

claration, in the said Act of the 30th Year of the said late King Charles the II. should suffer all Pains, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, as a Popish Recusant Convict, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever. And whereas in and by an Act made in the first Year of the Reign of our Royal Father, His late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An Act for the further Security of his Majesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown, in the Heirs of the late Princess Sophia, being Protestants, and for extinguishing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of Wales, and his open and secret Abettors, It is enacted, That it should and might be lawful to and for two or more Justices of the Peace, or any other Person or Persons, who should be by His Majesty for that Purpose specially appointed by Order in the Privy Council, or by Commission under the Great Seal, to administer and tender the Oaths in the said Act appointed to be taken, to any Person or Persons whatsoever whom they should or might suspect to be dangerous or disaffected to his Majesty or his Government; and if any Person or Persons, to whom the said Oaths should be so tendered, should neglect or refuse to take the same, such Justices, or any other Person or Persons specially to be appointed as aforesaid, tendering the said Oaths, should certify the Refusal thereof to the next Quarter Sessions of the County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town-Corporate or Place in which such Refusal should be made, and the said Refusal should be recorded amongst the Rolls of that Sessions, and should be from thence certified by the Clerk of the Peace of such County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town-Corporate or Place into our Court of Chancery or Kings-Bench, Court of Sessions, or Court of Justiciary, in Scotland, there to be recorded amongst the Rolls of the said Courts, in a Roll or Rolls there to be provided and kept for that Purpose only; and that every Person so neglecting or refusing to take the said Oaths should be from the Time of his Neglect or Refusal, taken, esteemed and adjudged a Popish Recusant Convict, and as such, to forfeit and be proceeded against. And to the Intent and Purpose that no Person might avoid taking the several Oaths in the said Act particularly mentioned upon any Pretence whatsoever, It is thereby further enacted, That it should and might be lawful to and for two or more Justices of Peace, or any other such Person or Persons, who should be by his Majesty for that Purpose specially appointed by order in the Privy Council, or by Commission under the Great Seal, by Writings under their Hands and Seals, to summon any Person to appear before them, at a certain Day and Time therein to be appointed, to take the said Oaths; which said Summons should be served upon such Person, or left at his Dwelling-house or usual Place of Abode, with one of the

Family there; and if such Person who should be so summoned should neglect or refuse to appear according to such Summons, that then, upon due Proof to be made upon Oath of the serving the said Summons (which Oath such Justice, or any other Person or Persons specially to be appointed as aforesaid, are by the said Act enabled to administer) such Justice, or any other Person or Persons specially to be appointed as aforesaid, are thereby required to certify the same to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town-Corporate, or Place, there to be entred upon the Rolls of the said Sessions. And if such Person who should be so summoned to take the said Oaths as aforesaid, should neglect or refuse to appear and take the said Oaths at the said General Quarter Sessions, the Names of the Persons so certified being publickly read at the first Meeting of the said Sessions, that then and in such Case, such Person should be taken, esteemed and adjudged a Popish Recusant Convict, and as such to forfeit and be proceeded against, as if such Person had actually refused to take the said Oaths, and the same should be from thence certified by the Clerk of the Peace of such County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town-Corporate, or Place, into the High Court of Chancery or King's Bench, Court of Session or Court of Justiciary in Scotland, there to be recorded amongst the Rolls of the said Court, in a Roll or Rolls there to be provided and kept for that Purpose only. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, every Popish Recusant Convict is to repair to the Place of his usual Dwelling or Abode, and not at any Time to remove above five Miles from thence, unless thereunto licensed according to the Direction of that Act, or of a subsequent Act made in the third Year of the Reign of the late King James the First. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the third Year of the late King James the First, intituled, An Act to prevent and avoid Dangers which may grow by Popish Recusants, it is provided, That all Popish Recusants indicted or convicted of Recusancy, should depart from the City of London, and Ten Miles Compass of the same, under certain Penalties therein mentioned. And whereas by one other Act of Parliament made in the first Year of the Reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An Act for the removing Papists and reputed Papists from the Cities of London and Westminster, and Ten Miles Distance from the same, it is enacted, That for the better discovering and removing all Papists and reputed Papists out of the said Cities, and Ten Miles of the same, it should and might be lawful, and it is thereby required, that the Lord Mayor for the Time being, and every Justice of the Peace of the City of London, and for the City and Liberties of Westminster,