

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

14.

From Saturday June 11. to Tuesday June 13. 1720.

Westminster, June 11.

THE Parliament was this Day prorogued to Thursday the 28th Day of July next.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For putting in Execution an Act for the better securing certain Powers and Privileges intended to be granted by His Majesty by two Charters for Assurance of Ships and Merchandizes at Sea, and for lending Money upon Bottomry; and for restraining several extravagant and unwarrantable Practices therein mentioned.

GEORGE R.

*W*Hereas in and by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament [Intituled, An Act for better securing certain Powers and Privileges intended to be granted by His Majesty by two Charters for Assurance of Ships and Merchandizes at Sea, and for lending Money upon Bottomry; and for restraining several extravagant and unwarrantable Practices therein mentioned] reciting, that several Projects of different kinds have, since the four and twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighteen, been publicly contrived and practised, within the City of London, and other Parts of this Kingdom, as also in Ireland, and other our Dominions, which manifestly tend to the common Grievance of our Subjects in their Trade, and other their Affairs; and the Persons contriving or attempting such mischievous Projects, under false pretences of publick Good, had presumed to open Books for publick Subscriptions, and draw in unwary Persons to subscribe therein towards raising great Sums of Money, whereupon the Subscribers or Claimants under them, paid small Proportions thereof; which mischievous Projects related to several Fisheries and other Affairs, wherein the Trade and Welfare of our Subjects were concerned; and re-

citig, that in many Cases the said Undertakers or Subscribers had since the said twenty fourth Day of June, presumed to act as if they were corporate Bodies, and had pretended to make their Shares in Stocks transferrable without legal Authority; and in some Cases the Undertakers or Subscribers had acted, or pretended to act under some Charter or Charters formerly granted for some particular Purposes, but had used the same for raising Joine Stocks, and for making pretended Transfers or Assignments for their own private Lucre; and in some Cases the Undertakers or Subscribers had acted under some obsolete Charter or Charters, although the same became void or voidable by Nonuser or Abuser, or for want of making lawful Elections, which were necessary for the Continuance thereof; and many other unwarrantable Practices had been, and might thereafter be contrived to the Ruin of many of our good Subjects, if a timely Remedy were not provided; and reciting further, that it was become absolutely necessary, that all publick Undertakings and Attempts, tending to the common Grievance and Prejudice of our Subjects in their Trade or other lawful Affairs, should be effectually suppressed by suitable and adequate Punishments for that Purpose to be established: Therefore for suppressing such mischievous and dangerous Undertakings and Attempts, and preventing the like for the future it is in and by the said Act enacted, that from and after the twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, all and every the Undertakings and Attempts described, as aforesaid, and all other publick Undertakings and Attempts, tending to the common Grievance, Prejudice and Inconvenience of our Subjects in their Trade, Commerce, or other lawful Affairs; and all publick Subscriptions, Receipts, Payments, Assignments, Transfers, pretended Assignments and Transfers, and all other Matters and Things whatsoever, for furthering, countenancing, or proceeding in any such Undertaking or Attempt; and more particularly the acting, or presuming to act as a corporate Body or Bodies, the raising or pretending to raise transferrable Stock

or Stocks, the transferring or pretending to transfer or assign any Share or Shares in such Stock or Stocks, without legal Authority, either by Act of Parliament or any Charter from the Crown, to warrant such acting as a Body Corporate, or to raise such transferrable Stock or Stocks, or to transfer Shares therein; and all acting, or pretending to act under any Charter formerly granted from the Crown for particular or special Purposes therein expressed, by Persons, who should use, or endeavour to use the same Charters for raising a Capital Stock, or for making Transfers or Assignments or pretended Transfers or Assignments of such Stock, not intended or designed by such Charter to be raised or transferred; and all acting or pretending to act under any obsolete Charter become void or voidable by Nonuser or Abuser, or for want of making lawful Elections, which were necessary to continue the Corporation thereby intended should (as to all or any such Act, Matters and Things, as should be done, attempted and proceeded upon after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and twenty) for ever be deemed to be illegal and void, and should not be practised or in any wise put in Execution. And it is in and by the said Act further enacted, that from and after the said twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and twenty, all such unlawful Undertakings and Attempts, so tending to the common Grievance and Prejudice and Inconvenience of our Subjects in their Trade, Commerce and other lawful Affairs; and the making or taking of any Subscriptions for that Purpose, the receiving or paying any Money upon such Subscriptions, the making or accepting of any Assignment or Transfer, or pretended Assignment or Transfer of any Share or Shares upon any such Subscription, and all and every other Matter or Thing whatsoever, for furthering, countenancing or proceeding in any such unlawful Undertaking or Attempt; and more particularly the presuming or pretending to act as a Corporate Body, or to raise a transferrable Stock or Stocks, or to make Transfers or Assignments of any Share or Shares therein, without such legal Authority, as aforesaid; and all acting or pretending to act under any Charter formerly granted from the Crown for any special Purposes, by Persons making or endeavouring to make use of such Charter for any such other Purpose not thereby intended; and all acting, or pretending to act under such obsolete Charter as is before described and every of them (as to all or any such Acts, Matters or Things, as should be so done, attempted, or proceeded upon after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty) should be deemed to be a publick Nuisance and Nuisances; and the same, and all Causes, Matters and Things relating thereto and every of them, should for ever, hereafter be tried and determined as common Nuisances; and all Offenders therein, being thereof lawfully convicted upon Information or Indictment, in any of our Courts of Record at Westminster, or in Edinburgh, or in Dublin, should be liable to such Fines, Penalties and Punishments, whereunto Persons

convicted for common and publick Nuisances are by any of the Laws and Statutes of this Realm subject and liable; and moreover should incur and sustain such further Pains, Penalties, and forfeitures as were ordained and provided by the Statute of Provision and Premunire, made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second. And it is in and by the said Act further enacted, that if any Merchant or Trader, at any time after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, should suffer any particular Damage in his, her, or their Trade, Commerce, or other lawful Affairs, by Occasion or Means of any Undertaking or Attempt Matter or Thing, by the said Act declared to be unlawful as aforesaid and should sue to be relieved therein, that then, and in every such Case, such Merchant or Trader should and might have his and their Remedy for the same by an Action or Actions to be grounded upon the said Statute, against the Persons Societies or Partnerships, or any of them, who, contrary to the said Act, should be engaged or interested in any such unlawful Undertaking or Attempt; and in every such Action the Plaintiff should recover treble Damages with full Costs of Suit. And it is in and by the said Act further enacted, that if any Broker, or Person acting as a Broker, for himself or in behalf of any others, at any time or times after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, should bargain, sell, buy or purchase or contract or agree for the bargaining, selling, buying or purchasing of any Share or Interest in any of the Undertakings by the said Act declared to be Unlawful or in any Stock or pretended Stock of such Undertakers, that then and in every such Case every such Broker or Person acting as such, should not only be disabled and rendered incapable to be or act as a Broker for the future, but should also lose and forfeit the Sum of five hundred Pounds, to be recovered one Moiety thereof to the Use of us, our Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to the Use of any Person or Persons who should inform or sue for the same in any of our said Courts of Record, with full Costs of Suit; as by the said Act, amongst other Clauses and Things therein contained, more at large may appear. And whereas we are deeply sensible of the many mischievous Consequences that must inevitably ensue from the unwarrantable Practices in the said Act mentioned, by ensnaring and defrauding unwary Persons to their utter Impoverishment and Ruin, by taking off the Minds of many of our Subjects from attending their lawful Employments, and by introducing a general Neglect of Trade and Commerce, upon which the Wealth and Prosperity of our Kingdoms so much depend, the Promoting and Encouragement whereof we have always at Heart; and we being determined, for the Reasons aforesaid, to cause the said Act to be effectually put in Execution; but being also willing and desirous that none of our loving Subjects should be ignorant of the same, nor unwarily subject themselves to the Forfeiture of their Lands and Tenements, Goods, and Chattels, and Imprisonment

sonment of their Persons, by incurring the Penalty of Premunire thereby justly inflict-d, have, by and with the Advice of our Privy Council, thought fit to Issue this our Royal Proclamation; and we do hereby strictly charge and command, that no Person or Persons whatsoever, Bodies Politick or Corporate, do presume to commit or attempt any Act, Matter, or Thing whatsoever, contrary to the Provisions of the said Act, and the true Intent and Meaning thereof; and that the said Act of Parliament be in every particular punctually observed and kept, upon Pain of the several Penalties by the said Act inflicted upon Offenders against the same. And we do hereby declare that we will cause the said Act effectually to be put in Execution, and that all Assistance and due Encouragement shall be given to all Persons who shall discover and detect any Offender or Offenders against the same. And we do hereby strictly charge and command all Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace and all other our Officers and Ministers, and all other our Subjects whom it may concern, to be very vigilant and strict in the Discovery and effectual Prosecution of all Persons who shall in any wise offend in the Premises; and that they do use their utmost Diligence in causing the said Act to be put in Execution, upon Pain of incurring our highest Displeasure.

Given at our Palace of St. James's, the Eleventh Day of June, 1720. and in the Sixth Year of our Reign.

God save the King.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,
The humble Address of the Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.

WE the incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, do, with all humble Duty, embrace this Occasion of approaching the Throne to return your Majesty our Thanks, and declare, in the most publick Manner, the deep Sense we have of your Majesty's late Royal Favour, in granting us your most gracious Letters for a publick Collection of Charity, for the enabling us to continue to support our Missionaries in your Majesty's Plantations in America, and for the carrying on the other pious Designs of the Society.

We have now received the Advantage of your Majesty's Royal Grace in the several liberal Contributions made in the Parishes of those Diocesses to which your Majesty's Royal Letters were directed, and we are entirely perswaded, that your Majesty's Favour to this Society expressed in your Royal Letters, did greatly Influence all the pious Contributors to encourage and support the Designs of this Society, the Propagation of the Gospel, and the Support of the Church of England in your Majesty's Plantations in America.

We therefore do, with all humble Gratitude, return your Majesty our most humble Thanks, and doubt not but all your Majesty's Subjects in those Plantations abroad, who reap the Benefit of having Ministers of the Church of England to teach and instruct them, through your Majesty's Royal Favour to this Society, will join with us in their constant Prayers for your Majesty's long Life and happy Reign.

Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

Genoa, June 4. Yesterday Morning six French Gallies commanded by the Chevalier d'Orleans, having on board the Princess of Modena, arrived in Sight of this Place; whereupon six of our Nobles went off in one of the Gallies of this Republick, to meet and compliment the Princess, and to conduct her into this Port, which they entered in the Evening. The French Flag was saluted by the Cannon of the Town, as was the Person of the Princess, and that of the Admiral severally; which salutes were returned from the Admiral's Galley with four Guns each; after which each of the French Gallies gave three Volleys of small Shot, and likewise fired all their Cannon thrice; then the Princess landed and was conducted to a Palace in St. Pietro d'Arena prepared for her Reception.

Copenhagen, June 7. The Mail from Stockholm of the 1st Instant, has brought an Act of Prolongation for six Weeks of the Suspension of Arms between this Crown and Sweaen, which was concluded by the Lord Carteret the King of Great Britain's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary with the Swedish Plenipotentiaries, on the 23d of last Month. By the same Letters we have Advice, that his Excellency the said Ambassador, and M. Campredon the French Minister, had settled to the Satisfaction of all Parties the Affair of the Customs of Stetin, which Place was lately yielded to the King of Prussia; the Decision of that Affair having been left to them by the Treaty between their Swedish and Prussian Majesties. On the Day these Letters came from Stockholm, Sir John Norris, with the British Fleet under his Command, was under Sail from Elsnab: Three Days before the King of Sweden was at Sandmark, a Place on the Coast where the Fleet lay; and the Lord Carteret, with Sir John Norris, had a Conference there with his Majesty, at which the Swedish Admiral assisted. All was quiet in Sweden, the Muscovites having not yet made any Attempt.

Higue, June 18. The King of Prussia arrived here unexpectedly on the 16th Instant in the Evening from Amsterdam, where he had been two or three Days incognito. His Majesty came in the ordinary Boat, accompanied only by Prince George of Hesse-Cassel. His Majesty declined receiving Compliments from the States, or Visits from others. He dined to Day with M. Whitworth the British Minister, goes To-morrow to Honflaerdyck, and designs to go back the next Day to Cleves. A Ship built and fitted out at Amsterdam, for the Service of the Ostend India-Company, and which had got out as far as the Texel under Dutch Colours, was stop't there last Week by Order of the States; the Crew being all Dutch Seamen, were immediately put on board a Ship bound for Archangel, and the Captain, who is also a Dutchman, was carried Prisoner to Amsterdam.

St. James's, June 8. M. Bestugef, who lately arrived with the Character of Resident from the Czar of Muscovy, had Yesterday his first private Audience of His Majesty, to deliver his Credential Letters; to which he was introduced by the Right Honourable James Earl Stanhope, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrill, Kt. Master of the Ceremonies.

This Day he had private Audiences of their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales; to which he was likewise introduced by the Master of the Ceremonies.

At the Court at St. James's, the 11th Day of June, 1720.

P R E S E N T,

The King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

His Majesty in Council was this Day pleased to declare the Right Honourable Charles Lord Viscount Townshend Lord President of his most Honourable

nourable Privy Council, and his Lordship took his Place at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty in Council having this Day been pleased to deliver the Custody of the Privy Seal to Evelyn Duke of Kingston, his Grace had the Oath of Keeper of the Privy Seal administered to him, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

His Majesty in Council was this Day pleased to declare his Grace Charles Duke of Grafton Lord Lieutenant of his Majesty's Kingdom of Ireland.

At the Court at St. James's, the 11th Day of June, 1720.

P R E S E N T,

The King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

His Majesty in Council this Day declared his Intention to go out of the Kingdom for a short time, and was pleased to nominate

His Grace William Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, Thomas Lord Parker, Lord High Chancellor, Charles Lord Viscount Townshend Lord President, Evelyn Duke of Kingston Lord Privy Seal, John Duke of Argyll Lord Steward, Thomas Duke of Newcastle Lord Chamberlain, Charles Duke of Grafton Lord Lieutenant of Ireland,

Charles Duke of Bolton, William Duke of Devonshire, John Duke of Marlborough Captain General, John Duke of Roxburgh one of His Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, Charles Earl of Sunderland first Commissioner of the Treasury,

James Earl of Berkeley first Commissioner of the Admiralty,

James Earl Stanhope one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State,

And James Craggs, Esq; also one of his Majesty's principal Secretaries of State,

To be Lords Justices for the Administration of the Government during His Majesty's Absence.

Whitehall, June 13.

His Majesty has been pleased to create

Lionel Earl of Dorset and Middlesex a Duke of Great Britain, by the Name Stile and Title of Duke of Dorset.

Scroop Earl of Bridgewater a Marquis and Duke of Great Britain, by the Name Stile and Title of Marquis of Brackley in the County of Northampton, and Duke of Bridgewater in the County of Somerset.

James Viscount Castleton of Sandbeck in the County of York, Earl Castleton of Sandbeck in the said County.

Hugh Boscawen, Esq; a Baron and Viscount of the Kingdom of Great Britain, by the Name Stile and Title of Baron Boscawen Rose in the County of Cornwall; and of Viscount Falmouth in the said County.

John Wallop, Esq; a Baron and Viscount of Great Britain, by the Name Stile and Title of Baron Wallop of Wallop, in the County of Southampton; and Viscount Lymington in the said County.

Matthew Ducie Morton, Esq; a Baron of Great Britain, by the Name Stile and Title of Baron Ducie de Morton in the County of Stafford.

John Barrington of Becket in the County of Berks, Esq; a Baron and Viscount of the Kingdom of Ireland, by the Name and Stile of Baron Barrington of Newcastle and Viscount Barrington of Ardglass in the said Kingdom.

William Vane, Esq; Baron Vane of Dungannon in the County of Tyrone and Viscount Vane.

Thomas Gage, Esq; Baron Castellbarr and Viscount Gage of Castle Island in the said Kingdom.

John Blunt of the City of London, Esq; a Baronet of Great Britain.

Sir William Chapman of London, a Baronet of Great Britain.

Thomas Coleby of Kensington, in the County of Middlesex, Esq; a Baronet of Great Britain.

His Majesty has been pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood on Philip Yorke, Esq; his Majesty's Solicitor General.

Charles Earl of Sunderland, John Aislaby, and George Bailie, Esqrs; Sir Charles Turner, Kt. and Richard Edgewcombe, Esq; are appointed Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of His Majesty's Exchequer.

Thomas Earl of Westmorland, John Chetwynd, Esq; Sir Charles Cook, Knt. Paul Docminique, Thomas Pelham, Daniel Pulteney, Martin Bladen, and John Ash, Esqrs; are appointed Commissioners for executing the Office of Commissioners of Trade and Plantations.

Paul Methuen, Esq; is made Comptroller of His Majesty's Household.

Robert Walpole, Esq; is appointed Paymaster-General of His Majesty's Forces.

The Duke of Queensberry is made one of the Gentlemen of His Majesty's Bedchamber.

The Lord Harold is made one of the Gentlemen of His Majesty's Bedchamber.

Sir Willred Lawton, Bart. is made one of the Grooms of His Majesty's Bed Chamber.

William Morgan of Tredegar, Esq; is made Lieutenant of the Counties of Monmouth and Brecknock.

George Dodington, Esq; is appointed Lieutenant of the County of Somerset, and Custos Rotulorum of the said County.

Col. Charles Churchill is appointed Governour of the Royal Hospital of Chelsea.

Charles Withers, Esq; is appointed Surveyor-General of His Majesty's Woods, in His Majesty's several Parks, Forests, Chaces, &c. in the Room of Edward Young, Esq; who is appointed a Commissioner to manage the Taxes on Houles, &c.

Hugh Trimmell, G. nt. is made Apothecary in Ordinary of His Majesty's Household.

Dr Henry Downes, Bishop of Killala and Achonry in Ireland, is translated to the Bishoprick of Elphin; and Dr. Charles Cobbe, Dean of Ardagh, succeeds the Bishop of Killala.

George Gore, Esq; is made one of the Judges of the Common-Pleas in Ireland; and John Rogerton, Esq; Solicitor-General in that Kingdom.

By Order of the Commissioners for the Duties of Excise, &c. and for the new Duties upon wrought Silver Plate, given by Act of the present Session of Parliament.

Notice is hereby given, That every Goldsmith, Silversmith, or other Manufacturer, who after the 1st of June, 1720, shall work or make any Silver Vessel, Plate, or Manufacture of Silver, is by the said Act to give Notice at the next Office for the said Duties, viz. at the respective Places where Offices of Excise are now kept, of their respective Names, Places of Abode, and of the Houses and Places of their respective working and making such Plate, on the Forfeiture of 20 l. for every Neglect of such Notice. And at such Office is once in every Month to make Entry in Writing of all Silver, Plate, or Manufactures of Silver, made or wrought in such Month respectively, therein expressing the Weight and Kind of such Plate and Manufacture, and how much thereof was made in each respective Week, on the Forfeiture of 100 l. for every Neglect; and such Entry is to be made on the Oath of the Manufacturer or chief Workman, or Affirmation of such as are Quakers. The said Duties are to be paid in six Weeks after such Entry is or ought to be made, on Pain of forfeiting double the Duty. Officers for the said Duties are to be permitted to enter all Places used for making

King Plate, and to take Accounts thereof, and to make Returns of such their Accounts; which Returns are declared to be Charged on the Makers. All such as are chargeable with the said Duties, are to keep sufficient and just Scales and Weights, and to permit and assist the Officers in weighing their Plate, on Pain of Forfeiting 10 l. Such as obstruct Officers in executing the Powers in the said Act, forfeit 20 l. for every Offence. Such as without giving 24 Hours Notice, remove, carry, or send away Plate, or suffer the same to be removed, &c. before such Account thereof is taken by the Officer, forfeit 40 l. for every Offence. Plate not surveyed and taken Account of, is, by the Space of 24 Hours next after making thereof, to be kept separate from other Plate which has been surveyed, unless sooner surveyed by the proper Officers, on Pain of Forfeiting 10 l. for every Offence. Makers of Silver Plate, for hiding and concealing Plate, forfeit 20 l. for every Offence. All Plate and Manufactures of Silver found in a private Workhouse, and all private Utensils for making Plate, of which Notice shall not have been given pursuant to the said Act, are to be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer for the said Duty on Plate. All Plate and Manufactures of Silver, and Materials and Utensils for making thereof, in the Custody of Makers of Plate, or for their Use, or in Trust for them, are particularly made liable to all Debts, Duties, and Penalties, &c. given or imposed by the said Act.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, do hereby give Notice, that a General Court of the said Company will be held at the East-India-House in Leadenhall-Street, London, on Friday the 17th Instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, the same being a Quarterly Court, and also about special Affairs; that the Transfer-Books of the said Company will be shut up from Thursday the said 23d Instant till Thursday the 21st of July next, and that the Annuity Warrants due at Midsummer next, will be ready to be delivered to the Adventurers on Monday the 18th of the said July.

The Grand Lessees of the Governours, Assistants and Societies of the City of London of and for the Mines Royal the Mineral and Battery Works, give Notice, As they have the Right of Digging, Smelting, Refining, and the Pre-emption of the Copper, Lead and Iron Oars in England, the Principality of Wales, and the English Pale in Ireland, and all the Territories and Confinnes therunto belonging, that they are ready to give Encouragement to any Person or Persons that shall discover any Quantity of Oars; that they are willing to renew such Licenses as are near expiring, and grant new ones on reasonable Terms, to others who shall desire them: All Persons that are inclinable to treat with them either for Oar, Metal, or Licenses, may direct to their Secretary, Mr. Edward Morgan, at their Metal Warehouse, Bell Wharf, near Peters-Hill in Thames-Street, London.

The Committee appointed by the Vestry of the Parish of St. Olave in Southwark give Notice, That they intend to Let by Lease several Messuages or Tenements in Artillery-lane, Parish-Street and Fair-Street, in Horsey-Down, in the said Parish of St. Olave, now in the Possessions of Tho. Adcock, Nat. Carle, Matthew Jones, Thomas Snelgrove, Widgen, Simpson, Widow, and John Lishman; and that the said Committee will sit at the Black Boy on Horsey-Down aforesaid, on Thursday the 16th, Thursday the 23d, and Thursday the 30th Instant, at Nine in the Forenoon, to receive Proposals for the said Premises.

From the Charitable Corporation-House in Spring-Garden, Charing-Cross, June 13, 1720.

Whereas there are of late several printed Papers and Proposals by Persons not incorporate, handed about for Subscriptions for erecting Lumber-Houses, Loan-Officers,

Publick Treasuries, &c. pretending to assist the Poor, the Manufacturers, the Merchants, and the Dealers in Stock, &c. with Money upon Pledges; the Charitable Corporation constituted for those Purposes by perpetual Charter give Notice, they are no ways concerned in any of the said Proposals, and that they will prosecute such Pretenders with the utmost Severity according to Law, they themselves intending to open Houses in all Parts of the Town, with all Expedition, in a more beneficial and extensive Manner, which they are intitled to by the Powers in their Charter, of which Notice will be given in the Gazette.

Advertisements.

TO be run for on Croydon Common, on the 29th Instant, a Plate of 20 l. by any Galloway that never won the Value of 30 l. in Plate or Money at one Time, carrying nine Stone the highest, give and take Weight for Inches for all under 14 Hands, to pay two Guineas Entrance, or three at the Post. On the 30th Instant, a Plate of 30 l. by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, that never won the Value of 50 l. in Plate or Money at any one Time, carrying 16 Stone, paying three Guineas Entrance, or five at the Post; to be entered, measured, and kept ten Days before Running, at Tho. Margett's the Blue Anchor, or Robert Cellant's the Greyhound at Croydon: No less than three H. lics to start for each Plate.

A House and Land lying against Peckham Common Field, in the great Road to Deptford, commonly called the Half-way House Farm, is to be Let by Lease to the best Tenant, by John Meller, Esq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, at his Chambers in Symond's-lan, Chancery-lane; where Particulars may be had.

Whereas about the beginning of March last Notice was given in the Gazette, that several Farms, Parcel of the Manner of Lath in the County of Lancaster, were to be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before John Meller, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court; These are therefore to give Notice, that all the same are still to be sold, with the Park, Demesne Lands, and all other Lands belonging thereto, will be sold, pursuant to such Decree, to the best Bidder, before the said Master; from whom Particulars may be had.

Three Pieces of Meadow or Marsh Ground, whereon divers Messuages are built; as also a Rope-Walk, called Shake-speare's Rope-Walk, and several Gardens and Plots of Ground, with the Appurtenances, lying in the Parish of St. Paul Shadwell, in the County of Middlesex, being the Estate late of Dame Thendosa Ivy, deceased, are to be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, to the best Bidder, before John Meller, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-lan, in Chancery-lane; where Particulars may be had.

The Remainder of a Term of Years in three Houses Situate in Hewitt's Court, near the Church of St. Martin in the Fields, leased to Adam Hampton, deceased, for 41 Years whereof there will be 10 Years to come on the 29th Day of September next, being well tenanted, at 75 l. per Annum Rent, (subject to a Ground Rent of 16 l. per Annum payable thereout) is to be sold, to the best Bidder, pursuant to a Decree of the Court of Exchequer, before John Hardinge, Esq; the Deputy of his Majesty's Remembrancer of the said Court, at his Office in the Inner-Temple; where Particulars thereof may be had.

Elizabeth Card, Executrix of Mrs. Elizabeth Eckley, lately deceased, hereby gives Notice, that the said Mrs. Eckley has, by her Will, given a Legacy of 80 l. to the Creditors of her late Husband James Eckley, deceased, to be divided among such of them as shall come in and prove their Credits to her Executrix, within three Calendar Months next after publick Notice given in that behalf; which Money is to be distributed in such Manner and Proportion, with respect to the Values and Quantities of their Credits so proved, as to her Executrix shall seem most reasonable; who may be spoke with at her House on Green Bank near Cholmley's Brewhouse, in Southwark, on Thursdays Weekly, about Three in the Afternoon, within the Time above limited.

William Whitney, of Buckinghamshire, Farmer, having Occasion to travel into Paris beyond the Seas, purchased an Estate in Fee Simple in the Island of Nevis, and by his last Will and Testament devised the same to his Sister Alice for Life, the Remainder to his Nephew William Whitney intailed, the Remainder to his Brothers and Sisters, John, Thomas, Edward, and Walter Whitney, and Elizabeth Gore and Dorothy Bird, and their Issues, to be equally divided, the said William the Devisee soon after died, the Tenant for Life soon died after him, the Nephew William died without any Issue of his Body, so that by Virtue of the said Will his Brothers and Sisters aforesaid, and their Issues, if in being, or to be found, have

Have a Right to Part of the said William's Estate. These are therefore to give them, or any of them Notice, that upon Proof made in the said Island, that they are, or one of them is, the Brother or Sister of the said William Whitney the Deceased, they may come and enjoy their Part of the said Estate without any Charge or Trouble, the Heir there being willing to do Justice to all his Relations, and may address in the mean while to Mr. Solomon de Paz, at Mr. Royal's a Stone cutter, in Crutcher-Friars, London.

Dublin, June 4, 1720

WHEREAS there is taken on Suspicion, two Men lately come from England, viz. John Doyle and Hosea Manen, the former pretends he was a Chindler in London, the latter a Chirurgion, both of a low Stature, with some Pock-holes in their Faces; and when taken, was found with their Gold Repeating Watch, with a Gold Chain and two Seals, one Seal with a Coat of Arms, and the same Coat of Arms on the Back of the Watch, a Silver hilted Sword, a Dun Mare, Saddle and Bridle: Manen says he had the Mare of Mr. Chester near Piccadilly, London. Any Person desiring to be further informed, let them direct to Mr. Hugh Syrae, at Dick's Coffee-house in Lincolns-Inn.

LOST or mislaid a Note for 10 l. on Mr. Warner and Company, dated June 3, 1720, and payable to Mr. Hugh Pigot three Days after Date. If the Person that has found it will bring or send it to the said Mr. Warner's, or to Mr. Richard Andrew's, at his House in Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury next Door to the Blue Boar, they shall have 10 s. Reward, it being of no Use but to the Owner, Payment being first made.

SOLEN on the 6th Instant from William Horsfall, of Fullmer, in the County of Bucks (near the Town of Uxbridge) a short bodied black Nag, about 14 stands and a half high, full aged, with a small Star in his Forehead, a little whisk Tail, with some white Hairs in it, and likewise white Hairs in his Face and Head, full Crest, having Malleaders on the Bend of his fore Legs, something pot-bellied; who ever can secure him, or send a Letter to the Post-Office at Uxbridge in the County of Middlesex to be sent with Speed to the said William Horsfall to the Place as above, so that he may have him again, shall have half a Guinea Reward, or other reasonable Charges.

WHEREAS by an Advertisement in the Gazette of the 28th of May last, Notice was given for the Creditors of Abraham Palmentier, of London, Merchant, against whom a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded, to come (on the 10th Instant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London,) prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuse Assignees; and whereas the Commissioners, at the Request of the Creditors, have adjourned the Choice of Assignees to the 21st Instant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall aforesaid; These are therefore to give Notice, that the Creditors of the said Abraham Palmentier are (at the Time and Place last mentioned) to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuse new Assignees in the room of those already appointed by the Commissioners; or to approve of the same.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Willmott and Ralph Barker, late of London, Mercers, intend to meet on the 12th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupts Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Joel Gates, of Chichester, in the County of Sussex, Victualler, intend to meet on the 7th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Robert Ferrand, of London, Merchant, intend to meet on the 5th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid Contribution-Money, are then to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Richard James, of Covent-Garden, in the County of Middlesex, Chapman, intend to meet on the 11th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Richard Travis, of London, Warehouseman, intend to meet on the 7th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors of the said Richard Travis, who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Benjamin Haylor, of New Shoreham, in the County of Sussex, Corn-Factor, intend to meet on the 7th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Ludlow, of the City of Bristol, Hop-Merchant, intend to meet on Tuesday the 21st Instant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the Royal Coffee-House in Corn-Street, Bristol; when and where the Creditors of the said John Ludlow are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuse Assignees.

WHEREAS Henry Jones, of Holbourne, in the County of Middlesex, Distiller, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 27th Instant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHEREAS Abraham Nurse, of St. Andrews Holbourne, in the County of Middlesex, Bricklayer, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 30th Instant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHEREAS Samuel Sarjeant, of Whitechapple, London, Victualler, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been twice examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 4th of July next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHEREAS the sitting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against William Pearly, of Lombard-street, London, Druggist, have certified to the Right Honourable Thomas Lord Parker, Baron of Macclesfield, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said William Pearly hath in all things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Acts direct, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 6th Instant.