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From Gunday September 1. to Lhu (Cap September 4 1673.

Leghorn, Aug. 19.

He Galleys of this State came the tenth instant into Porto Ferraro, having with them feveral Prizes and in them 114 Slaves; They are fince gone out again from thence, in search of the three Tu, kish Galleys that lately appeared on this Coast. From Genoua we hear, that that Senate hath finally refolved to fend Signior Durazzo, in quality of their Envoy to the most Chri-

flian King.

Warsam Aug. 19. The Kings journey towards the Frontiers of Russia, in order to his being present at the Rendezvous of the Army, is still deterred from time to time, and now is fixed for the 26 of this month; Yesterday were taken out of the Arsenal here, eight pieces of Cannon to be sent to the Army, where they intend, as is said, to have a Train of Artillery of 53 Pieces. From the Frontiers they write, that the Turks at Caminiec begin to be in great fear of our Troops, for that they have but a weak Garrison at present there, and not any prospect of succors from the Port; and the Tartars are at present so well-employed in detending themselves against the Muscovites and Cossacks, that we have not much to apprehend from them; To that many People are defirous we should lay hold of this occasion, to recover what we lost the last years though our Governors feem not very forward to enter their felves into a War.

Egra, Aug. 26. The 18 instant, as we formerly told you, his Imperial Majetty arrived here, and the 20 the Elector of Saxons with the young Prince his Son, sal Prince Murits his Brother, his Imperial Majesty ha-wing been about half a mile out of Town, to receive his Electoral Highness; The 22 was the general Muster of the Army which was composed of 22500 Foot, and 14000 Horse; and sesterday they broke up from hence, and took their march towards Nurembergh in the Upper Palatinate; and this day his Imperial Majesty is gone hence for Prague; and the Elector of Saxony on

his return to Dreflen.

Neurembergh, Sept. 1. The Imperial Army about 36000 Men strong, having broke up from Egra the 25 past, and taken their march through the Upper Palatinate, are come to lodge within two Leagues of this place having their principal quarter at Lauffen; the Army for their better convenience march in three Bodies, and intendro continue their way towards Rottenbourg on the Tauber, and Heilbror, in the Dutchy of Wirtembergh, and so forward. General Spork has the Vanguard of the Army, and as we are told, has Orders to fecure himself of some considerable Passes on the Main; In the interim, the French Army, under the Command of Monsieur de Turenne, advances daily up higl er in o the Empire to meet the Imperialists, so that we may suddainly expect to hear of some action.

Cologne, Sept. 1. The Mediators having been some weeks fince made acquainted with the lowest conditions of the two Kings, by their Plenipotentiaries here, and having sufficiently signified the same to the Dutch Ambaffadors, fo far, asto declare to them very folemnly, that if they would not comply with those conditions, which were fo just and easy, They the Mediators must

justify to the world the proceedings of the two Kings in order to a Peace, and declare the States to be the cause of the continuance of the War, and of all the confequences that may attend it; notwithstanding which pressing instances of the Mediators, frequently repeated to the Dutch Ambassadors, they continue in the same oblinacy as formetly. Eight or nine Regiments of the Elector of Colognes Troops, uncer the Command of Monsieur Lansbergh, have joyned Monfieur de Turennes Army, who has passed great part of his Artillery over the Main to Nahen, while he with the gross of his Army intends to march towards Tauber. The Elector of Bavaria's Army lies, as we hear, between Nurembergh and Ratisbonne. Yesterday the Mediators entertained all the Ambassadors and Persons of the chiefest quality here at a Ball, and a very noble

Din o, Sept. 5 From Francfort of the fourth instant they write, that Monsseur de Turenne was broken up with his Army from his Quarters on the Main, having first possessed himself of Fridbergh and Achaffenbourg, and Marchea rowards Wit abourg and Rottenbourgh, to meet the Imperialists, who are coming down that way. According to our advices from the French Court we have advice, That his most Christian Majesty having parted the 24 past from Nancy, lodged that night at Luneville, the 25 at Raon, the 26 at Sr. Dey, the 27 at Markirke, the 28 at Ribanvillers and the next day intended to be at Brifack; that the Towns of Colmar and Schlestat in Alsatia, had received French Garrisons into them, being very considerable places for the security of his Majetties affairs in this conjuncture. On friday night last, the Magistrates of this place received news of the taking of Treves by the French, though our Letters arrived fince from Coblenta contradict it The same day in the afternoon was held a Conference at the Carmes, and yellerday was held another, though, we do not learn what hath paffed, farther then that the Ambassadors of England and France observing the delays the Dutch use, and their aversion speedily to conclude a peace, have fer them a day to give in a final Answer to the Propositions made to them.

Paris, Sept. 2. Our last Letters from the Court advise us, of their Majesties arrival with the whole Court at Brisac; That it was once said, that his Majesty intended to advance farther up into the Empire, but at the coming away of these Letters, the discourse as Court was, that his Majesty would in eight days be

back at Nancy.

Bruffels, Sept. 9. Our Governor the Count de Montercy has been to visit the Fortifications at Vilvorde, which are said to be almost finished. Our Letters from Germany affure us, that the Imperial Army had paffed through the Upper Palatirate, and took their way with large Marches towards Franconia, with intentions as is given out, to Fight the French, under the Command of Monsieur de Turenne, which if so, we may every day expect to hear of a Battle, feeing the French Army advances likewife to meet them. Here hath been this day a report in Town, that Trever was taken by the Marquis de Rochefort, and the Forces under his Command, but we cannot hear that it comes with any certainty. From the French Conquests in Flanders

they write, that they are every where very busie to repair their Fortifications, and to put themselves into the best posture; The Prince of Conde is come from Tournay to Lifle, and as is faid, will remain there fome short time. The States General we are told, continue to press with great instance our Governor, to declare against the French, and though his Excellency still keeps them up with promises, that he will ere long fatisfie them in this particular, yet in the mean time nothing is in reality done therein that we can yet hear of, The Dutch have drawn their Forces towards Amsterdam, his Highness the Prince of Orange intending it feems o make fome attemp on the French on that fide. And our Letters just now arrived from Holland fay, that the Prince is fet down before Naerden.

Antworp, Sept. 5. In our lait we rold you, that the Prince of Orang was bringing I is Army together near Amsterdam, which c me, confirmed to us by Letters of the fourth, wherein they reli us, that the Prince with his Army and the Spatim A xiliary Troops had passed the Amstel, on he helt in second of this month, and that they were at the c ming away of these Letters, Encamped along the Faert between Amsterdam and Htrecht, to hinder the Communication betwixt the French Garrisone, so that it was generally believed, the Prince would within few days befrege either utrecht, Aernhem, or Nacrden; they likewise write, that the Dutch Fleet was come more Westerly, for that they had been feen the fecond and third off of Egmont and Putten.

Ditto, Sept. 9. All the news from Holland is, of the Prince of Oranges being fet down with his Army before Naerden, our Letters adding, That the fixth infant they were advanced to the Outworks of the Tovn, who in the mean time makes a very vigorous resistance. From Zcaland they write that all the Forces were drawn out of that Province, and were marched to joyn the Dutch Army; in the mean time the People in Hol-Land are extreamly disheartened at the certain news they now have of four of their East India Ships being taken by the English.

Heerenveen, Sept. 2. By three Souldiers that came hither yesterday from the Enemies Camp, where they were Prisoners, but made an escape, we have advice, that having done us all the mischief they could, plundered and destroyed a great many considerable Villages, and taken away abundance of Cattle, they refolved to Retreat again to the several places from whence they had been drawn out for this Expedition, to that purpose they quit ed the Scans by Blefferbrugge, which they had possessed themselves of some days before, and the 31 of the last MonthEncamped on the Heath near Steenwyck, being according to their own report, 4000 Horse and 3000 Foot, and yesterday they broke up from thence, and are marched towards Nimmegen, Zutphon, Go. their former Quarters; fince their retreat Prince Maurity, has sent some of his Troops to take possession again of the several Posts which the Enemy had forced them to quit, upon their falling into this Province.

Amsterdam, Sept. 4. We have for these three days past had very high winds and foul weather, and our bleet, which continues still in their station near the Texel, hath as we hear, received much damage, many of our Ships having lost their Ankors, and some spent their Masts. Our Army lies at present at Loojdrecht, and in Gravelant, where the Prince of Orange has published a free Leger. On Saturday last passed through this place an Express for the Hagne, who came from Eqr. the 26 inflant, he reported, that the general Muster of the Imperial Forces there was on the 22, and that they were 38000 Men. We are here in great expectation to hear of our East India Ships, and whilst we have not any account of them, we are in great pain,

that they are fallen into the hands of the Enemy.

Hague, Sept. 5. Several resorts are spread abroad concerning our East India Ships, we expected home, whilst there be those that endeavor to perswade us, that they are fafe in Bergen, or some other-Port, though in the mean time the dejected countenance of those, who are most concerned, makes us suspect the worst. Our Army, which it is said, consists of 25,000 Men; lies at present Encamped at Loofdrecht, between Htrecht and Navrden, one of which places the Prince of Orange intends to Attack; Collonel Palm is with four Regiments encamped not far from Utrecht on the side of the White Port; Monsicur Fariau hath invested Nucrden, and in the mean time, a great many small Vessels, mounted with 5,6, and 8 Guns apiece, ly before Bommet, and keep that place in continual Allarm. Our Fleet lies still near the Texes, and are, we hear, to continue there till our Eastland Fleet is arrived, which we daily expect home.

From the Camp at Loofdrecht, Sept. 5. We are at prefent Encamped here with 25000 Men, reckoning those which ly under the Command of Collonel Paim near Utrecht, and those which Invest Naerden, under the Command of the Sieur Eariau. This afternoon his Highness the Prince of Oringe received advice, that 5000 French i offe were passed the River Leck at Wycke to Duerslede, between Utrecht and

Acrnheim.
Amsterdam, Sept. 9 Our Letters dated yesterday from the Camp before Maerden tell us, The fifth inthan at night Orders were given to the Troops, to have themselves in readiness to march the next Morning early, when his Highness received intelligence, that 5000 French Horle were entred into Utreel ; whereupon, Orders were immediately given to march towards Naerden, 5000 Men having been only left at Loofdrecht, to guard our Polls, where we arrived about II a clock; About three in the attention, they began to form the Siege, and to work on the Retrenchments, and to raife four Batteries, which were in a posture of desence, the next Morning by eight a clock; The fe-venth in the afternoon arrived from Amsterdam through the South Sea, three floting Batteries made Boats, to batter the Town on the lide of the water; The eighth they fired very furiously into the Town, who were not wanting to answer them in the same kind. fo that that Morning there were about fourfcore killed and wounded in the Camp; In the Town we hear 4 they have 2000 Men in Garrison, and that our Army confifts of 20000 Men; In the mean time they expect in the Camp 6000 Men more, to come and joyn them, being to be drawn out of Breda, Bergen op Zoom, Willemstadt, and other places; for the French we hear are bringing together a confiderable Body of Men. to relieve the place.

Advertisements. The Adventurers to Gambia, will fell by the Candle on the Tenth of September nest, being Wednesday, by eight of the Clock in the Morning, at the African-House in Throckmorron-fireet, London, A 'arcel of Elephants Teeth, Wax, Hides, Barbadoes-Sugars, A, a -Silk, and Fifty Tuns of Old-Guinen, R E D-W O O D for Dying; which R E D-W O O D they, will set up by a l'un in a Lot a' 501 the Tun, to advance 10 s, each bidding, whereby all Persons that have occasion thereof, may be supplyed and they will sell an more R E D-W O O D.

may be supplied, and they will fell no more RE D-WOGD, until the tenth of December next.

These are to give notice, there will be no publick Musick, at the Musick-School in White Fryers, till Michaelmas

There is lately an Estate in the County of Lancaster, saller to one Thomas Holt, a Lancastric Man, of a small stature, black complexion, curled Hair, about the age of 55 years, who was some times Coachman to Sir Edward Asson, but hath nore been heard of by his Relations these three years last past, now if any person can give an account of him, they are requested to give notice to Mr. Felton at his House in Blew Bores-Head Yard in Westminster, and the said Person will satisfy them for their pains. tisfy them for their pains,