

while Couriers are passing daily between the Camp of the King of Prussia and that of the Prince of Anhalt. This Moment a Courier from Lieutenant General Nassau, who commands the Siege of Cosel, is arrived here with the agreeable News, that the Fortress of Cosel was obliged to surrender the 5th of this Month, and that the Garrison, to the Number of 2800 Men, have been made Prisoners of War.

*Dresden, Sept. 7, N. S.* The first Detachment from the combined Army in Bohemia arrived here the 5th, and continues its March the 10th or the 11th to reinforce Count Rutowski. The second will be here the 13th or the 15th, the Day is uncertain as the Infantry come by Water, and will be posted at Grossen Hayn, till the Intention of that from the Prussian Army towards Lusatia can be better determined. Prince Charles has sent Lieutenant Colonel Desoffi, an excellent Partisan, with about 600 Hussars, to observe it. His Polish Majesty's Troops at Meseritz have Orders to march to Saxony, notwithstanding the negative Answers of the Ministry at Berlin to the Notification from hence: But as a greater Corps of Prussians is assembling on their Route, it is very uncertain how they will be able to pass. We are further informed, that the Prussian Detachment above-mentioned demanded Contributions of some Villages in Lusatia, turned to the Right, and is gone to Silesia by the same Route over his Polish Majesty's Territories that the Garrison from Prague took that Year.

*At the Camp at Vilvoerden, Sept. 13, N. S.* We have just received Advice from Brigadier General Mordaunt, that he arrived Yesterday at Mons with the late Garrison of Ostend.

*Camp of Vilvoerden, Sept. 16, N. S.* This Army continues in the same Situation, as well as that of the Enemy, from which however Detachments have been made to reinforce the Body under the Command of Count Clermont, which, according to the French Accounts, now consists of 20000. It is marched towards Namur, and it is thought will pass the Sambre between that Place and Charleroy, to continue its March towards Lorraine or the Rhine. An Officer arrived here this Day from the King of the Romans, to notify his Election to his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland. The Great Duke was to stay with the Army upon the Rhine till the Arrival of the Queen of Hungary at Aschaffenberg, where he was to meet her Majesty as To-morrow, and they were to make their Entry into Francfort together.

*Hague, Sept. 16, N. S.* An Estafette arrived here this Morning from Francfort, with an Account of the Great Duke's Nomination, on Monday last, to the Imperial Dignity, by all the Electoral Suffrages present; the Ambassadors of Brandenburg and Palatin having voluntarily withdrawn the Evening before not to assist at the Assembly of the Election.

*Hague, Sept. 17, N. S.* The News of the Great Duke's Elevation to the Imperial Dignity, that arrived here Yesterday, has spread an universal Joy over all Ranks and Stations here, almost beyond Example, even the lowest Mob giving publick Demonstrations of their Satisfaction, by making Bonfires of what Matter they could draw together, not sparing their very Furniture. The French Post of To-day has brought the News, that the Citadel of Tortona surren-

dred on the 3d Instant; the Garrison not to serve against France or Spain for a Year.

*Dublin, August 31.*

This Day arrived his Excellency the Earl of Chesterfield, Lord Lieutenant of this Kingdom. His Excellency was received at his Landing by the Lord-Mayor, Aldermen and Sheriffs of Dublin. The Foot Forces in Garrison, with the Militia of the City, lined the Streets, through which his Excellency (attended by a Regiment of Horse, the Battle-Axe Guards, and the other Officers attending the State) proceeded amidst the Acclamations of the People, with the usual Ceremony, to the Castle, where, in the Council Chamber, his Excellency took the Oaths appointed to be taken by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and received the Sword from their Excellencies the Lords Justices. After which the great Guns in his Majesty's Park the Phoenix were fired, and answered by Volleys from the Regiments on Duty which were drawn out upon College Green: And his Excellency repairing to the Presence Chamber, received there the Compliments of the Nobility and other Persons of Distinction, upon his safe Arrival to take upon him the Government of this Kingdom.

*Kensington, September 10.*

This Day the Lord-Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, waited on his Majesty with the following Address.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Lord-Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled.

*May it please your Majesty,*

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, beg Leave to approach your Sacred Person, and with the sincerest Joy to congratulate your Majesty upon your safe and happy Return to these your British Dominions.

Permit us, most gracious Sovereign, at the same Time, with the warmest Sentiments of Loyalty and Affection to your Majesty, to express our grateful Returns to Heaven for the Blessing upon your Majesty's Arms in the Conquest of the Islands and Forts of Cape Breton; a Place of the greatest Consequence to this Nation, as it secures to your Majesty's Subjects a free and uninterrupted Trade in America, and protects them from the Insults of a dangerous and inveterate Enemy. And we intirely rely on your Royal Patronage and Protection, to secure to these Kingdoms the perpetual Enjoyment of this invaluable Acquisition.

The rash and daring Attempts of the professed Enemies of this Nation, in Favour of a popish and abjur'd Pretender, have filled the Hearts of us your loyal Citizens with the utmost Abhorrence and Detestation. And we beg Leave to give your Majesty the most solemn Assurances, that we will be ready upon all Occasions to sacrifice all that is dear and valuable to us in Defence of your Majesty's Royal Person and Family, and in Support of our happy Constitution both in Church and State.