

sent also unknown. The Prince has ordered Colonel Trenck to return to the Army with his Body of Light Troops, to give an Account of the Contributions which he has received in Silesia; as also with regard to many Complaints which the Officers of his Regiment have made against him; for which Purpose a Court Martial is appointed to enquire into them.

*Leghorne, October 11, N. S.* On the 27th past in the Evening, Admiral Rowley with Part of His Majesty's Squadron attempted to bombard the City of Genoa, and after throwing Forty two Shells, the next Morning he steered with the Fleet to the Westward, not having done, or received any Damage. On the 29th the Fleet anchored off Final, and bombarded that Place all that Day and Part of the next Night with little Success. The Masters of several Vessels arrived from thence say, that only two Houses, and Part of an Oratory had been beaten down. On the 30th the Fleet steered to the Westward, and have since anchored off the Town of St. Remo, which they reduced to a Heap of Rubbish. Two Vessels laden with Corn and Oil were taken by his Majesty's Ships, and another sunk. The last Letters from Genoa mention, that Vessels arrive there Weekly laden with Provisions and Warlike Stores. The Republick continue fortifying the City and Coast, and in the Castle of St. Maria, at Porto Spetia, they have placed 60 Pieces of Cannon, and erected two Batteries of 18 and 12 Guns, at the Entrance of the Harbour. They have also built a regular Fort at Lerici, and planted 12 Pieces of Cannon, which will annoy the Vessels at Anchor in the Harbour of Spetia. Letters from the Camp of the Austrians at Castel Monferato of the 4th Instant, advise, that the Austrian and Sardinian Troops were joined again. These last suffered in the surprize of the 27th, but not so considerably as was at first reported. The Army is at present advantageously encamped, having the Hills on the Right, the Po on their Left, and the Town at their Backs. On the 30th, the Enemy invested Valentia, and on the 1st Instant, the Austrians sent away all their heavy Baggage and unnecessary People out of their Camp. Upon the 2d, they finished their Bridges over the Po, and detached a strong Corps of Cavalry and Sclavonians under the Command of General Count di Gros for the Lomelline, the Enemy having sent a strong Detachment the same Way in the Morning over the Bridges which they took at Bessignano. Letters from Mantua of the 1st Instant, mention the Arrival there of Prince Lichtenstein, who is to command the Austrian Army in Italy in Chief, which it is reported is soon to be reinforced. In this Port are his Majesty's Ships Roebuck, Liverpool, Nazareth Fire-Ship, and a Xebec, who are to sail To-morrow in Quest of Admiral Rowley.

*Whitehall, October 28.*

By a Messenger arrived Yesterday, who left Marshal Wade, with the Forces under his Command, at Darlington on the 26th Instant, we have an Account, that all the Troops from Flanders were arrived at Newcastle, Berwick, and Holy-Island, except five Companies of Colonel Ligonier's, and three of Brigadier Price's, the Baggage of the Whole, and one Ship with Horses, which were still missing.

*Whitehall, October 29.*

By Letters from Inverness of the 11th and 12th, every Thing was very quiet in that Part of the Country. The Earl of Loudon arrived there on the 11th, in order to take upon him the Command of the Troops in those Parts, and of the twenty new Independent Companies raising there, under the Direction of the Lord President of the Session, which were in great Forwardness, and would, in all probability, soon be compleated.

Letters from Berwick of the 25th advise, that the last Accounts they had of the Rebels, were, that they still gave out they intended to march Southward; but that in the mean Time they had marked out a strong Camp, West of Dalkeith, about four Miles South from Edinburgh, with Dalkeith on their Left, Newbattle Water in their Front, and Melvill Rivulet in their Rear; but so as to be open on their Right towards Polton. These two Rivulets join below Dalkeith at a Place called Smeaton, and fall into the Sea at Musselburgh. They have got one Du Boyer with them whom they call a French Ambassador.

Other Letters mention, that the Pretender's Eldest Son had his Quarters at the Duke of Buccleugh's House: That the Rebels were 8000 effective Men, exclusive of what was called his Guards: That they had brought all their Baggage out of Edinburgh to that Camp; and that they rob and destroy all round them. There was likewise a Report of a French Ship being arrived at Aberbrothock, with Bombs, Mortars, and heavy Cannon, with Cannoniers and Bombardiers.

By Advices from Berwick of the 25th instant, at Twelve o'Clock at Night, there is an Account of four Companies of Brigadier Price's having got into Holy Island; and that the same Evening there were two Transports more anchor'd off Berwick, in one of which there were three Companies more of Brigadier Price's, and in the other, five of Colonel Ligonier's Regiment.

*Leicester-House, October 29.*

On Sunday Morning last her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales was happily delivered of a Prince.

*London, October 29.*

Yesterday Richard Hoare, Esq; Lord Mayor Elect for the Year ensuing, was sworn at Guildhall, when the Chair, and other Ensigns of

Mayoralty,