

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday April 28. to Tuesday May 1. 1739.

Petersbourg, April 7.

THIS Court has received Advice directly from Turkey, that the Rebel Saribeg Oglow had intirely defeated near Aidin, in the Neighbourhood of Smyrna, the Caimacan who had been sent against him from Constanti-nople with 10,000 Men, and had taken all his Artillery; which good Success has so encouraged others to join Saribeg Oglow, that his Army was increased to 50,000 Men. Her Majesty has named M. Chernishoff, one of the Gentlemen of her Bed-Chamber, first Chamberlain to Princess Anne; and M. Soltikoff is made one of the Gentlemen of that Princess's Bed-Chamber.

Vienna, April 25, N. S. This Court has lately received Advices from Transylvania, Temeswaer, and Belgrade, that according to the Report of the Inhabitants confining upon the Turkish Frontiers, great Rejoycings had been made at Widdin, occasioned by the Seraskier of that Place, who upon the Deposition of the Grand Vizier, had been called to that great Post.

Vienna, April 29, N. S. The Emperour and Empress went the Day before Yesterday to Laxemberg, and in the Way reviewed a Regiment of Wurtzburg and several Recruits from the Empire.

Leipsick, April 30, N. S. Yesterday their Polish Majesties returned to Hubertsbourg in their Way to Dresden, where they propose to be the 3d of next Month. Orders are now sent to the Saxon Auxiliaries to march into Transylvania, and relieve the same Number of Men now in that Country under the Command of Prince Lobkowitz, which will thereon join the main Army.

Dresden, May 3, N. S. By Letters from Warsaw it is reported, that the Grand Visier is deposed, and that the Seraskier of Widdin is promoted to that Post in his Room.

April 30, 1739.

Whereas the Post-Boy, who was bringing the grand West Mail up to London, was set upon the 29th Instant in the Morning, between Crookborn and Sherborn, by one Man, who snapt a Pistol at him, and obliged him to dismount, and then bound him Hand and Foot, and rode off with the Mail, which contained the following Bags, viz. The Plymouth, Exeter, Launceston, Dartmouth, Bodmyn, Ashburton, Totness, Barnstaple, with the Bags of that Branch; Cambleford, Oakhampton, St. Cullum's, Truroe, Crookborn, Lyme, Axminster, Wellington, Minehead, Taunton, Ilminster, Bridport, Chard, Tiverton, Honiton, and Teovill.

This is to give Notice, that any Person or Persons who shall apprehend the said Highwayman, or Person who committed the said Robbery, will, upon his being convicted, be entitled to the Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, besides the Reward by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen. Or if any one Accomplice in the said Robbery shall make a Discovery of the Person who committed the Fact, such Accomplice will be entitled to the said Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, and also have the King's most gracious Pardon.

*By Order of his Majesty's Postmaster General,
J. D. Barbut, Secretary.*

Bank, 14 December, 1738.

Upon a Representation from His Majesty's Postmaster-General, That it is apprehended that the Expectation of finding Bank Bills in the Letters, gives Encouragement to the frequent Robbery of the Mails; The Bank of England, to contribute what in them lies to put a Stop thereto, and to render their Bills of no Significancy or Value to those who are guilty of such flagitious Practices, do declare, That for the Benefit and Security of those who have Occasion to transact Money Affairs in the Country, they will from and after the First Day of January next (instead of Three Days