

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday June 22. to Tuesday June 25. 1745.

Naples, June 1.

**A**LL the Vessels which were embargoed, are at last sailed in separate Divisions, without taking any Troops aboard here, and only Provisions and Necessaries for Men and Horse. The News from Reggio continues very favourable, and it is believed that the Sickness in those Parts is at last totally extinct.

*Leghorn, June 7.* The Convoy that sailed from Naples is, the greatest Part of it, put into the Port of Baya, where they were a few Days ago.

*Rome, June 12, N. S.* The Body of Neapolitan Troops at Viterbo daily encrease by small Parties from the Kingdom of Naples that join them, and a Motion has lately been observed in them as if they designed to march.

*Genoa, June 12, N. S.* On the 6th the Duke of Modena made his publick Entry into this City, attended by five Adjutant Generals, and sixty Guards de Corps. The next Morning very early Orders were given by M. de Gages to that Part of the Army, which lay to the Eastward of the City, to begin their March over the Mountains Torrasio, into the Valley of Polcevera, where they advanced their Piquets to Voitaggio, and fixed their Head Quarters at Campo Marone, nine Miles from hence: About 1500 are encamp'd in the Valley; the rest of the Army is quartered in the Houses up and down, and in the Suburbs. A Piquet Guard is placed at about 15 Paces from the out Gate of the City, who stop and examine People that go out and come in. The Officers of the Train, and about 400 Men, are quartered in San Pierre d'Arena, waiting the Arrival of the Artillery. It is said, that their Muster Rolls do not exceed 13,000 Men. The Army under Don Philip is all assembled at Albenga, except two Squadrons of the Guards de Corps and the Horse Grenadiers, who escort the Ammunition, Powder, &c. Letters from St. Remo of the 8th mention, that 5000 French Infantry had already passed by, and five Battalions were still there, and more expected, which were afterwards to be followed by the French Cavalry; but as yet it is uncertain what Number the whole Corps will consist of, and whether they are to act separate, or jointly with the Spaniards under Don Philip, who is to enter the Montserrat by the Way of Finale, after reinforcing M. de Gages with two Regiments of Horse and one of Foot. Two Shebecks with Artillery have got safe to Oniglia, and we have just heard from Calvi, that nine large Neapolitan Vessels laden with Ammunition, &c. were got into that Port. By Letters of the 8th from Prince Lobcowitz's Army, it was to march the next Day from Firen-

zuola to pass the River Po, and intended to fix the Head Quarters at Pavia. Letters from Milan of the 10th, mention the Arrival at the Austrian Camp of General Schulemburg, who was to have the Command, pro interim; of that Army, the Prince being recalled to Vienna. Lieutenant General Pallavicini was arrived at Mantua with Money for the Payment of these Troops, which, when join'd by two Regiments that are marching from the Mantuan, will be compleat 30,000 strong. Orders have been given out for raising three Regiments more to compleat this Republick's Army to 30,000 Men.

*Turin, June 12, N. S.* Prince Lobcowitz has moved his Camp from Firenzuola, and passed the Po at Plaisance, in order to advance towards Pavia, from whence he will repass that River, and march directly to Novi, it is hoped, by the 15th or 16th Instant: And the necessary Orders have likewise been sent to the Body of Troops which the King of Sardinia is to furnish, to be in Readiness to join the Austrian Army under the Command of the Count de la Roque. Several Parties of the Enemy's Miquelets have appeared on the Bochetta; and we have Advice, that M. de Gages's Troops were passing with the utmost Diligence from the Riviera di Levante into the Valley of Polcevera; and that their Train of large Artillery was likewise putting in Readiness to march. Upon this Intelligence, and a Resolution taken by the Republick of Genoa to send a Body of her own Troops about the 15th or 16th Instant to encamp in the Neighbourhood of Novi, the King of Sardinia the Day before Yesterday dispatched his Adjutant General to Prince Lobcowitz, to represent to him the Necessity of hastening his March. Don Philip's Army continues to advance towards the Marquisate of Final; so that we expect every Day to hear of some Engagement. On the other Hand, we have a Detachment of 600 regular Troops, and about 1200 Militia in the Mountains in the County of Nice, under the Command of an experienced Officer, who has Orders to harass the French, who are obliged to pass that Way into the Valley of Oniglia. The Vanguard of the French Troops, commanded by M. de Mirepoix, is reduced to great Extremities for Want of Bread. Count Pallavicini was arrived the 9th at Mantua, and Count Schulemburg about the same Time at Milan.

*Florence, June 15, N. S.* Upon the 11th Instant, his Majesty's Ship the Rochester brought into the Port of Leghorn five Vessels, and after a stay of some Hours only, put to Sea again; and the next Morning returned with Thirteen more, great and small, some of which belong to the Convoy from Naples, and are laden with Provisions, &c. for the Spanish and Neapolitan Troops in the State of Genoa, but as the Spa-

nish Consul has made Representations that the said Transports have been seized within the reach of the Cannon of the Port of Leghorn, it is not yet certain whether they can be deemed legal Captures. On the 9th and 10th Instant, the Austrian Army under Prince Lobcowitz decamped from Firenzuola, and encamped in the Neighbourhood of Pavia. The Spanish and Neapolitan Troops under the Duke of Modena and M. de Gages continue in the Neighbourhood of the City of Genoa.

*Journal of the Saxon Auxiliary Army in Bohemia, from the 17th to the 21st of June, N. S. dated from their Head Quarters at Johannisdorff near Konigingratz.*

Upon the 17th of June the Combined Army remained in the same Position that it had been in the Day before. We had Advice towards Noon, that the Prussians were advancing towards the Metau; and indeed we perceived that they were marching and countermarching the greatest Part of the Night.

Upon the 18th they took Post between Skalitz and Neustadt directly opposite to, and very near us, so that we could discern Part of their Camp through the Woods and the Vallies, and we heard them fire several Pieces of Cannon.

Upon the 19th the Prussians detached a Corps of between 3 and 6000 Men beyond the Metau, and as we suspected that the King's Intention was to turn on a sudden towards Konigingratz, our Troops were ordered to march that Night, and accordingly the whole Combined Army, after having passed the Elbe at Konigingratz, entered

Upon the 20th in the Morning into Camp behind the Adler, about a Quarter of a League from the said Town. This Camp is surrounded with Marshes and Woods, so that in Case the Prussians attempt to attack us, they will find the Access to us extremely difficult.

The Duke fixed his Quarters at Johannisdorf, and Prince Charles his at l'Hotka, near the first Place, but probably we shall not continue here long, our Magazines being almost exhausted.

Upon the 21st we had Advice that the Avant Guard of the Prussians had advanced the Day before to Diwez, from whence they filed off to the Right and Left, on one Side towards Bukonica, and on the other towards Slatina. This confirming us in our Suspicions, that they were forming some Project against Konigingratz, Prince Charles ordered General Wallis and Nadafti with their Hussars to take Post on the other Side of the Elbe, and all the necessary Precautions were taken for the Defence of the said Town, which is encompassed with one Wall only.

*Lessines Camp, June 20, N. S.* General Pulteney was detach'd on the 12th at Night, with a thousand Foot, two hundred Horse, and a hundred Hussars to a Village called Ronfen or Renay, within three Leagues of the Enemy's Camp, to bring in a Quantity of dry Forage, which had been left there, which he did without Interruption from the French, though they had a general Forage at not above a Mile's Distance from General Pulteney's Party, at which their King was present in Person.

*Dresden, June 23, N. S.* On the 18th the Right Wing of the King of Prussia's Army extended to the Aupa below Skalitz, and the Left to the Metau, between Krtichin and Neustadt. He that Day sent 6000 Men over the latter River to Tlchernschitz. The Left of the Combined Army reached then to Schurz, and the

Right to Schmirschitz with the Elbe in the Front. The Allies have Garrisons at Jaromitz and Konigingratz, and by this Position may prevent their Enemy from passing the Elbe on their Left, or from penetrating into the Circle of Chrudim on their Right. We are now credibly assured here, that the Prussians lost between 7 and 8000 Men in the late Action in Silesia. P. S. Since writing what is above, a Courier is arrived from the Allied Army, who gives an Account, that on the 19th at Ten at Night the Allies struck their Tents, and marched till Three the next Day, to a Camp they had traced on this Side of Konigingratz.

*Dresden, June 25, N. S.* The Duke of Weissenfels was informed on the 21st at Night, that the Prussians were raising a Battery, but it was uncertain whether against our Camp or the Town of Konigingratz. As this Place is not fortified for a long Defence, it is expected that our next Advices will be of a farther Retreat, probably to Pardubitz. The Duke has given Orders that the Artillery sent from hence should stay at Milnick. The Allies have as yet retreated in order and without any Loss.

*Journal of Count Bathiani's Army, from the 18th to the 25th of June.*

*June 18.* The Army having passed the Lahne, marched in five Columns, and encamped at Burkartsfelden near Giessen. This Day we received Advice, that the Enemy was posted about Bobenhausen, against Ostheim and Seligenstadt, and had forbid, on Pain of Death, all Manner of Foraging, and had ordered 500 Waggons with four Horses each, to transport their Forage and Sick to Arheiligen. It is reported, that the Garrison of Hoecht is reinforced to 1500 Men, and that the Enemy is building at Worms a great Number of Ovens.

*June 19.* The Army marched in four Columns to Lambach, where the Head Quarters were.

*June 20, and 21.* The Army halted and received Bread and Forage. We have received Advice, that the Enemy having founded the River Mayne from Francfort to Mentz, had posted Guards at such Places where the River was fordable.

This Day the Enemy transported their Sick to Worms in 125 Waggons, and we hear that they are to be carried forward from thence to Landau.

The same Day 4000 Foot, Horse, and Hussars, arrived in the Neighbourhood of Offenbach, one half of them forded the Mayne near Diedeheim, and marched towards Hoecht, and the other half did the same on the Left Side of the Mayne.

This Day the Enemy began to fortify and palisade Eberstadt in the Bergstrasse, employing daily for this Purpose 100 Peasants, and have pulled down some Houses which were on an Ascent, in order, as is pretended, to plant some Cannon there.

Lieutenant General Baroniay reports, that those 2000 Men of the Enemy who passed the Mayne at Diedeheim, had formed themselves into 12 Squadrons, and being provided with Infantry and four Squadrons of Hussars, had made a Feint to march to Vilhel, and had actually fired on his advanced Posts, but he having kept his Ground, and the Enemy perceiving that that Post was sufficiently provided, returned to Hoecht by the Way of Bockenheim.

June 22. The Army marched in four Columns to Aichelfachsen, where the Head Quarters were, but this March was very fatiguing, on account of the heavy Rains that fell.

This Day we had Notice, that the Corps of 4000 Men which had march'd to Hoecht, returned again to the Army near Dieburg, and that their main Army had sent a small Corps of 7 to 8000 Men, which they gave out to amount to 16000 Men, towards Stockstadt, which they called the little Army. That they had stopped all the Vessels and Barges on the Mayne, and would forage on this Side of that River in the Neighbourhood of Dettingen and Ostheim.

This Day we received Advice from Budingen, that 200 Horse and Grenadiers, and some Independent Companies, had passed by Stockstadt; that the Peasants from Dettingen to Damm had been obliged to cut down and destroy all the Corn, &c.; and that this Detachment, on their Return over the Mayne, had plunder'd Dettingen.

June 23. The Army marched in two Columns from Aichelfachsen to Bierstein; this March was very fatiguing, not only on account of the heavy Rains which had lasted 48 Hours, and still continued, but also by reason of the Country being mountainous. At Four in the Afternoon the Army arrived at the Camp, but most of the Baggage did not come up.

We received Advice, that the Enemy had formed a regular Camp near Dieburg; that their Army consisted of about 35000 Men, and they had with them 114 great Cannon, 30 Regimental Pieces, and 22 Pontons, as also some other large Pieces of Artillery. That the Corps at Stockstadt consisted of 8000 Men, and that they were all preparing to march in two or three Days to the Camp between Aschaffenburg and Seligenstadt; for this Purpose Aschaffenburg is again occupied by 4000 Men, and at Hoecht only 400 Men are left to guard the Bridge.

June 24. The Army halted.

A great Corps of Count Traun's Army is already arrived at Orbe, the rest will follow successively.

And as the Enemy have not yet passed the Mayne, but on the contrary, the Army of Field Marshal Bathiani advanced the 25th of June to Wachtersbach, nothing can prevent the Junction of the two Armies, which may be made with great Ease.

From the Camp near Pressein, June 24.

P. S. The two Armies at Orbe and Wachtersbach are within an Hour's March from each other.

The Enemy might have prevented this Junction, by obliging both Armies to take several more Marches round about; but since they did not, it is believed that the Report of their Infantry being in a very bad Condition is true, and that therefore they will not hazard any thing in this mountainous Country, where only the Foot can be of Use.

Berlin, June 26, N. S. The last Letters from our Army are dated the 18th from Nagorzani, near Nachod, a short League from the combined Army. As his Prussian Majesty is thought to design to attack the Enemy again, several Postilions are lodged upon the Roads to be in Readiness to bring us the News of a second Victory. It is now said, that the whole Magdebourg Corps is to file off into this City, and afterwards to march to reinforce the Army in Bohemia, and that two Regiments of Wolfen-

buttel and three others are to replace them in Garrison at Magdebourg. The Remains of Hack's Regiment of Foot are expected here very soon to recruit, having suffered extremely in the late Action.

Hague, July 2, N. S. Count Podewils set out for Berlin early Yesterday Morning, having first received, and introduced his Successor, M. Ammon, who has given in his Credentials as his Prussian Majesty's Resident. M. Fogliani, the Sicilian Minister here, is making Dispositions for quitting this Residence. The Right Honourable the Earl of Kildare, arrived here Yesterday from England. Letters from Flanders by Thursday's Post mention, that the French are making Preparations for the entire Demolition of the Works at Tournay. The Allied Army which was encamped between Lessines and Aeth, is now encamped between the former of those Places and Gramont.

Whitehall, June 25.

The King has been pleased to appoint Sir Robert Monro, Bart. to be Colonel of the Regiment of Foot commanded by the late Major General Ponsonby.

His Majesty has likewise been pleased to appoint ——— Napier, Esq; to be Deputy Quarter-Master-General to the Forces in the Austrian Netherlands.

This Day is publish'd,

By J. Roberts, in Warwick-Lane,

( Price 1 s. Plain, Colour'd 2 s. )

AN EXACT PLAN of the Attack of the High Allies against the French near the Village of Fontenoy, commanded by His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, on the 11th of May, N. S. 1745.

Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich,

June 25, 1745.

The Commissioners of His Majesty's Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich hereby give Notice, that on Wednesday the 7th Day of August next, or as soon after as may be, will be lett on Lease for 21 Years at Salters Hall, in London, the following Lead Mines in the Derwentwater Estate, viz. Couperbole-head, Goan-gill, Nentsbury Green Ends, North Vein, Middle Vein, Gooddomgill Moss, Nentheadfield, Dowpott-syke, Garrygill burn old Groves, Doddberry Dike-head, Hill Close, Clargill Meadows, Clargill Cleugh-head, Cashburn, Cornriggs, Gate Castle, Middle Syke, Scarr Ends, Lee House, Low Birchey Bank, Broomberry West of Tyne, Gillhouse burn, Howburn Moss, Parkgrove, Horse-Edge Slattey Mea, Broomberry East of Nent, Guttergill, How blagill, High Birchey Bank, Roderup Cleugh, Greenbill Syke, or Green Cragg, Nentsberry-haggs, Green Castle, Baxton Edge, Balehill, or Farrenberry, North Vein of Fletcheris Foot, Brownley-hill, Long-Hole Head East End, Gallygill Syke, Windy-brow, Wellhopeknott, Dryburn, Rampgill-head near Kellup-head, Redgroves Edge, Blagill Green-ends, Burns in Tack, Hudgill-burn Longcleugh, Middle Cleugh, Fletcheres, and Greengrove or Baud End. And on Wednesday the 1st of January next, or as soon after as may be, at the same Place, will also be lett on Lease for 21 Years, a Colliery in Grindon Common in the Barony of Langley and County of Northumberland; to be entered upon at May-day next. And all Persons desirous to take any of the Lead Mines or Colliery, may give in their Proposals in Writing, directed to Mr. Richard Horne, at the Pay Office in Broad street, London, or to Mess. Walton and Boag, at Ravenfworth Castle near Durham.

General Post-Office, June 22, 1745.

These are to give Notice, that the Post will go every Night, (Sundays excepted) from London to Tunbridge-

Wells,

Wells, and from Tunbridge Wells to London; to begin on Monday next, the 24th Instant, and to continue during the Summer Season, as usual.

By Command of the Post master General,  
Geo. Shelvocke, Secr.

### The SCHEME of the Lottery 1745.

No. of Prizes.	Value of each.	Total Value.
10000	20000	200000
5000	15000	75000
2000	10000	20000
1000	15000	15000
500	15500	7750
100	15100	1510
50	19900	995
20	130900	2618
2150 Prizes amounting to		241400
First Drawn		500
Last Drawn		1000
42850	Blanks, at 6 l. each	257100

50000 Tickets, at 10 l. each = £. 500000

Note, There are 10000 Tickets less in this Lottery than were in the last.

The Tickets, Shares and Chances are sold at HAZARD'S State Lottery-Office under the Royal Exchange, at his other Office the Corner of Stationers Alley in Ludgate-street, and at the new State Lottery-Office kept by J. HAZARD and Co. the Corner of Spring-Gardens, Charing-cross.

Blanks and Prizes, Annuities for Lives, and all Government Securities, are bought and sold at the said Offices.

Schemes of the Lottery given gratis, and Letters (Post paid) duly answer'd.

**T**O be peremptorily sold, together or in Parcels, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Spicer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, on Tuesday the 30th Day of July next, between the Hours of Four and Six in the Afternoon, The Reversion, after one Life, of the Manor, Baronies, and Lordships of Langum, Rosemarkett and Roch, and of divers Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Rent Charges in the Parishes of Langum, Rosemarkett, Roch, Lanhowell and Stainton, of the yearly Rent of 380 l. or thereabouts; and also of the alternate Presentation to the Advowson and Church of Langum, being all in the County of Pembroke, and late the Estate of Joseph Walter, Esq; deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, London.

**T**HE Creditors of Thomas Claphamson, against whom a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded and issued, are desired to meet Mr. Samuel Wragg, Assignee of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, on the Third of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at the Crown Tavern behind the Royal Exchange, to consult about a Dividend, and to consent to the said Assignee's commencing one or more Suit or Suits in Equity for the Recovery and getting in the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects now outstanding, and to the Referring any Dispute touching the same, and to the compounding and agreeing with any Debtor or Debtors to the Bankrupt's Estate; and on other special Affairs.

**T**HE Creditors of George Smith, late of the Parish of St. Mary Aldermay, London, Bricklayer and Chapman, against whom a Commission of Bankruptcy hath been awarded and issued, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, on Wednesday the 3d of July next, at Five in the Afternoon, at the Salvation Tavern in Budget-Row, London, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees releasing the Equity of Redemption, of the several Estates of the said Bankrupt, mortgaged by him to Robert Taylor, deceased; and to the said Assignees releasing a Debt due from the said Robert Taylor on the Terms then to be agreed on; and also to the said Assignees referring to Arbitration the Claim of Sarah Smith the Bankrupt's Mother, on his Estate; and on other special Affairs.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Alexander Strahan, of the City of London, Merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 28th of June Instant, the 9th of July next, and on the 6th of August following, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Traill, Attorney, in the Temple.

N. B. The Advertisement in last Saturday's Gazette, of a Commission of Bankrupt being issued against William Strahan, of the City of London, Merchant, was inserted by Mistake in stead of the above Alexander Strahan.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Edward Stockley, now or late of Liverpool in the County Palatine of Lancaster, Woollendrap and Mercer, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 8th and 9th of July next, and on the 6th of August following at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at the House of Edward Rathbone, being the Sign of the Golden Talbot in Liverpool aforesaid, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts; and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Richard Ecclestone, Attorney, in Liverpool aforesaid.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Chapman, of the City of Lincoln, in the County of Lincoln, Linnendrap and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named or the major Part of them, on the 4th and 13th of July next, and on the 6th of August following, at the House of John Caldecott in Bourne in the said County of Lincoln, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Richard Banister, Attorney, in Fetter-Lane, London.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Dodd, of Tatteshow, in the County of Bedford, Shopkeeper, Linnendrap and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 3d and 16th of July next, and on the 6th of August following, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the First Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Fenwick, Attorney, near St. Martin's Lane in Thames-street, London.

**T**HE Creditors of Richard Phillips, late of the City of Bristol, Chapman and Dealer in Earthen Ware and Glass, are desired to take Notice, that a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects will be made on Monday the 5th of August next, at the Three Tons Tavern in Corn-street, Bristol; when and where such of the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**T**HE Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Sandys, of London, Dealer in Teas, intend to meet on the 30th Day of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**W**HEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Nicholas Ansell, late of Lewes, in the County of Sussex, Butcher and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Nicholas Ansell hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the fifth his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 16th of July next.

**W**HEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Roak, late of Chelsea in the County of Surry, Bargeman, Dealer and have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said John Roak hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 16th of July next.