

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From **Tuesday** November 6. to **Saturday** November 10. 1744.

By the KING,

A P R O C L A M A T I O N

For a General FAST.

GEORGE R.

WE taking into our most serious Consideration the just and necessary Wars in which we are engaged with the Crown of Spain and the French King, upon the Success whereof the Safety and Well-being of this our Realm, doth, under God, wholly depend; and putting our Trust in Almighty God, that he will vouchsafe a special Blessing on our Arms, both by Sea and Land, have resolved, and do, by and with the Advice of our Privy Council, hereby command, That a publick Fast and Humiliation be observed throughout that Part of our Kingdom of Great Britain called England, our Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, upon Wednesday the Ninth Day of January next, that so both we and our People may humble ourselves before Almighty God, in order to obtain Pardon for our Sins; and may in most devout and solemn Manner, send our Prayers and Supplications to the Divine Majesty, for averting those heavy Judgments which our manifold Sins and Provocations have most justly deserved, and imploring his Blessing and Assistance on our Arms, and for restoring and perpetuating Peace, Safety and Prosperity to us and our Kingdoms. And we do strictly charge and command, That the said publick Fast be reverently and devoutly observed by all our loving Subjects in England, our Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and would avoid his Wrath and Indignation; and upon Pain of such Punishment as we may justly inflict on all such as contemn and neglect the

Performance of so religious and necessary a Duty. And for the better and more orderly solemnizing the same, we have given Directions to the Most Reverend the Archbishops, and the Right Reverend the Bishops of England, to compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be used in all Churches, Chapels, and Places of Publick Worship; and to take Care the same be timely dispersed throughout their respective Dioceses.

Given at our Court at St. James's the Seventh Day of November 1744, in the Eighteenth Year of our Reign.

GOD save the King.

By the King,

A P R O C L A M A T I O N

For a General FAST.

GEORGE R.

WE taking into our most serious Consideration the just and necessary Wars in which we are engaged with the Crown of Spain and the French King, upon the Success whereof the Safety and Well-being of this our Realm doth, under God, wholly depend; and putting our Trust in Almighty God, that he will vouchsafe a special Blessing on our Arms both by Sea and Land, have resolved, and do, by and with the Advice of our Privy Council, hereby command, That a publick Fast and Humiliation be observed throughout that Part of our Kingdom of Great Britain called Scotland, upon Wednesday the Ninth Day of January next, that so both we and our People may humble ourselves before Almighty God, in order to obtain Pardon of our Sins, and may in the most devout and so-

(Price Six-Pence.)

lem's Manner, send our Prayers and Supplications to the Divine Majesty, for averting those heavy Judgments which our manifold Sins and Provocations have most justly deserved, and imploring his Blessing and Assistance on our Arms, and for restoring and perpetuating Peace, Safety and Prosperity to us and our Kingdoms. And we do strictly charge and command, that the said publick Fast be reverently and devoutly observed by all our loving Subjects in Scotland, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and would avoid his Wrath and Indignation, and upon Pain of such Punishment as we may justly inflict on all such as contemn and neglect the Performance of so religious and necessary a Duty. Our Will is therefore, and we charge, that incontinent this our Proclamation seen, ye pass to the Market Cross of Edinburgh, and all other Places needful, and there in our Name and Authority, make Publication hereof, that none pretend Ignorance. And our Will and Pleasure is, That our Solicitor do cause printed Copies hereof to be sent to the Sheriffs of the several Shires, Stewarts of Stewartries, and Bailiffs of Regalities, and their Clerks, whom we ordain to see the same published. And we appoint them to send Doubles hereof to the several Paroch Kirks within their Bounds, that upon the Lord's Day immediately preceding the Day abovementioned, the same may be published and read from the Pulpits immediately after Divine Service.

Given at our Court at St. James's, the Seventh Day of November 1744, and in the Eighteenth Year of our Reign.

GOD save the King.

By the King,

A P R O C L A M A T I O N,

Appointing the Distribution of the Bounty for taking or destroying Ships of War or Privateers of the Enemy.

G E O R G E R.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for the better Encouragement of Seamen in his Majesty's Service and Privateers to annoy the Enemy, it is amongst other Things enacted, That for the Encouragement of the Officers, Seamen, Marines, Soldiers and others, on board our Ships of War, as also of Privateers, to attack, take and destroy any Ships of Force belonging to the Enemy, there shall be paid by the Treasurer of our Navy, upon Bills to be made forth by the Commissioners of the Navy, to be paid according to the Course there-

of, without Fee or Reward, unto the Officers, Seamen, Marines, Soldiers or others, that shall have been actually on board such of our Ships of War or Privateers, in any Action where any Ship or Ships of War, or Privateers, shall have been taken from the Enemy, sunk, burnt, or otherwise destroyed, since our Declaration of War against France, Five Pounds for every Man which was living on board any Ship or Ships so taken, sunk, burnt or otherwise destroyed, at the Beginning of the Engagement between them; the Numbers of such Men to be proved by the Oaths of three or more of the chief Officers, or Men which were belonging to the said Ship or Ships of War, or Privateers of the Enemy, or belonging to any of them, at the Time of her or their being taken, sunk, burnt, or otherwise destroyed, before the Mayor or other chief Magistrate of the Port within any of our Dominions, whereunto any Prize, or Officers, or Men of such Ships as were sunk, burnt, or otherwise destroyed, shall be brought; or before the British Consul, or Vice-Consul, residing at any neutral Port, to which such Prize or Officers, or Men, shall be brought; which Oaths the said Mayor, or other chief Magistrate of any such Port, or Consul, or Vice-Consul, are thereby impowered and required to administer, and shall forthwith grant a Certificate thereof without Fee or Reward, directed to the Commissioners of the Navy; upon producing which Certificate to the Commissioners of our Navy, together with an authentick Copy of the Condemnation of such Ship so taken, or if such Ship be sunk, burnt, or otherwise destroyed, on producing only a Certificate from the Mayor or other chief Magistrate, or Consul, or Vice-Consul, as aforesaid, the said Commissioners of our Navy, or such Person or Persons as they shall appoint for that Purpose, shall, according to the Course of the Navy, within Fifteen Days, make out Bills for the Amount of such Bounty, directed to the Treasurer of the Navy, payable to, and to be divided amongst the Officers, Seamen, Marines and Soldiers, on board our Ships of War, in Manner, Form and Proportion, as by our Proclamation to be issued for that Purpose shall be directed and appointed, and amongst the Owners, Officers and Seamen of any private Vessel or Ship of War, in such Manner and Proportion, as by any Agreement in Writing they shall have entered into for that Purpose, shall be directed. We taking the Premises into Consideration, do, pursuant to the said Act of Parliament, (with the Advice of our Privy Council) by this Proclamation order, direct, and appoint, That the said Bounty Money for the taking, sinking, burning, or otherwise destroying the Enemy's Ships of War, or Privateers, be divided into Eight equal Parts, and be distributed in Manner following, that is to say, To the Captain or Captains of any of our Ships of War, who

who shall be actually on board at the taking, sinking, burning, or destroying any such Ship of the Enemy, three Eighth Parts; but in Case any such Ship shall be taken, sunk, burnt, or destroyed, by any Ship or Ships of War under the Command of a Flag or Flags, the Flag Officer or Officers being actually on board, or directing and assisting in the Capture, to have one of the said three Eighth Parts; the said one Eighth part to be paid to such Flag, or Flag Officers, in such Proportions, and subject to such Regulations as are herein after for that Purpose mentioned; to the Captains of Marines and Land Forces, Sea Lieutenants, and Master on board any such Ships, one Eighth Part, to be equally divided amongst them; to the Lieutenants and Quarter-masters of Marines, and Lieutenants, Ensigns and Quarter-masters of Land Forces, Boatswain, Gunner, Purser, Carpenter, Master's Mate, Chirurgeons and Chaplain on board any such Ship, one Eighth Part, to be equally divided amongst them; to the Midshipmen, Carpenter's Mates, Boatswain's Mates, Gunner's Mates, Master at Arms, Corporals, Yeomen of the Sheets, Coxswain, Quarter Masters, Quarter Master's Mates, Chirurgeon's Mates, Yeomen of the Powder Room, and Serjeants of Marines or Land Forces, on board any such Ships, One Eighth Part, to be equally divided amongst them; to the Trumpeters, Quarter Gunners, Carpenter's Crew, Steward, Cook, Armourer, Steward's Mate, Cook's Mate, Gunsmith, Cooper, Swabber, Ordinary Trumpeter, Barber, Able Seamen, Ordinary Seamen, and Marine or other Soldiers, Two Eighth Parts, to be equally divided amongst them: And in Case any Sea Captain, Inferior Commission, or Warrant Sea Officers, belonging to any Ship of War, for whom any Shares of the Bounty Money for Ships taken, sunk, burnt, or destroyed, are hereby allowed, be absent, and not on board at the Time of the Capture, burning, sinking, or destroying any such Ships of the Enemy, the Share of such Sea Captain, Inferior Commission, or Warrant Sea Officer, shall be cast into the Shares hereby allowed to the Trumpeter, Quarter Gunners, Carpenter's Crew, Steward, Cook, Armourer, Steward's Mate, Cook's Mate, Gunsmith, Cooper, Swabber, Ordinary Trumpeter, Barber, Able Seamen, Ordinary Seamen, and Marine, or other Soldiers, to be equally divided amongst them: Provided that if any Officer or Officers, on board any of our Ships of War, at the Time of taking, sinking, burning, or destroying any such Ships of the Enemy, shall have more Commissions or Offices than one, he or they shall be intitled only to the Share or Shares of the said Bounty Money for the Enemy's Ships taken, sunk, burnt, or destroyed, which according to the above-mentioned Distribution, shall belong to his or their respective

superior Commissions or Offices. And we do hereby strictly enjoin all and every Commander and Commanders of any Ships of War, taking, sinking, burning, or destroying any such Ships of the Enemy, as soon as may be, to transmit, or cause to be transmitted to the Commissioners of our Navy, a true List of the Names of all the Officers, Seamen, Marines, Soldiers, or others, who were actually on board our Ships of War, under his or their Command at the taking, sinking, burning, or destroying any such Ships of the Enemy; which List shall contain the Quality of the Service of each Person on board, and be subscribed by the Captain or Commanding Officer, and three or more of the chief Officers on board. And we do hereby require and direct the Commissioners of our Navy, or any three or more of them, to examine, or cause to be examined, such List, by the Muster Book of such Ships of War, and Lists annexed thereto, to see that such List doth agree with the said Muster Book and annexed Lists, as to the Names, Qualities, or Ratings of the Officers, Seamen, Marines, Soldiers, and others, belonging to such Ship of War; and upon Request, forthwith to grant a Certificate of the Truth of any List transmitted to them to the Agents nominated and appointed by the Captors, pursuant to the said Act, to take Care or dispose of such Bounty Money for Ships taken, sunk, burnt, or destroyed: And also upon Application to them, to give, or cause to be given unto the Agents who shall at any Time or Times be appointed as aforesaid by the Captors, all such Lists, from the Muster Book of any such Ships of War, and annexed Lists, as the said Agents shall find requisite for their Direction in paying the Bounty Money; and to be otherwise aiding and assisting to the said Agents as shall be necessary. And as touching the said One Eighth Part herein before mentioned to be granted to the Flag or Flag Officers, who shall be actually on board at the taking, sinking, burning, or destroying any such Ship of the Enemy, or shall be directing and assisting therein, we have thought fit, and do by these Presents Publish, Order and Declare, that the following Regulations be observed, First, That a Flag Officer commanding in Chief, where there is but one Flag Officer upon Service, shall have to his own sole Use, the said One Eighth Part of the said Bounty Money for the Enemy's Ships taken, sunk, burnt, or otherwise destroyed by Ships under his Command. Secondly, That a Flag Officer sent to command at Jamaica, or elsewhere, shall have no Right to any Share of the Bounty Money for Ships taken, sunk, burnt, or destroyed by Ships employed there, before he arrives within the Limits of his Command. Thirdly, That when an Inferior Flag Officer, or private Ships, are sent out to reinforce a superior

perior Flag Officer at Jamaica; or elsewhere, the said Superior Flag Officer shall have no Right to any Share in the Bounty Money for Ships taken, sunk, burnt, or destroyed by them, before their Arrival within the Limits of his Command. Fourthly, That a Chief Flag Officer, returning home from Jamaica, or elsewhere, shall have no Share of the Bounty Money for Ships taken, sunk, burnt, or destroyed by the Ships left at Jamaica, or elsewhere, after he is got out of the Limits of his Command. Fifthly, That if a Flag Officer is sent to command in the Out-Ports of this Kingdom, he shall have no Share of the Bounty Money for Ships taken, sunk, burnt, or destroyed by Ships that sail from that Port, by Order from the Admiralty. Sixthly, That when more Flag Officers than one serve together, the Eighth Part of the Bounty Money for the taking, sinking, burning, or destroying Ships of the Enemy, by any Ships of the Fleet or Squadron, shall be divided in the following Proportions, viz. If there be but two Flag Officers, the Chief shall have Two Third Parts of the said One Eighth Part, and the other shall have the remaining Third Part. But if the Number of Flag Officers be more than two, the Chief shall have only one Half, and the other Half shall be divided equally among the other Flag Officers. Seventhly, That Commodores, with Captains under them, shall be esteemed as Flag Officers, with Respect to their Right to an Eighth Part of the Bounty Money for Ships taken, sunk, burnt, or destroyed, whether commanding in Chief, or serving under Command.

Given at our Court at St. James's, the Seventh Day of November 1744, in the Eighteenth Year of our Reign.

GOD save the King.

By the King,

A P R O C L A M A T I O N .

G E O R G E R .

WHEREAS We have received Information, that divers wicked and desperate Persons, armed with Fire-arms, Cutlases, Bludgeons, and other offensive Weapons, have of late appeared in the publick Streets of our Cities of London and Westminster, and have in a daring and insolent Manner, and in open Defiance of the Laws, attacked, robbed, and wounded, many of our Subjects, to the great Terror of the Inhabitants of our said Cities. And whereas we are determined, not only to put the Laws for the Punishment of all such Offenders into the strictest Execution, but likewise to give Encouragement to such of our Subjects who shall assist therein, by discovering and bringing such Offenders to Justice.

And whereas by an Act of the Fourth and Fifth Years of his late Majesty King William the Third, a Reward of Forty Pounds is given to the Persons who shall apprehend and prosecute any Thief or Robber upon the Highway, or to their Executors or Administrators, in Case they themselves should happen to be killed in the apprehending them, to be paid by the Sheriff of the County, without Fee, within one Month after Conviction, on tendering a Certificate under the Hand of the Judge or Judges before whom such Person was tryed and convicted. And whereas we are desirous of giving further Encouragement to the Discovery and Apprehending the Persons guilty of such Felonies within our said Cities, We have thought fit, with the Advice of our Privy Council, for the greater Protection of the Persons and Properties of our loving Subjects in these our Cities, to issue this our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby promise and declare, That any Person or Persons who shall discover and apprehend, or cause to be discovered and apprehended, any Person, so as that he may be convicted, who since the First of October last past hath committed, or before the First Day of May next shall commit any Murder or Robbery, or assault with any offensive Weapon or Instrument, with Intent to rob in any of the Streets of our said Cities of London or Westminster, shall have and receive forthwith for every such Person, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, over and above the said Sum of Forty Pounds, and all other Rewards to which he may be intitled by Virtue of the said Act, or any other Act of Parliament: Which said Sum of One hundred Pounds, the Commissioners of our Treasury, or our High Treasurer of Great Britain for the Time being, are hereby directed and required to pay accordingly, without any further or other Warrant in that Behalf. And if the Person so discovering and apprehending any such Offender (excepting the Person actually giving a Wound in any such Murder) shall have been an Accomplice in such Murder, Robbery, or Assault, we do hereby further promise and declare, That such Person shall have our gracious Pardon. And we do strictly charge and command all our Justices of the Peace, Magistrates, and all other our Officers whatsoever, that they use their utmost Diligence and Endeavours, in their several Places and Stations, to discover and apprehend any such Offenders, upon Pain of our highest Displeasure. And we do by these Presents put an End to and determine all other Rewards heretofore by us promised for discovering and apprehending Offenders of the like Kind.

Given at our Court at St. James's, this Seventh Day of November 1744, in the Eighteenth Year of our Reign.

GOD save the King.

Boston in New-England, Sept. 22. The Privateers fitted out from this Place, which are eight or nine, besides a Snow, a Brigantine, and Sloop, equipped by this Government for Guard-ships, have taken in the Whole upwards of 40 Sail of French Vessels, and much annoyed the Enemies Fishery, some of whose small Settlements they have also broken up, by burning their Works and Houses, as the Enemy did ours at Canfo.

Naples, Oct. 20, N. S. The Reinforcements which have lately landed in small Parties at Capo d'Anzio and Gaeta from Spain for M. de Gages's Army, consist of about 1000 Men, and they are to be followed by many more. Amongst them are 500 dismounted Dragoons, which are to be provided with Horses purchased in the Kingdom. Many Carpenters, with a large Quantity of Planks, have within these few Days been sent to the King's Army at Velletri, whither about 300 Recruits, in small Parties, have also been conveyed from this City by Way of Capoa. Preparations are making at Court against the Return of their Majesties to this Capital.

Rome, Oct. 24, N. S. On the 17th many Carriages from this City were ordered to remove the Austrian Invalids and Hospital from Albano to the Convent of St. Paul. On the 18th and 20th many Austrian Officers, with their Baggages and Domesticks, arrived here. This Day some Motions were observed in the Austrian Army, which, it is said, is to halt at Torre di Mezza Via, so as to give Time for the Embarkation of the Hospital and Invalids; and from thence the said Army is to proceed in their March, by the Walls of this City, to Ponte Molle, Civita Castellana, Terni, Foligno, &c. The Spaniards and Neapolitans continue at Velletri, and have built several wooden Huts on the Top of the Hill Artemisio, to cover their Soldiers from the excessive Cold.

Florence, Oct. 27, N. S. We hear from Prince Lobcowitz's Camp, that most of their Baggage and the Maroders passed the Tyber on the 23d, and that the whole Army was to march as Yesterday or To-day.

Grodno, Oct. 27, N. S. M. de Wallenrodt, Minister from the King of Prussia to his Polish Majesty, has made a Declaration here on the Part, and by the Express Order, of the King his Master, to the following Effect, viz. That the War in Germany being expressly excepted from being made a Case of the Alliance, which his Polish Majesty lately contracted with the Court of Vienna, and that Treaty consequently not obliging his said Majesty in any Manner to furnish Auxiliary Troops to the Queen of Hungary, the King of Prussia could not look upon the Junction of those of Saxony with the Austrian Army, in order to act against him and his Allies, which is the Emperor, in any other Light

than that of an open Hostility and Aggression: That his Prussian Majesty left it to his Polish Majesty's own Consideration, what Measures and Resolutions a Step of that Nature authorized, and even forced him to take, for disappointing the Designs which were contriving to his Prejudice, and that he washed his Hands of all the Inconveniencies which must naturally result from it; but that his Prussian Majesty did however still hope, that the King of Poland would precipitate nothing in an Affair of this Importance, nor carry Things to an Extremity, which might tend to the Ruin of their respective Dominions, and of which their Enemies and Enviars only would reap the whole Profit.

His Polish Majesty answered the above Declaration in the following Manner.

That his Prussian Majesty alledges with Reason, that, by the Renewal of the Treaty of 1733, the King of Poland was under no Obligation to march any Auxiliary Troops to the Queen of Hungary's Assistance, the present War being excepted in that Renewal by a secret Article. For it is certain, that his Polish Majesty has kept himself unengaged with respect to the War against France, and against his Imperial Majesty in Bavaria. But his Prussian Majesty cannot disallow, that nothing could hinder his Polish Majesty from entering into such Engagements, as appeared proper to him, for the Security of his Dominions, in Consideration of their Situation.

After the Treaty of Breslau, the King of Poland made no Difficulty of excepting the Case of the present War, because it seemed to him humanly impossible, that his Prussian Majesty would take up Arms again against the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, in Consequence of the 2d Article of the Treaty of Breslau. There was even Room to hope, that this Exception might be a proper Means towards restoring Peace, and facilitating some Accommodation between the Parties concerned; and so much the rather, because his Polish Majesty had disposed the Queen of Hungary not only to restore Bavaria to the Emperor, but to grant him besides pretty considerable Advantages, witness the Representations which the King has more than once made to his Imperial Majesty.

But upon considering the Situation of the Saxon Dominions, his Polish Majesty found it necessary to enter, with her Majesty the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, by a Convention which was exchanged the 13th of May 1744, into a reciprocal Engagement for the Security of Saxony, Bohemia and Austria.

That it is besides usual enough for one Power to give Auxiliary Troops to another, especially if the Number of them be not too great, without taking Part in the War. That accordingly his Prussian Majesty, though he marched 103000 Men against the Queen of Hungary, without any Obligation to do so, (the Treaty of
Frank-

Frankfort engaging him to nothing in the first Instance but good Offices, caused Declaration to be made, that he did not mean ever the more for that to break with the said Queen, nor act contrary to his Engagements taken by the Treaty of Breslau : For which Reason it is so much the more difficult to comprehend, why his Prussian Majesty finds Fault with what his Polish Majesty does for the fulfilling of his Obligations, when he is under no Engagement that can prevent his doing it. Consequently it cannot be conceived, why his Prussian Majesty resolves to look upon the Succour given to the Queen of Hungary, as an open Hostility and Aggression, and adds thereto all Sorts of Menaces.

The March of the Prussian Troops through Saxony, taken by Force, against the Constitutions of the Empire, and notwithstanding the friendly Protestations made against it by the Saxon Ministry and Commissaries, when at the same Time those same Troops might have taken a quite different Road through his Prussian Majesty's own Dominions, is much rather to be regarded as a Violation of Territory, and as an Hostility. That consequently his Polish Majesty referred himself to the Declaration which he caused to be made at Berlin, and at all other Courts, upon Occasion of the Entry of his Auxiliary Troops, which are at the Disposition of her Majesty the Queen of Hungary, into Bohemia ; whereby his said Majesty of Poland has clearly shewn, that he took no Part in the War against his Imperial Majesty and his Allies ; and that lastly, he would wait for whatever it should please his Prussian Majesty to do, whilst his Polish Majesty relied upon the Justice of his Cause, and the Assistance of his Allies.

Dresden, Oct. 30, N. S. It is confirmed by all Accounts, that upwards of 9000 Men have deserted from the King of Prussia's Army since its last Entrance into Bohemia : Many of them have proceeded to Vienna, and taken on in the Queen's Service. A Detachment of Gilany's Hussars have taken 102 Quintals of Meal, 27 Tons of Beer, and five Waggon's loaden with Wine, designed for the Prussian Head Quarters. The Enemy has plunder'd Count Calasch's House near Prague ; his Wardrobe alone is said to have been worth two Millions of Florins. One Hundred Thousand in Specie were found at Rantnitz, a Seat belonging to Prince Lobcowitz, as also 12 Pieces of Cannon, which his Highness's Grandfather had taken from the Swedes upon the Weissenbourg. These, with some Archives of the Family, were buried between two Walls, and discovered to his Prussian Majesty by a Jew. It is thought that the Corps which Prince Anhalt Dessau has received Orders to assemble, may amount to 12 or 15000 Men ; but there are certain Advices from the Side of Magdebourg, that no more than three Battalions, which compose the Garrison of that For-

trés, are left in those Parts of the King of Prussia's Dominions ; that indeed they raised Recruits with the greatest Diligence, which were as diligently sent by the Way of Silesia to Bohemia ; and that Orders were come thither to embargo all the Vessels sailing down the Elbe, and all the Carriages going that Way by Land to Hambourg.

Hague, Nov. 13, N. S. Yesterday we had the Satisfaction to learn, that upon the 3d Instant the French before Fribourg had attempted to storm the Breach, but had been repulsed with the Loss of 800 Men ; and this Day Letters from Paris confirm that Piece of News, with these Particulars, That they had abandoned the two half Moons, which the Besieged had not retaken upon the 4th, though they had cleared and pallisaded the Breach ; that the King had held a Council, wherein it had been resolved to make a fresh Attack upon the Breach, and to open another in the Curtain to the Left of the Bastion, all which, it was thought, would take up several Days more. By the same Advices we learn, that the French King has nominated M. Villeneuve, who was some Time since his Ambassador at the Porte, to be Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. We have several Advices here, which mention the French King's having left the Army, and being gone for Paris. M. Kalkoen, the new Minister appointed by the States General to the Court of Grodno, has taken his Leave of their High Mightinesses, and sets out To-morrow. A fourth Augmentation of 12,000 Men, in the Troops of the States General, was this Morning resolved. Count Maurice of Nassau is arrived here from the Army, in his Way to England, where he proposes to try the Waters of the Bath for the Recovery of his Health.

General Post-Office, London, Sept. 22, 1744.
Post-Chaises between London and Portsmouth,
by the Way of Hartfordbridge.

This is to acquaint the Publick, that the several Post-Masters on the Road between London and Portsmouth, are ready to furnish Gentlemen and others with Post-Chaises, safe, easy, and well secured from the Weather, upon as short a Warning as for Post-Horses, at any Hour, either of the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occasion to go Post on the above Roads, are desired to apply to Mr. William Miller, Post-Master, at the White Bear in Piccadilly.

A Post-Chaise may be had at any of the Stages on the Portsmouth Road, to go Part, or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for those who do not chuse to travel in the Night.

N. B. All Gentlemen that travel in Post-Chaises of their own, upon the Roads, where Post-Chaises are already set up by the Authority of this Office, may be supplied with Horses at the several Stages on those Roads at the Rate of Nine Pence per Mile.

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, Sec.

General

General Post-Office, London, July 25, 1744.
Post-Chaises between London and Norwich;
and London and Cambridge.

This is to acquaint the Publick, That the several Post-Masters on the Road between London and Norwich, and London and Cambridge, are ready to furnish Gentlemen or others with Post-Chaises, safe, easy, and well secured from the Weather, upon as short a Warning as for Post Horses, at any Hour, either of the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occasion to go Post on the above Roads, are desired to apply to Mr. Roberts, at the Black Bull in Whitechappel.

A Post-Chaise may be had at any of the Stages on the Norwich or Cambridge Roads, to go Part, or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for those who do not chuse to travel in the Night.

N. B. All Gentlemen that travel in Post-Chaises of their own, upon the Roads where Post-Chaises are already set up by the Authority of this Office, may be supplied with Horses at the several Stages on those Roads, at the Rate of Nine Pence per Mile.

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, Sec.

General Post-Office, October 19, 1744.

Publick Notice is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, That the Mail for Flanders, which used to go out from this Office upon Monday Night, will not go out till the Tuesday Night of every Week for the Time to come, or till Orders shall be given to the contrary.

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, Secretary.

His Majesty having been graciously pleased by his Royal Sign Manual, dated the 6th Instant, to give Directions for the Payment of a Moiety of the Produce of the Prizes St. Joseph and St. Jago, to the Agents to the Captors, The said Agents do hereby give Notice, that they will forthwith prepare Pay-Books, and publish in the London Gazette and other Papers, the Day of Payment for each Ship, as soon as the Accounts can be made up.

London, November 10, 1744.

The following Eight Gentlemen are chosen Directors of the Hand-in-Hand Fire-Office, for the Year ensuing, viz.

Mr. Francis Hall	Henry Dry, Esq;
Mr. John Johnson	Mr. Allen Ewans.
Mr. William Mount	Mr. John Greene.
Richard Ricards, Esq;	Mr. Robert Maberly.

The sixteen following are continued according to the Deed of Settlement.

Mr. John Badcock	Isaac Eeles, Esq;
Mr. Henry Clifton	Mr. John Fewtrell.
Mr. Benjamin Corwley	Mr. Thomas Hassell.
Mr. John Ewans	Mr. Matthew James.
Mr. Paul Ferris	Mr. Richard Jeffreys.
Mr. Thomas Haddon	Mr. Obadiab Jones.
Mr. John Henniker	Mr. Benjamin Timbrell.
Sir William Richardson	Mr. Walter Turner.

Equivalent-Office, Nov. 7, 1744.

The Court of Directors of the Equivalent Company give Notice, That the Transfer Books of the said Company will be shut on Wednesday the 10th of December next, and continue so till Wednesday the 2d of January next, in order to settle the Dividend of Two per Cent.

due at Christmas next, and that the Warrants for the said Dividend will be ready to be delivered out, on Wednesday the 9th of January next, and afterwards every Wednesday, from Eleven in the Forenoon till One in the Afternoon, at the Equivalent House, in Freeman's Court, Cornhill, London, and at their Office in Edinburgh.
James Mathias, Secretary.

Advertisements.

This Day was ³ publish'd,

Numb. III, (To be continued Monthly.)

THE

POLITICAL CABINET:

Or, An Impartial Review of the most remarkable Occurrences of the WORLD, particularly of

E U R O P E.

For SEPTEMBER, 1744.

Collected from the most Authentick Papers published by the several Courts of Europe, as well as from private Intelligence.

Non multum nocet ista transire, quæ nec licet scire, nec prodigi.
Senec. Epist.

Nec temerè, nec timidè.

London, Printed for J. Roberts, at the Oxford-Arms in Warwick-Lane. [Price One Shilling.]

Where may be had, Numb. I. and II.

Note, As this Journal (intermix'd with the Interests of Princes) is intended to be a Repository of Facts, free from the Misrepresentations, Contradictions and Falsities, found in the Current Adverses, 'tis hoped that it will meet with the Approbation of all Lovers of Truth; such especially, as not having Leisure or Inclination to peruse the numberless Accounts published daily, are yet desirous of being inform'd exactly of all Transactions relating to the Political World, in order to be able to Reason justly upon them.

This Day is publish'd,

The third Edition, with Additions and Improvements,
(Price bound 1 s. 6 d.)

DR. BRACKEN'S Travellers Pocket-Farrier; or, A Treatise upon the Distempers and common Incidents happening to Horses upon a Journey, with the Methods of curing them. Also several comparative Observations in Respect to many Disorders which affect Mankind as well as Horses. Being very useful for all Gentlemen and Tradesmen who are obliged to Travel the Countries.

Printed for B. Dod, at the Bible and Key in Ave-mary-lane, near Stationers Hall.

For Sale by the Candle,

AT Lloyd's Coffee House in Lombard Street, on Thursday the 6th of December, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, the following Goods from Martinico, taken by the Castor and Pollux Privateers, and landed out of the Molly, George Mercer, Commander, from St. Christopher's, viz.

266 Hogsheds of Sugar in Sorts.	
168 Bags,	} Cotton.
5 Poekets,	
118 Barrels,	} Coffee.
5 Quarter Casks,	
274 Bags,	
2 Quarter Casks Indigo.	
2 Casks Tortoisshell.	
2 Casks Sweetmeats.	

Wm. Havys and Son, Brokers,
Dolphin Court, Tower-street.

On Thursday next will be published,
(Price Sewed Two Shillings.)

Directions given to the Clergy of the Diocese
of London, in the Year 1724.

By the Right Reverend Father in GOD,
EDMUND Lord Bishop of LONDON.

To which are added,
His Lordship's Charge to the Clergy, in his last
Visitation, begun in the Year 1741, and finished
in the Year 1742.

And an APPENDIX, containing,

1. King George the First's Directions to the Archbishops and Bishops, for the preserving Unity in the Church, and the Purity of the Christian Faith; particularly, in the Doctrine of the *Holy Trinity*.
2. Directions concerning the proper Instruments to be brought to Archbishops and Bishops, for obtaining, 1. ORDERS; 2. INSTITUTION; 3. LICENCE to a CURACY; 4. LICENCE to a LECTURE; 5. A DISPENSATION: Together with the Things which the Laws require to be done, after Institution, or Licence, obtained.
3. So much of an Act, 12 Anne, c. 12. as relates to the Maintenance of CURATES.
4. Directions given to the Masters and Mistresses of CHARITY-SCHOOLS within the Bills of Mortality, and Diocese of London, &c. in the Year 1724.
5. A Course of Singing-Psalms, selected, for Half a Year.

Printed by E. Owen in Amen-Corner.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on Wednesday the 5th Day of December next, between Five and Six in the Afternoon, The Freehold and Copyhold Estates of Charles Geere, late of Rottingdean in the County of Sussex, Gent. deceased, consisting of the Manor and Farm of Balliden, with the Appurtenances and Common of Pasture Feeding for Sheep and other Cattle, on Sheep Downs and Sheep Pastures to the same belonging; the great Tythes arising in the said Manor and Hamlet of Balliden, together with the Tythes of two Farms called Norton and Barehill Farms: Also several Copyhold Messuages, Lands and Tenements held of the Manors of Houndean and Kingston; All which said Premises contain upwards of Twelve hundred Acres of Land, and situate within three Miles of Lewes, and five of Bighthelmston, both good Corn Manes, by together, and are now let to a good substantial Tenant on Leas, of which there is near 16 Years to come, at the yearly Rent of 330 l. Further Particulars to be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO be peremptorily sold, before Henry Montague, Esq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, pursuant to a Decree of the said Court, at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on Thursday the 6th Day of December next, between the Hours of Five and Seven of the Clock in the Afternoon, The Estate late of William Newland, Esq; deceased, lying in the several Parishes of Ewell, Thames Ditton, and Long Ditton, near Epsoth, in the County of Surry, of the yearly Value of 504 l. and upwards: And also his Estate at Peckham, in the said County of Surry, of the yearly Value of 58 l. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO be peremptorily sold, before Henry Montague, Esq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, pursuant to a Decree of the said Court, at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on Wednesday the 5th Day of December next, between the Hours of Five and Seven of the Clock in the Afternoon, The Estate of William Morrisson, Gent. consisting

of two Leasehold Messuages situate in Theobald's Row near Red Lyon Street, in the Parish of St. George the Martyr, of the yearly Value of 53 l. subject to a Ground Rent of 3 l. 9 s. 6 d. held for a Term of 57 Years, of which there is 16 Years to come at Midsummer last. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO be sold, together or in Parcels, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, The Freehold and Leasehold Estates of James Bishop, late of Maidstone in the County of Kent, Shopkeeper, deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO be sold peremptorily, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Samuel Burroughs, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Chancery Lane, on Thursday the 29th Day of November Instant, between the Hours of Five and Seven of the Clock in the Afternoon, The Leasehold Estate of Ann Peiraube, late of Southwark, in the County of Surry, Widow, deceased, consisting of several Messuages or Tenements, with their Appurtenances, situate in West-street, in the Parish of St. Giles in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex, and in Blue Ball Alley, in the Parish of St. George Southwark, in the County of Surry. Particulars may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO be peremptorily sold, together or in Parcels, on Friday the 26th Day of January next, between the Hours of Four and Six in the Afternoon, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Kinaston, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, The Manor of Frome, in the County of Somerset, of the yearly Value of 526 l. 12 s. 1 d. in Possession, 618 l. 3 s. 6 d. in Reversion, and 91 l. 6 s. 6 d. in Chief Rents, late the Estate of Lionel Seaman, Esq; deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on Thursday the 29th Day of November Instant, between the Hours of Ten and Twelve in the Forenoon, A Messuage or Tenement, and several Cottages and Parcels of Land, Arable and Pasture, and Ley Ground, with the Appurtenances, in the Parish of Wilhamstead, in the County of Bedford, late the Estate of Robert Page, of Wilhamstead otherwise Willstead aforesaid, deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO be sold peremptorily, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Richard Edwards, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Chancery-lane, on Wednesday the 12th Day of December next, between Five and Six in the Afternoon, A Barn and several Closes of Land, lying at Colney, within Three Miles of St. Albans, in County of Hertford, Lett at 36 l. per Annum; and several other Closes of Land there, Lett at 22 l. being Part of the Estate of John Briscoe, deceased. Particulars to be had at the said Chambers.

THE Creditors of Richard Vernon, late of Middlewych in the County of Chester, Gentleman, deceased, are, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, peremptorily to prove their Debts before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on or before the 15th Day of December next, or in Default thereof they will peremptorily be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree. And such of the said Creditors as have left Claims of their Demands upon the Estate of the said Mr. Vernon with the said Master, or with James Lightboun, Esq; deceased, late one of the Masters of the said Court, and have not proved or made out the same, are peremptorily to prove and make out the same within the Time before mentioned, or such their Claims will be disallowed.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of William Smith, late of Melfony in the County of

of York, Clerk, deceased, are peremptorily to come in and prove their Debts before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on or before the first Day of Hilary Term next, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Thomas Ashbury, late of Blurton, in the County of Stafford, Gentleman, deceased, are to come before Robert Holford, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn, Chancery-lane, London, on or before the 28th of November Instant, and prove their respective Debts, otherwise they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Thomas Carthew, late of Benacre in the County of Suffolk, Esq; deceased, are peremptorily to come in and prove their Debts before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on or before the last Day of this Instant Michaelmas Term, otherwise they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Richard Powys, Esq; deceased, are peremptorily to come before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, and prove their respective Demands, on or before the 20th Day of December next, or in Default thereof, they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

Pursuant to an Order made by the Right Hon. the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for enlarging the Time for John Hewit, of Aldersgate-street, London, Soapmaker, to make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, for Forty Days, to be computed from the 3d Day of this Instant November: This is to give Notice, that the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, will meet on the 13th of December next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; when and where the said Bankrupt is required to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination; and the Creditors may come to prove their Debts, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

November 6, 1744.

THIS is to give Notice, that on Thursday the 1st Day of this Instant November, about Four of the Clock in Afternoon, William Stairs, of Wallingford, in the County of Berks, Gentleman, was robbed of Sixty Five Pounds and Seven, seven Shillings in Money, within the Parish of Little Wittenham, in the Hundred of Ock and County of Berks, on the Highway leading from Little Wittenham to Wallingford, by two young Men in dark brown Riding Coats, one with his own Hair, and the other with a Wig, both mounted on bay or brown Horses.

A Freehold Farm called Glevering Hall, lying in Hatcheston near Wickham Market, in the County of Suffolk, lett to one Tenant at the yearly Rent of 130 l. together with about 40 Acres of Wood-Land, and a considerable Quantity of Timber growing thereon, are, pursuant to a Decree of his Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster, to be forthwith sold to the best Bidder, before Charles Taylor, Esq; Deputy Remembrancer of the said Court, at his Chambers in the Exchequer Office in the Inner Temple, London; where Particulars may be had.

TO be Sold by Auction, at the House of John Cripps, bearing the Sign of the Star in Lewes, in the County of Sussex, on Saturday the 24th Day of this Instant November, before the Commissioners and Assignees of the Estate and Effects of Benjamin Swane, late of Lewes aforesaid, Merchant and Brewer, against whom a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded, All the said Bankrupt's Estate and Interest in three Dwelling Houses, a Malt-house large enough to wet Seventeen Quarters of Barley at one Time, with all Conveniences belonging to it; a large Common Brew-house, a Mill-house, several Warehouses, Stables, Yards, and large Gardens well planted

with choice Fruit-trees, partly inclosed with good Stone Walls, situate in Lewes aforesaid, a large Market Town, with a navigable River from thence to the Sea, about Seven Miles distant. For further Particulars enquire of Mr. Rideout, Attorney at Lewes.

A Tenement at Walgherton, in the County of Chester, of the yearly Value of 50 l. held by Lease for two Lives from Sir Thomas Delves, Bart. deceased, and late the Estate of Mrs. William Cobb, deceased, is, pursuant to a Decree of his Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster, to be peremptorily sold to the best Bidder, on Tuesday the 11th Day of December next, between the Hours of Four and Six in the Afternoon, before Charles Taylor, Esq; Deputy Remembrancer of the said Court, at his Chambers at the Exchequer Office in the Inner Temple; where Particulars may in the mean Time be had.

THE Creditors of Samuel Roch, late of the Parish of St. Clement Danes, in the County of Middlesex; Innholder, Victualler and Chapman, a Bankrupt, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate, on Thursday the 22d of this Instant November, at Four in the Afternoon, at the Queen's Arms Tavern in St. Paul's Church-yard, in order to assent to or dissent from the commencing and prosecuting of one or more Suits or Suits in Equity concerning the said Bankrupt's Estate, and also to empower the said Assignees to accept a Composition for certain Debts due to the said Bankrupt's Estate, or otherwise to agree concerning the same, and on other special Affairs.

THE Creditors of Gaylard Roberts, late of London, Merchant, a Bankrupt, are desired to meet the Assignees of his Estate on Wednesday next, the 14th Instant, at Hamlin's Coffee-house by the Royal Exchange, at Four in the Afternoon, to assent or dissent to the said Assignees commencing one or more Suits or Suits in Equity for Recovery of Part of the said Bankrupt's Estate, or to the submitting to Arbitration, or to the compounding or otherwise agreeing several Matters in Dispute relating thereto, and on other special Affairs.

WHEREAS the Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Wright, of the Parish of Christ-church, in the County of Middlesex, Mercer, did meet on the 7th Instant, pursuant to Notice in the London Gazette, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate, but as the Request of the major Part of the Creditors then present, the said Dividend was adjourned to Wednesday the 14th Instant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Assignees of the Estate of Francis Chaloner, late of Yarm, in the County of York, Merchant, a Bankrupt, desire the said Bankrupt's Creditors, to meet them at Margaret Allan's, in Yarm aforesaid, on Thursday the 15th of November Instant, at Two in the Afternoon, to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing a Suit or Suits in Equity relating to the said Bankrupt's Estate, and on other special Affairs.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Blackburn, late of the Parish of St. Paul Shadwell, in the County of Middlesex, Mariner, Merchant and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th of December next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Jonathan Gamon, late of the City of Chester, Wolkdraper, intend to meet on the 29th Day of November Instant, by Ten in the Forenoon, at the House of James Haspell, known by the Sign of the Crown, situate in Stourbridge, in the County of Worcester; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same.

THE

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Hugh Lloyd, of Maid-lane, in the Parish of St. Saviour's Southwark, in the County of Surry, Dyer, intend to meet on the 7th of December next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a second and final Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Francis Cruso, late of King's Lynn, in the County of Norfolk, Mercer and Draper, have certified to the Rt. Hon. Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Francis Cruso hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the First of December next.

THE under-mentioned Persons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately passed for Relief of insolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inserted in this Paper, and are herein inserted in Obedience to the said Act.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of Wood street Compter, London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Isaac Munoz, late of St. Botolph Aldgate, Merchant.

The following Persons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the First of January 1742, and having surrendered themselves to the Keeper of the Poultry Compter, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Present Majesty King George the Second intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. James Sangster, late of Wood-street, in the Parish of St. Michael, London, Scale-beam-maker. Isaac Robles, late of Beaver's Marks, in the Parish of Alhallows London Wall, Jeweller.

The following Person now a Prisoner in his Majesty's Prison of the Marshalsea, Southwark, in the County of Surry, being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the 1st of January 1742, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parlia-

ment made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Robert Cockledge, late of Greenwich, in the County of Kent, Cook.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt and beyond the Seas, on or before the First Day of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of the Goal belonging to the Corporation of Gravesend, in the County of Kent, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at Maidstone in and for the County of Kent, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. George Belfon, late of Rotherhithe, in the County of Surry, Waterman.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. John Marshall, late of the Parish of St. Sepulchres, London, Watch-maker.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the First of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of his Majesty's Goal for the County of Berks, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at Reading, in and for the said County, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. William Newton, late of Wallingford, Joyner.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the First of January, 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of Whitechappel Prison, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the County of Middlesex, or at the Adjournment thereof that shall happen next after

after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Richard Crawford, late of Ratcliffe Highway, Dealer and Chapman.

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in the County Goal of Montgomery, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the said County, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. George Evans, late of Montgomery, Drover.

The following Persons being Fugitives for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendered themselves to the Keeper of the King's Bench Prison in the County of Surry, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament, made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. William Rhodes, late of the Parish of St. Saviour's Southwark, Taylor. Robert Holmes, late of Tooley Street, Brasier.

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in the Castle of York, gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the Adjournment from the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace from the West Riding of the County of York to be held at the Castle of York, next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Jacob Cleaver, late of Beverly, in the County of York, Glover.

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in the Common Goal in and for the Burgh of Bury St. Edmund's, in the County of Suffolk, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the

Peace to be held in and for the said Burgh, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. William Frazier, late of Ipswich, in the County of Suffolk, Labourer.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January, 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of his Majesty's Goal at Rochester, in and for the County of Kent, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at Maidstone in and for the said County of Kent, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall first happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Samuel Wilkinson, late of the Parish of St. Andrew Holborn, Carpenter.

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at the Guildhall of the City of London, in and for the said City, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after 30 Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Charles Wright, late of the Parish of St. Brides, Weaver.

The following Persons being Prisoners for Debt in the King's Bench Prison in the County of Surry, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Richard Harris, late of Goodman's Fields, Stocking Weaver. John Parsons, late of Grace-church-street, Grocer.

N. B. If any Person in the foregoing List of Prisoners shall find, on the Perusal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, such Error shall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.