

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers granted by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of his late Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from the City of Gloucester to the City of Hereford, and for repairing other Roads in the County of Gloucester.

An Act for repairing the Road leading from Cirencester in the County of Gloucester, to Birdlip's Hill in the said County.

An Act for founding and building a Chapel in Wednesfield, in the Parish of Wolverhampton, in the County of Stafford.

An Act to enable the Parishioners of the Parish of St. Andrew Holborn, in the City of London and County of Middlesex, to purchase a convenient Piece of Ground, for an additional Burying Ground for the Use of the said Parish, and to enable the said Parishioners to raise such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be necessary for that Purpose.

An Act to confirm an Agreement made by the Rector and Vestrymen of the Parish of St. James, within the Liberty of Westminster, for enlarging the Church-yard of the said Parish, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

An Act for uniting the two Colleges of St. Salvator and St. Leonard in the University of St. Andrews, pursuant to an Agreement for that Purpose.

As An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers, granted by two Acts of Parliament for laying a Duty of Two Penny Scots, upon every Pint of Ale and Beer, brewed and vended within the Town of Dundee, and the Liberties and Suburbs thereof, for the Purposes in the said Acts and this present Act mentioned.

An Act for reviving and continuing an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An Act for laying a Duty of Two Penny Scots, or one Sixth Part of a Penny Sterling, upon every Scots Pint of Beer or Ale, vended or sold within the Town of Bruntisland and Liberties thereof, for increasing the publick Revenue of the said Town, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

An Act for the King's most gracious, general, and free Pardon.

And to Twenty-one private Bills.

After which, His Majesty was pleased to make the following most gracious Speech.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

Nothing could have been more acceptable to me, than the Zeal and Dispatch with which you have gone through the publick Business during the Course of this Session. The Care and Attention you have shewn to extinguish any Remains of the late Rebellion, and to strengthen the Foundations of our future Tranquillity by new Provisions, as well for restoring

the proper Authority of the Government in North Britain, as for better securing the Liberties of the People there, cannot fail to have the most beneficial Consequences.

The great Efforts you have made for carrying on the War in a vigorous Manner, have shewn you not to be less attentive to our Foreign than to our Domestick Interests. They have given Spirit to my Allies; and enabled me, in Conjunction with them, to bring a numerous and powerful Army early into the Field; and to maintain strong Squadrons at Sea, for the Protection and Defence of our Trade and Possessions, the Annoyance of our Enemies, and for supporting and enforcing the Operations of my Allies in Italy. The Invasion made by France upon the Territories of the States General of the United Provinces, has had a different Effect from what our Enemies promised themselves from it. The voluntary and speedy Succour which I sent on that Occasion was received with the utmost Joy, and has been of great Use; and the States have thereupon not only resolved on a great Augmentation of their Forces, which is actually making, but have taken such Steps as must convince our Enemies, how determined they are vigorously to support their own Independency, and the Interests of the Common Cause. I have the peculiar Satisfaction to acquaint you, that the Union between Great-Britain and the Republick, so necessary for both Nations, was never more cordial, or better established, than it is at present.

The signal Success which, by the Blessing of God, has already attended my Fleet, has happily disappointed some very pernicious Projects of our Enemies; and given a considerable Blow to their Naval Strength, as well as to their Commerce; which will be the most probable Means of reducing them to Reason. This is the great Object which I have at Heart; the sole View of all my Measures being to put an End to the Calamities of War, by a safe and honourable Peace.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I must acknowledge in a particular Manner the Zeal and Application, with which you have raised the necessary Supplies for the Service of the current Year; and your Readiness in making good the Deficiency of the Civil List Funds, arising from the unavoidable Consequences of War, is a fresh Instance of that Regard and Affection, which I have always experienced from you. To be able to effectuate all this immediately, after the suppressing of an unnatural and expensive Rebellion, and under the Burdens of War, must set the Strength and Credit of the Nation in the highest Light; and secure to the Crown of Great Britain that Weight and Respect, both with its Friends and Enemies, which justly belong to it.

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