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From Saturday April 11. to Justbay April 14, 1741.

By the Lords Juffices General and General Governors of Ireland,

A PROCLAMATION,

Hugh Armach. Robt. Jocelyn C. Hen. Boyle. W Hereas his Majefty has fignified unto us his Royal Pleafure, that the Parliament of this Kingdom, which now ftands prorogued to Thurfday the Ninth Day of April Inftant, be further prorogued to Tuefday the Twenty Fifth Day of August next; we do therefore publish and declare, that the faid Parliament be, and accordingly the faid Parliament is, hereby further prorogued to Tuefday the Twenty Fifth Day of August next: Whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this prefent Parliament, are to take Notice accordingly.

> Given at His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, the Third Day of April, 1741.

By their Excellencies Command, J. Potter. God fave the King.

Berlin, April 15, N. S. On Thurfday laft arrived here an Officer from Silefia, preceded by five Poftillions: This Officer had been difpatch'd by the King of Pruffia to give the two Queens an Account in general, and by Word of Mouth, that on the 10th Iuftant there had been an Action between the Pruffians and the Auftrians, in which his Pruffian Majefty had been victorious; and that another Express fhould foon follow with the Particulars. Accordingly the next Day at Noon arrived here another Officer, preceded by 16 Poftillions, who brought the following

Account. That the Auftrian Army under the Command of Helt-Marshal Count Neiperg was advanced into Silesia; and his Pruthan Majefty being informed they were marching directly towards him, he immediately drew together all the Troops he could; and made the necessary Dispositions for a Battle. That on Monday the 10th Inftant the two Armies met and engaged at a Place called Molwitz or Mogwitz, about a League on this Side Neifs. That the Fight began at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, and lafted till Six in the Evening, when the Auftrians thought proper to retire in very good Order under the Cannon of Neifs; leaving the Field of Battle to the Pruffians: That the Action was sharp, and bloody on both Sides; that in the beginning the Austrians drove back the left Wing of the Pruffians, at which Lieutenant General Count Schulenbourg commanded, who had the Misfortune to be killed at the first Onset; but that this Confusion was soon after redressed by the Grenadiers which his Pruthan Majesty had inter-mixed with the Horse; such a Disposition being thought neceffary upon the Information his Pruffian Majesty had received that the Austrians were superior to him in Cavalry. The Attatek on the Pruffians Right Wing was as warm as that on the Left, Five Squadrons of Schulenbourg's Dragoons having been almost all destroyed. The Regiment of Carabineers of Count Wartensleben suf-fered also very much, as did the first Bar-tallion of Guards, who had 16 Officers killed or wounded out of 25. The whole Loss of the Auftrians, according to the Accounts the two Queens have, is 4000 killed, wounded or Prifoners; and they make that of the Pruffian Army to be 600 killed; and 1200 wounded.

