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Warsaw, August 26

THe Envoy which was lately here from the Czar of *Muscovy*, very earnestly pressed this Government to enter into a War with the Turks, in order to the forcing them out of the *Ukraine* and other Territories they now possess, formerly belonging to this Crown; so which end the Czar was very desirous to afford us all the assistance he could, and join his Forces with those of this State, so as they should act as our General, as Auxiliaries only; but that if the good of their common interest should afterward require it, the Czar would likewise declare War against the Port; These Propositions having been maturely debated in the Senate, it hath as we are told been resolved, that the offer of the Czar were much to the advantage of this Kingdom, as well as for the good of all Christendome, and therefore that they should be accepted by this State, and thanks returned by his Majesty, for this great argument of his Friendship, with an assurance that he should on all occasions find he like Resolutions on the part of this Crown, to promote his Interest; With this Answer the said Envoy returned home, and now we hear of nothing but War; That the general Rendezvous of the Army shall certainly be the latter end of this Month, or the beginning of the next; That it will consist in near 40000 fighting Men, and besides that, if there be any occasion, the Garrison of all the Nobility shall be called into the Field; We likewise expected to be assisted by the Elector of *Brandenburgh* and the Emperor; though we fear here the latter may not be able to have his hands full elsewhere.

Genova, Aug. 25. Signior *Duraz* our designed Envoy to the Court of *France*, is preparing for his journey, which is the more hastened, for that this Senate earnestly desires to see a final composition of all differences between his most Christian Majesty and this State; fearing, that if things continue in the state they now are, they may beget some ill consequence or another. In the mean time it is reported here, that the Crown of *Spain* endeavors to keep us from giving satisfaction to the French, as if they thought to make some advantages thereby, but without any success.

Venice, Aug. 27. By several Vessels which arrive here from the *Archipelago* and other Parts, we continued have advice of the great spoils which are committed by the Christian Gallies, upon the Vessels belonging to the Subjects of the Grand Signior, and that they are now become so considerable, that the Turkish Gallies dare hardly appear at Sea; The Gallies of *Malshah* have lately met with every good purchase, having taken one Turkish Galley, two Gallions, and two or three other small Vessels; Our Letters which we receive this week from the Port, tell us, that it is certainly said there, that the Grand Signior has turned all thoughts of a War, especially for this year, and that he is very desirous to conclude a Peace with the Crown of *Poland*, having to that end appointed Commissioners, in case the *Poles* shall show themselves ready to come into a Treaty; but on the contrary we hear, that they are resolved to lay hold of the oppor-

tunity which is offered them by the Czar of *Muscovy*, to recover what they lost the last Summer. He hath depended for a long time, a Process against Procurator *Morofini*, who was General for this State, during the late War with the Turks at *Gandia*, the chief point of his accusation being that he had misemployed the publick Moneys, and by that means not made the Provision he ought to have done, for the defence of that place, the examination of which matter having taken up much time, the Senate have at length determined it, in favor of the said General *Carofini*, who notwithstanding all the Malice of his Enemies, hath in this business vindicated his Honour, with a general applause.

Vienna, Aug. 26. We cannot yet certainly say when his Imperial Majesty intends to be back here, though the general discourse is, that it will be within ten or fourteen dayes; the Emperor has now on several occasions publicly declared his intended marriage with the Archduchess of *Sapruck*, and accordingly great preparations are making for the celebrating it in *October* next. From *Hungary* we have advice, that the Rebels have lately appeared in a great body near *Kalo*, and that General *Cop* upon notice thereof, was marched with what force he could bring together, in order to the dispersing them; Here has been some dayes since apprehended a Polish Gentleman, suspected of having held correspondence with the said Rebels. Our last Letters from the Imperial Army told us of their being Encamped near *Vuerembergh*, and that in a day or two they would break up from thence, and march towards *Fryconia*.

Ratisbonne, Sept. 4. Great endeavors have been used to bring the matter, concerning the general arming, debated in the Diet, to a conclusion; which as yet hath not been able to be done, by reason of the great diversity of opinions amongst the Deputies; In the mean time we hear of great difficulties that are in the Assemblies in the Circles of the *Lower Saxony*, *Franconia*, and *Sassia*, who refuse to joyn their Forces with those of the Emperor till such time as they are satisfied, that they are to be employed only for the defence of the Empire; The States of *Upper Saxony*, which were Assembled at *Muthausen*, are separated, and as yet we know not what they have done concerning the Levies, and the march of their Troops, far her, then that it is said, they have resolved not to joyn them with the Emperors Forces.

Frankfort, Sept. 4. Monsieur *de Furens* having advice that the Imperial Army was on its march towards these parts, divided into three Bodies, making up in all about 30 thousand Men, he immediately assembled his Forces likewise together, and making up an Army of 25000 with part of which he hath passed the *Main* at *Asthausenbourg*, with intention to advance into *Franconia*, to observe the Motions of the Imperialists, whilst the other part of his Army is left to secure such places, as may be of most concern to the Imperialists in their march.

Stricht, Sept. 12. The fourth instant the Prince of *Orange* invested *Naerden*, his Army consisting of about 25000 Men, of which, the greatest part were Spaniards, and the next day the place was besieged, from when till the eighth, they were at work about raising three

Batteries, which they finished that day, and opened at the same time their Trenches; the ninth, the Enemy began to fire upon the beleagued with their small Cannon, and the next day was brought into the Camp from *Amsterdam*, 12 great pieces of Cannon, carrying Bullets of 36 and 48 pounds; In the mean time the Spaniards advanced their Trenches, till within pistol shot of the Outworks of the place; which are not very strong; In the Town are only 2000 Men, amongst which three Troops of Horse; they have only 12 or 13 pieces of Cannon, carrying 18 pound Bullet, with which they make very little fire upon the Enemy, but in the mean time make use of their Muskets to very good purpose; The four Gates of the Town are continually open and the Horses feed in the Outworks the Enemy not daring to advance so far to take them away. The ninth instant at night, a party of 1100 Horse were Commanded out from hence towards *Ghrickland* to discover the Enemies Camp; in their march they hapned to rencounter with a party of 400 Dutch Horse, which they defeated, there escapin, not above 20 of the Dutch, and they most of them wounded. This evening comes a report to Town, as if *Nærdren* was taken, of which we expect a confirmation before we give any intrinse credit to it.

Paris, Sept. 16. From the French Conquests in *Flanders* they write, that the Prince of *Conde* had sent 3500 Horse towards *Ntrecht*, to reinforce the Duke of *Luxemburg*, in order to his relieving *Nærdren*, which is beleagued by the Dutch and Spanish Troops, under the Command of the Prince of *Orange*; The Letters add, that the Prince of *Conde* was bringing a considerable Body of Men together, and that he had appointed the Rendezvous to be near *Aeth*, and that they had advice there, that the Count de *Montreux*, Governor of the Spanish *Netherlands*, had strictly forbid the Inhabitants of those Countreys, to hold any Correspondence or Commerce with the Subjects of his most Christian Majesty, which hath given occasion to some to think, that a rupture between the two Crowns will ere long follow. From *Nancy* we have advice, that the eighth instant their Majesties returned thither from *Alsatis*, and intend to continue some time there. This morning early the Duke of *Orleans* parted hence for *Nancy*, whether the *Marschals de la Foye* de *France* are preparing to follow. The *Marquis de St. Andre* *Dunbrun* is lately dead. The 10 instant we received news of the taking of *Treves* by our Troops, after eight days Siege; which place his Majesty was forced to secure himself of in order to the removing the Spanish Troops from thence, who had put themselves into the place contrary to the desire of most of the Inhabitants, for whose sake this Siege was not carried on with so much earnestness, as otherwise would have been, to save the Town from what damage we possibly could; upon the surrender of the place, 800 Men marched out from thence for *Coblentz*.

Paris, Sept. 20. Our last advices from *Germany* telling us, that *Monsieur de Turanno* had passed the *Meiss* with his Artillery and part of his Army at *Aichsfenburgh*, with intentions to meet the Imperialists who were coming down towards him; we expect our next Letters will bring us something considerable; and in the mean time, are in greater expectation, because there are some Letters which say that the *Avant-Guard* of the two Armies were already come within few miles of each other but with what truth we know not, The Emperor having sent the Count de *Windsgriz* to the *Saxes* of the Upper and Lower *Sixony*, of *Saxia*, and *Franconia*, who have been lately Assembled, to press them to a Conjunction of their Forces with those of his Imperial Majesty; we are told that they made answer to the said Envoye, That they were indeed re-

solved to keep their Troops on peace, and the preservation of in them lay, but that they could Imperial Army till the Diet approved of the Emperors proceeds to be for the good of the publick Interest of Empire, which as yet, notwithstanding the several Declarations of the Emperor, they had not been able to do. We have some Letters from *Brussels* which say, That the Count de *Montreux* having lately consulted the States of the several Provinces; as to a War with *France*, they had all solemnly declared, that they thought it was by all means to be avoided, as what would bring with it the inevitable ruine of those Countreys; but what credit we may give hereunto, we as yet know not.

London, Sept. 13. The great Fleet of Merchant Men from *Kingstons*, being in all above 50 Sails, and very richly laden, according to the several parts they came from, with the three Dutch *East India* Prizes, are all safely together with their Convoy, arrived in the River of *Toumes*; The great Fleet of *Baden* Colliers, according to our advices, is likewise coming in, and would have been two or three days ago in the River, but that they have been hindered by ill weather and contrary winds.

We want at present two Posts from *Holland*, and as many from *Flanders*, so that we cannot give you any account of what hath lately passed in those parts.

Whitehall, Sept. 21. His Majesty hath conferred on the Right Honourable *Richard Lord de Power*, and *Carrahmore*, for the Merits and Services of his Ancestors, and his own, the Title and Dignity of an Earl, by the Name of *Richard Earl of Tyrone*, and *Vicount Decies* in the Kingdom of *Ireland*.

Whitehall, Sept. 12. This evening His Majesty Commanded the Earl of *Osborn* to go with all speed to the Bay of the *Nore*, to Command the Fleet, and to see all the Orders executed, given to his Highness Prince *Rupert* in case the Prince should return thither according to his Majesties hourly expectation of him.

Whitehall, Sept. 12. Upon Wednesday the tenth instant, His Majesty attended by the Principal Officers of the Navy, and divers other persons of Quality, went down to *Woolwich*, to see the Working of two *New Engines*, Contrived and Invented by *Sir Samuel Muslam*; who for some years has not unsuccessfully applied himself to the study of *Præctice* and *Publick* Use; And His Majesty was so well satisfied of their usefulness (on Man performing more by these Engines in eight Minutes able to do by any chain Pump, or other Engine yet in use, besides that they are of a small charge, and not easy to be put out of Order in many years) that he has Ordered one of these Engines to be carried to *Chatham*, to employ and clean that Dock of Water, which no Engineer or Artist could ever yet do effectually, as a thing which will be of no small advantage to his Shipping and Service, and intend also that some of these new Pumps shall be put up in all his Ships, great and small, and the chain Pump and other hand Pumps now in use, to be wholly laid aside, as probably they may likewise be at Land, these new Pumps being alike useful for Mines, Brewhouses, Wells, and all private Families whatsoever.

Avertisements.

Dr. Lockyer's Universal Pill, being entrusted by him, only with his Nephew *John Weiss* in *St. Thomas Southwark*, and *Thomas Eyre* without *Bishopgate*; and others having faithfully procured the knowledge of it; This gives notice, that the said Pills are now made by them, and for the prevention of Counterfeits, the Boxes are papered with their Names writ therein by their own hands, and Sealed with Three Borels Heads at one end, and at the other with Six Flower-de-luces, and Three Spar-Rowels.