

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday July 30. to Saturday August 3. 1723.

Whit-hall, July 26.

**T**O the Intent that no Person may through Ignorance of the Law or Inadvertency omit complying with the Directions of the Act herein after set forth, and incur the Penalties thereby inflicted, it is thought proper to insert the same at large in this Gazette; and all Persons whatsoever, both Men and Women, in England, Scotland, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, respectively, being of the Age of 18 or upwards, and not having taken the Oaths therein mentioned before the First Day of the last Session of Parliament, are to take Notice that they are obliged to take the said Oaths within the Time, and in some of the Courts prescribed for that Purpose, at their Peril, without any Summons or Notice for their so doing, or in Default thereof to Register their Names and real Estates in such Manner as the said Act requires, under the Penalty of forfeiting all such real Estate as they, or any Person or Persons in Trust for them, shall be seized of, or otherwise interested in, at the Time when they ought to have made such Register.

Anno Nono Georgii Regis.

*An Act to oblige all Persons, being Papists, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, and all Persons in Great Britain, refusing or neglecting to take the Oaths appointed for the Security of His Majesty's Person and Government, by several Acts hereto mentioned, to Register their Names and Real Estates.*

**W**HEREAS since His Majesty's Happy Accession to the Crown of these Realms, divers Rebellions, Insurrections, and Traiterous Conspiracies have been entred into, and carried on, for the Destruction of His Majesty's most sacred Person and Government, the overturning our Religious and Civil Rights, and for placing a Popish Pretender on the Throne: And whereas the Papists, and other Persons, refusing to take the Oaths appointed by Law to be taken to His Majesty, have enjoyed, and do still enjoy the Protection and Benefits of the Government, as well as the rest of His Majesty's Subjects, yet have been Notoriously concerned in Contriving, Stirring up, and Supporting the said Rebellions, Insurrections, and Conspiracies, by which it most manifestly appears, that they take themselves to be obliged, by the Principles they profess, to be Enemies to His Majesty and the present Happy Establishment; and so far as it is highly reasonable, that the Government should be thoroughly acquainted with, and apprized of the Number, Names, and Real Estates of such disaffected Persons, as aforesaid, in order more effectually to prevent, disappoint or punish the like Traiterous Attempts for the future, in such Manner, as by the Wisdom of Parliament shall hereafter be thought proper; Be it therefore Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, inhabiting in that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, who shall be at the Age of Eighteen Years or upward, not having already taken the Oaths appointed to be taken in and by an Act made in the First Year of His Majesty's Reign, [Intituled, *An Act for the further Security of His Majesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown in the Heirs of the late Princess Sophia being Protestants, and for extinguishing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of Wales, and his open and secret Abettors;*] and who shall neglect or refuse to take the said Oaths on or before the Twenty fifth

[Price Three-Half-Pence.]

Day of Decembet, One thousand seven hundred and twenty three, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or at the General or Quarter-Sessions for the County, City, Town, Liberty; or Division, where such Person or Persons shall live or inhabit, all and every such Person or Persons, who shall neglect or refuse to take the said Oaths by the Time aforesaid, shall, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, Register, or cause to be Registered, their respective Names and Real Estates, in such and the same Manner and Form, as Papists were obliged and directed to Register their Names and Real Estates, in and by an Act passed in the First Year of His Majesty's Reign [Intituled, *An Act to oblige Papists to Register their Names and Real Estates;*] and also by another Act made and passed in the Third Year of His Majesty's Reign, [Intituled, *An Act for explaining an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, Intituled, An Act to oblige Papists to Register their Names and Real Estates, and for enlarging the Time for such Registering, and for securing Purchases made to the Protestants;*] and the respective Officers, appointed by the said last mentioned Acts, passed in the First and Third Years of His Majesty's Reign, appointed and directed to take and receive the Registers of the Names and Real Estates of such Papists, are hereby authorized and required to take and receive the Register of the Names and Real Estates, which are by virtue of this Act appointed to be Registered, in such and the same Manner and Form, as by the said last mentioned Acts are prescribed in relation to Papists; and shall sign and return true Copies of the same into His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster, on or before the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four.

And it is hereby further Enacted, That every Article, Clause, and Thing, in the said last mentioned Acts contained, relating to the Registering of the Names and Real Estates of Papists, or to receiving or taking the said Registers, and the examining upon Oath, or otherwise, into the Truth and Reality of the same, shall extend and be construed to extend to all and every the Registers required and directed to be made and received, by and in pursuance of this Act, in as full and ample Manner, as if the same were herein again particularly recited and enacted.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Papist, or reputed Papist, or other Person or Persons professing the Popish Religion, and all and every other Person or Persons whatsoever, inhabiting in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, who shall be at the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards, not having already taken and subscribed the Oath of Allegiance, subscribed the Assurance, and taken and signed the Oath of Abjuration, as directed to be taken and subscribed by such Persons, who bear any Office under His Majesty, by the aforesaid Act made in the First Year of His Majesty's Reign [Intituled, *An Act for the further Security of His Majesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown in the Heirs of the late Princess Sophia being Protestants, and for extinguishing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of Wales, and his open and secret Abettors;*] and who shall neglect or refuse to take and subscribe the said Oaths, and subscribe the said Assurance on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, before and in the Court of the Lords of Session, or the Court of Justiciary, or the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or before the Justices of the Peace at their Quarter-

Quarter-Sessions held for the County, Shire, Stewartry, City, Burgh, Town, or Liberty, where such Person or Persons shall live or inhabit, or before Sheriffs or Stewarts, or their Deputies, in open Court held for such Shire, Stewartry, City, or Borough respectively, where such Person or Persons shall live or inhabit, as aforesaid, every such Papist, reputed Papist, or Person professing the Popish Religion, and all and every such other Person or Persons, who shall neglect or refuse to take and subscribe the said Oaths, and subscribe the said Assurance by the Time aforesaid, shall, on or before the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four, Register, or cause to be Registered, their respective Names and real Estates in the Sheriff's Court, of such Shire or County wherein their Estates do respectively lie, in the same Manner and Form, as Papists in that Part of Great Britain called England were obliged and directed to Register their Names and Real Estates, in and by an Act passed in the First Year of His Majesty's Reign [Intituled, *An Act to oblige Papists to Register their Names and Real Estates;*] and also by another Act, made and passed in the Third Year of His Majesty's Reign [Intituled, *An Act for explaining an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, Intituled, An Act to oblige Papists to Register their Names and Real Estates, and for enlarging the Time for such Registering, and for securing Purchases made by Protestants;*] and the said respective Sheriffs, or Sheriffs Deputies, are hereby directed and required to take and receive such Registrations, as are hereby required to be made, and keep such Books, and make such Entries, as the Clerks of the Peace of the several Counties within that Part of Great Britain called England are, by virtue of the aforesaid Act of the First Year of His Majesty's Reign, [Intituled, *An Act to oblige Papists to Register their Names and Real Estates*] directed and required to keep and make; and shall sign and return true Copies of such Registrations into His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland, on or before the Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and twenty four.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Article, Clause and Thing, in the said last mentioned Act contained, relating to the receiving, taking and entering the Registers of the Names and Real Estates of Papists, and the examining upon Oath, or otherwise, into the Truth and Reality of the same, shall extend and be construed to extend to all and every the Registrations required and directed to be made and received in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, by and in pursuance of this Act, and to give the same Powers, Authorities, and Directions, to the said Sheriffs, or Sheriffs Deputies respectively, as by the said last mentioned Act are or were given to the Justices of the Peace in their open Quarter Sessions, and Clerks of the Peace of the several Counties in that Part of Great Britain called England, in as full and ample Manner, as if the same were herein again particularly recited and enacted.

And be it further Enacted, That in case any Person or Persons, who is or are hereby directed and required to take and subscribe the Oaths and Assurance respectively, as aforesaid, or for want thereof, to Register his, her, or their Names and Real Estates, shall not take and subscribe such Oaths and Assurance respectively, or Register, or cause to be Registered, their Names and Real Estates, in such Manner, as in this Act before is directed, within the respective Times herein before limited and appointed for the doing thereof, then, and in every such Case, the Person or Persons neglecting or refusing to take and subscribe such Oaths and Assurance respectively, or for want thereof, to make such Registry, as aforesaid, shall forfeit the Fee-Simple and Inheritance of, or such Estate and Interest in all such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments not Registered, whereof he, she, or they, or any Person or Persons in Trust for him, her, or them, was or were seized in Fee-Simple, or otherwise interested in at the Time of such Default, as aforesaid; Two Third Parts thereof to the King,

and the other Third Part thereof to such Person or Persons, being a Protestant or Protestants, who shall sue for such Forfeited Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, as shall lie in England, the Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in any such Court, and by such Ways or Means, as are directed by the said recited Act to oblige Papists to Register their Names and Real Estates; and shall sue in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland, for such Forfeited Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, as shall lye in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Person or Persons now beyond the Seas, who by virtue of this Act ought to take and subscribe the said Oaths and Assurance respectively, or make such Registry, as aforesaid, so as such Person or Persons do, within Six Months after his, her, or their Return into Great Britain, take or subscribe the said Oaths and Assurance respectively, or make such Registry, as aforesaid, according to the Appointment of this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, being Protestants, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, hath or have taken and subscribed, or shall, within the respective Times by this Act limited, take and subscribe the Oath appointed to be taken by Ministers and Preachers in Scotland, by an Act of the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign [Intituled, *An Act for making more effectual the Laws appointing the Oaths for Security of the Government, to be taken by Ministers and Preachers in Churches and Meeting-Houses in Scotland*] instead and in lieu of the Abjuration Oath, such Person or Persons shall be deemed and taken to have complied with the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, in as full and ample Manner, as if such Person had taken the said Oath of Abjuration, and shall not incur any of the Penalties or Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, or be obliged to Register his, her, or their Names, or Real Estates; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And for the better Discovery of Papists and reputed Papists in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Papists, reputed Papists, and Persons professing the Popish Religion in Scotland, as aforesaid, shall, at the time of taking and subscribing the Oaths of Allegiance and Abjuration, and repeating and subscribing the Assurance, as is herein before directed and required, make and subscribe the Declaration called the Formula, as the same is recited in an Act of Parliament of Scotland, passed in the Year One thousand seven hundred [Intituled, *Act for preventing the Growth of Popery;*] and in case such Papist, or reputed Papist, shall neglect or refuse to make and subscribe the said Formula, at such Time and Times as are herein before directed, such Papist, or reputed Papist, shall be obliged to Register, or cause to be Registered, his, her, or their Names and Real Estates, in Manner and Form, as is herein before directed, or for want thereof, shall be liable to and incur the like Penalties and Forfeitures, as are by this Act inflicted and enacted against such Persons as shall neglect or refuse to take the several Oaths appointed by this Act to be taken, or in case of such Refusal, shall neglect to make, or cause to be made, such Register as aforesaid; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted, That for taking and subscribing the Oaths and Assurance appointed by this Act, Three Pence shall be paid, and no more; and for any Certificate thereof, if required, One Shilling, and no more.

*Whitehall, August 2.*

An humble Address to His Majesty from the Governour, Council and Representatives of the Province of New-York in America, convened in General Assembly, the 25th of May 1723, has been transmitted hither, in order to be presented to His Majesty.

*Madrid,*

*Madrid, July 26, N.S.* An Express from Cadiz has brought an Account, that on the 19th Instant two Ships arrived there from Vera Cruz, very richly laden, their Cargo being valued at above ten Millions of Pieces of Eight; the King's Share of which will, as it is computed, amount to near one Million and an Half. The Marquess de Valero, late Viceroy of Mexico, is come with these Ships. The King of Spain's Decree, dated at Balsain the 18th of last Month, and newly published here, relating to the Opening of Commerce with France upon certain Advice that the Plague has for some time intirely ceased there, contains the following Restrictions with regard to Ships from that Kingdom entring the Ports of Spain.

All French Ships, or Ships of any other Nation, coming from the Ports of France in the Ocean, into those of Spain, with Goods and Manufactures of any kind from the Provinces on that Side of France, or from any other Province of that Kingdom where the Plague has not been, shall be admitted without Quarantain in the usual Manner.

Ships coming from the Ports of Provence, with Corn, liquid Goods, and others not susceptible of Contagion, shall after they have been duely visited, be admitted, the Persons on board them with their wearing Apparel first undergoing a Quarantain of ten Days.

All Sorts of Goods susceptible of Contagion, which shall be brought from the said Ports of Provence to such Ports of Spain where are Lazarettos, shall be carried into the Lazarettos, and there opened, aired, and perfumed for the Space of 40 Days (which Term may hereafter be shortned as from time to time shall be judged convenient,) and then they shall be admitted to Commerce. For the present, Cotton unmanufactured, brought from any Port of the Mediterranean, shall not be admitted: But Cotton Spun, or Wove, which in the Ports of Italy, Sicily, Sardinia, or Malta shall have passed Quarantain, for which Certificates of the Magistrates shall be produced, may be admitted.

Whereas the Plague has always been brought from the Provinces of the Levant, to those of Italy, France, and Spain; therefore at all Times, notwithstanding the Commerce with France be intirely free, no Ships coming from the Levant beyond Venice shall be admitted into the Ports of Spain, unless it be made appear that they have first been admitted to Commerce by that Republick, or in some Port of Italy. This is to be understood of Goods susceptible of Contagion; for as to Persons and Corn, upon producing Certificates of Health they may be admitted with the usual Precautions.

And whereas at Cadiz, and other Ports of Spain, they have not the Convenience of Lazarettos for purifying Goods brought from Provence, no Goods from thence shall be admitted into any such Ports of Spain, unless it be made appear by Authentick Vouchers, that the same have passed Quarantain, either in Ports of Italy, or others of Spain where are Lazarettos.

Ships coming from the Ports of Languedoc, considering its Neighbourhood with Provence, shall be received in the same Manner, and perform a Quarantain of 20 Days.

All Goods brought by Land into Spain, from any Provinces where the Plague has not been, shall be admitted without Quarantain: But Goods brought by Land from Marseilles and thereabouts, from Avignon, and from other Places where the Plague has been, shall be put under a Quarantain of 20 Days; and the same Precautions shall be observed towards them, as towards those brought by Sea.

All Persons who shall come by Land from the healthful Provinces, and by Roads free from Suspicion, shall enter freely with their Equipages: But those who come from Places or Provinces which have suffered by the Plague, shall for the present undergo a Quarantain of 20 Days, during which Time their Goods shall be put into Lazarettos to be aired, their wearing Cloaths and other Necessaries for their Use excepted.

*Stockholm, July 10, O.S.* Count Gyllenberg, the Chancellour of the Court, has by Order from the Senate notified to the foreign Ministers here, the Resolution which has been taken in the Diet to give the Title of Emperour to the Czar, and that of Royal Highness to the Duke of Hölstein; at the same time he notified the Restrictions which are annexed to the Compliment the Diet has thought fit to make to those two Princes. The Title of Emperour, which is given to the Czar, is not in the least to prejudice the Precedency, or in any wise to alter the Ceremonial, established between the two Courts of Sweden and Muscovy; but his Czarish Majesty having expressed his great Desire to have the Title of Emperour, the Diet has consented he should have that Title, which is to draw no other Consequence after it; than that instead of Czar, he be for the future called Emperour. The Title of Royal Highness is not in the least to prejudice his present Majesty's Interest nor the Queen's, nor in any Manner to lessen the Force and Vigour of the Act of Government, in which it is said that the Succession to the Crown after their Majesties Decease, shall be in all respects Elective. On the 5th Instant the Committee for the Finances of this Kingdom, gave in a Memorial, which was read: The said Memorial contained an Exhortation to change all the Demians of the Kingdom into Hereditary Estates, and to sell the same to the best Bidders. The Ground of this is a Notion that the Lands will be better cultivated by their Proprietors, than by those who possess them only at the good Pleasure and Caprice of the Bailiffs, who aim at nothing else but to squeeze the Peasants, by putting them in continual Fear of being deprived of their Lands, which the Bailiffs may easily do under several Pretences. The Resolution upon this Affair was put off to another Day, all the Governours of the Provinces having opposed the Project. On the 6th the Question, whether the Customs should be farmed out or not, was determined. The Clergy, Burghers and Peasants had given it as their Opinion, some Days before, that it was for the publick Good the Customs should remain under the Administration of the Officers of the Kingdom, as not conceiving that private Persons would ever hazard the taking of the Customs to Farm, without proposing thereby, a very considerable Advantage to themselves, a Gain, which they thought, ought to be left to the Crown. The Matter was put to the Vote, and the Noes carried it by a great Majority, so that the Customs remain as before. It was this Day proposed to depute 300 Persons out of all the Nobility to form a Diet of the Assembly of the Nobles; in such sort that the other 700 should have neither Voice nor Place in future Diets. As this Proposition seemed to have no other View but the Suppression of the new Nobility (in as much as the ancient Families would not fail to be chosen to form the said Deputation of 300) it was rejected with a great deal of Noise.

*Hague, Aug. 6.* The States General having resolved to send M. Pestfers to His Britannick Majesty, Orders were dispatched the 30th past for his coming hither from Brussels to receive his Instructions: He arrived here last Night, and will soon set out for Hanover. Their High Mightinesses have sent Orders to M. Hop, their Minister at Paris, to make Instances at the French Court, that the same Prohibition which the Subjects of Great Britain and of these Provinces are under, from concerning themselves directly or indirectly in the Ostend India-Company, may be published in that Kingdom. The Imperial Minister Count Staremberg, with his Lady, arrived here the 31st past, and on the 2d Instant in the Morning proceeded for Hanover. M. de Starrenburg, President of the Committeerde Raede, died this Morning: It is thought M. de Noortwyck will succeed him in his Place of President. Yesterday the Markgrave of Baden Dourlach arrived here incognito, going by the Name of Colonel Brown; he designs to make a Tour to the chief Places of this Country.

Hanover, Aug. 6, N. S. The Duke of York came the 4th Instant at Night to Meerhaufen, to wait upon His Majesty; and continues there, together with the Queen of Prussia and Prince Frederick. It is believed her Prussian Majesty will be going back to Berlin on Tuesday next, to be here about the time of the Return of the King of Prussia, who was to be at Königsberg as Yesterday.

South-Sea House, Aug. 2, 1723.

The Court of Directors of the South-Sea Company give Notice, That the Transfer-Books both for the Stock and the Annuities in which one Moiety of the said Company's Capital is converted, pursuant to Act of Parliament, will be open'd on Wednesday the 21st Instant; and that Transfers both for the one and the other may be made for the first usual Transfer-Days after the said Opening, and afterwards the Transfers of Stock may be made on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, and of the Annuities on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

The Managers and Directors of the Lottery for the Year 1723, having by an Advertisement in the printed Paper of Benefits which were drawn at Guildhall on Monday the 29th of July last (being the last Day of Drawing,) published, That they were not then able with any Certainty to adjust the Last Drawn Ticket till they had Recourse to their Books and Registers at Whitehall, and examined their Entries and Files there: Now the said Managers and Directors having accordingly entered upon the Examination of the said Books and Files, did find upon the second File of the Blank Tickets of the first Day's Drawing, a Ticket drawn a Benefit which happened by Accident to be put upon the said Blank instead of the Benefit File, and that the said Benefit Ticket so put on the Blank File was Number 36012, and entituled to Five Hundred Pounds Principal Money, as appears by the Ticket annexed to the said Number; so that the whole Number of Benefits have been actually drawn: Therefore as the Last Drawn Ticket is to be the Numbered Ticket drawn next and immediately after the Benefit Ticket which was last drawn, The said Managers and Directors do declare that the Ticket No 1796 is entituled to the Sum of One Thousand Pounds Principal Money, as being so last drawn.

Sign'd by Order of the said Managers and Directors.

C. Rhodes

July 31, 1723.

The Trustees appointed by a late Act of Parliament for the stopping of Dagenham Breach do hereby give Notice, That they intend to meet at the Guildhall, London, on Tuesday the 6th of August next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, to receive Proposals for the immediate Removal of the Shelf or Sand Bank off Dagenham Jetty, in the River of Thames, from Forty Yards distance from the Shore at Low Water Mark, against the lowermost Part of Captain John Perry's lower Sluice directly cross the said River, so that there shall be full six Foot Water, at Low-Water, upon a Neap Tide.

Trustees-Office South-Sea House, Aug. 2, 1723

Notice is hereby given, that 3 16hs of the Ship Caesar, late belonging to Sir William Chapman, Bart. and Edward Gibbon, Esq; two of the late Directors of the South-Sea Company. 1 4h of the Ship Volant, late belonging to Sir John Lambert, deceased, another of the said late Directors. And 1 16h of the Ship Mermaid, late belonging to Samuel Read, Esq; another of the said Directors; will be severally exposed to Sale in the Hall of the South-Sea House, on Tuesday the 13th Instant, at Ten in the Forenoon. Printed Particulars whereof will be delivered at the Trustees said Office.

The Governour and Company of Undertakers for Raising the Thames Water in York-Buildings, came to the following Resolutions at a General Court held on the 31st of July last:

Resolved, That a further Time be allowed to the 15th of August next, for the Payment of the 2 and a half per Cent. Part of the present Call of 5 per Cent. and that a further Time be given to the 25th of August for the remaining 2 and a half per Cent. And that such Persons and their Transferrees who shall have made their Payments as above, with all other Payments upon their Stock, shall receive for the said Call of 5 per Cent. the Company's Bonds carrying an Interest of 5 per Cent. and payable 12 Months after Date, in Lieu of the Annuities proposed; but that such Persons as have purchased Receipts for Annuities on two Lives without Stock, shall be entituled to Annuities only.

Resolved, That all such Proprietors as shall not pay the 5 per Cent. and all Arrears of former Calls, within the Times respectively limited, shall not be intitled to any Bonds for or upon Account of the said Call, nor shall receive any Benefit or Advantage whatsoever from or upon Account of their Stock, nor shall be able or capable to Vote or Sit in any Capacity whatsoever, and shall be subject to all former Disadvantages laid on Defaulters by former General Courts.

Resolved, That the Court of Assistants be, and they are hereby directed to make a Lottery, consisting of so many Tickets as shall answer to a Ticket for every Hundred Pounds Stock, and that the said Tickets be valued at 4 l. 10 s. Money a Ticket, on Annuities upon three Lives; and that 10 Days, after publick Notice, be allowed the Proprietors to take out the said Tickets at 3 l. per Ticket, and that the remaining 30 Shillings be, and is hereby declared as a Dividend on the said Stock for Midsummer last; and that such Tickets as shall not be taken out by the Proprietors, the Court of Assistants shall and may dispose of as they shall think fit, but not under 4 l. 10 s. Money per Ticket.

#### Advertisements.

To be sold to the best Bidder, before Robert Holford, Esq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, at his Chambers in Symond's-Inn in Chancery-Lane, the Manor of Charterhouse Hyde, in the County of Somerset, the Estate of William Gore, late of Parrows, in the same County, Esq; deceased, consisting of a very good Capital Messuage or Manor-House, with Barns, stables, Outhouses, and other Buildings, and several Thousand Acres of Land thereunto belonging being now of abut the Value of 500 l. per Annum in Possession, and 200 l. per Annum in Reversion, but capable of being improved to above double that Value. The said Estates lies about 10 Miles distant from Brill, six from Wells, three from Axbridge, three from Torington, eight from Shepton Mallet, and 15 from the Bath, is compact and entire, about 16 Miles in Circumference, abounds with Lead, Calamint, and other Minerals, has a very fine Warren of great extent belonging to it, well watered, lies in a pleasant and healthy Part of the County, and the Lord thereof is one of the Lords Royal of the Forest of Mendipp, to which are great Advantages and Privileges belonging. Particulars to be had at the said Master's.

To be sold by Order of the High Court of Chancery, before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, several Shares of certain Brass-Works for making brass Wire, at Byfleet in the County of Surry, late belonging to William Browne, Merchant, deceased. Particulars may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Symond's Inn, in Chancery-Lane.

The Creditors of Sir William Phippard, Kt. who have not already proved their Debts, &c. by Decree and subsequent Orders of the High Court of Chancery, to come in and prove the same before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, on or before the last Day or next Michaelmas Term, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

An Estate to be sold, consisting of three Farms, with Barns and Stables, and all other Conveniences, lying all together, being now let at 15 l. per Annum, lying between Ashford and Canterbury, in the County of Kent, and in very good Repair. Inquire of Mr. Jacob Turner, Attorney at Law, in Milk Street, London, or of Mr. John Simons, Attorney, in Ashford Street.

Several Persons who have a Copy of the said or other will, on Thomas Mullins, late of the Parish of St. Saviour, Southwark, Mariner, deceased, are desired to make the same known to Mr. Jonathan Roberts, at the Sign of the Dolphin in Fishmongers Alley, near St. Margaret's Hill in the Burgh of Southwark, being Executor to the said Thomas Mullins.

A Gentleman last there was a Gentleman whose Name was Bert, who enquired of my Lady Allen whether there was any Bert of Botebale in Suffolk living: This is to satisfy the said Gentleman, that there is one Bert, who is Son to the Brother of Mr. Bert of Botebale in Suffolk aforesaid; and if the Gentleman please to write to Anthony Parmenter, Esq; of Norwich, he may have a further Account, he being Grandson to Mr. Bert, by his Daughter Mary who is deceased.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against George Rice, of the Parish of Christ Church, in the County of Surry, Dutcher, and he being declared a Bankrupt; is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 6th and 12th Instant, and on the 2d of September next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the second of which Sittings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuse Assignees. And all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any Effects of his in their Hands, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but are desired to give Notice thereof to Mr. William Day, Attorney, in Fetter-Lane, London.

Whereas a Commission of bankrupt is awarded against Henry Smith, of Nicholas Lane, London, Factor and Merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt; is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 9th and 16th Instant, and on the 2d of September next, at Nine in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London; at the first of which Sittings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuse Assignees. And all

all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any Effects of his in their Hands, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but are desired to give Notice thereof to Mr. Edward Alleyne, Attorney, at Barnard's Inn, Holborn, London.

**W**hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against Thomas Newham, of latter, in the County of Suffolk, Shopkeeper, and he being declared a Bankrupt; is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 12th and 16th Instant, and on the 2d of September next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the first of which Meetings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution Money, and chuse Assignees. And all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any Goods or Effects of his in their Hands, are desired to give Notice thereof to Mr. Thomas Hall, at his Seat in the Exchequer-Office in the Inner Temple, London.

**T**HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Francis Shaw, of Cheap-side, London, Wholesale-Dealer, intend to meet on the 20th of August Instant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution Money, are then to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**T**HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Tildley, of Leeds, in the County of York, Clothworker, intend to meet on the 26th Instant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the House of James Wainman, situate in Leeds aforesaid, to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution Money, are then to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**W**hereas William Hamilton, of the Parish of West-Ham, in the County of Essex, Chapman, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been twice examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 19th of August Instant, at Nine in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution Money, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. And all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any Goods or Effects of his in their Hands, are forthwith to pay and deliver the same to Mr. Nicholas Tooke, of the Parish of St. Dunstan's in the West, Gent. Assignee, or they will be sued by Mr. Robert Esckrigg, at his Chambers N<sup>o</sup> 5, in New Inn without Temple-Bar, London.

**W**hereas William Cowley, of Bishopgate Street, London, Distiller, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been twice examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 19th Instant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution Money, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

**W**hereas the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded John Aulten, Jun. late of Bepton, in the County of Sussex, Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Thomas Earl of Macclesfield, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said John Aulten, Jun. hath in all things conform'd himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Acts direct, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 23d Instant.

**T**homas Watts, late of Hincley in Leicestershire, Framework-knitter. Francis Fisher, late of St. Clewout Dances in the County of Middlesex, Stocking Presser. William Wheatley, late of Spittlesfields, Baker. Daniel Perot, late of Salisbury-street in the Strand in the County of Middlesex, Chandler. Thomas Kidney, late of St. Ann's Westminster, Tyler and Plasterer. Edward Dealle, late of St. Giles's in the Fields, Plasterer and Bricklayer. Edward Jenkinson, late of St. Andrew Holbourn, Watch-maker. Thomas Tundley, late of St. Sepulchre's, Saleman. John Renwood, late of Swan-Alley St. James Clerkenwell, Blacksmith. Isaac Renwood, late of Chilwell-street in the Parish of Cripplegate, Blacksmith. John Farrow, late of King's Lynn in the County of Norfolk, Rope-maker. Samuel Warren, late of Giffwell-street in the Parish of Cripplegate, Bricklayer. Christopher Oakley, Mariner, and Mary Oakley, Widow, both late of St. Andrew Holbourn. Mary Archer, late of Web Square Shoreditch, Widow. Joseph Chandler, late of St. Andrew Holbourn, Perring-maker. John Cooper, late of Pepplar, Taylor. William Davis, late of Oure in the County of Salop, Innholder. John Squire, late of St. Andrew Holbourn, Hair Merchant. John Laker, late of Sitteburn in Kent, Innholder. Thomas Page, late of St. Olave's Southwark, Feltmaker. Christopher Clayton, late of Red Cross-street without Cripplegate, Silk-Weaver. Joseph Lawson, late of Sch., Case-Chair-maker. Henry Leane, late of

Chandois Street St. Martin's in the Fields, Joyner; And Sef-gant, late of St. Saviour's Southwark, Barber's Widow. Stephen Lewis, late of Peter-street St. James Clerkenwell, Butcher. Alexander Thomas, late of East Smithfield in the Parish of St. John Wapping, Carpenter. John Bond, late of Shoreditch, Jeweller. Mary Jackson, late of St. Giles's in the Fields, Spinster. William Barcer, late of the Parish of Runwick in Gloucestershire, Waggoner. David Eronson, late of Bloehem Street St. James's Westminster, Carman. John Walker, late of the Parish of Swaveley in the County of Cambridge, Yeoman. Edward Powell, late of Tuttle-Court St. Olave's Southwark, Dyer. John Taylor, late of St. Margaret's Westminster, Smith. David Cobfick, Bricklayer, and Jonathan Manly, Carpenter, both late of St. Mary Magdalen Southwark. Thomas Loxam, late of Walton in the Dale Lancashire, Cotton Check-maker. John Lewis, late of Snow hill London, Fruiterer. John Striles, late of St. Andrew's Holbourn, Bricklayer. John Wright, late of Whitechappel in Middlesex, Labourer. William Mallett, late of St. Mary Newington in Surrey, Pipe-maker. John Ainsworth, late of St. Andrew Holbourn in the County of Middlesex, Taylor. Giles Bray, late of Forestreet near Cripplegate, Bookfeller. Jacob Pattison, late of Whitechappel, Weaver. Robert Bingham, Weaver, and John Cannon, Cordwainer, both late of St. Saviour's Southwark. Thomas Chamberlain, Carpenter, and John Clark, Staymaker, both late of St. Andrew Holbourn. John Prew, late of St. George the Martyr in Surrey, Husbandman. William Laws, late of High-street in the Parish of St. Dunstan's Stepney in the County of Middlesex, Weaver. Edward Johnson, late of Rosemary-Lane in the Parish of Whitechappel in the County of Middlesex, Sawyer. Ephraim Gildin, late of Christ-Church in the County of Surrey, Feltmaker. Robert Bassett, late of West-Smithfield, Mat-maker. Emanuel Hieram, late of Cross-Key Court in Grub-street near Cripplegate, Staymaker. David Craft, late of Whitechappel, Watchmaker. William Sharpe, late of St. Saviour's Southwark, Twine-Spinner. Corbort Roman, late of Whitechappel, Line-Spinner. John De-fontaine, late of St. Martin in the Fields, Schoolmaster. David Delacour, late Officer in the Regiment of Foot of the late Lord Galloway. Thomas Andrews, late of Blackfryars, Watch-maker. Christopher Harck, late of New-street Cloth-Fair London, Victualler. Elizabeth Green, late of Fleetstreet London, Spinster. Thomas Payne, late of Tottenham Highcross in the County of Middlesex, Chapman. John Warner, late of St. John Wapping, Victualler. Elizabeth Hicks, late of St. Mary at Hill London, Vintner. Martha Shaw, late of Whitechappel, Widow. Samuel Breefe, late of St. John Wapping, Staymaker. Peter Pineda, late of St. Ann's Westminster, Silvermith. Gilbert Williamson, late of Ball-Smithfield, Middlesex, Linnen-Draper. Alexander Lightbourn, late of Coleman-street, London, Milliner. Charles Burkett, late of Bell Yard, Temple Bar, London, Perukemaker. Richard Charcock, late of Alton upon Trent, Derbyshire, Taylor. William Buckland, late of St. Saviour's Southwark, Ropespinner. Thomas Roberts, late of Stepney Parish, Middlesex, Hatter. Cary Pike, late of Dirty-Lane, near Long Acre, Joiner. George Sheppard, late of Milkertham, Wiltshire, Mercer. Francis Norman, late of Cannonstreet, Ratcliff Highway, Chapman. Robert Vincent, late of Botesford, Leicestershire, Tallow-Chandler. Thomas Scott, late of the Horse-Guards. John Perrin, late of Limehouse, in the Parish of Stepney, Corker. William Read, Jun. late of Lothbury, London, Factor. Robert Rabey, late of the Dog-Row in the Parish of Stepney, Frame-Work-Knitter. Tobias Shewen, late of East Grinited, Suffex, Fellingmonger and Glover. William Rumson, late of the City of Exon, Serge-maker. George Welbury, late of Ratcliff Highway, Patten-maker. Ann Armstrong, alias Mitchell, late of Shoe-Lane, London, Spinster. Richard Wright, late of Tockwith, in the Ntly of York, Farmer. John Webb, late of the Strand, Cook and Victualler. Scarlett Smith, late of St. Margaret's Westminster, Waterman. Edmund Hill, late of Bury, in the County of Lancaster, Woolen Dyer. John Holt, late of Shrewsbury, Woolcomber. Grace Besquiquit, alias Smith, late of the Strand, Child's Coatmaker, Spinster. Elizabeth Quile, alias Willmott, late of St. James's Market, Child's Coatmaker, Spinster. Benjamin Northall, late of Kingstreet, in the Parish of St. Giles in the Fields, Perukemaker. William Gray, late of the Parish of St. Margaret's Westminster, of His Majesty's Guards. Having taken Shelter or Protection in a certain Place called Suffolk Place, or the Mint, in the Parish of St. George Southwark, in the County of Surrey, on or before the 11th Day of February, 1722, and having petitioned one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, and his warrant signed thereupon (together with a Writing importing Notice thereof to all the Creditors of the aforesaid Persons) directing them to appear at the next General Quarter sessions of the Peace to be held for the said County at Kingston upon Thames, on Tuesday the 8th of October next, to be discharged, pursuant to an Act lately passed for giving Relief to such Persons as are prisoner Objects of Charity and Compassion thereat, &c. and they conforming themselves in all Things as the Act directs, their respective Creditors are to take Notice thereof.