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Letter from the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor of London.

Whitehall, May 8, 1722.

My Lord,

IS Majesty having Nothing more at Heart than the Peace and Sasety of his good City of London, the Protection of its Inhabitants, and the Support of Publick Credit, has commanded me to acquaint your Lordship, that he has received repeated and unquestionable Advices, that several of his Subjects, forgetting the Allegiance they owe to his Majesty, as well as the natural Love they ought to bear to their Country, have entred into a wicked Confpiracy, in Concerc with Traytors abroad, for raifing a Rebellion in this Kingdom in Favour of a Popish Pretender, with a Traiterous Design to overthrow our excellent Constitution both in Church and State, and to Subject a Protestant Free People to Tyranny and Supersition: But I am perswaded, that it will be a great Satisfaction to your Lordship and the City to find, that at the same time that I am ordered to inform you of this Design, I am likewise commanded by his Majesty to let you know, that he is firmly assured, that the Authors of it neither are, nor will be supported, no even countenanced by any Foreign Power And as his Majesty has had timely Notice of their wicked Machinations, and has made the proper Dispositions for deseating them, he has no Reason to doubt, but by the Continuance of the Blessing of Almighty God, and the ready Assistance of his faithful Subjects, this Effort of the Malice of his Enemies will be turned to their own Confution.

His Majesty makes no Doubt but your Lordthip, pursuant to the Trust reposed in you, will, mip, puritant to the Fruit repoled in you, will, in Conjunction with the other Magistrates of his good City of London, exert with the utmost Care and Vigilance your Authority, at so important a Conjuncture, for the Preservation of the Publick Peace, and the Security of the City.

I am, &c.

T O W N S H E N D.

St James', May 9. This Day the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs, and Recorder of London, prefented the following Address to His Majesty.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty. The humble Address of the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of London.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

OUR Majesty having been graciously pleased to fignify to the Lord Mayor, how much you have at Heart, the Peace and Safety of your City of London, the Protection of its Inhabitants, and the Support of Publick Credit, and that your Majesty has unquestionable Advices of a wicked Conspiracy, entred into by some of your Majesty's Subjects, in Concert with Traytors abroad, for raising a Rebellion in this Kingdom in Favour of a Popish Pretender to your Majesty's Crown.

e the Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen of this City, most humbly intreat your Majesty's Permission, to make this our immediate approach to your Royal Presence, that we may return our most humble and unseigned Thanks, for this Instance of your Majesty's tender and indulgent Regard to your faithful and dutiful Subjects of this City, and that we may have Leave to give your Majesty Assurances of our steady and unalterable Affection and Zeal for your Royal Person and Government, and for the continuance of the Protestant Succession in your Royal Family.

[Price Three Half-Pence.]

And it is an unspeakable Satisfaction to us, that we can at the same Time Congratulate your Ma-jesty on the happy Success of those Negotiations, which have procured Assurances, that these wicked and traiterous Purposes will not be supported, or

countenanced by any Foreign Power-

When we reflect on the many Blessings which Britons enjoy, under the Protection of a Prince, who makes the Laws of this Land his Rule for the Government of his People; when we consider that neither the Civil, or Religious Rights of your Majesty's Subjects have met with the least Instance of Violation, fince your Majesty's happy Accession to the Throne of these Realms; when we recollect your Majesty's Royal Clement, and Benevo lence, (since the last Rebellion) to Numbers of those who had offended in the highest Degree, against their King and the Laws of their Country, we cannot but express the utmost Abhorence of those vile and detestable Persons, who shall again conspire and attempt to bring a free and happy People, under the Yoke and Tyranny of Supersition, and to involve this Nation in a State of Blood. Missay and the named Confession.

Blood, Misery, and the utmost Confusion.

And as these must be the unavoidable Consequences, attending any Enterprize to alter our present happy Establishment, and to introduce a Popish one;

As Englishmen that Value our Liberties, as honest Men that have sworn Allegiance to your Majesty, and who have abjured and renounced the Pretender, and as real Friends to our Excellent Constitution in Church and State, (with a Protestant Prince at the Head of it,) we beg Leave in the most solemn Manner to declare to your Majesty, that as we are bound in Gratitude, we will exert our selves in our several Stations, with the utmost Care and Vigilance, for the Preservation of the Publick Peace and Tranquility, and for the restoring of Publick Credit; and that we will use our sincere and hearty Endeavours, for the firm Support of your Majesty upon the Throne, and for the making your Reign easy and happy.

And we doubt not, but by the Bleffing of Almighty God upon the Wisdom and Conduct of your Majesty, and the Vigilance of your Councils, and the ready and chearful Assistance of your Majesty's faithful Subjects, your Majesty will entirely defeat and frustrate the Malice and Effort tirely defeat and frustrate the Malice and Efforts of all your Enemies, their Aiders and Abetters, and that their wicked Machinations will be turned

to their own Confusion.

To which His Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer.

OUR effictionate and Cordial Assurances, upon this Important Occasion, of an unshaken Zeal and Finelity to my Person and Government, give me the greatest Sarisfaction.

Your Interest and mine are and over must be inseparable, and I doubt not but that, with the Blessing of God, the Precaustons I have taken and your firm Adherence to our just Casse, will soon convince our Enemics that their wicked Designs can end in nothing but their own Confusion,

Tou may depend upon my confrant Care and utmost Endeavours to Support the Publick Credit, to protect the Privileges and Proporties of this great and opulent City, and to maintain the Religion, Laws and Liberties of this Kingdom

After which they had the Monour to kiss His Majesty's Hand; and His Majesty was pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood on, Edward Beecher, Esq; one of the Sheriffs.

AT

AT the Court at St. James's, the 9th Day of May, 1722.

PRESENT.

The King's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

This Day the Right Honourable Sir Robert Sutton was, by His Majesty's Command, sworn of His Majefty's most Honourable Privy Council, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

By the King,

PROCLAMATION,

For putting the Laws in Execution against Papists and Non-Jurers, and for commanding all Papists, and reputed Papists, to depart from the Cities of London and Westminster, and from within ten Miles of the same, and for confining Papists, and reputed Papists, to their Habitations; and for putting in Execution the Laws against Riots and Rioters.

GEORGE R.

W Hereas we have received repeated and unquestionable Advices, That several of our Subjects, forgetting the Allegiance they owe to us, as well as the natural Love they ought to bear to their Country, have entred into a wicked Conspiracy, in Concert with the Traytors Abroad, for raising a Rebellion in our Kingdom of Great Britain, in Favour of a Popish Pretender, with a Traiterous Design to overthrow our Excellent Constitution both in Church and State. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the first Year of the Reign of their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, Intituled, An Ast for the better fecuring the Government, by Disarming Papists, and reputed Papists, it was enacted, That it should and might be lawful for any two or more Justices of the Peace, who should know or suspect any Person to be a Papist, or should be informed that any Person was, or was suspected to be a Papist, to tender, and they were thereby au thorized and required forthwith to tender to fuch Person, so known or suspected to be a Papift, the Declaration fet down and expressed in an Act of Parliament made in the thirtieth Year of the Reign of the late King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Ast for the more effestial preserving the King's Person and Government by Difabling Papists from Sitting in either House of Parliament, to be by him made, repeated and subscribed; and if such Person so required, should refuse to make, repeat and subscribe the faid Declaration, or refuse or forbear to appear before the said Justices, for the Making, Repeating and Subscribing thereof, on Notice to him given, or left at his usual Place of Abode, by any Persons authorized in that behalf, by Warrant under the Hands and Scale of the faid two Justices, he was in and by that Act pro-hibited to have or keep in his House, or ellewhere, or in the Possession of any other Person to his Use, or at his Disposition, any Arms, Weapons, Gunpowder, or Ammunition, other than such necessary Weapons as should be allowed to him by Order of the Justices of the Peace at a General Quarter-Sessions for the Defence of his House or Person; and that any two or more Justices of the Peace, by Warrant under their Hands and Scals, by Virtue of that Act, might authorize and impower any Person or Persons in the Day-Time, with the Assistance of the Confable or his Deputy, or the Tythingman or Headborough, where the Search should be, to search for all Arms, Weapons, Gun- lis thereby further enacted, That it should and

powder, or Ammunition, which should be in the House, Custody or Possession of any such Papist, or reputed Papist, and seize the same for the Ule of their said late Majesties and their Successors. And further, That no Papist, or reputed Papist, so refusing or making Default, should or might have, or keep in his own Posfession, or in the Possession of any other Person to his Ule, or at his Disposition, any Horse or Horses, which should be of the Value of five Pounds to be fold: And that any two or more Justices of the Peace, by Warrant under their Hands and Scals, might and should authorize any Person or Persons, with such Assistance, as aforesaid, where the Search should be, to search for, and leize for the Ule of their laid late Majesties and their Successors, all such Hosse and Horles, which should be above the Value of five Pounds to be fold. And whereas by another Act made in the faid first Year of the Reign of their faid late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, Intituled, An All for the Abrogating of the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths, all Persons, who should refule to take the Oaths therein directed to be taken, after the Tenders thereby directed to be made, and should refuse to make and subscribe the faid Declaration in the faid Act of the thirtieth Year of the faid late King Charles the Second, should suffer all Pains, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, as a Popish Recusant Convict, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoe-And whereas in and by an Act made in the first Year of our Reign, Intituled, An AB for the further Security of HisMajesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown in the Heirs of the late Princess Sophia, being Protestants; and for Extinguishing the Hopes of the Pretended Prince of Wales, and his open and secret Abestors, It is enacted, That it should and might be lawful to and for two or more Justices of Peace, or any other Person or Persons, who should be by us for that Purpose specially appointed by Order in our Privy Council, or by Commission under the Great Seal, to administer and tender the Oaths in the faid Act appointed to be taken, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, whom they should or might suspect to be dangerous or difaffected to us, or our Government; and if any Person or Persons, to whom the said Oaths should be so rendred, should neglect or refuse to take the same, such Justices, or any other Person or Persons specially to be appointed, as aforesaid, tendring the said Oaths, should certify the Refusal thereof to the next Quarter-Seffions of the County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town-Corporate, or Place, in which fuch Refusal should be made; and the said Refusal should be recorded amongst the Rolls of that Sessions, and should be from thence certified by the Clerk of the Peace of such County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town-Corporate, or Place, into our Court of Chancery, or King's Bench, Court of Seffions, or Court of Justiciary in Scotland, there to be recorded amongst the Rolls of the said Courts, in a Roll or Rolls there to be provided and kept for that Purpole only; and that every Person so neglecting or refusing to take the faid Oaths, should be, from the Time of his Neglect or Refusal, taken, esteemed, and adjudged a Popish Recusant Convict, and as such to forfeit and be proceeded against. And to the Intent and Purpole that no Person might avoid taking the several Oaths in the said Act particularly mentioned, upon any Pretence whatfoever, It

might be lawful unto and for Two or more Justices of Peace, or any other such Person or Persons, who should be by us for that Purpose specially appointed by Order in our Privy Council, or by Commission under our Great Seal, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, to summon any Person to appear before them at a certain Day and Time therein to be appointed, to take the said Oaths; which said Summons should be served upon such Person, or left at his Dwelling House or usual Place of Abode, with one of the Family there; and if such Person, who should be so summoned, should neglect or refuse to appear according to such Summons, that then, upon due Proof to be made upon Oath of the serving the said Summons (which Oath such Justices, or any other Person or Perfons specially to be appointed, as aforesaid, are by the said Act enabled to administer) such Justices, or any other Person or Persons specially to be appointed, as aforesaid, are hereby required to certify the same to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for fuch County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town Corporate, or Place, there to be entred upon the Rolls of the faid Sessions : And if such Person, who should be so summoned to take the faid Oaths, as aforesaid, should neglect or refuse to appear, and take the said Oaths, at the said General Quarter Sessions, the Names of the Persons so certified being publickly read at the first Meeting of the said Sessions, That then and in such Case such Person should be taken, esteemed, and adjudged a Popish Reculant Convict, and as such to forfeit and be proceeded against, as if such Person had actually refused to take the said Oathe; and the fame should be from thence certified by the Clerk of the Peace of fuch County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town Corporate, or Place, into our High Court of Chancery, or King's Bench, Court of Session, or Court of Justiciary in Scotland, there to be recorded amongst the Rolls of the faid Court, in a Roll or Rolls there to be provided and kept for that Purpose only. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the five and twentieth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, every Popish Recufant Convict is to repair to the Place of his usual Dwelling or Abode, and not at any time to remove above five Miles from thence, unless thereunto licensed according to the Direction of that Act, or of a subsequent Act made in the third Year of the Reign of the late King James the First. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the third Year of the late King James the First, Intituled, An Ast to prevent and avoid Dangers which may grow by Popish Recusants, It is provided, That all Popish Recusants, indicted or convicted of Reculancy, should depart from the City of London, and ten Miles Compale of the same, under certain Penalties therein mentioned. And whereas by one other Act of Parliament, made in the first Year of the Reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, Intituled, An Ast for the amoving Papists, and reputed Papists, from the Cities of London and Westminster, and ten Miles Distance from the same, It is enacted, That for the better discovering and amoving all Papists, and reputed Papists, out of the said Cities, and ten Miles of the same, it should and might be lawful, and it is thereby

required, that the Lord Mayor for the time being, and every Justice of the Peace for the City of London, and for the City and Liberties of Westminster, and Borough of Southwark, and of the Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent, and Effex, within their respective Counties, Boroughs, and Limits, should, from time to time, cause to be arrested and brought before him every Person or Persons (not being a Merchant-Foreigner, or such other Person or Perfons as the faid Act excepts) within the faid Cities, or within ten Miles of the fame, being Papists, or reputed to be Papists, and tender unto him the Declaration mentioned in the Statute made in the thirtieth Year of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An All for the more effestual Preferving the King's Person and Government, by disabling Papists from sitting in either House of Parliament: And in Case such Person, upon such Tender, should resule to repeat, make and subcribe the said Declaration, and should, after such Refusal, remain, continue, or be within the faid City or Cities, or ten Miles Distance from the same, That in every such Case he or she should forfeit and suffer as a Popish Reculant Convict, by the Laws thentofore eftablished, should or might suffer or forfeit; and that every Justice of the Peace should certify all such Subscriptions, and the Names of all Persom refusing to subscribe upon Tender, as a-foresaid, under his Hand and Seal, into the Court of King's Bench the next Term, or at the next Quarter Sessions, where such Taking, Subscribing, or Refusal should happen. Now for the Preservation of the publick Peace, and for the defeating the wicked and Traiterous Defigns of the Conspirators, we have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to iffue this our Royal Proclamation, hereby commanding and requiring all our Justices of the Peace, and all others whom it may Concern, That they do, with the utmost Diligence and Application, put the faid Laws ftrictly in Execution against Papists and Non Jurors; and that they tender to them the faid Oaths and Delarations, and take from the Refusers thereof their Horses and Arms; and that they do also put ftrictly in Execution all other Laws made against Papists, reputed Papists, and Non-Jurors: And the respective Justices of the Peace, and others concerned to execute our Commands herein, are hereby required to certify an Account of what they shall do pursuant to the same, to us in our Privy Council. we do hereby further firially charge and command all Papists, and reputed Papists, (except Merchant-Foreigners, and fuch other Persons, as in the faid before-mentioned Act are excepted) on or before Wednesday the twenty third Day of this Instant May, to depart out of the faid Cities of London and Westminster, and Borough of Southwark, and from all Places within ten Miles Distance from the same. we do hereby ftrictly charge and command the Lord Mayor of London, and all Justices of the Peace of our Cities of London and Westminster, and of our said Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent, and Effex, that they do make diligent Search and Enquiry for, and with all Vigour proceed, according to the said recited Act of Parliament, against all and every Papist, and reputed Papist, who shall be found within the

faid Cities of London and Westminster, and Borough of Southwark, and within ten Miles Distance of the same, after the said twenty third Day of May, contrary to the Tenour of the faid Act, and the Purport of this our Royal And we do further strictly Proclamation. charge and command, that immediately after the said twenty third Day of May, the Constables, Church-Wardens, and other Officers within the faid Cities and Places, do go from House to House in their several Parishes, Hamlets, Conftabularies, and Divisions respectively, and there take an Account of the Names and Sirnames of all fuch Persons, as are Papists, or Popish Recusants, or reputed so to be, as well Housholders as Lodgers or Servants, and to carry a Lift of their Names to the two next Justices of the Peace, who are hereby required to fend for and proceed, as aforelaid, against all such of them as are not Merchant-Foreigners, or other the Persons in the faid Act excepted And we do further AriAly charge and command all Popish Recusants, Natives and Denizens, who shall be above the Age of sixteen Years, that they do, according to the Statutes in that behalf made, repair to their respective Places of Abode, and do not thence remove or pals above the Distance of five Miles, unless thereto licensed according to Law. And we do hereby further firstly charge and command all our Judges and Justices of the Peace, and other Magistrates, that they do use their utmost Endeavours to prevent and suppress all Riots, Tumults, and unlawful Assemblies, and to put in due and strict Execution all Laws made for preventing, or for the more speedy and effectual suppressing and punishing the same; and that all our loving Subjects be aiding and affisting therein.

Given at our Court at St. James's the Ninth Day of May, 1722. In the Eighth Year of our Reign.

God fave the KING.

Dantzick, April 26. We have an Account from Moscow, that on the Czar's Return this ther from Olonitz, the Duke of Holstein prefented to him a Memorial, desiring in very earnest Terms to have a final Resolution as to his Marriage with the eldest Princess; whereupon a Declaration was returned to him in Writing. That the Princess continuing firm in her Aversion to his Person, notwithstanding all the Endeavours and Perswasions that had been used, his Czarish Majesty did not think it reasonable to force her to the Match. was not the least Mention, in this Declaration, of the second Princels, to soften the Refusal. The Preparations for the Expedition against Persia, were carrying on with the greatest Diligence; but the Day for the Czar's Departure was not yet fixed.

Genoa, May 5. Yesterday were put into Vado by contrary Winds, two Spanish Ships of War and 16 Barks, laden with Mortars, Cannon, and all Sorts of warlike Stores, in four Days from Barcelona, designed for Porto Longone. The Commissary of War who was on board one of the said Ships, set out immediately for

Leghorne.

Eibraltar, April 13, O. S. Yesterday Orders teams from the King of Spain, for Opening the

Communication with this Place, which the commanding Officer of the Spanish Camp has done accordingly.

Whitehall, May 10.

His Majesty has been graciously pleased to confer the Dignity of Peer of Great Britain on David Graham, Esq; commonly called Marquels Graham, eldest Son of the Duke of Montrose, by the Name, Stile, and Title of Baron Graham, and Earl Graham of Belford in the County of Northumberland. As also,

On Robert Ker, Esq; commonly called Marquels Bowmont, only Son of the Duke of Roxburghe, by the Name, Stile, and Title of Baron Ker, and Earl Ker of Wakefelld in the

County of York.

Members chosen for the ensuing Parliament:
Shire of Air. John Montgomery, Esq;
Gity of London.

Special Condenses of Conde

His Majesty's Service requiring the immediate Attendance of all Military Officers who are upon the Establishment of Ireland, This is to give Notice to all such Military Officers, that it is his Grace the Lord Lieutenani's Pleasure that they do forthwith repair to their respective Posts in Ireland, as they will answer the contrary at their Peril.

Edw. Hopkins.

Whitehall, April 16, 1722.

This is to signify in His Majesty's Name, that if any Person or Persons shall hereaster apprehend any one or more Highwaymen, who from and after the Date hereof shall have robbed any of the Mails, or shall have been concerned as Accomplices in the robbing of any of them, such Person or Persons shall have a Reward of Two Hunderd Pounds for each Offender, who shall be convicted thereof, to be paid by the Receiver General of the Post-Office, over and above the Reward directed by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen; or if any Person hereaster concerned in robbing any of the Mails shall make a Discovery of the same, so that his Accomplice or Accomplices shall be convicted thereof, such Peson shall have His Majesty's ms st gracious Pardon, ar also receive the Reward of Two Hundred Pounds for each Offender so convicted, to be paid as aforesaid.

CARTERET.

Whereas a Letter signed J. D. dated at St James's the 9'h of this Instant May, being drept at the South-Sea-House, is come to the Hands of the Person to whom it is directed; Notice is hereby given, that if the Person who wrote the said Letter, will make himself known, and disclose any of the Matters therein contained, he shall receive all reasonable Encouragement and Protection.

Advertisements.

THE Reversion (after the Death of Sarah Countes Dowager of Winchellea) of several Farms and Lan's in the Parish of Boughton Aluph, in the County of Kent, of the yearly Value of 1951, part of the Estate of Charles late Eas of Winchelsea, deceased, will peremptorily be sold to the belieder, before Richard Godfrey, Elq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, at his Chambers in Chancer; Lane, between the Hours of Four and Five in the Assertion, on Tuesday the 22d of May 1722. Particulars of the said Bilate may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

TO be fold before John Bennett; Efq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, by Vertue of a Decice of the faid Court, one Message or Tenement with convenient Barns, Stables, Orchards, sour Closes of Patture Ground, several Pieces and Parcels of Arable Lands, and several Parcels of Meadow and Pasture Ground, lying in the comm in Pields of Solford, in the County of Ortord, of the yearly Value of 37 l. Part of the Sitate of John-Wheeler, deceased: Particulars of the said Bitate may be had at the laid Master's House in Chancery-Lanc.

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