

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday March 18. to Saturday March 22. 1745.

Whitehall, March 21.

AN Express which came in Yesterday from his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, brought the following Advices.

Aberdeen, March 14. Our Apprehensions about Fort Augustus were well grounded, for we have now pretty certain Intelligence, that it is fallen into the Rebels Hands, and that the Garrison, consisting of three Companies of Guise's Regiment, are Prisoners of War. We do not know how they defended themselves, as we have not had any Notice of what passed, either from Major Wentworth who commanded, or any Officer of the Garrison. The Rebels are laying in their Magazines and Stores there, and have actually blown up Fort George, in doing which they have blown up their chief Engineer Colonel Grant. The Precautions we have taken for the Security of Fort William, will probably become of immediate Use, as our Accounts from the Rebels, through the Hills, assure us, they have actually invested that Place. We are however assured, that they cannot cut off our Communication with that Place by Sea. Fifty Men of Guise's, who had been gathered together under the Command of the Captain Lieutenant at Edinburgh, will by this Time be arrived at Dun Staffage, from whence they can throw themselves into Fort William at one Tide. Some other Troops have been also ordered thither.

All the Advantages the Rebels will have gained by taking Fort George and Fort Augustus, and the Retreat of Lord Loudoun, will be draying the Seat of the War into the Hills, and protracting it a little Time; and the only Junction they have gained there, is some few of the Mackennies, headed by the Lady Seaforth, but the Lord of that Name is with Lord Loudoun, as is Mr. Mackintosh, whose Wife is likewise in the Rebellion.

By putting all the Intelligence we have together, it seems pretty clear, there are few or none of the Clans now in Murray, or on this Side the Country; and that all they have on the Spey,

and which they have made this Shew with, are the Lowlanders, and the greatest Part of the French.

Major General Bland marched two Days ago to Inverury and Old Meldrum, one March towards the Spey, with the Royal's, Barrel's, Price's and Cholmondeley's, Kingston's Horse; and Cobham's Dragoons. He has the Campbells before him, with the Laird of Graunt, and 100 of his Followers.

We have just had Notice from Stonehive, that a Dogger with some other Vessels have appeared off the Coast, which they take to be French.

Fort William, March 4. We have Advice here, that a Party of the Rebels, amounting to 1000 Men, is at Glenavis, within two Miles of us, and that their Train of Artillery is to be To-morrow at Highbridge, which is six Miles from this Fort. We have heard of the taking of Fort Augustus, and expect to be attacked, but Governor Campbell is determined to defend the Place to the utmost of his Power. For some Days past there have been some small Parties of Rebels posted on each Side the Narrows of Carron, in which, on Saturday last, they took one of the Boats belonging to the Baltimore Sloop, as she was coming from Scalstaffall Bay, and sent the Crew Prisoners to their Head-Quarters. As soon as we had Intelligence of this Accident, a Council was called, consisting of Land and Sea Officers, and a Resolution taken to send a strong Party to dislodge the Rebels. In Consequence thereof, early this Morning Captain Askew, of the Serpent Sloop, sent his Boat with 27 Men in it, another Boat of the Baltimore's with 24 Men, and a Boat belonging to Fort William with 20, down the Narrows, where they all arrived by Day-light. Captain Askew's Men landed first, and were immediately attacked by a Party of eighty Rebels, who fired upon them, but without doing them any Damage; and upon the rest of the Men belonging to the Boats coming up, the Rebels fled. Our People pursued them, burnt the Ferry-houses on both Sides of the Water, and a little Town with about 12 Houses in it, a Quarter

[Price Four Pence.]

Quarter of a Mile distant from the Ferry-house on the North Side, and destroyed or brought off all their Boats. Two of the Rebels were killed in this Affair, and several wounded. It was very lucky that our Boats went down as they did, for there was a Boat with a Party of Militia in it, that was coming hither from Stalker Castle, which would probably have fallen into the Hands of the Rebels, but for the Skirmish before mentioned.

Dunstaffnage, March 6. It was expected that the Rebels would have got their Guns up to Fort William last Night.

Ellanstalker Castle, March 7. Yesterday Captain Frederick Scott came hither from Dunstaffnage, but could not get any farther, the Rebels having guarded both Sides of the Narrows of Carron, for two Miles on this Side Fort William. Last Night our Centries saw several Lights, which they conclude belonged to the Rebel Parties marching towards Fort William from Strath Appin, which is near the Rock on which this Castle stands, and Appin House not a Mile from this.

Edinburgh, March 15. The Transports with Bligh's Regiment sailed this Morning for Aberdeen with a fair Wind, and will, it is thought, be there To-morrow Morning, if not this Night. Lee's Regiment came here this Day from Berwick. The Prince of Hesse has been reconnoitring by Dunkeld and Taymouth. We have Advice from Glasgow of the 14th, that a Party of the Rebels had invested Fort William.

Westminster, March 19.

His Majesty came this Day to the House of Peers, and being in his Royal Robes, seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir William Saunderson, Deputy Gentleman-Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from his Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, his Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to,

An Act for granting to his Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Glass, and upon Spirituous Liquors; and for raising a certain Sum of Money by Annuities and a Lottery, to be charged on the said Rates and Duties; and for obviating some Doubts about making out Orders at the Exchequer for the Monies advanced upon the Credit of the Salt Duties granted and continued to his Majesty by an Act of the last Session of Parliament.

An Act to continue the Duties for Encouragement of the Coinage of Money.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

An Act for the more easy and speedy Tryal of such Persons as have levied, or shall levy War against his Majesty; and for the better ascertaining the Qualifications of Jurors, in Tryals for

High Treason or Misprision of Treason, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland.

An Act for repealing so much of an Act passed in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An Act for regulating Elections within the City of London, and for preserving the Peace, good Order, and Government of the said City, as relates to the making or passing of Acts, Orders, or Ordinances in Common Council.

An Act to enlarge the Time for Justices of the Peace to take and subscribe the Oath directed by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the further Qualification of Justices of the Peace.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the First, for repairing the Road from Market Harborough to Loughborough in the County of Leicester; and for making the said Act more effectual.

An Act for enabling the Inhabitants of the Hamlet of Bethnal Green, in the County of Middlesex, to compleat their Church, and to pay Debts already contracted for the Relief of the Poor of the said Hamlet.

And to Six Private Bills.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 20th Day of March, 1745.

P R E S E N T,

The King's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas upon Information given in the Beginning of July 1743, to the then Lords Justices, that the Island of Sicily was visited with a Plague, and that there was Reason to apprehend the Infection might spread itself to other Places in the Mediterranean; The said Lords Justices, in order to prevent the said Infection being brought into this Kingdom, thought it necessary that all Ships and Vessels, coming from those Parts, should be put under Quarantine, and for that Purpose did, on the 7th of the said July, with the Advice of his Majesty's Privy Council, issue their Order, requiring and commanding all Ships and Vessels that were then arrived and not unladen, and all such as should thereafter arrive in any Port of this Kingdom from the said Island of Sicily, to perform a Quarantine of forty Days; and all such Ships and Vessels as should come from any other of the Ports in the Mediterranean, to perform a Quarantine of fourteen Days; and likewise to observe such other Directions as were contained in the said Order; which Order was upon the 12th of the same July notified by Proclamation. And the said Lords Justices having afterwards judged it necessary to extend the said Order for the Fourteen Days Quarantine to all Ships and Vessels that should come from or through the Medi-

terranean

terfanean, did accordingly, on the 21st of the said Month of July, by the Advice of his Majesty's Privy Council, issue a new Order for that Purpose; but with respect to the Ships coming from Sicily, that they should still be obliged to perform a Quarantine for Forty Days; and by which Order several Rules and Regulations were laid down for the more due and exact Observance of the said Quarantine, and likewise for opening and airing all Goods and Merchandize on Board the Ships and Vessels coming from any of the aforementioned Places, before they were permitted to unlade the same.—And whereas upon Information given to his Majesty, that the City of Morocco was visited with the Plague, and that the Infection had spread itself to Taradante and Santa Cruz in West Barbary, upon the Atlantick Ocean,----It was thought proper by Order in Council of the 27th of July 1744, to require and command all Ships coming from thence into the Ports of this Kingdom; to perform a Quarantine of Forty Days, in like Manner and under the same Rules and Regulations as were contained in the aforementioned Order of the Lords Justices of the 21st of July 1743.—And whereas Application hath been lately made to his Majesty at this Board, by the Merchants trading to the Mediterranean Seas, setting forth, that the Plague is entirely ceased at Messina, and that a free Commerce has been granted to that Port and City, with the rest of the Islands, ever since the 5th of October last, and therefore praying, that the Quarantine may be taken off, and their Ships and Vessels permitted to come up and Report as usual, without any Lett or Hindrance; His Majesty thereupon thought proper to direct an Enquiry to be made into the State of Health in Sicily and other Parts and Places in the Mediterranean, which have for some Time past been infected with the Plague; and by the Information received concerning the same, it appears, that the Plague hath entirely ceased in all the Places aforementioned, for several Months past, and that Trade has been opened, and a free Communication carried on with the said Places as formerly, and that the States General have not thought it proper to continue their Quarantine longer than till the End of December last; — His Majesty, upon due Consideration thereof, and being desirous to remove all Obstructions upon Trade, so far as may be consistent with the Health and Safety of his People, hath therefore thought fit, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, to order, as it is hereby ordered, That all Ships and Vessels, Persons, Goods and Merchandize, coming or imported in the same, which now are arrived, or shall from and after this 20th Day of March, arrive in any Port or Place of this Kingdom from the Island of Sicily, or any other of the Ports in the Mediterranean, or from or through the Mediterranean, or from Santa Cruz, or any other of the Ports in West Barbary upon the Atlantick Ocean, be permitted to enter or come into such Ports or Places, and unlade, in the same Manner, as if the aforementioned Orders of the

late Lords Justices in Council of the 7th of July 1743, with the Proclamation notifying the same, and of the 21st of the said July, and likewise the Order in Council of the 27th of July 1744, had never been made.— And the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Master General, and the rest of the Principal Officers of the Ordnance, and his Majesty's Secretary at War, are to give the necessary Directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

W. Sharpe.

Whitehall, March 22.

Yesterday arrived a Courier from Mr. Villettes his Majesty's Minister at the Court of Turin, with the following Advices:

Turin, March 15, N. S. Baron Leutrum invested Asti on Saturday the 5th Instant early in the Morning. About Eleven a Battery of four 16 Pounders began to play upon the Walls of the Town, which were but bad; and the next Day, about the same Time, another Battery of four Pieces of 32 Pounders was set to work on another Part; and both of them produced so good an Effect, that before Monday Noon we had three Breaches made; at each of which 20 Men a-breast might have entred. The French within soon began to capitulate, but on such Conditions as could not be admitted: In the mean while some of our Detachments forced their Bridge on the Tanaro, and both there and in two essential Posts in the Mountains between Asti and Alexandria, some Hundred Prisoners were taken. On Monday Evening M. de Montal, the French Lieutenant General; finding himself hard pressed, and that no Succour from Marshal Maillebois was coming to his Relief, determined to submit to the Conditions prescribed by Baron Leutrum; and, in giving up the Town, surrendered himself with the nine Battalions that garrison'd it, as Prisoners of War. The whole Number amounts to 5200 Men, near 400 Officers, and with M. de Montal there were two Major Generals and three Brigadiers. On the 9th in the Morning Baron Leutrum moved forwards towards Alexandria with his Convoy, and in two Marches came to Solery, within three small Miles of that Town. He was inform'd there, that Marshal Maillebois, in the utmost Hurry and Confusion; was gathering his scatter'd Army at San Salvador, an important Post in the Mountains, about three Miles off; that the Battalions in Casal were come to join with there, having abandon'd that Town, and left only some few Men in the Castle; and that as well from their Number as their Confusion; the French were not likely to interrupt him in his Operations. Upon this Intelligence he immediately sent to reconnoitre the Avenues of the Cittadel; and being inform'd by his Aid de Camp that the Coast was clear, and that the Enemy had abandon'd the Redoubt

Redoute they had raised to cover their Blockade, he order'd the Convoy to advance towards the Cittadel, and the Whole was not only introduced that same Night, and the next Morning, but he was also inform'd soon after, that the Enemy had left the Town, and the Rear Guard of their Garrison, was actually marching out of it. Upon this a Detachment from the Cittadel immediately took Possession of it: And here likewise about 1000 of the Spaniards were made Prisoners; Half of them sick, and the other Half having taken Refuge in Churches and private Houses: Some small Magazines of theirs were likewise found here, and Baron Leutrum's Aid de Camp, who brought this Account the 11th at Night, likewise acquainted his Sardinian Majesty, that, upon his coming away, his General had been inform'd by the Parties he had sent out, that Marshal Maillebois had quitted the Post of San Salvador, and was drawing by the Mountains towards his Bridges on the Tanaro, to be nearer at Hand to pass that River, in Case he should be pressed, which it was not questioned but he would soon do. In this the French General judged right; a Body of Austrian Troops having been order'd to pass the Po on the 13th at Ponte di Stura, and to endeavour to cut off his Communication on one Side, whilst M. de Leutrum did the same on the other; which could not have failed, had he continued where he was; But on the 12th we were inform'd by another Courier from M. Leutrum, of the Marshal's having passed the Tanaro, and marched towards Tortona, where he may join or be joined by M. de Gages. He has left about 400 Men in Valencia, but both the Town and Garrison are so ill provided for Defence, that it is not questioned but they will withdraw on our approaching to attack them, or that they will be soon forced to submit, the Place having neither Cannon or Pallisadoes, and the Breaches of the last Siege being hardly repaired. The same Number of Men is likewise left in the Castle of Casal, which is in no better Condition. As to the Town, it is already return'd into the King of Sardinia's Possession, and when the Troops, which are extremely fatigued, have taken some few Days Rest, we do not question but the Castle with the Garrison will be in our Power. Whilst Baron Leutrum was thus pursuing his Success on the other Side the Po, several Austrian Detachments were employ'd on this, in very useful Diversions; the French, in several Posts of the Lunellina and Montferrat, abandoning them with much Precipitation and Disorder, as the Imperialists approached, and in most Parts leaving behind them their Sick and Magazines. General Platz with eight Battalions, and 18 Companies of Grenadiers was to have attacked Montcalve in the Hills, on the Borders of the Po, that divide the Province of Casal from that of Asti, and consequently a very important Post; but he could not arrive in Time, so that three French Battalions that were quarter'd there, found

Means to escape, as he drew near to invest it; However, he left wherewithal to blockade the Castle, and marched to join Baron Leutrum. This Castle has since surrendred, and besides 200 Prisoners, there were found in the same, pretty considerable Magazines of Substances of all Kinds. In all these Affairs we have only lost about 30 Men and a Subaltern Officer of the Artillery; and we have made between 7 and 8000 of the Enemy Prisoners, rescued a Cittadel blockaded by 15 Battalions under it, and an Army quarter'd in all the Villages and essential Posts about it; recover'd three large Towns, with a very considerable Tract of Country, and driven the French Army under Marshal Maillebois out of it. By all the Accounts we have of M. de Gages, (who is still in the Milanesè with the whole Body of Spanish and Neapolitan Troops) he is very much embarrassed what Measures to pursue in this Extremity, and still more so with the Person of his Prince, which he is at a Loss how to dispose of in a safe Manner. General Brown (who we have Reason to believe is by this Time, or must shortly be, in Motion towards the Adda with a considerable Body of Troops already arrived from Germany) must perplex him greatly, and render his present Situation very difficult to maintain. It is conjectured, that when he has once secured the vast Train of Artillery he had brought to Milan, for the Siege of the Castle (for which we are informed the necessary Preparations were making with the utmost Diligence) and lodg'd it with a strong Garrison in Pavia, he will pass on the other Side of the Po with his whole Army, and place himself between Pavia and Placentia, where he will be at Hand to join M. de Maillebois upon any Emergency, in a March or two, and where he may draw his Substances from the Parmesan and Plaisantine, and from the Genoese State. In order to improve the Advantages thus obtained, three Battalions of regular Troops, and some Thousand Militia, are ordered to march from the Province of Mondovi into the Genoese Territory, towards the Riviera di Ponente, and that Part of it that lies between Oneglia and Final, in order to keep the French Troops in the County of Nice, under M. Mirepoix, at a Stand, and to prevent their reinforcing Marshal Maillebois, as also to oblige the Genoese to employ the greatest Part of their Force in the Defence of their own Dominions; and lastly, to cut off, if possible, Part of the Spanish Cavalry, which was to march from Provence into Italy about this Time.

Vienna, March 19. A Courier is just arrived from Count Brown, who has sent a Billet he had just received from Prince Lichtenstein, with Advice of the Surrender of Asti with 5000 French Prisoners of War, 400 Officers, and six General Officers; and that the three Battalions, blocked up at Monte Calvi, were upon the Point of surrendering, while Count Brown himself had by his Parties

Parties taken above 800 Prisoners on the other Side of the Po; and that the Spaniards were preparing to retire in Haste from Milan.

Hague, March 29. The Head of the first Column of Austrians from Bohemia, consisting of the Regiments of Bentheim and Ghylani, arrive as this Day, the former at Diest, the latter at Firlmont. The three Squadrons of Horse Guards march out of this Place Tomorrow Morning for Breda, to put themselves under the Orders of the Prince of Waldeck, whither all the Troops the States can gather together are likewise repairing. General Molke is come over hither to meet Marshal Bathiani, who is expected here from Day to Day. The French Letters bring nothing material To-day, beyond the Confirmation of the Return of most of the Transports with the Irish Troops on board, into the Harbours of Ostend and Dunkirk.

Pennyn in Cornwall, March 17. Last Thursday the Saltash and Warren Privateers fell in with a Fleet of small Vessels, which were lying at Anchor near Port Louis, laden mostly with Stores, particularly Timber for Ship Building, for the Service of the French King. There were about 30 of them together; with an Arm'd Vessel, which served as Convoy to them. The Privateers above-mentioned attacked them, the one on one Side of the Fleet, and the other on the other Side, so successfully, that they brought off five of them, viz. four of the Store-ships, and the Arm'd Vessel, which mounted ten Guns, and which, with two of the said Ships, was this Evening brought into this Harbour by the two Privateers that took them, and two others are behind, which they parted from last Night, but are in hourly Expectation of. Sixteen of the others were driven ashore by them, which they despairing of getting off, endeavoured to destroy, and did actually burn two, as they would have done the rest; but a Man of War of considerable Force coming out of the Port, obliged them to make off as fast as they could for their own Security. There were so few Men on board the Prizes, by reason of their lying so near the Shore, and making their Escape upon the Approach of the Saltash and Warren, that they have brought in only two Men Prisoners.

Admiralty Office, March 10, 1745.

My Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty having received Information, that Thomas Mansfield, late Master of the Ship King's Meadow, was sometime in the Month of October 1744, murdered on board the said Ship, in her Passage from Jamaica to London; and there being now two Persons committed to the Marshalsea Prisons, charged with the said Murder; this is to give Notice, that if any Person or Persons, who were on board the said Ship at the Time the Fact was committed, will attend at this Office in order to bring the Offenders to Justice, they shall meet with all due Encouragement, and have Protections to secure them from being prest.

Tho. Corbett.

Lead-Office, March 20, 1745.

Notice is hereby given, that a General Court of the Corporation of the Governor and Company for Smelting down Lead with Pit-Coal and Sea Coal, will be held at the Company's House in St. Martin's Lane, Cannon-street, on Friday the 4th of April next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, it being one of the Half Yearly Courts.

Rob. Mackintosh, Secretary.

Navy-Office, March 21, 1745.

These are to give Notice, that the Principal Officers and Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy will, on Wednesday the 9th of next Month, instead of Wednesday the 26th Instant, be ready to treat with such Persons as are desirous to sell and import Riga Masts for his Majesty's Service, between Nine and Ten of the Clock in the Morning, that they may attend with their Proposals at that Time accordingly.

London, March 22, 1745.

A General Court of the Company of Proprietors of the Undertaking for Recovering and Preserving the Navigation of the River D E E, will be held at their Office in St. Switben's Lane, near London Stone Cannon-street, on Thursday the 8th of April next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, the same being a half yearly Court; and on special Affairs: Of which all concerned are hereby desired to take Notice.

The Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England give Notice, That a General Court will be held at the Bank on Thursday next the 27th Instant. at Eleven in the Forenoon, upon special Affairs.

Robert Lewin, Secretary.

The Hospital for the Maintenance and Education of Exposed and Deserted young Children.

This is to give Notice, That the next General Meeting of the Corporation of the Governors and Guardians of the said Hospital, appointed by his Majesty's Royal Charter, will be held on Wednesday the 26th of March 1746, being the First Wednesday after Lady-day, at the said Hospital in Lamb's Conduit Fields, at Twelve at Noon; when all the Governors and Guardians are desired to be present: Of which Meeting this Notice is given, pursuant to the Directions of the Act of Parliament.

Harman Verelst, Secretary.

Note, The said Governors and Guardians, in order to promote this Charity, will dine together at the same Place, at their own Expence, the same Day: And Tickets may be had of the Steward of the said Hospital in Lamb's Conduit Fields.

Bristol, March 15, 1745-6.

Notice is hereby given to the Captain, Officers, and Crew, late of the Postwarren Privateer, that a Payment will be made them by their Agents, on Account of their Shares of the five Prizes taken by the said Ship, Capt. George Walker, Commander, and the Sheerness Privateer, Capt. John Farnell, Commander, on Tuesday the 1st Day of April next, between the Hours of Nine and Twelve of the Clock in the Forenoon, and on the four Tuesdays following; after which, on the First Tuesday in every Month, at the Custom-house Coffee-house in Queen's Square.

East-India-House, March 19, 1745.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, do hereby give Notice, That from the 31st of March 1746,

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all the Company's Bonds, that are not marked for Payments, will be continued at Four per Cent. Interest per Annum.
Christopher Mole, Secretary.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of his Majesty's Ship Bridgewater, who were present at the retaking of the Oswego, and taking of the St. Andre, that they will be paid their respective Shares of the Salvage, and Produce of these Ships and their Cargoes, on Tuesday the 9th Day of April next, on board the said Ship Bridgewater, if that Ship shall be then arrived at Spithead, or in Portsmouth Harbour, and if not then arrived, those who are impowered to receive by Letters of Attorney, may apply to Mr. James Bucknall, Merchant in Portsmouth, at whose House the Shares of such as shall be then undemanded, will be paid the first Tuesday in every Month for three Years.

Advertisements.

This Day is Published, Price 2 s. 6. d.

Printed on an Imperial Atlas Paper,

A New and Correct Mercator's M A P of North-Britain, carefully laid down from the latest Surveys, and most approved Observations, according to the strictest Regard to Mathematical Truth. In which are included all the King's High Roads. By the Honourable

John Elphinstone, Esq; P. Engineer.

As the Geography of this Map differs greatly from all others hitherto published; it is necessary to observe, that the Authorities for these Alterations are, Mr. Adair, Sir Alexander Murray of Stanhope, Capt. Bruce, William Edgar, Alexander Bruce, and Murdoch Mackenzie, &c. so that it must be as correct as possible, till a new Survey of the whole is made.

Printed and Published (according to Act of Parliament) for A. Millar, opposite to Catherine-street in the Strand.

Dr. **ANDERSON'S**, or,

The Famous **SCOTS PILLS**;

ARE faithfully prepared only by D. INGLISH, at the Unicorn, over-against the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are desired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes sealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mulletts Argent, Dr. Anderson's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Isabella Inghish underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Use in all Cases where Purgings is necessary, and may be taken with Epsom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

TO be sold peremptorily, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Samuel Burroughs, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Chancery-lane, on Monday the 14th of April next, between the Hours of Five and Seven in the Afternoon, to the best Bidder or Bidders, one undivided fourth Part of and in one Yard for Building of Ships, with the Docks, Wharves and Appurtenances, situate at Blackwall, in the County of Middlesex; together with divers Messuages thereunto belonging or adjoining, being Freehold; and also several Acres of Copyhold Lands, lying in East Marsh and South Marsh there, late the Estate of Robert Kyrby, Esq; deceased; the said fourth Part being of the yearly Value of 177 l. 12 s. 6 d. or thereabouts: And also the Freehold Messuages and Estate late of the said Robert Kyrby, deceased, situate at or near Mile End Green in the said County of Middlesex, and known by the Name or Sign of the Gun, in the Occupation of John Banks, or his Assigns, at the Rent of 40 l. per Annum. Particulars of the Premises may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Spicer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, on Tuesday the 6th Day of May next, between the Hours of Four and Six in the Afternoon, A Freehold Estate of the yearly Value of 162 l. and upwards,

situate at Ashton Underhill in the County of Gloucester, late the Estate of John Baldwyn, of Evesham in the County of Worcester, Gent. deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, London.

TO be sold, pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, before Richard Edwards, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, The Leasehold Estate of James Sutton, of Tring in the County of Hertford; consisting of a Messuage or Tenement in Tring aforesaid, in the Possession of John Avis and Richard Rolfe: Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Chancery-Lane.

TO be peremptorily sold, on Friday the 18th Day of April next, between the Hours of Four and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Kinaston, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, A Leasehold Estate late of Richard Blackall, Esq; deceased; consisting of a Coppice or Parcel of Wood Land, with the Ground or Soil thereof, called Hawing otherwise Hawing Coppice, and all the Wood, Timber and Trees thereon growing; and also two Messuages or Cottages belonging to the said Coppice or Parcel of Wood Land, with their Appurtenances, situate in the Parish of Checkendon, in the County of Oxford. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors and Legatees of Mary Edwards, late of Kensington in the County of Middlesex, deceased, are to come in and prove their Debts, and demand their Legacies, before William Spicer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, London.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors and Legatees of John Baldwyn, late of Evesham in the County of Worcester, Gent. deceased, are peremptorily to come in and prove their Debts, and claim their Legacies before William Spicer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, London, on or before Friday the 30th of May next, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

TO be sold, to the best Bidder, by the Assignees under a Commission of Bankruptcy awarded against Tillotson Laycock, of Brigg, in the County of Lincoln, Draper, at the Rainbow Coffee-house in Ironmonger-Lane, London, on the 12th Day of April next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, The Life Estate of the said Bankrupt to a Copyhold Farm and House situate at Steehead, in the Parish of Colq, in the County of Lancaster, lett to Thomas Dewhurst, at 16 l. a Year. Enquire for farther Particulars of Mr. Russell, Attorney, in King-street, Cheap-side, London.

TO be sold, (entire or in Parcels) pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, The Real Estates of Francis Pennecke, late of Helston in the County of Cornwall, Gent. consisting of the Moiety of the Manor of Treloskan, and of several Lands, Tenements and High Rents in the Parishes of Cury, Wendron Mawgan, Constanton, Helston, Breage, St. Colombe Minor, and Crantock, in the said County of Cornwall. Particulars may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, London.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Robert Hawksworth late of Sheffield in the County of York, Mercer and Chapman, are desired to meet the Assignees on Thursday the 27th Instant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Baker's Coffee-house in Exchange-Alley, London, to assent or dissent from the said Assignees commencing one or more Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity, for recovering Part of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; and also compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing any Matters relating thereto.

THE Creditors of William Hallam, late of the Parish of St. Mary Matfellow, otherwise Whitechapel, Victualler and Chapman, a Bankrupt, are desired to meet the Assignees on Wednesday next the 26th Instant, at the Fountain Tavern in Bartholomew-Lane, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, to consider of, and, if they shall think fit, to assent to the Assignees disposing of the Equity of Redemption of the New Wells in Goodmansfields, subject to a Ground Rent of 60 l. per Annum, and to two Mortgages of 700 l. or thereabouts; and on other special Affairs.

THE Creditors of Isaac Harrison, late of Colchester in the County of Essex, Vintner, a Bankrupt, who have proved their Debts under a Commission awarded against the said Bankrupt, are desired to meet the Assignee of the said Bankrupt's

rupt's Estate on Monday the 21st Day of April next, at the Sign of the Three Cups in Colchester, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee's commencing or defending one or more Suits in Equity, compound Debts, submit Affairs to Arbitration, and other special Affairs relating to the said Bankrupt's Estate.

THE Creditors of George Smith, late of the Parish of St. Mary Aldermary, London, Bricklayer and Chapman, against whom a Commission of Bankruptcy hath been awarded and issued, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects on Wednesday the 9th of April next, at Four in the Afternoon, at the Salutation Tavern in Budge-Row, London, on special Affairs. At which Time and Place the said George Smith is required to attend.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against James Peyrot, of Trigg Stairs, London, Coal Merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 28th of March instant, on the 4th of April next, and on the 3d of May following, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Du Buck, Attorney, in Ship-yard, Bartholomew-Lane behind the Royal-Exchange, London.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Thomas Ranson, of the Parish of St. Ana within the Liberty of Westminster, in the County of Middlesex, Grocer, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 26th of March instant, the 7th of April next, and on the 3d of May following, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Booth, Attorney, in Lincolns Ian Old Buildings.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Thomas Redman, of Portsmouth in the County of Southampton, Shopkeeper, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 2d and 9th of April next, and on the 3d of May following, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. George Crawford, Attorney, on St. Mary at Hill, London.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Richard Johnston, now or late of Grays in the County of Essex, Linnen Draper, intend to meet on the 16th of April next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Joseph Higginson, late of

the Parish of St. Andrew Holborn, in the County of Middlesex, Pawnbroker and Chapman, intend to meet on the 12th of April next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Stephen Jackson, late of Boston in the County of Lincoln, Merchant, intend to meet on Friday the 18th Day of April next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Mr. Richard Bell, known by the Sign of the Peacock in Boston aforesaid, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Ralph Witton, of the Parish of St. John Southwarke, in the County of Surry, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Rt. Hon. Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Ralph Witton hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 12th of April next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against William Yalden, of Bursledon in the County of Southampton, Maltster and Brewer, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said William Yalden hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 12th of April next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Richard Rust, late of Fish-street-hill, London, Haberdasher of Small Wares, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Richard Rust hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 12th of April next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Charles Lucas, of St. Mildred in the Poultry, London, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Charles Lucas hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 12th of April next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John James Stephani, of London, Merchant, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said John James Stephani hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, That by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 12th of April next.

