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From Maturday September 16. to Muelday September 19. 1721.

Lisbon, August 30, N. S.

N the 19th Instant the great Brasil Fleet from Bahia and Pernambuto, conusting of 60 Merchant-Ships, under the Convoy of two Men of War, entred this Harbour: Their whole Cargoe is computed at about thirteen hun-dred thousand Pounds Sterling, of which above one half is in Specie, Gold-Bars, and Gold-Dust. His Britannick Majesty's Ship Loo arrived here the 21st from the Mediterranean, and will shortly carry from hence a Supply to the Garcisons of Gibraltar and Port Mahon. The Dursley-Galley and Newcastle are in this River; the latter is to fail for the Downs the Beginning of next Month.

Paris, Sept. 24. On the 2 ist Instant the Cardinal du Bois received the Cardinal's Cap from the King's Hands in the Chapel of the Tuilleries, whither the was conducted with great Solemnity by M. de Remont, Introductor of Ambeffedours. The King's Coach in which the Cardinal went from the Palais Royal to the Louvre, was followed by five Coaches of his own, and 22 Footmen in rich Liveries. The same Day the King and the whole Court went into Mourning for the late Great Dutchess of Tuscany. The Duke of St. Simon is named to go Ambassadour Extraordinary to Madrid, to demand the Infanta of Spain in Marriage for the most Christian King, and to regulate riage for the most Christian King, and to regulate at the same time the Ceremonial that is to be observed on her coming hither. That Duke's Equipage is preparing with great Diligence, he being to set out as soon as possible. The Archbishoprick of Rheims is not yet disposed of, the Bishop of Freius, the King's Præceptor, continuing to refuse it. It is now said, the Bishop of Laon will be translated to that Archbishoprick, and that the Abbre of St. Albin will succeed the latter. Abbot of St. Albin will succeed the latter.

Dublin, September 13. Yesterday the Parliament of Ireland met, Duke of Grafton, Lord Lieutenant, went in the usual State to the House of Peers, and being attended there by the Commons, made the following Speech to both Houses.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

And Prospecity of this Kingdom at Heart, has commanded me to take the first Opportunity of meeting you in Parliament, in order to concert fuch Measures as may tend to the Accomplishment of those his most earnest Desires, being fully per-fwaded from your Duty and Loyalty so often ex-perienced, that nothing will be wanting on your Part to make his Reign easy, and your selves a happy People.

His Majesty, through a most tender Concern for all His Subjects, is very fensibly affected with any publick Calamiries, which may have reached, or even threatened others. Nation, and is extremely desirous that the utmost Cares should be employed to guard this Kingdom from the difinal Effects which a neighbouring Country hath, felt, from a contagious Distemper; your Proservation from which hitherto he looks upon to be owing, under God, to the Prudence and Vigilance of those intrusted with the Administration of His Assairs; and although your Trade may have suffered, and the necessary Means used for your Security have created some extraordinary Expence, yet there is Ground to hope, that in this Session of Parliament such Remedies may be applied, as will restore the Nation to a flourishing Condition. As an Instance of His Majesty's Readiness to contribute all in his Power to lo desireable an End, he has been graciously pleased, upon the Application of several considerable Persons of this Kingdom, to direct that a Commission be passed under the Great Seal of Ireland, for receiving voluntary Subscriptions in order to establish a Bank: As this is a Matter of a general and National Concern, His Majesty leaves it to the Wildom of Parliament to confider what Advantages the Publick may receive by eredling a Bank, and in what Manner it may be settled upon a safe Foundation, so as to be beneficial to the Kingdom.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I shall order the several Accounts and Estimates to be laid before you. What I have in Command from His Majesty to ask, will be such necessary Supplies as may support the Establishment, and secure the Peace of the Kingdom. I am to acquaint you, that fince by the unwearied Endeayours of His Majesty, the Peace Abroad draws near to a happy Conclusion, two Regiments are returning to this Kingdom, which, during the Rupture with Spain, were thought necessary to remain in England, to be in Readiness for such Service as the Exigence of Affairs, or the Designs of the Enemy, might require.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Whatever Hopes the Disaffected may conceive from unhappy Divisions amongst our selves, I doubt not but you will frustrate and defeat them by your prudent Conduct and perfect Unanimity, which cannot but contribute to the Security of our most excellent Church, as by Law established, and to the strengthening the Protestant Inte-test at Home, which will make the deepest Im-pression upon His Majesty who has been so indefarigable in the Maintenance of it Abroad.

I cannot but esteem it the highest Mark of His Majesty's Royal Goodness to me, in fending me again into this Kingdom, where I have formerly again into this kingdom, where I have formerly had the Honour to ferve him. I have always with the greatest Satisfaction remembered the many Instances of your Affections. I shall endeavour to deserve the Continuance of them, by promoting, to the utmost of my Power, the Publick Good, and I shall never fail to do you Justice by a faithful Report of your Actions to His Majesty,

Refolytions of the House of Lords for an Addrefs to His Majesty upon his Grace the Lord Lieutenant's Speech, "

Escalved, That an humble Address be presented to His Majesty to thank him for His gracious

to His Majesty to thank him for His gracious Acceptance of the Expressions of the Duty and Loyalty of this House in former Sessions of Par-Tiament, and for the tender Concern he hath for the Welfare of this Kingdom, and for His Readiness to concur with His Parliament in applying fuch Remedies samey raftore it to a more flourifling Condition, and for His Approbation of the Care and Successful Endeavours of those intrusted with the Administration of His Affairs, in preserving the Nation from the Pestilence which hath fo miserably ravaged aneighbouring Kingdom.
And to thank His Majesty for His Goodness in

leaving it to the Choice of His Parliament to have a Bank in this Kingdom; and to affure His Majesty,