

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday April 22. to Saturday April 26. 1746.

Stockholm, April 11.

COUNT Gyllenborg continues still dangerously ill, and is given over by his Physicians.

Vienna, April 23, N. S. The last Letters from Italy mention, that Prince Lichtenstein had joined General Brown from Codogno, and taken upon himself the Command of the Army on the 16th Instant, N. S. ; that the Garrison of Parma consisted of 6000 of the best Spanish and Neapolitan Troops ; that, according to the Reports of his Spies and Deserters, the Place began to want Provisions ; that the Austrian Artillery, consisting of 30 Pieces of Cannon and Mortars, was not arrived ; that it was thought M. de Gages would still attempt to save so considerable a Garrison, and as that could not be done without a Battle, Prince Lichtenstein had chosen a Post at a little Distance from the Taro, where he might form his Army, and receive the Enemy in Front, on whatever Side he might be attacked.

Hague, May 3, N. S. The Letters to Day from Brussels bring Advice that the French King was expected there as To-morrow. The Foreign Ministers have Lisle assign'd them for their Residence for the present. Nine Thousand Men were the Saturday before detached from the Garrison of Brussels to mark out a Camp upon the Plain of Fernaval, which extends from the Canal to the Causey of Louvain. The same Day 1800 Grassins arrived there ; and the French Cavalry were preparing to encamp in the Plain of Laeken. Marshal Saxe, accompanied by the Duke de Penthièvre, and the Count de Clermont Gallerande, arrived upon the 1st Instant, and the Great Artillery from Alost was expected upon the 2d. The Allied Army was very advantageously encamped behind the Dyle.

Bristol, April 21. This Afternoon arrived here the Alexander Privateer, with the Solebay Man of War, Captain Bury late Commander, and two small Homeward bound Martinico

Vessels, which last she took off Port Louis. The Solebay had passed by the Alexander, and was come to an Anchor in St. Martin's Road under a small Fort, when 50 Men of the Crew of the Alexander boarded her, cut her Cables, and brought her out to Sea. The Alexander is a Ship of about 200 Tons, 20 Guns six Pounders, and 150 Men. The Solebay had 22 nine Pounders, and 230 Men, who were struck with such a Pannick upon being so resolutely boarded by the 50 Men abovementioned, that they all run under Deck.

Admiralty-Office, April 26.

Vice-Admiral Martin was forced to put into Plymouth on the 22d Instant, with Part of his Squadron, which has suffer'd by bad Weather, and has left the Remainder at Sea. He has brought in with him a French Privateer of 18 Guns, and 140 Men, call'd Le Chasseur, taken by the Yarmouth.

The Defiance, commanded by Captain Powlett, has taken, and sent into Plymouth, a French Man of War, call'd the Ambuscade, of 40 Guns, and 365 Men: The Engagement was on the 21st, and lasted two Hours, in which the Ambuscade had 26 Men kill'd and wounded ; and the Defiance had only one Man kill'd and three wounded. She is a new Ship, and longer by the Keel, and as broad on the Deck as the Defiance.

Whitehall, April 26.

A Courier is arrived this Afternoon from his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, with the Particulars of the Action of the 16th Instant, which being come in too late to be inserted in the present Gazette, will be published To-morrow Morning.

Pay Office, Horse Guards, April 26, 1746.

The Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury having directed Six Months Half Pay to the Reduced Officers of his Majesty's Land

