

shall be our Care so to dispose of this charitable Fund, as may best answer the excellent Purposes for which it is designed.

The Choice your Majesty hath again been pleased to make of the Earl of Leven, to represent your Royal Person in this Assembly, is most agreeable to us, his known Abilities for discharging the high Trust reposed in him, his great Zeal for your Majesty's Person and Government, his firm Attachment to the true Interests of this Church, and his prudent Conduct in the last Assembly, lay us under the strongest Obligations to concur with him in bringing this Meeting to a happy Conclusion.

That God may eminently bless your Majesty, and plentifully reward your many and great Favours to this Church; that he may long preserve you for the Happiness of all your Majesty's Subjects, and bless your Majesty's Arms in the just and necessary War, in which your Majesty is now engaged, for vindicating the Honour of your Crown, and redressing the Injuries done to your Subjects; and that he may prosper all your Endeavours for restoring the Peace, and preserving the Liberties of Europe; that he may abundantly bless the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke, the Princesses, the Issue of the Prince and Princess of Wales, and all the Branches of your Royal Family; and that after a long and happy Reign on Earth over an obedient and affectionate People, your Majesty may inherit an immortal Crown of Glory, are the fervent Prayers of,

May it please your Majesty,

Your Majesty's most faithful, most obedient, and most loyal Subjects,

The Ministers and Elders met in the National Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

Signed in our Name, in our Presence, and at our Appointment, by

Edinburgh,

May 8, 1742.

Thomas Tulledeph,  
Moderator.

Stockholm, April 27. This Day was published here a Manifesto signed by the King, in Answer to that lately published at Moscow, in relation to the Dutchy of Finland.

*N. B. A Translation of the Swedish Manifesto above-mentioned, will be inserted in the next Gazette, it being of too great Length to be prepared for To-day.*

Vienna, May 9. General Stench, whom Count Khevenhuller had left to command in Munich, having abandoned that Capital, and retired to Tyrol with the Garrison, without Orders, General Berenclau went immediately, by Count Khevenhuller's Direction, to retake Possession of it, which he accordingly did, but lost a Captain and 40 Grenadiers in the Attack. The Queen has ordered M. Stench to be judged by a Council of War. The last Advices from Prague say, that the Sickness has increased to such a Degree amongst the French and Bavarians in Garrison there, that they have thought fit to encamp without the Town. This Morning two Companies on Horseback, and two Companies on Foot, of a new Sort of Hungarian Militia, from the Frontiers of Servia, upon the Borders of the Danube, passed through this Town in their Way to Bohemia. They profess the Greek Religion, and are of a very warlike Temper. They are as disciplin'd as any old regular Troops, and

made the finest Appearance imaginable. They are to be followed by several other Companies, and it is not doubted but that they will prove very useful even in a ranged Battle. By the Letters from Ketchkemet there is Advice, that 6000 Transylvanians, Foot and Horse, had passed there in their Way towards Scaltich or Jablunka, and were to be followed by 3000 more.

Rendsburg, May 17. Yesterday in the Forenoon the Court arrived here, and after Dinner his Danish Majesty reviewed the only Regiment of Dragoons, with the elder Margrave's Regiment of Foot, and saw the latter perform their Exercise. To Day the Regiment of Dombroich, and that of the Prince of Glucksburg, both Infantry, are to take their Turn; and the four Companies of Artillery, which constantly reside here, are to spring a Mine, and play off a Firework. To-morrow the Court removes to Dragoe, in order to spend three or four Days there; after which, it seems to be not absolutely determined which Way they will proceed, though most probably it will be to Denmark.

Berlin, May 20. According to the Account given by the Count of Wartensleben, dispatch'd hither two Hours after the Battle of Czallaw, the Prussian Army did not amount to above 20000 Men, and that of the Austrians to 30000. That on the Prussian Side the Generals Werdyck and Wedel, the Colonels Schwerin and Bismarck, and the Colonel of the Regiment of the Prince of Holstein, were killed; the Generals Waldo and Rottenburg, Colonel Succow, and a great Number of Field Officers mortally wounded. Besides the Regiment of Prince William, Brother to the King, the Regiments of Horse whose Commanders were wounded, have suffered extremely, as likewise among the Infantry, those of Prince Leopold of Dessau, Holstein, de la Motte, and Moulin. That the other Corps of Infantry had but little Share in the Action. On the Side of the Austrians one General was killed; General Pallant wounded and taken Prisoner; and that Prince Charles, seeing he could not succeed in his Design, retreated.

Hague, May 24, N. S. The Prussian Minister here has received Advice by Express, that on the 17th Instant, N. S. there had been a general Action in the Neighbourhood of Czallaw, near Chrudim in Bohemia, between the Prussian and Austrian Armies, the former commanded by the King of Prussia, and the latter by Prince Charles of Lorrain, which lasted several Hours, and ended in the Defeat of the Queen of Hungary's Forces, who had 6000 Men killed upon the Spot; that the Prussians had only lost 2000, and remained Masters of the Field of Battle, from whence the Courier was dispatch'd the same Day.

Whitehall, May 18.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint James Tyrrell, Esq; Lieutenant General of his Majesty's Forces, to be Governor of the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and of Holy Island, in the room of General Thomas Whetham, deceased. And,

Adam Williamson, Esq; Major General of his Majesty's Forces, to be Governor of the Fort and Blockhouse of West Tilbury, in the County of Essex, with the Intrenchments and

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