

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday May 4. to Saturday May 8. 1742.

Rome, April 28, N. S.

**C**ardinal Borghese having accepted the Dignity of Protector of the German Empire, acquainted the Pope therewith in an Audience. The Cardinal del Giudice has ordered to be taken off from the Arms erected before his Palace, the Imperial Eagle, and has kept only the Austrian Arms and those of the Kingdoms and States possessed by the Queen of Hungary, with those of Medicis and Naples, Sicily and Jerusalem. The Pope being informed that the Spaniards had made considerable Magazines in Ferrara, and guarded them by a Picquet of 50 of their Soldiers, ordered the Cardinal Legate to oblige them to transport forthwith those Provisions some where else, and to drive the Spaniards out of the Town, for which Purpose he gave him Leave to send for a Detachment of the Garrison from Fort Urbain; he has likewise complained to Cardinal Acquaviva of this Breach of Promise, the Spaniards having engaged that none of their Troops should come into the Towns of Rome, Civita Vecchia, Loretto, Ancona, Ferrara, or Boulogne. Part of the Duke de Montemar's Army have taken Possession in the Ferrarese of the Estates of Sanmartina and Diamantina, belonging to the Duke of Modena, and have sent Parties to Ponte de Lago Scuro, and the Neighbourhood, to view the most convenient Passages of the Po. The Austrians on their Side have sent 500 Men and some Horse to Revere, where they are fortifying themselves. On the Side of Boulogne the Spaniards are advanced as far as Castel Bolognese, and it seems to be their Intention to go in a few Days in quest of Count Traun's Army. It is assured that the Duke de Montemar has received the necessary Money to begin the Operations of the Campaign. The Duke of Castropignano has been at Rimini to confer with the Duke de Montemar. There is as yet no Advice of the Neapolitan Troops being on their March, in order to join the Army of the Spanish General.

*Genoa, May 2.* Two Days ago a Courier from Antibes brought Advice, that Don Phillip arrived there the 29th past, and that about 400 Spanish Horse had likewise reach'd that Place, the Remainder, to the Number of 5000, with 10000 Infantry, being expected daily. Yesterday came in a Packet from Barcelona, with Advice, that Orders were come from Court for all the Barks that were there, to proceed directly for Antibes, where the Troops that are marching by Land are to embark. They write from Marseilles, that four Gallies and two Frigates were going for Barbary, to adjust the Differences between the French Court and the Bey of Tunis

and Algiers; that the French Admiral at Toulon had given Liberty to Part of the Seamen to retire to their Families for a few Days, and that the Spaniards were almost refitted, but in great Want of Men, having lost above one Third by Desertion. Private Councils are every Day held here about the Affairs of Corfica, which are said to be in a bad Situation. The Duke of Miranda, Ambassador from the King of Naples, is still here, waiting to compliment Don Phillip on his Arrival in Italy; from whence it is conjectured that he may land in some Port of this Republick. A Vessel is arrived at Leghorn in 48 Hours from Toulon, which brings Advice, that Orders had been given for all the Seamen to return to their respective Ships.

*Olmutz, April 29.* On the 22d in the Evening, the Peasants of Mirau and Miglitz brought to our Army at Oltschan, 19 Prussians whom they made Prisoners. The Peasants being informed that our Army was in the Neighbourhood, surrounded this Detachment, and required them to surrender, but they having made some Opposition, the Peasants killed immediately four upon the Place, and wounded five or six of them, and had certainly killed them all, if some of our Hussars had not come in. These Peasants desired to have 100 Hussars, with whom they were sure they could defend the Road of Leutomschel, so as not one Prussian could pass, and offered at the same time to entertain them at their own Charge. On the 23d we had Intelligence at Oltschan, that the Enemy having been informed of the Approach of the Queen's Army, had abandoned the Town of Olmutz in the Night, in great Confusion, and had retired towards Sternberg, whither they were pursued by a Thousand of our Hussars, some Companies of Grenadiers and Carabineers, and a Thousand Croats. The heavy Artillery from Brinn, which was coming hither, was ordered back. Sixty four Prussian Deserters arrived here in the Afternoon, and in the Evening 80 more came to Olmutz. The 24th, the Hussars who pursued the Enemy, took from them 16 Field Pieces and some Baggage Waggons, and in the Afternoon they carried off four heavy Cannon, and 45 Waggons, after having entirely defeated two Battalions that covered the Baggage. Towards Evening his Serene Highness Prince Charles, followed by some Generals, arrived here. It is past Belief how much the Inhabitants are incensed against the Prussians. Moravia is now free of the Enemy; the Barbarities they have committed there are not to be imagined. It is assured that the King of Prussia is at Chridim in Bohemia, with a Body of 4000 Men. This Afternoon came in here 75 Prussian Deserters. The Provisions found in this

[ Price Two Pence. ]

