

of the Clock M. Ghylani retired with his Hussars: He left only one hundred under the Command of General Daun, who were posted before the Intrenchment to observe the Enemy. Almost at the same Time this General received Orders to retire slowly, when it should be quite Night, towards our Bridges upon the Rhine: At Eight o'Clock the Hussars posted before the Intrenchment, seeing the Enemy advance, retired, and were posted on the Right and Left of the Causey at first behind the Intrenchment, with Orders to remain there till an Hour before Day, unless they were beat from it.

When it was quite Night General Daun made the following Dispositions: He caused all his Troops to retire from the Intrenchments and the Falls of Wood, and only left there some Piquets of Grenadiers. He drew up his Troops, in two Lines, within 40 Paces of each other; the First commanded by General Tongre, and the Second by General Puebla. These two Lines marched to the Right of the Causey, retreating slowly. During this Time a Piquet of 30 Grenadiers and some Carpenters were employed in breaking down a Bridge which was upon the Causey, between the Intrenchment and the Fall of Wood. When the Bridge was almost broken down, about a half an Hour after Nine o'Clock, the Enemy were perceived to be within 30 Paces of our Intrenchments, and our advanced Piquets, who were upon the Causey on the Right and Left, fired upon them, which the Enemy returned by a Discharge of their whole Front, which was very large. This Fire, which was very brisk and continued, put our Hussars, and those on the Left of our two Lines, into Disorder; but within a Quarter of an Hour they recovered themselves: Thereupon General Daun caused them to march towards the Enemy, who were obliged to retire; and then not being any longer incommoded by their Fire, that General retreated slowly and in good Order, having drawn up his Grenadiers in two Lines, behind which marched three Piquets of 30 Grenadiers each; and twenty Paces behind these, three small Platoons of 10 Grenadiers. From Time to Time they halted and faced the Enemy. In this Order they marched to the Village of Rischwag, in which they posted two Companies of Grenadiers, and upon the Right of the said Village four other Companies, and some Hussars before them. All these had Orders to retreat slowly, an Hour after the whole Body. About Midnight General Nadafti arrived with five or six Hundred Hussars to cover the Retreat, and was met by four Battalions of Infantry under the Command of the Quarter-Master-General M. de Jungen, with whom he retired to the Bridge upon the Rhine, where they all arrived at Break of Day. The Loss of this whole Corps amounts to 200 Men, including fifteen Officers.

In this Manner the Prince repassed the Rhine in exceeding good Order, in Sight of the Enemy, and with less Loss than the French themselves sustained. It was an Affair of three Days, and it was impossible to extricate themselves from so delicate a Situation with less Loss, for the Enemy was most certainly much stronger than the Prince's Army.

*Dresden, Sept. 17, N. S.* The following a List of the Battalions and Squadrons ordered to join the Austrian Army in Bohemia.

#### I N F A N T R Y.

- 2 Battalions of the First Guard.
- 1 ————— of the Second Guard.
- 1 ————— The Queen.
- 2 ————— Prince Xavier.
- 1 ————— Duke of Weiffensfels.
- 1 ————— Count Bruhl.
- 1 ————— Count Cosel.
- 1 ————— Romer.
- 1 ————— Alenbeck.
- 1 ————— Birck.
- 1 ————— Niefenmeischel.
- 1 ————— Schonberg.
- 2 ————— Prince of Gotha.

16 Battalions.

#### C A V A L R Y.

- 4 Squadrons of the Carabineer Guards.
- 2 ————— Prince Royal.
- 2 ————— Pestenbostel.
- 2 ————— Maffey.
- 2 ————— Haudring.
- 2 ————— Gerdsdorf.
- 2 ————— Obyrn.
- 2 ————— Schlichting.
- 2 ————— Prince of Sonderhausen.

20 Squadrons.

Besides these are ready to follow, upon the first Order from Warsaw,

- 8 Squadrons of Light Horse,
- 7 Tartarian Colours of the Household Troops, to make up
- 9 Colours for each Pulck or Regiment.

#### *Admiralty Office, September 17.*

Letters from Commodore Barnett, who arrived at Porto Praya, on the Island of St. Jago, on the 26th of May last, with a Squadron of his Majesty's Ships under his Command, give an Account, that he found riding in that Road a Spanish Privateer, called the Amiable Maria, of 14 Carriage and 12 Swivel Guns, and 79 Men; together with a Pink of about 250 Tuns, under Spanish Colours, which he at first took no Notice of, having no Intention to violate the Neutrality of the King of Portugal's Port; but being afterwards informed that the Privateer had taken the Pink, together with a Brigantine, and burnt two other English Ships, which were all at Anchor at the Isle of May, and whose Men they left upon that Island; the Commodore acquainted the Governor, that finding the Privateer had so notoriously violated the Neutrality at the Isle of May, he did not think himself obliged to observe any with Regard to her; and he accordingly summoned the Privateer and Pink to surrender, which they did, and he took Possession of them. The Commodore then sent the Pink to the Isle of May, for the Masters and Men left there; and seeing the Brigantine in the Offing, which was taken by the Privateer and had drove out of Porto Praya Road, he sent his Tender out to retake her, and they found her without a Man on board, the Spaniards