

# The London Gazette.

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Westminster, April 10.

**H**IS Majesty came this Day to the House of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes seated on the Throne, with the usual Solemnity, Sir William Oldes, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers; the Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to two publick and to one private Bill, viz.

*An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax in Great-Britain for the Service of the Year One Thousand Seven Hundred Seventeen.*

*An Act for enlarging the Time granted by an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An Act for making a convenient Dock or Basin at Liverpoole, for Security of all Ships trading to and from the said Port of Liverpoole.*

*An Act for Naturalizing Isaac Kuyckvan Mirop.*

St. James's, April 12.

An humble Address of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Monmouth, at the Assizes held for the said County on Thursday, March 21, 1716-17, has been presented to His Majesty by Thomas Lewis, Esq; one of the Knights of the Shire for the said County, introduced by his Grace the Duke of Grafton.

*Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.*

*Vienna, April 3.* The Letters from Transilvania advise, that upon General Mercy's putting under Contribution that Part of Wallachia which is situated beyond the River Alautba, and is still in the Possession of the Turks, Mauro Caudato, Brother to him that was lately taken at Bucharest, applied himself to the Tartars for Protection, who accordingly came to his Relief; but instead of 800 Men that were desired, they brought

8000, who plundered the Province, and carried off all they could: Whereupon Mauro Cordato sent to treat with General Mercy, and agreed with him to pay 25000 Florins a Month Contribution, whereof the first monthly Payment is actually made. Prince Eugene is returned hither from Moravia: All things are preparing for a vigorous Campaign. The General Rendezvous of the Army is indeed put off from the 15th of April to the 12th of May, but then it is resolved to take the Field and enter upon Action. 'Tis said the Imperial Army will be divided into two Bodies, one of which, under Prince Eugene, is to form the Siege of Belgrade, while the other, commanded by General Mercy, is to observe the Motions of the Turks, it being not yet known whether they will endeavour to hinder the Siege, or make a Diversion in Transilvania.

*Dresden, April 7.* The Queen has been very much indisposed, for some Days, at Torgaw. Letters from Warfaw of the 31st of last Month give an Account, that the Day before, at Six in the Morning, the King embarked on the Vistula, having no more Poles in his Retinue than the Starost Branicky and a Gentleman of Podolia: His Majesty proposed to stop but four Days at Dantzick, and then to proceed to Leipfick by the Way of Torgaw. Letters from Venice of the 26th of last Month advise, that the Electoral Prince of Saxony will not set out from thence so soon as was believed, so that he will not arrive in this Country till the Fair of Leipfick is over.

*Copenhagen, April 10.* The Deal-Castle, a British Man of War, commanded by Captain Willis, arrived here on the 5th Instant. He brought in with him two Ships which he retook from the Swedes in the North Sea, one of them is a large Dutch Fly-Boat laden with Wine and Brandy, the other is the Packet-Boat which carried from Holland the Mail for England of the 19th past; but the Mail for England was taken by the Swedish Privateer, who having put some of his Men into these two Vessels, went to cruise again. By Letters from Norway we learn, that a Danish Privateer has taken a Swedish Ship laden with Iron and Copper, bound for France. There are in this Port fifteen Danish Men of War,