

Their Subsistence shall be provided for in the Places to which they shall be conducted.

VI. That the Sick and Wounded be well treated and provided with all they shall want; that Passports shall be given them as soon as they are in a Condition to set out for their Regiments, and that an Officer shall be permitted to remain with them in the City to take Care of them.

Care shall be taken of the Wounded, but they shall be Prisoners of War as well as all the Garrison.

VII. That all the Prussians, who have been made Prisoners before or during the Siege, shall be looked upon as such, and exchanged in Consequence Man for Man against those of the Garrison who have been taken this Night.

Refused. All the Prisoners who are at Schweidnitz shall be delivered up To-morrow Morning at Eight o'Clock; and the Reverends of all those who have been relieved upon their Parole, shall likewise be delivered up.

VIII. That the Garrison may take with them six Covered Waggon, which shall not be visited under any Pretence whatsoever.

Refused.

IX. That the Magistrates, and all those in her Imperial Majesty's Service, shall keep their Employments; and that those, who do not choose to remain, shall be free to quit theirs, and retire with their Effects.

Refused. This depends upon the King.

X. That the Provincial Councillor, who was found in the City before it was invested, and who has not been able since to go out of it, may now return to his Estate.

He is at Liberty to stay in the City, or go into the Country, but he shall faithfully deliver up the Archives and all Papers which concern the City and Circle of Schwidnitz.

XI. That the Garrison may remain four Days here, reckoning from the Date of this Capitulation, to take the necessary Arrangements for its March.

The Garrison shall march out the 18th, at Eight o'Clock in the Morning.

XII. As soon as the Capitulation is concluded, a Gate shall be delivered up to the Prussians.

The Gate of Striegau, and that called the Petersthor, must be delivered to them this Day.

XIII. It is required, that the Prussian Troops may not be permitted to enter into the City before the Garrison be gone out of it, and that the latter be not in any Manner insulted.

The Imperial Troops shall not be insulted by any Means.

XIV. That the City preserve all its Privileges, and the free Exercise of the Catholick Religion.

This depends upon his Majesty.

XV. The Commandant engages upon his Honour faithfully to discover all the Mines of the Place, and all the Magazines, of what Nature soever.

This Day and To-morrow, all the Magazines and Chests shall be delivered to the King's Commissary. The Artillery shall be delivered to Colonel Dieckow, and the Plans and Maps, as also all that relates to the Fortifications, as well of Schweidnitz as other Places, whether they belong to the Empress Queen or to private Persons, shall be delivered to the Colonel of the Engineers, de Balby, to whom Discovery shall be made of the Mines and Works under Ground.

XVI. The Commandant demands also Permission to send an Officer immediately to his Excellency Marshal Daun.

Granted.

XVII. And that Hostages be given on each Side till the Conclusion of the Capitulation.

Schweidnitz, the 16th of April 1758.

F. L. Count de Thurhaimb,
Lieutenant General.
Baron de Krottendorf,
Major General.

Major Baron de Wallis remains here as a Hostage, and Major d'Embers remains in Exchange in the City.

*De Treschow,
Lieutenant General.*

Whitehall Treasury Chambers, Dec. 1, 1757.

WHEREAS adhering to the King's Enemies, by giving to them Aid or Comfort, either within his Realm, or elsewhere, is High Treason, and the Concealment thereof is Misprision of Treason;

And Whereas the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury have received Information, That a Loan of Money for that Purpose is at this Time negotiating in this Kingdom; Their Lordships do hereby promise a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds to any Person, by whose Discovery any Subject of His Majesty, or any Person residing within this Realm, shall be convicted of lending or advancing directly or indirectly, or of causing or procuring to be so lent or advanced, or of subscribing for, or contributing to, or of soliciting or contracting for or remitting, either in Coin or Bullion, or by Bill or Bills of Exchange, or by any other Means whatsoever, any Sum or Sums of Money, to or for the Use or Purpose aforesaid. The said Reward to be paid immediately on the Conviction of every such Offender, by the Solicitor of the Treasury, without Deduction, their Lordships having given Directions for the immediate Prosecution of such Offenders.

Admiralty Office, May 6, 1758.

His Majesty having been graciously pleased, by his Warrant under his Royal Sign Manual, dated the 10th of June, 1733, to establish certain Rules and Orders for the Relief of Poor Widows of Commission and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy: These are to give Notice, that Copies of the said Rules and Orders are lodged with the Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy at Chatham, Portsmouth, and Plymouth; as also with the Clerks of the Cheque at Deptford, Woolwich, and Spierness; and with the Naval Officers at Harwich, Deal, and Kinsale; where all such Widows as intend to lay in their Claims, may be informed of all Particulars which entitle them to the Benefit of the said Charity, and receive the proper Certificates for that Purpose. But such Widows as live at too great a Distance from the Places above-mentioned, may apply by Letter to Mr. Charles Fearn, at the Admiralty Office, who will send them all necessary Information. And the Governors of the said Charity intending to distribute to the Widows of Sea Officers who died before the 30th of August 1732, as well as to the Widows of those who died since that Time, whose Circumstances come within the Rules of the Establishment, such Monies as may be due to them on the 31st of May Instant; This is to give Notice thereof, that any Widows who have not yet applied, and intend to lay in their Claims, may do so as soon as possible; and that all such Widows whose Claims have been already allowed, may send or bring to this Office, by the 31st of this Instant, the Affidavits required by the Rules, in order to their being continued upon the Pension or Bounty.

General Post Office, May 5, 1758.

Whereas divers Persons, through Ignorance or Carelessness, frequently put Letters into this Office, as also into the Post Offices both in Town and Country, that are directed on Board of Ships, and to Foreign Parts, without paying, at the same Time, the legal Postage for the same; and whereas Letters and Packets, are frequently put into the said Offices, which contain Money, Rings, or other Things of the like Nature; This is to give Notice, that no Letter or Packet whatsoever, under the above Circumstances, can, for the Time to come, be forwarded from hence, or from any other Post Office in the Kingdom.

N. B. Letters to Holland and Flanders are forwarded without any Foreign Postage demanded here, but if they are sent from the Country the Inland Postage must be paid to London.

By Order of His Majesty's Postmaster General.
Geo. Shelvocke.