of the Campaign.

*Hague*, April 12. His Highness is now advanced to the 10 day since his illness of the Small Pox, and is, God be thanked, very well, for one in his condition; so that we doubt not but a few days will perfect his recovery. In the mean time all publick business is at a stand, which makes us have but little of news to communicate from hence.

*Paris*, April 13. The disorders at *Bordeaux* are, as we understand, wholly appeased, upon the publication of his Majesties general pardon, which the Mutineers gladly accepted of; so that all things are very calm and quiet there again. Here has been a report for some days in Town, of *M. de Vivonne* having taken *Melazzo*, and some other very considerable Posts about *Messina*; but as yet we have not any certainty thereof, which we shall not long want, if there be any truth in what hath been reported. The 10 instant the *Seur Bonhe*, Envoy Extraordinary from the Crown of *Sueden*, had Audience of his Majesty, to whom he was presented by the Baron *Sparr*, Ambassador Extraordinary from that Crown here. The affair of *Liege* hath succeeded very well; the Inhabitants and the *French* in the Citadel begin to have correspondence and commerce each with other, so that the *Imperialists*, who expected by the assistance of the Inhabitants to have removed our Troops out of the Citadel, despairing of success, have wholly given over those thoughts. Our Forces designed for the service of this next Campaign, are now marching from all parts to the several places appointed for their Rendezvous; his Majesty will begin his journey towards *Flanders* the 25 instant.

#### Advertisements.

These are to give Notice to all the Pensioners belonging to the Chest at *Charbam*, and all others whom it may concern, That upon the eleventh of May next, will begin a General Pay of the said Pensioners.

Lost on Tuesday night last, a Necklace of Pearls upon two strings, being in number 92 or 94 Pearls, of 150 l. value. Whoever has found the same, are desired to bring it to Mr. *Slingsby* at his house in *Saffold-street*, near *Chancery-cross*, and they shall have 20 l. Reward.

Stolen on Thursday night last, April 1. from *Daniel Jones* of *Raynham* in *Essex* by his Servant, a black-hair'd young man, of a middle stature, about 25 years old, in a sad coloured Sute, wide at knees, a strait-bodged Coat, with *French* Bookets, and a Red Waistcoat, with tagged Lace at the hands, Two Silver Bowls marked with P. R. M. one Silver Beaker, thus marked, *Daniel Jones* at the *Phoenix* in *Raynham* in *Essex*, engraven round. Likewise two Silver Cups, whereof one small. If any person can give notice of the Place or Person aforesaid, to Mr. *Robert Popday* at the *Golden Lyon* at *Lyon Key*, *London*, or to the said *Daniel Jones* aforesaid, shall be well Rewarded.

Stolen April 1. out of the Coach and Horses Yard in *St. Martins Lane*, a Gelding, bewixt a bay and dun colour, a Star in his Forehead, and a black List down his back, shorned Mane, and a Bob-Tail, Flat-footed before, 14 hands high, between 8 and nine years old, having all his paces. If any one can give notice of him to Mr. *Tho: Hall* at the *White-Horse* Lane in *Drury-lane*, or to Mr. *Hammond* at the Coach and Horses aforesaid, he shall have 40 s. Reward.