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St. James's, March 27.

HE following Address of the Chan-cellor, Rector, Vice-Chancellor, Heads of Colleges, and Profesiors in the University of St. Andrews, has been presented to his Majesty by his Grace the Duke of Chandos, Chancellor of the said University: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Chancellor, Rector, Vice-Chancellor, Heads of Colleges and Professors in the University of St. Andrews.

May it please your Majesty,
WE your Majesty's most faithful and most VV loyal Subjects, the Chancellor, Rector, Vice-Chancellor, Heads of Colleges and Professions in the University of St. Andrews, having heard of the Intentions of the French King, in Concert with some disaffected Persons at home, to invade your Majesty's Dominions in Favour of a Popish Pretender and his Descendants, most humbly beg Leave to declare our just Indignation and Abhorrence of this wicked Attempt, to difturb your Majesty's Government, and subvert our happy Constitution; and to assure your Majesty of our firm Adherence to your Majesty's Person and Government, and to the Protestant Succession in your august Family; and that we will, in our Capacities, maintain and defend your Majesty's undoubted Right to the Throne of Britain, and Dominions thereto belonging, and train up the Youth under our Care in the same Dispositions of Duty and Loyalty.
That Almighty God may defeat this and all

other Designs of your Enemies, and preserve our happy Constitution under the wife and righteous Administration of your Majesty; That he may be pleased to grant your Majesty a long and glorious Reign over us; and that the invaluable Blessings we enjoy, may be transmitted to the latest Posterity, under Princes of your Royal Family, are the earnest Wishes of,

May it please your Majesty, Your Majesty's most faithful, most obedient and loyal Subjects.

( Price Six-pence. )

The following Address of the Mayor, Burgesses, and principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Lyme Regis, in the County of Dorset, has been presented to his Majesty by the Hon. John Scrope and Henry Holt Henley, Esqrs. their Representatives in Parliament: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Burgesses, and principal Inhabitants of your ancient Borough of Lyme Regis, in the County of Dor-

Most Gracious Sovereign,
WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal
Subjects, the Mayor, Burgesses, and principal Inhabitants of your ancient Borough of Lyme Regis, being deeply moved with the Sense of the great Indignity and Infult defigned against your Royal Person and Government, in Favour of a populh Pretender, whose Name we cannot look upon but with the greatest Indignation and Abhorrence; most heartily beg Leave to give your Majesty the strongest Assurances of our being inviolably attached to support and defend your Majesty's most facred Person and Government with our Lives and Fortunes, against all manher of Enemies whatfoever.

And as we have for so many Years selt the good Effects of your Majesty's mild Administration and equitable Government, and had the full and peaceable Enjoyment of our Religion and Liberty under it, we most humbly hope your Majesty will long live, and that a Defeendant from your august House, inheriting your consummate Wisdom and Virtues, may never be wanting prosperously to reign over us; and to be a Scourge to the restless Disturber of the Tranquility of Europe.

The following Address of the High Sheriff and Grand Jury for the County of Wilts, has been presented to his Majesty by Fulk Grevile, Efq; High Sheriff of the said County, accompanied by Sir Robert Long, Bart, one of their



Representatives in Parliament, the Lord Duplin, Sir Jacob Bouverie, Bart. and others, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Pembroke, Groom of the Stole to his Majesty and Which Lord Lieutenant of the faid County. Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very gracioully.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the High Sheriff and Grand Jury in and for the Body of the County of Wilts, at the Assizes held at New Sarum, the Fifth Day of March 1743.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful Subjects, being truly sensible of the great Blessings we enjoy under your Majesty's auspicious Government, by the full Possession of all our Religious and Civil Rights and Liberties which are in the most effectual Manner secured to this Kingdom by the present Settlement in your Majesty's illustrious House, do beg Leave to express our highest Detestation and Abhorrence of the late infolent Attempts of the French in Favour of a Popish Pretender, to disturb your Majesty's happy Reign over us; and to give you the strongest Assurances of our most sincere Attachment and Affection to your Majesty's Perfon and Government; and that we will, upon all Occasions, devote our Lives and Fortunes to the Support thereof.

The following Address of the Gentlemen, Clergy, Free Burgesses, and other Inhabitants of the Borough of Colchester, in the County of Essex, has been presented to his Majesty by Samuel Savill and Charles Gray, Esqrs. their Representatives in Parliament, accompanied by Sir Edward Smith, and others, who were introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford: Which Address has Majesty was pleased to receive very gracioufly.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Gentlemen, Clergy, Free Burgesles and other Inhabitants of the ancient Borough of Colchester, in the County of Effex.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, beg Leave to express our utmost Indignation and Abhorrence, at the Infult of a neighbouring Power, who greatly mistaking the Sense which the British People have of their Happiness under your auspicious Government, would have imposed upon them a popish Pretender under the Vassalage of France.

Our most saithful Endeavours shall never be wanting to frustrate all such wicked Attempts,

as far as shall be in our Power; and our most ardent Wishes shall ever be, Thar these Kingdoms may continue bless'd with the Enjoyment of their Religion, Laws and Liberties, under the happy Reigns of your Majesty and your illustrious Family.

The following Address of the Mayor, Principal Burgesses, and Assistants of the Borough of Okehampton, in the County of Devon, has been presented to his Majesty by Thomas Pitt and George Lyttelton, Esqrs. their Representatives in Parliament, who were introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very gracioufly.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, principal Burgesses, and Assistants of the Borough of Okehampton, in the County of Devon.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

VE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, principal Burgesses, and Assistants of the Borough of Okehampton, in Common Council assembled, beg Leave to approach your Majesty, in order to express the great Abhorrence we conceive, at the daring and perfidious Designs of a certain Foreign Nation.

That any People should be so insatuated as to imagine to have it in their Power to deprive your Majesty of the Royal Diadem, and your Subjects of all their Privileges, in Church and State, by fetting over us a popish Pretender, must of Necessity be imagin'd an Instance of salse Policy, not only in this, but in all succeeding Ages.

We therefore, among your other faithful Subjects, do, in the most sincere Manner, assure your Majesty of our best Assistance, not only in frustrating this wicked Defign, but even all others that shall be attempted against your Royal Person, Crown, or Dignity.

May your Majesty live long in the Hearts of your Subjects; and may there never be wanting a Branch of your Royal Family to emulate your Virtues, and inherit your Crown.

Given under our Common Seal at the Guildhall of Okehampton aforesaid, the Twelfth Day of March, in the seventeenth Year of your Majesty's Reign.

The following Address of the Mayor, Jurats, and Bailiss and Burgesses of the Borough of Queenborough, in the County of Kent, has been presented to his Majesty by Thomas Newnham, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, (Richard Evans, Esq; their other Representative, being fick) who was introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously... To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Jutats, and Bailiss and Burgesses of your Majesty's ancient Borough of Queenborough, in the County of Kent.

Most gracious Sovereign,

E your Majesty's most dutiful Subjects, being deeply fensible of the invaluable Blefsings we enjoy under your auspicious Reign, in the full and undisturb'd Possession of our Religion, Liberties, and whatever elfe can be dear to us, humbly beg Leave, with other your Majesty's most loyal Subjects, to express our great Concern at the perfidious and horrid Intentions, form'd by foreign and domestick Enemies, against your Majesty and these Kingdoms, in Favour of a popish Pretender; assuring your Majesty, that as we are firmly resolved to use our heartiest and most zealous Endeavours to frustrate, within the Verge of our Power, every Defign we shall obferve carrying on in pursuit of such villanous Purposes, so shall our Fidelity and Attachment to your facred Person and your illustrious Family, fincere and uniform as they ever were, appear on this Occasion untainted and inviolable; not doubting, but that the joint Efforts of your Majesty's faithful People, when thus vigorous and steady, will either urge our Enemies to abandon their weak and wicked Counsels, already disproved by the seasonable Interposition of Providence; or that, through the further Blessing of Heaven upon your Majesty's just and provident Measures, they will be attended, in the Day of Trial, with Events not less remarkable and beneficial than those that lately graced the Fields of Dettingen.

In Testimony whereof, we have caused the common Seal of the faid Borough to be hereunto affixed, the 17th Day of March,

L743.

The following Address of the Guild-Stewards and Burgesses of the Borough of Calne, in the County of Wilts, has been presented to his Majesty by William Elliot and Walter Hungerford, Esqrs. their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleafed to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Guild-Stewards and Burgesses of the Borough of Calne, in the County of Wilth.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

JE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Guild-Stewards and Burgefses of the Borough of Calne, beg Leave to express our Abhorrence and Deteftation of the Indignity offered to your Majesty's Person and Government, by a Design to invade these Kingdoms in Fayour of a popish and abjured Pretender.

We are too fensible of the Happiness we enjoy under your Majesty's most auspicious Reign, not to be greatly alarmed at fo perfidious and infolent an Attempt, threatning to deprive us of our Religion, Laws and Liberty, and every thing that is dear and valuable.

As we enjoy these Blessings in common with our Fellow Subjects, permit us, Sir, with the most faithful, at this critical Conjuncture, to shew our grateful Acknowledgements of them, and to assure your Majesty of all the Assistance we are able to contribute, even at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, for the Support of your Majesty's most facred Person, and the Prosperity of your Royal House, as on both depends our own present and suture Happiness.

Given at our Guildhall, under the common Seal of the Borough, the 17th Day of

March, 1743.

The following Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Capital Burgeffes of the Borough of Newcastle under Lyme, in the County of Stafford, has been presented to his Majesty by the Hon. Baptist Leveson Gower, and Randle Wilbraham, Esqrs. their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Alderment and Capital Burgeffes of the Borough of Newcastle under Lyme, in the County of Stafford, to his Majesty.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most loyal and dutiful Subjects, beg Leave to assure your Majesty of our firm Attachment to your Majesty's Person and Government, and of our Abhorrence of the Defigns that have been carried on by your Majesty's Enemies in Favour of a popish Pretender.

We are truly sensible of the Blessings we enjoy in the full Security of our religious and civil Rights; and shall, upon all Occasions, be ready, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, to defend your Majesty's sacred Person and Government, and secure the Protestant Succession in

your Royal Family.

Given under our common Seal the 14th Day of March, in the seventeenth Year of your

Majesty's Reign.

The following Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Deputy Recorder, Aldermen, Capital Burgesses, Merchants and other Principal Inhabitants of the Town of Barnstaple in the County of Devon, has been presented to his Majesty by · Masters, Esq; Master of the Houshold to his Majesty, (Henry Rolle and John Harris, Efgrs. their Representatives in Parliament being lick) being introduced by the Right Hon, the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Mafesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Deputy Recorder, Aldermen, Capital Burgesses, Merchants and other Principal Inhabitants of the Town of Barnstaple in the County of Devon.

May it please your most gracious Majesty,
WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Deputy Recorder, Aldermen, Capital Burgesses, Merchants and other Principal Inhabitants of the Town of Barnstaple, being inexpressibly astonished at the restless Attempts of your Majesty's Enemies, and the Enemies of our Religion and Conflitution, to rob us of that great Happiness we enjoy in both, under your gracious Government, do, with Hearts full of Duty and Affection, humbly assure your Majesty of our keenest Resentment and Abhorrence against all Defigns, whether private or publick, of any Prince whatfoever, that shall Abet or Support either the Pretender or his Son, to invade these Kingdoms, (to which your Majesty's Right is undoubted) or disturb their Peace and Tranquility.

We are fully confident, that tenderness and paternal Regard your Majesty has, during your whole Reign, expressed to your People on all Occasions, will now visibly appear to have secured the Heart of every grateful Briton, and determine them to tender both their Lives and Fortunes, upon the Approach of any Danger that may feem to threaten your Majesty's Person or Crown; and that it is impossible for any of your Subjects (after your Majesty's so heroically and so generously exposing your most facred Person for their Happiness) to want any further Proofs of your Majesty's Endearment to them, or not to be inspired with suitable Apprehensions for the Sasety and Desence of a Prince who is so jealous of his Peoples Liber-ties and Interests Abroad, and so vigilant over their Happiness and Security at Home.

Relying on your Majesty's known Penetration to discover, and Wisdom to prevent all secret Contrivances of your Enemies, we inceffantly beg Almighty God to disappoint the Counsels of the wicked; and that the same visible Providence, that covered your Majesty in the Day of Battle, may still preferre your Royal Person from all your Enemies, to the Joy, Profperity and Glory of this Nation.

The following Address of the Mayor, Bailiss, Aldermen, Burgesses and other Inhabitants of the Borough of Dorchester in the County of Dorfet, has been presented to his Majesty by John Browne, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, (Nathaniel Gundry, Esq; their other Representative being Sick) being introduced by the Right Hon, the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Bailiss, Aldermen, Burgesses, and other Inhabitants of the Borough of Dorchester in the County of Dorset.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal VV Subjects, with Hearts full of Gratitude for the great Blessings we enjoy under your Majesty's auspicious Reign, do beg Leave to express our utter Abhorrence and Detestation of the Indignity offer'd to your Majesty in the infolent Defign formed by the common Difturbers of Europe, to invade your Majesty's Kingdoms in Favour of a Popish Pretender to your Throne.

As we are truly fensible, that the Religion, Laws, and Liberties of our Country can only be fecured by the Continuance of the Protestant Succession in your Majesty's Royal Family; we humbly prefume to offer to your Majesty the strongest Assurances, that we will, with the warmest Affection and Loyalty, hazard our Lives and Fortunes in Defence of your Ma-jesty and your Royal Family, against the open Attempts of foreigh Enemies, and all treasonable Practices at home.

That the Almighty may long preserve your Majesty to be the Guardian of our Religion, Laws and Liberties; and that he may ever bless these Nations with a Prince of your Royal Progeny on the Throne, to continue the fame to latest Posterity, are the ardent Prayers and Wishes of your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects.

The following Address of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen and Clergy of the County of Derby, has been presented to his Majesty by the Right Hon. William Cavendish, and Sir Nathanael Curzon, Bart, their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen and Clergy, met at the Affizes held for the County of Derby the 13th Day of March

Most gracious Sovereign,
E humbly beg Leave to express our most fincere Detestation of the infolent Attempt devised by France, to subvert the Reli-

gion, Laws and Liberties of this Kingdom, by an intended Invasion; and humbly assure your Majesty, that we will, at the Risque of our Lives and Fortunes, and all that is dear and valuable to us, endeavour to defend the present happy Establishment in Church and State, that the Blessings we now feel, may, under your Majesty and your Royal Family, be perpetuated and delivered down to latest Posterity.

The following Address of the High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Hereford, has been presented to his Majesty by Thomas Foley, Esq; one of the Representatives of the said County, accompanied by the Right Hon. the Earl of Oxford, and several other Gentlemen of the said County, who were introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Rochford.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Hereford, met at the Assizes held at the City of Hereford the 10th of March 1743.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

YOUR Majesty having been pleased, by a most gracious Message, to acquaint the Parliament, that Designs are carrying on by France to invade your Majesty's Dominions in Favour of a popish Pretender. We your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, humbly beg Leave to express our great Concern for, and Abhorrence of such a wicked Attempt, which offers so great an Indignity to your Majesty's Person and Royal Family, so high an Insult to the whole Kingdom, and which tends to deprive us of our Laws, Liberties and Religion.

And we most humbly beg Leave to assure your Majesty of our most firm Attachment to your facred Person and Royal Family, and our happy Establishment in Church and State; and that our utmost Endeavours shall be exerted to support and defend your Majesty's Title to the Crown, and the Protestant Succession in your Royal Family, in Opposition to France, the

Pretender and his Adherents.

And we doubt not but this great Good will arise from this perfidious Attempt, that the Enemies of your Majesty and of this Nation, will be convinced, that the Loyalty of your Majesty's British Subjects is so unanimous, that by the Blessing of God upon it, all Endeavours to disturb the Peace of your Majesty's Reign, or undermine our excellent Constitution, will be fruitless.

That your Majesty may long enjoy a happy Reign over a free, loyal, prosperous and united

People, is the fincere Prayer of,

May it please your Majesty,
Your Majesty's most Dutiful
and Loyal Subjects.

The following Address of the Mayor, Aldersmen, and Citizens of the City of Hereford, has been presented to his Majesty by Thomas Winford, Esq.; one of the Representatives for the said City; being introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Rochford.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of the City of Hereford, in Common Council affembled:

W E your Majesty's loyal Subjects, having seen your Royal Proclamation, whereby it appears, that your Majesty hath received undoubted Intelligence of the Arrival of the Pretender's eldest Son in France, and that Preparations are making there to invade this Kingdom, beg Leave to unite, with the rest of your Majesty's true and saithful Subjects, in giving our utmost Assurances, that we detest and about this insolent Attempt, calculated to introduce a popish and arbitrary Government, and to subvert our Constitution both in Church and State.

Our Religion, our Laws, our Liberties, our Properties, and all that is valuable to us, most justly, on this Emergency, call upon every Englishman, upon every Protestant, to declare their Principles, to exert their Zeal and Loyalty in Defence of our Constitution, and to frustrate the Schemes of France, whose Friendship hath ever been as fallacious, as her Ambition insatiable.

And as this ancient City hath ever been eminently distinguished for its Loyalty to their Sovereign, so we, the present Members of it, will endeavour to support that Honour, and preserve that Character, by using our best Endeavours in Defence of your Majesty's Royal Person, of our Religion and Laws, and of the Protestant Succession as by Law established.

We beg Leave to subjoin our hearty Wishes, that your Majesty's Forces may be successful both by Sea and Land; and that, under your Majesty's auspicious Government, we may be a free and

happy People.

In Testimony whereof, we have hereunto put our common Seal, the Sixteenth Day of March 1743.

Both which Addresses his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously, and they had the Honour to kis his Majesty's Hand.

The following Address of the Representatives in Parliament, Principal Inhabitants, and Electors of the Borough of Hindon in the County of Wilts, has been presented to his Majesty by William Steele and Henry Calthorpe, Esqrs. their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

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To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

YOUR Majesty's most dutiful Subjects, the Representatives in Parliament, and principal Inhabitants, and Electors of the Borough of Hindon in the County of Wilts, beg Leave to express their utmost Detestation and Abhorrence of the infolent Attempt of France, to fet a Popish Pretender on that Throne to which your Majesty has the most undoubted Right and Title.

They must be utterly unacquainted with the Genius and Temper of British Subjects (never born to walk in Chains) to think them capable of exchanging the Purity of Religion, for the most gross Idolatry and Superstition; the most glorious Liberty, for the most abject Slavery; and just and salutary Laws, for arbitrary and ty-

mannick Power.

The Establishment of the Crown on your Majesty and your august House, are the only visible and human Means of continuing the Bleffings we enjoy to us and our Posterity; and if God, in his Anger, should ever deliver us over to a Popish Pretender, from the most Happy and Flourishing, we should become the most miserable and despised People upon the Face of the Earth; and our Slavery would be the more insupportable, as we have for so many Ages, tasted the Sweetness of Liberty.

Your Majesty's victorious Arms are the strongest Arguments to convince that insolent French Nation of their vain and fruitless Attempts; and they can never forgive the Bravery of your Troops at Dettingen, led on by your Majesty, and animated by your glorious

Example.

We shall, with the greatest Zeal and Chearfulness, pursue such Measures as your Majesty, in your great Wisdom, shall judge most expedient for fecuring your Royal Person and Government.

The following Address of the Merchant-Company of the City of Edinburgh, has been presented to his Majesty by —— Stuart, Esq; being introduced by the Right Hon, the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleafed to receive very graciously.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Merchant-Company of the City of Edinburgh, with Hearts full of Zeal, and the greatest Affection to your Majesty's sacred Person and Government, humbly presume, on this important Occasion, to testify the just Sense of the Oppressions, under which these Nations groaned, when last subject to a Popish Prince, and the imminent Dangers to which our Religion, Laws, Liberty, Trade, and Property, were then exposed; and on the other Hand, to testify our Gratitude for the Peace and Security, in which we have enjoyed all these invaluable Blessings, ever fince the Accession of your august House to the Throne of these Kingdoms.

We are sensible that these Blessings can only be fecured to us, by the Continuance of the Succession in your Majesty's Royal Family, and beg Leave humbly to affure your Majesty, it is with the utmost Detestation and Resentment, that we look upon the daring and infolent Defign formed by the Enemies of these Nations, to invade your Majesty's Kingdoms in Favour of a popish Pretender; and that it is our firm and fixed Refolution to support and defend your Majesty's just Right to the Crown of these Realms, and the Protestant Succession in your Royal Family, with the warmest Zeal, Affection and Loyalty, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, against all your Enemies.

Signed in Presence, and by Order of a General Meeting, our common Seal being hereto

affixed, March 10, 1743-4.

The following Address of the County of Linlithgow, has been presented to his Majesty by the Hon. Charles Hope Wier, Esq; their Reprefentative in Parliament, being introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very gracioufly.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the County of Linlithgow.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE the Justices of Peace, Freeholders and Heritors of the County of Linlithgow, most humbly beg Leave to join in the general Voice of your Majesty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, in this critical Conjuncture, by testifying our zealous and inviolable Attachment to your Majesty's sacred Person, and the present happy Establishment in your Royal Family, the only Security of our Religion, Laws and Liberties.

The prudent Measures your Majesty has already taken, afford us, under the Divine Protection, the best Hopes of soon seeing all the wicked Defigns of your Enemies intirely baffled and disappointed; but should they yet be so desperate as to attempt an Invalion of your British Dominions in Favour of a popish Pretender, permit us to assure your Majesty of our most strenuous Endeavours for the Defence of your Royal Person, Government, and undoubted Right to

the Crown of these Kingdoms.

The following Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council of the Borough of King's Lynn, in the County of Norfolk, has been presented to his Majesty by Edward Bacon, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleafed to receive very gracioufly.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council of the Borough of King's Lynn in the County of Norfolk, in Council affembled.

Most gracious Sovereign,

THE most dutiful and loyal of your Majeity's Subjects, do not resent that insolent Attempt to invade your Majesty's Kingdoms, and to set over us a popish, abjur'd Pretender, with greater Detestation and Abhorrence, than the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council of

this your Corporation.

As those inestimable Blessings of civil and religious Rights have, throughout the whole Series of your auspicious Reign, been inviolably preferved to us; we humbly presume to assure your Majesty, that our Attention and Endeavours shall never be wanting to disappoint and defeat every Attempt which shall be made to subvert

or difturb your Majesty's Government.

And we can never doubt, but that the same ancient Virtue of the English Nation, which exerted itself and shone out in its full Lustre in that glorious Work of the late happy Revolution, in Opposition to Popery and arbitrary Power, does still, and will for ever exist to support and defend your Majesty, and your undoubted Right and Title to the Crown of these Realms, and the Protestant Succession in your Royal House, in Defiance of the Pretender and his Adherents, and all other your Majesty's Enemies.

Given under our Common Seal at the Guildhall in the Borough aforesaid, this 10th Day of March, in the Seventeenth Year of

your Majesty's Reign.

The following Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs, and Common Council of the City of Gloucester, has been presented to his Majesty by John Selwyn, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs, and Common Council of the City of Gloucester in Common Council assembled.

Most gracious Sovereign,

THE undoubted Intelligence your Majesty has received of an intended Invasion of these your Kingdoms, in Favour of a popish Pretender, to be supported by a French Power, and encouraged by disaffected Persons at home, affects us with the deepest Concern, and with Abhorrence and Deteftation of the vile Indignity offered hereby to your Majesty.

We are fensible, that, under your Majesty's most just and auspicious Government, we enjoy greater national Bleffings than the Subjects of any other Kingdom: We acknowledge ourselves

therefore bound in Duty and Gratitude to your Majesty, in Regard to our own true Interest, and in Justice to our Posterity, to support, maintain, and desend your Majesty's sacred Person and Government, at the Hazard even of our All; and beg Leave most humbly to assure your Majesty, that with the sincerest Zeal, Fidelity and Loyalty, we will exert all the Power we have in the Discharge of this our Duty, and in opposing the Efforts and Attempts of all your Enemies.

We cannot but with some Degree of Satisfaction look upon it as an Earnest of further and future Protection of your Majesty's sacred Person and Government, that that Divine Providence, who has preserved our Religion and Liberties from the like former Attempts; who fo wonderfully protected your Majesty in the midst of the thickest Dangers, to which for the common Good you lately so gloriously exposed your Royal Person; and at the same Time gave so great Success to your Majesty's Arms against the treacherous Enemy and Disturber of Europe, has begun already to make those haughty audacious Invaders feel the Effects of his Displeasure in their very first Attempt to execute this their infolent Defign, whereby they and all their Adherents here may see that it is the Will of Heaven that your Majesty shall reign over us; that the Defence of our Faith shall not be entrustest with a Romish Bigot; and may know, that therefore all their Opposition to the Divine Purposes must be as vain in the End, as it is impious

and wicked in the Intention. Not only our Duty to your Majesty, but our own Interest also engage us earnestly to pray, that your Majesty's Reign over us may be long and prosperous; and, for the Sake of our Posterity, that the Government of these Kingdoms may remain in your Royal Family to the End of Time.

To this our most humble Address, we have caused our City Seal to be affixed this 13th Day of March 1743.

The following Address of the Grand Jury, affembled at the Affizes held for the City and County of the City of Exeter, has been prefented to his Majesty by Humphry Sydenham, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon, the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE the Grand Jury, assembled at the Assizes held for the City and County of the City of Exeter, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on the timely Discovery, and, we hope, effectual Disappointment of an intended Invasion of your Majesty's Dominions in Favour of a Popish Pretender; a Design equally injurious to your Majesty and the Nation; to your Majesty, as it was calculated to dethrone the

best of Princes; and to your Subjects, as it would | deprive them of their most valuable Blessings, their Religion, Laws and Liberties.

We therefore take this Opportunity to affure your Majesty, that we, from our Hearts, abhor and deteft so insolent an Attempt against your Royal Person and Family, with all its Contrivers and Abettors, both at Home and Abroad.

That your Majesty's Reign over us may be long, ever glorious and successful in War, ever happy and easy in Peace, are our most ardent Wilhes; and to promote those great Ends, shall be the constant Endeavours of your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects.

The following Address of the Mayor, Aldermen and Capital Burgesses of the Borough of Banbury, has been presented to his Majesty by
Weat, Esq; their Recorder, and William Moore, Esq; their Representative in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford: Which Address his Majesty Was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen and Capital Burgesses of the Borough of Banbury, in the County of Oxford.

May it please your Majesty,

WE beg Leave, among the Number of your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, at this important Juncture, to express our hearty Detestation and Abhorrence of the perfidious and desperate Designs, formed by our Enemies, against your Majesty, and the publick Welfare of these Kingdoms, in Favour of a Popish Pre-

We are truly fensible of the Happiness we enjoy under your Majesty's mild and auspicious Government; and that the free Enjoyment of our Religious and Civil Liberties, can only be fecured to us by a conftant Succession of Protestant Princes of your illustrious House, to wear the Imperial Crown of these Kingdoms.

Self-Interest therefore, Gratitude and Inclination, jointly urge us to affure your Majesty, in the strongest Manner, that we shall be ready to hazard every Thing that can be esteemed dear and valuable, upon the present as well as all suture Occasions, in Desence of your Majesty's facred Person and Government, and in Support of the Protestant Succession in your Royal Line.

In Witness whereof, we have set the Common Seal of the faid Borough, this Nineteenth Day of March 1743.

The following Address of the Inhabitants of the Borough of Cirencester, in the County of Gloucester, has been presented to his Majesty by the Rt. Hon. the Lord Bathurst, in the Absence of their Representatives, being introduced by the Rt. Honourable the Earl of Rochford: Which

Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Inhabitants of the Borough of Cirencester, in the County of Gloucester.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Inhabitants of your ancient Borough of Cirencester, humbly beg Leave to address your Majesty, at this critical, important

Season of publick Danger.

We should ill deserve the invaluable Rights. cured to us by your Majesty's most auspicious Reign, could we forbear the utmost Indignation, when those Rights are threatened, and your Majesty's Reign disturbed, by the Malice of an inveterate, perfidious Enemy, and the Insolence of a popish Pretender. A firm Attachment to your facred Person and illustrious Family, a rational Zeal for the Protestant Religion, and a warm Affection to the free and generous Constitution of Britain, are Principles which shall always regulate our Conduct, which will always support us in Defence of the common Cause, and which the greatest Violence shall never overthrow, nor the fubtlest Artifice undermine.

Permit us, great Sir, to give your Majesty the strongest Assurances of our stedsast Resolution, a Resolution to which we are animated by your late Royal Example, to oppose, with the utmost Vigour, and at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, all the Invaders of your indifputable Title to the Crown of these Kingdoms, and all other your Majesty's Enemies, open or concealed.

We hope to fhew, if called to it on this or any future Occasion, that the Natives of a free Country, and the Subjects of a mild and equitable Prince, are greatly superior to Slaves and the Tools of Tyrants, however dignified or exalted.

May the fame Providence, which hath fo often and fignally preferved us, continue to profper your Majesty's Arms, to deseat the Attempts of your Enemies, to establish the Felicity of these Kingdoms, and the Throne in your Majesty's Royal House, to the latest Posterity.

The following Address of the Justices of the Peace of the County of Denbigh, has been prefented to his Majesty: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Justices of the Peace of the County of Denbigh.

Most Gracious Sovereign, WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Justices of the Peace of the

County of Denbigh affembled, in pursuance of your Majesty's Commands, to consider of the most effectual Means to put the Laws in Execution against Persons disaffected to your Majesty's Person and Government, and to preserve the Peace of this County, most humbly beg Leave to testify our Zeal and Attachment to your Majesty's sacred Person and Government; and also to express our Abhorrence of the audacious Schemes that have been contrived and conducted by a Foreign Power in Favour of a Popish Pretender, in Concert with your disaffected and ungrateful Subjects, who (regardless of the inestimable Blessings and Indulgence they have enjoyed under your Majesty's and your late Royal Father's Reign, and infatuated with the Love of Change) have formed Deligns destructive of our Civil and Religious Liberties: For the Prefervation whereof, and of the Protestant Succellion in your Majesty's most shustrious House, till Time shall be no more, permit us, Great Sir, most humbly to assure your Majesty, that we shall, in our respective Stations, at the Hazard of our All, contribute our unseigned Endeavours and Diligence, to detect and bring to Justice facts as dare to diffurb our prefent happy Establishment, or conspire against your Majesky's Person, Crown and Dignity.

Translation of the French King's Ordonnance, declaring War against England, dated March 15, 1744.

By the King. THE King, from the Beginning of the Troubles that arose after the Death of the Emperor Charles the VIth, omitted nothing to convince the World, that his Majesty desired nothing with more Ardour than to see them forthwith appealed by a just Accommodation between the Parties at War. The Conduct which his Majesty has since held, has sufficiently shewp that he persisted constantly in the same Dispositions; and having been pleased not to form for himself any Pretention that might give the least Obstacle to the Re-establishment of the Tranquility of Europe, he did not think himself obliged to take Part in the War, otherwise than by furnishing to his Allies the Succours which he found himself engaged to give them. Views fo difiniterested, would soon have restored Peace, if the Court of London had had as equitable and moderate Sentiments, and if the had confulted the Good and Advantage of the English Nation only. But the King of England, Elector of Hanover, had very opposite Intentions, and it was not long before it was perceived that they tended to nothing but the Kindling of a general War. Not satisfied with diverting the Court of Vienna from all Thoughts of Reconciliation, and nourifhing her Animolity by the most violent Councils, he made it his whole Endeavour to irritate France, by causing her Commerce by Sea to be disturbed in all Parts, in Contempt of the Law of Nations, and of the most solemn Trea-The Convention of Hanover, of the Month of October 1741, seemed however to

be of a Nature to calm his Majesty's Apprehenfions as to the Continuation of fuch like Exceffes; the King of England, during the Stay he made in his German Dominions, seemed to hearken to the Complaints that were made to him concerning them, and to feel the Justice of He gave his Royal Word that he would cause them to cease, and formally engaged not to trouble the Allies of the King in the Pursuit of their Rights; but searce was he got back to London, but he forgot all his Promifes, and as foon as he was fure that the King's Army was entirely quitting Westphalia, he declared, by his Ministers, that the Convention subsisted no longer, and that he held himself disengaged from it. Then that he held himself disengaged from it. he looked upon himself to be under no Obligation of keeping any Measures whatever, being a personal Enemy to France; he had from that Time no other Views than to raise up Enemies against her every where; this Object became the principal Point of the Instructions to his Ministers at all the Courts in Europe; the Piracies of the English Men of War increased with Cruelty and Barbarity; the Ports of the Kingdom were no longer a Protection against their Infults: In fine, the English Squadrons have dared to undertake to come and block up the Port of Toulon, stopping all Ships, making themselves Masters of their whole Cargoes; eartring off likewise the Recruits and Ammunition that his Majesty was sending to his Places: So many repeated Injuries and Outrages tired out at last his Majesty's Patience; he could not bear them any longer without being wanting to the Protection which he owes to his Subjects, to what he owes to his Allies, and to what he owes to himself, to his Honour, and to his Glory. Such are the true Motives which do not any longer suffer his Majesty to remain within the Bounds of the Moderation, which he had prescribed to himself, and which force him to declare War, as he declares it by these Prefents, by Sea and by Land, against the King of England, Elector of Hanover. His Majesty orders and enjoins all his Subjects, Vasials and Servants, to fall upon the Subjects of the King of England, Elector of Hanover: Strictly forbids them to have hereafter with them any Communication, Commerce or Intelligence, upon Pain of Death; and consequently, his Majesty has from this Time revoked, and does revoke, all Permissions, Passports, Sase-Guards, and Sase-Conducts, which may have been granted by him, or by his Lieutenant-Generals, and other Officers, contrary to these Presents; and has declared, and does declare them null and of no Effect and Value, forbidding all Persons whatfor ever to pay any Regard to them. His Majesty commands and orders the Duke de Penthievre, Admiral of France, the Marshals of France, his Governors, and Lieutenant Generals of his Provinces, and Armies, Major-Generals, Colonels of Horse and Foot, Captains, Chiefs, and Leaders of his Soldiers, as well Horse as Foot, French and Strangers, and all other his Officers whom it may concern, that they cause the Contents of these Presents to be executed, as fat as



it relates to each of them, in the Extent of their Powers and Jurisdictions: For such is his Majesty's Pleasure, who wills and commands, that these Presents be published and posted up in all his Cities, as well Maritime as others, and in all his Ports and Harbours, and other Places of his Kingdom, and Territories under his Obedience, where necessary, that no one may pretend Ignorance thereof. Done at Versailles the 15th of March, 1744. Signed LOUIS,

and lower, Amelot.

Printed at the Royal Printing-House at Paris.

Stockholm, March 13. Count Tellin is expected here from Copenhagen in eight or ten Days; fo that we doubt not but the Ratifications of the late Convention, between the two Crowns, will be exchanged before he fets out on his Journey. The Evening before last arrived here an Express from Berlin, with an Account, that a Treaty of Marriage had been concluded between the Prince Successor to this Crown, and Princess Ulrica, his Prussian Majesty's eldest Sister.

From the Army at Fano, March 11, N.S.

Captain Riffer has been fent by Prince Lobkowitz to inform the Court of the Spaniards having abandoned Pesaro the Day he marched from They have Rimini with the Austrian Army. already passed Loretto, and our Grenadiers, Garabineers, Sclavonians and Hussars, were immediately ordered to pursue them, under the Command of General Brown; but, as the Enemy forced their March, the Hussars overtook them only the third Day, and the rest could not come up at all, notwithstanding all the Diligence of General Brown. It is computed that about 3000 have deserted in their Retreat, and it is likely they will lose a good many more before they reach the Places they design to stop at. It is thought they will go to Ascoli, which is near the Confines of the Kingdom of Naples; but should they not take that Way, they will go to Fuligni, a City of Umbria, whence they can retire into the Kingdom of Naples; or, if Affairs should change in their Favour, march through Tuscany, or even the Romagna, into Lombardy. It was never thought the Spaniards would have abandoned so advantageous a Post as Pesaro; for if the Austrians had even forced their Lines, they could not have lost much more than they have and will by their precipitated Retreat. The Duke of Modena went disguised from Venice, through Bologna and Tuscany, to the Spanish Army, two Days before it retired. We shall be the Day after To-morrow at or near Ancona, whither the Prince has ordered Mortars and Bombs to follow him.

Copenhagen, March 28. The Ratifications of the Convention between Denmark and Sweden were exchanged here on the z'5th; and the same Day M. Windt, his Danish Majesty's Envoy to the Court of Stockholm, set out for that Place. Count Tessin is to have his Audiences of the King and Queen of Denmark To-day,

having already taken Leave of the rest of the Royal Family; after which he talks of beginning his Journey homewards this very Evening.

Dunkirk, March 28. M. de Barail having ordered his four Ships to get ready, fet Sail at Three o'Clock this Morning, with a favourable Wind at N. E. and was, an Hour afterwards, got out of Sight: He is gone to rejoin the Brest Squadron, the greatest Part of which is already arrived at that Port, only three Ships of M. de Rocqueseuille's Division being wanting; which, as is assured, are in Places of Sasety, though it

is not known where they really are.

Hague, April 3. Yesterday, in the Assembly of the States General, the Furnishing of the Succour of 20,000 Men, for the present Year to the Queen of Hungary, and the putting a Second Body of the like Force into a Condition of taking the Field upon the first Warning, were resolved finally, and, in a Manner, unanimoufly; the Deputies of the three Provinces, which have not yet affented to the Petitions, not contradicting the Conclusion. Their High Mightinesses at the same Time named the Generals who are to command the first Corps, and the Regiments which are to compose the Second. The Abbe de la Ville, the French Minister, has communicated to the States General, in Form, the French King's Declaration of War against General Debroffes Yesterday Great Britain. communicated to the States the Alliance lately concluded between his Court and that of Vienna; and the States have resolved to compliment him by their Agent, on this happy Re-establishment. of a good Understanding between the two Powers.

St. James's, March 20.

This Day Signior Pietro Andrea Capello, Ambassador in Ordinary from the most Serene Republick of Venice, had his first private Audience of his Majesty, to deliver his Letters of Credence; to which he was introduced by his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Leicester House, March 21.

This Day his Excellency the Venetian Ambassadour had his first private Audience of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

And afterwards a private Audience of her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales; to both which he was introduced by the Master of the Ceremonies.

The fame Day the Chevalier de Champigny, charged with the Affairs of the Elector of Cologne, had a private Audience of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

And also a private Audience of her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales; to which he was introduced by the Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's, March 26.

This Day Sig. Capello, Ambaliadour in Ordinary from the most Serene Republick of Venice, had his first private Audience of his Royal Highness the Duke.

And afterwards his first private Audience of their Royal Highnesses the Princesses Amelia and Caroline; to both which he was introduced by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, Kt. Master of the Ceremonies.

The same Day the Chevalier de Champigny, charged with the Affairs of the Elector of Cologne, had his first private Audience of his

Royal Highness the Duke.

And afterwards his first private Audience of their Royal Highnesses the Princesses Amelia and Caroline, being introduced by the Master of the Ceremonies.

Admiralty Office, Feb. 25, 1743. The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are pleased to direct, that such disabled or worn out Seamen who bave been minuted to be received into the Royal Hofpital at Greenwich, do make their Appearance at this Office on Tuesday the 1st of May next, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning.

Tho. Corbett.

London, Feb. 16, 1743. The Commissioners appointed by His Majesty for di-fiributing to the Sussers by Spanish Depredations, the Moiety of the neat Produce of Effects taken from the King of Spain and his Subjects, do hereby give Notice, pursuant to Directions in the faid Commission, That all Sufferers entituled to a Share in the Distribution of the faid Moiety, are required by the faid Commission to enter their respective Claims, in Writing, on or before the Fourth Day of August next, and that they are to prove their Claims and Losses on or before the Fourth Day of May 1745, before the said Commissioners; and that all who shall fail to make such Entry and Proof within the said respective Times, are by the Commission excluded any Share in the Said Moiety.

London, March 20, 1743.
The Commissioners appointed for Distributing the Moiety of the Prizes taken from the Spaniards hereby give Notice, that they will meet on Friday the 30th Instant, and every Friday following, in the Forenoon, at their Office in Aldermary Church-yard in Bow-Lane, to enter the Claims of those who suffered by Spanish Guarda Costa's or other Ships, between the 2d of June 1721, and the 10th of July 1739, and who are intitled to a Share in the Distribution to be made pursuant to the said Commission; whereby it is prowided, That with Respect to Losses before the Treaty of Seville, bearing Date the 9th of November 1729, no Persons are intitled to any Share, whose Claims were not entered, and Proofs exhibited: And with Respect to Losses subsequent to the said Treaty, no Persons are intitled to any Share, whose Losses were not repre-fented on or before the 30th of June 1743, in such Manner as the said Commission directs. And that daily Attendance at the faid Office will be given to receive the faid Claims.

By Order of the Commissioners,

Jo. Sedgwick.

East-India House, March 21, 1743.
The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, do hereby give Notice, That a General Court of the faid Company will be holden at their House in Leadenhallstreet, on Thursday the 29th Instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, on Special Affairs.

Assurance Office, Serjeants Inn, March 28, 1744. Assurance Office, Serjeants 1111, Marco 20, 1/44.
The Corporation of the Amicable Society for a Perpetual Assurance Office, do hereby give Notice, That at Lady day last past there were in Arrear sive Quarterly Payments to the said Society on each of the seventy terly Payments to the laid Society on each of the feweral Policies number'd as follows, viz. No. 106, 130, 162, 184, 186, 243, 244, 303, 596, 731, 776, 1327, 1403, 1450, 1451, 1500, 1530, 1651, 1666, 1703, 1955, 1966. On each of which faid Policies, there is due to the faid Society for faid Policies, there is due to the jaia society jor the said Five Quarterly Payments the Sum of Seven Pounds Fifteen Shillings; and that unless the several Persons entitled to the said Policies, numbered as above, do pay off their said Arrears within three Calendar Months from the Date herears suithin Defaulters, their Nominees, and their respective Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, will, by Versus of the Supplemental Charter of the Said Society, stand absolutely excluded.

Robert Michel, Register.

## Advertiscments.

This Day is published, Price 5 s. compleat,

HE genuine TRIAL at Bar, betwixt

HE genuine TRIAL at Bar, betwix't CAMPBEL CRAIG, Leffee of JAMES ANNES-LEY, Efq; Plaintiff, and the Rt. Hon. RICHARD Earl of ANGLESEA, Defendant.

Before the Rt. Hon. John Bowes, Efq; Chief Baron, and the Hon. Richard Mountney, and Arthur Dawson, Efqrs. the other Barons at the King's Court, Dublin, in Michaelmas Term, begun the 11th, and ended the 25th of November, in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Second, King of Great Britain, &c. and in the Year of our Lord 1743.

Wherein are contained,

The Examination of the Witnesses, the Pleadings of the Councel at large, together with the Opinions of the Barons, their summing up of the Evidence, and their Observations thereon. Taken in Court very carefully by a Barrister at Law, who attended during the whole Trial.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-row.

N.B. Number V. may be had alone, to compleat Setts.

Price I 8

HE King, on a Representation being made unto Him, of THE King, on a Representation being made unto Him, of many extraordinary Cures performed by Mr. Joseph Collett's new-invented Hydropick Elixir, hath been graciously pleased to grant unto the said Joseph Collett his Royal Letters Patent for the sole Benesit of making and vending the same. This Elixir cures the Dropsy, Jaundice, Stone; Gravel, Strangury, Virgin's Disesse, Cholick, Vomiting, Loathing of Food, bad Digrstion, the Scurvy, &c. and greatly eradicates the Gout. To be had of the Patentee, at the Green Door near Clement's Church in the Strand, London, at 4.s. the Bottle. The Purging Powder to be taken with it at 1 s. 6 d. the Box.

TO be fold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Richard Edwards, Esq; one of the Mafters of the said Court, the Estates of James Bugg, late of Norwich, Woolstapler, situate at Mildenhall in Suffolk, consisting of a large Mansion-house, well built, with Barns, Coach-house, Stables, and Dove-house, a large Garden, and Meadow Ground, All per Annum and upwards; four Tenements adjoining, 101.

per Annum, all Freehold, and within Seven Miles of Newmarket. Also a Copyhold Tenement and Orchand, 21. 10 s. per Annum, And 12 Lots of Meadow, 31 Acres, 21. per Annum, Freehold. Particulars to be had at the faid Master's Chambers in Chambers in Chancery-lane.

Chambers in Chancery-lane.

A LL Persons who have any Demands on the Estate of Robert Kingham, late of Wycomb Heath, in the County of Bucks, Miller, deceased, are defired to send in an Account thereof to William Child, of Amersham, in the same County, Executor of the said Kingham's Will, on or before the 4th Day of April next, in order to their receiving a Satisfaction for the same within the Week next following.

A LL Persons that have any Demands on the Estate of John Rogers, late of Harp-lane, Tower-street, Wine Merchant, deceased, are desired to send in an Account thereof to Richard Allnutt, of Harp-lane, Wine Cooper, Executor to the said John Rogers, on or before the 2d Day of April next. If none appears on or before that Time, the Executor will divide the

the Balance of the faid Estate, and pay the same according to the Directions of his Will. And all Persons that are any ways indebted to the faid Estate, are desired to pay the same unto the said Richard Allouet, on or before the said Time.

Hereas a Commission of Banksupt is awarded and issued forth against William Fewster, of Birmingham in the

forth against William Fewster, of Bitmingham, in the County of Warwick, Chapman and Dealer, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to furrender himself to the Commissioners in the faid Commission named, or the mato the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the fothcard rith of April next, and on the 8th of May following, at Trite in the Afterneon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London ; and make a still Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Essets; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the fectod Sixting to chuse Assigned, and at the last Sixting the said Bunkrupt. Is required to finish his Examination, and the Greditors are to assent to driftent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persona indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Essets, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Benjamin Phillipps, of the Parist of St. James Wessminter, in the County of Middlesex, Upholder, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, der hierfelf to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 10th and 13th of April next, and on the 8th of May following, at Three of the Clock in the Asternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a sull Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sixting to chuse Assigness, and at the last Sixting the said Bankrupt is required to spissh his Examination, and the Exertings at the sastent to a distant from the Allowance of are to affent to or diffent from the Allowance of

Ereditors are to affent to or diffent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perions indebted to the faid Bankrupt, for that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the fame but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Henry Barnes, Attorney, in Took's-Court, Cursitor's-street.

Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Margaret Waylen, of the Borough of Devises, in the County of Wilts, Milliner, Mercer, and Shopkeeper, and she being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surfender herself to the Commissioners in the faid Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 13th and 14th of April next, and on the 8th of May sollowing, at Riesven in the Forenoon of the said Day, at the House of Joseph Brooks, being the White Swan Inn in the Borough of Devises associated, and make a full Discovery and Discovery of Devises and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come preserted and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the facond Sitting to choose Affigness, and at the last Sitting the faid Bankrupt is required to finish her Examination, and the Creditors are to affent to or diffent from the Allowanee of her Certificate. Add to or differe from the Allowance of her Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of the Excets, are not to pay or deliver the Anne hast to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Hughes, Attorney, in Devizes asoressid.

HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued for the against William Bedell, of Gray's and Commission of Middless Desker and Characteristics.

HE Commissioners in a ed and iffued forth against William Bedell, of Gray r-Inn-Lane, in the County of Mideleses, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 18th Day of April next, of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, and the Clock in the Afternoon are guild and the Clock in the Afternoon at County and the Clock in the Afternoon are guild and the Clock in the Afternoon are guild and the Clock in the Afternoon at County and the Clock in the Clock i at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, Lordon, in order to make a Dividend of the faid Bankrupt's Effate; when and where the Greditors that have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the fame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the fald Dividend.

HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt a-

Warded and issued forth against Mercella Moveth Mary Power, of King-street, Govent-Garden, in the County of Middlesex, Linnendrapers, Chapwomen and Pattners, intend to meet of the 19th Day of April next; at Three of the Clock in the Asternoon; at Guildhall, London, in order to make a second Dividend of the said Bankrupts Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the fame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the faid Dividend.

HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and ifflued forth against John Siffsed and George Alexander, late of London, Merchants and Partners, intend to meet on the 19th Day of April next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guidhall, London, in order to make a fecond Dividend of the faid Bunkrupts Eftate; when and where the Creditors who have not afterdy proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the fame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the field Dividend.

THE under-mentioned Persons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately palled for Re-lief of infolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inferted in this Paper, and are herein inserted in Obedience to the said Act.

The following Persons being Prisoners for Debt in his Majesty's Rrison of the Fleet, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Ack of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, in-titled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at the Guildhall of the City of London, in and for the faid City, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after 30 Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Edward Finemore, late of Armitage, in the County of Stafford, Gentleman. John Jones, late of the City of Bristol, Coppersmith and Brazier.

The following Persons being Fugitives for Debe, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendred themselves to the Keeper of his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, London, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament pessed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his profest Majesty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Infolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seffions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. William Ashbee, late of Grub street, in the the Parish of Sa Luke, Middlesex, Watch. Case Maker and Victualler. Nathaniel Stone, late of the Parish of Stogumber in the County of Somerset, Butcher. John Cornish, jun. late of the Parish of Staple Grove in the County of Somerset, Butcher.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendred himself to the Keeper of the Poultry Compter, London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intided, An Act for the Re-lief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Henry Wild, late of Houndfditch, London, Dealer in Hard-Ware.

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in Wood fireet Compter, London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, intitled, Art Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, at the Guildhall of the faid City, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publica-tion hereof, viz. John Oakes, late of the Parish of St. Andrew's Holborn, Painter.

N. B. If any Person in the foregoing Lift of Prisoners shall find, on the Perusal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, such Error shall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.