## The London Gazette.

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Translation of the Journal of the Russian Army under the Command of Felt Marshal Lascy, printed at Moscow, the 21st of July.

First Relation of the 11th of July, from the Camp situated on the other Side of the River Kymen.

FTER having passed the two first Arms of the Kymen, we likewise passed on the 10th the third Arm of this River, with as much Difficulty as we found when we passed the former in the building of our Bridges, the River being very rapid, and having many Cataracts.

A Party of our Cossacks having swam across it in the Evening, they met a Party of the Enemy's Cavalry confifting of 40 Men, whom they cut to Pieces, making a Subaltern Officer and eight Soldiers Prisoners, and there were but three who faved themselves in a neighbouring Wood. Other Parties of Cossacks brought to our Camp above 300 Head of Cattle and Hor-The same Day, the 10th, I sent the Brigadier General Prince Cantimir with a Detachment to reconnoitre the Enemy 28 Wersts advanced before us at Abersfors, who faw one of their Guards on the other Side of the River, and approached so near, that he fired on them, which the Swedes did not answer. In returning they took a Peasant, who reported, that the Swedish Army had passed the 6th a Place called Pithos, going to Borgo, which he himself had seen; that one Part of this Army stayed at Aberssors, on the other Side of the River, and that he had heard that the Swedish Avant Guard had got to Borgo, and that they were to go, as the Report went, to Helfingfors, or elsewhere. That he had also heard, that the Fleet remained near the Island Aspo; but that he himself had seen, three Days before, the Fleet of Gallies and some Frigates at the said Pithos. The Enemy, in retiring, burn their Bridges, cut down the Corn, ruin the Ways, and carry off whatever they find in the Villages. I will endeavour to pursue them immediately to Abersfors, where the Gallies will join me, and if they should be gone from thence, I will follow them farther without Loss of Time.

Second Relation of the 13th of July, from the Camp near a Place called Kypis.

The 11th we marched 11 Wersts forward to Kypis, and having thrown a Bridge there over the River, a considerable Detachment of our Cavalry and Grenadiers, with many General Officers, went still 12 Wersts and a half sarther, to Pithos. There we found a Bridge burnt down, and another broke. The Hussars, by my Order, swam over the River, and advanced five Wersts, to Aberssors, where they saw but sew of the Enemy, whom they fired at across the River. After having built a Bridge at Pithos, I ordered a Detachment of the Army to pass it, with some Field Pieces, with Directions to go to Aberssors, to make the Hussars pass the River there, in order to reconnoitre the Country

as far as Rernokirki, and to follow the Hussars thither, there being no more Rivers to pass, and from thence to send the Hussars to Borgo, who are to endeavour to demolish that Town. The Body of the Army is as this Day, the 13th, in the Camp at Kypis. I have ordered our Fleet, confisting of 43 Gallies, and many Prahms and Bomb Vessels, under the Command of General Lewaschoff, to go to Borgo, and from thence to Helsingfors, to search for the Enemy's Gallies, which we shall follow with all possible Diligence.

Messina, July 23, N. S. The Patron of a Messanese Bark which arrived here the 18th Inflant in two Days from Port Farin near Tunis, gives an Account, that the French, who have a Settlement at a Place called La Cella in the Kingdom of Algiers, with a Garrison of between 800 and 1000 Men, some sew Days before the said Patron lest Port Farin, drew out 400 of them, and, in the Night Time, made a Descent on the Island of Tabarca, thinking to have surprized it, but, by fome Means or other, the Moors having penetrated their Defign, laid themselves so in Ambuth, that when the French were all landed, the Moors came out, and fell upon them with fuch Bravery, that, on the Spot, they killed near 200 of them, and took the others Prisoners, with 30 or 40 Officers, whose Heads, by Order of the Bey, were cut off, and laid in the Tavern or Wine Cellar which the French have in Tunis. On the 15th Instant arriv'd here the Queen of Heaven, a Venetian Brigantine, Captain Peter Balasan, from Tripoli de Barbaria, who has a Passenger on board performing his Quarantine here, one Abraham Caragular, that says he is going on an Embassy to England from the Bey of Tripoli.

Lisbon, July 30. The 9th Instant the King fet out for the Caldas and arrived there the next Day, with less Fatigue than could have been expected. The 12th the Queen went thither, and all the Royal Family are now there. The Prince Don Francisco, who had been out of Order before he set out, was taken very ill a sew Days after he arrived, and died the zift; his Body has been brought to Town and buried at St. Vicente de Fora, where several of the Royal Family lye interred. By Letters of the 25th from Caldas, we hear, that the King has taken the fourth Bath, that his Majesty is better, and that the Waters agree with his Constitution, altho' they have not yet to intirely restored to him the Use of his left Side, as was expected and wish'd.

Lisbon, July 31. By a Letter from Oporto dated the 21st Instant, there is Advice, that Captain Elton, of the Deal Castle, having met on his Cruize with his Britannick Majesty's Ship the Loo, they went into Vigo River and demanded Contribution, but, upon the Inhabitants resusing to comply, the Captains had cannonaded the Town, burnt and destroyed three Vessels, and carried off a fourth, which proved to be an English Prize.

Florence, Aug. 11, N. S. Cardinal Borghese, Protector of Germany, and invested with the Character

