

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday October 9. to Tuesday October 12. 1742.

South Carolina, July 26.

ON Friday last the Pilot Boat, which was sent to Virginia by the Governor with the first News of the Spanish Invasion, returned hither; she left Virginia the 12th Instant, and brings an Account, that Captain Dandridge, in his Majesty's Ship the South-Sea Castle, of 40 Guns, would sail in two Days after to the Relief of General Oglethorpe. The said Captain was just returned from a Cruize, and having all his Men ready on board, had nothing to do but to take in some more Wood and Water.

On Saturday News came, that on Sight only of the Flamborough, Swift, and Hawk Men of War, and the Beauford Galley, which appeared off the Bar of St. Simon's the 13th Instant, the Spaniards betook themselves to their Vessels with the utmost Confusion, and left the General again Master of the Island.

Vienna, Oct. 6, N. S. Count Seckendorff is supposed to be with his 9000 Men as this Day in the Neighbourhood of Munich. The two Armies in Bohemia remain still in the same Situation. A Design formed on the 1st Instant to attack the Enemy's Left Wing, was prevented by the Informations of Deferters. Colonel Trenk with 500 Men, has defeated a Party of 300 Grenadiers; they were abandoned by 500 Dragoons, so that the Grenadiers were all cut to pieces, and the Officers taken Prisoners. M. de Bellisle is ill at Prague. Count Richecourt sets out To-morrow for Berlin, and Count Esterhazy, who is named for Dresden, will set out in a few Days.

Geneva, October 9. N. S. On the 30th past the King of Sardinia arrived at Aoste, and continued there till the 4th Instant, on which Day he set out at Four in the Morning, and lay that Night at la Tuile, situated at the Foot of the little Mount St. Bernard. His Sardinian Majesty was attended by five hundred Horsemen

and most of his Guards, having left only a small Number of them at Turin. The Body of the Army which arrives by Morienne, together with that part which has already passed by the little Mountain St. Bernard, consists of 26 Battalions and 12 Squadrons. The Infant Don Philip is retired to Mian, which lies between Montmellian and the Fortrefs of Barreau, at the Entrance into Dauphiné.

Dresden, October 10. Marshal Maillebois marched the 6th with his Army to Eger, and was followed by the Austrians, who endeavour to cut off the Communication, at least to prevent the Junction with the French in and about Prague.

Dresden, October 10, N. S.

The following is a Relation given by Colonel Mentzel of his late Operations in Bohemia.

By Orders of his Royal Highness the Great Duke, I march'd on the 28th of September from the Army, with the Corps under my Command, in order to dislodge a Party of the Enemy of 600 Horse and six Companies of Grenadiers, who were posted near the Village of Obersichtigter, where Marshal Maillebois, Monsieur d'Harcourt, Count Saxe, and several other General Officers were then in Person; I soon came within Sight of the French, who immediately drew themselves up in order of Battle, and I commanded my Artillery to advance with all possible Expedition, and about Eleven o'Clock began the Attack, by which I obliged the Enemy to give Ground, and the Generals to retreat with Precipitation; but their Troops return'd five Times to the Charge, and the Grenadiers behaved well, till they saw that the Cavalry was routed, and then the Flight became general. The Infantry endeavoured to reach the said Village of Obersichtigter, but not above 50 of them escaped the Hussars. A Lieutenant Colonel of the Dragoons, Lacoste, a Captain and Lieutenant of the Grenadiers, as also a Trumpeter, a Drummer, and 60 private Men, became Prisoners of War; and the next Day a Captain

[Price Two Pence.]

of the Grenadiers, le Camas, was found dangerously wounded upon the Field of Battle, from whence I let him go upon his Parole of Honour to the Enemy's Camp: We had on our Side, a Major of Baronay's Regiment, a Cornet and six private Men killed, and nine wounded. On the 30th I receiv'd his Royal Highness's Pleasure that I should repair to the Head Quarters, where I arriv'd the same Evening; and the next Day set out again to join my Corps, which I put in March about Ten o'Clock that Morning towards Falckenau, there receiv'd a Reinforcement of 200 Horse, and then went on to Konigswarth, which I reached with the Troops about Noon: In this Neighbourhood the Enemy had that Morning about Nine begun a general Foraging, covered by 3000 Men, as well Infantry as Cavalry. I therefore prepared instantly to oppose them, and detached 400 Horse and 200 Foot towards the Foragers and their Convoy, who having already plundered Altwasser, and several other Villages, had loaded 200 Horses with Forage, which they were obliged to unpack and leave behind them: My Left attacked the Right Wing of the French Cavalry, and a Detachment of 200 Horse engaged their Left: This passing on both Sides the Village of Altwasser, the Enemy's Infantry posted in the Village very much annoyed us, with their small Arms from the Houses; I therefore ordered five Squadrons to go and burn the Place, but the Enemy had done that Business themselves, and got off before the said Squadrons could arrive; this Motion however freed me from the Inconvenience of their Fire from the Houses, and made it practicable to charge the Cavalry Sword in Hand, and might have occasion'd their being all cut to pieces, had not three fresh Squadrons come up, which however I likewise repulsed, gained the Field of Battle, and made 49 Prisoners, with the Loss of only one Man killed, one Lieutenant and nine Hussars wounded, but had 21 Horses killed and 20 wounded. On the 2d Instant, as I was coming back towards Falckenau, and near Sandau, my avant Guard discovered a Corps of about 3000 of the Enemy, both Infantry and Cavalry; As I had detached two thirds of my Troops another way, I found myself not able to attack them, and therefore turned short off to the right; The Enemy thinking I run away, made their Cavalry advance as fast as possible, but I having posted my Artillery to advantage, made so brisk a Fire, that it soon obliged them to halt, during which time my left Wing, under the Command of Peter Julinax, the Cornets Ruditz and Mihalo-vitz, found means to break in upon the Foragers, of whom they brought off 108 Prisoners, and as many Horses; The Day after I entered my former Camp by Konigswarth, when the Enemy appeared to the Number of 8000, in order of Battle, with four Pieces of Canon, but as soon as my Picquets and advanced Posts began to move, the French retreated towards Eger, and I continued my March to Falckenau; I have, during this Expedition, sent 224 Prisoners to the main Army.

Leipzig, October 14. An Officer of Count Saxe's Regiment is just arrived, by whom there are Letters from the French Army of the 11th, which set forth, that on the 10th they came before Elenbogen, and summoned the Commander to surrender the Town, which he accordingly did, though, with Hungarians, Croates, &c. he had above 5000 Men, and was in a Condition to make a long Defence, as even his own Officers thought, for not one of the Hungarians would sign the Capitulation, which was, that they should return with Arms, Baggage, &c. to the Great Duke's Army, still said to be at Konigswarth, and not commit any Hostilities till they arrived there. The said Officer adds, that Count Saxe intended to pursue his March towards Leuthmeritz, where he thought Broglie was with the Garrison from Prague.

Hamburg, October 16. N. S. We hear that several Waggons on their Return from the Fair of Leipzick, loaded with different kinds of Merchandize, have been taken by a Party of French, and conducted to Prague.

Whitehall, October 12.

The King has been pleased to appoint Major General Thomas Howard, to be Governor of the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and of Holy Island, in the room of Lieutenant General James Tyrrel, deceased; And to constitute George James Williams, Gent. one of the Deputy Commissaries of the Musters of all the Forces now raised, or hereafter to be raised for his Majesty's Service, in South Britain, in the room of Robert Manning, Gent.

Whitehall, October 1, 1742.

Whereas it has been represented to his Majesty, that on Tuesday the Thirty First Day of August last, about Eleven or Twelve o'Clock at Night, Mr. Isaac Decker, Commander of the Cutter, in the Service of the Customs at Colchester, chased another Cutter off Felixtow, in the County of Suffolk, Thomas Cobby, Master, supposed to be laden with Run Goods, which Cutter made close for the Shore; and that the Officers pursuing her, were met by thirty or forty Smugglers armed, who kept a constant Fire at them, and killed John Mills, one of the Mariners belonging to the Custom-house Cutter. For the better discovering and bringing to Justice the Person or Persons who committed the said Murder, his Majesty is pleased to promise his most gracious Pardon to any one of them (except the Person that actually killed the said John Mills) who will discover his Accomplice or Accomplices, so as he or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

And as a further Encouragement for such Discovery, his Majesty is pleased to promise a Reward of Fifty Pounds to any Person or Persons whatsoever, who shall make the said Discovery, payable by the Receiver General of his Majesty's Customs, on the Conviction of one or more of the said Offenders, over and above what he or they are intitled to by Act of Parliament.

Admiralty-Office, Sept. 24, 1742.

Notice is hereby given, that a Session of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery, for the Tryal of Offences committed on the High Seas within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, will be held on Tuesday the 9th Day of November next, at Justice-hall in the Old Baily, London, at Eight of the Clock in the Morning.

Tho. Corbett.

Pay Office, Horse Guards, Oct. 7, 1742.

The Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury having directed Six Months Half Pay to the Reduced Officers of his Majesty's Land Forces and Marines, to the 24th of June, 1742: These are to give Notice, that upon Wednesday next, the 13th Instant, Attendance will be given at the abovesaid Office for Payment of the same accordingly.

H. Pelham.

General Post Office, London, July 3, 1742.

Whereas divers Persons, thro' Ignorance or Carelessness, frequently put Letters into the General Post Offices, and the Receiving Houses both in Town and Country, directed on board of Ships, and to Foreign Parts, without paying at the same Time the Postage, as ought to be done; And whereas Letters and Packets are often put into the said Offices with Money and Rings inclosed, and in Fraud of his Majesty's Revenue, divers Persons presume to send Letters with false and counterfeit Franks;

This is to acquaint the Publick, that no Letters under any of the Circumstances aforesaid have any Right by Law to be forwarded.

Note, That Letters going out of Great Britain (except to France, Holland, and Flanders) have by the ancient Usage of this Office paid the Foreign Postage, and are required by the Act of Parliament so to do, at the Office in Great Britain where the same are first put in.

Note also, That if such Letters to Foreign Parts are put into any of the Country Offices, the Inland Postage of such Letters to London must also be paid on putting the same into such Office.

By Command of the Post Master General.

George Shelvocke, Secretary.

General Post-Office, London, Sept. 29, 1742.

POST CHAISES between London and Bath.

This is to acquaint the Publick, that the several Post-masters on the Road between London and Bath, are ready to furnish any Gentlemen, or others, with Post-Chaises, safe, easy, and well secured from the Weather, with a Lamp to give sufficient Light in dark Nights, upon as short Warning as for Post Horses, any Hour either in the Day or Night. And farther Notice is hereby given, that whereas the Distance between Marlborough and Bath, has never yet been considered as Post Road, it will be computed at Thirty four Miles, according to Tompion's Measurement between those two Places. Gentlemen who have Occasion to go Post on the Bath Roads, are desired to apply to Mr. Miller, Post master, at the White Bear in Piccadilly.

N. B. A Post Chaise may be had at any of the Stages on the Bath Road, to go Part or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for those who do not chuse to travel in the Night. By Command of the Post-Master-General,

Geo. Shelvocke, Secretary.

Advertisements.

Pursuant to an Order made by the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, bearing Date the 14th Day of September last past, for enlarging the Time for Thomas Gogney, now or late of East Dearham, in the County of Norfolk, Beer Brewer, a Bankrupt, to make a full Disclosure and Discovery of his Estate and Effects, for 48 Days, to be computed from the 21st Day of September last past; This is to give Notice, that the major Part of the Commissioners named in the said Commission, will meet on the 8th Day of November next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Thomas Allday, being the Sign of the King's Head Inn in the Market Place in the City of Norwich; when and where the said Bankrupt is required to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination; and the Creditors that have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Farthing, of Kings Lynn in the County of Norfolk, Merchant, intend to meet on the 6th Day of November next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, in Kings Lynn aforesaid, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, may come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Merrella Moverley, and Mary Power, of King-street, Covent Garden, in the County of Middlesex, Linnen-draper and Chapwomen, and Partners, intend to meet on the 9th of November next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupts Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Preston Chapman, of West-Smithfield, in the Parish of St. Sepulchre, London, Woollen-Draper, intend to meet on the 8th of November next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a second Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

Whereas the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Andrew Lavington, of the Parish of St. Leonard, in the County of Devon, Merchant; have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Andrew Lavington hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 2d of November next.

In the Gazette of Saturday last, in the Sixth Advertisement of the last Column, for John Dumbleton, read John Dumbleton