



The London Gazette.

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Hambourg, October 20.

WE have Letters from Stockholm of the 6th Instant, which relate, that since the Finnish Troops were commanded to march thither from Helsingland, the Inhabitants of that Province and Gestricia agreed to form themselves into Regiments, and made choice of some of the Gentlemen of their Provinces to head them, in case the Muscovites invaded them; but as soon as the King of Sweden had Notice of it, he disapproved their Proceedings, and reprimanded the Governours sharply for suffering such Inroachments on his Royal Authority. The Embargo laid on Shipping at all the Ports of that Kingdom, is not yet extended to Gottenburg; but by the last Letters from that Place there is little Likelyhood any Ships will very suddenly venture from thence, because if the Capers only follow them out of the Harbour, and bring them back, they will certainly be made Prize. And as to the Packet-Boats which some Persons have undertaken to provide for conveying Letters between Gottenburg and Amsterdam, we have already had an Instance how little they are to be depended on; for the second that came from Amsterdam, was chased and boarded some few Leagues off Gottenburg, by a Privateer of that Place with a Danish Flag, and the Letters were thrown into the Sea. The King of Sweden quitted Swinsund on the 28th past; after he had caused the Bridge to be broken down, and a small Fort to be thrown up at that Place to prevent the Danes from laying another. The Count de la Gardie, whom the King has made a Lieutenant-General, was left to command at that Pass with four Battallions of Infantry, and about 1000 Horse and Dragoons. These Letters relate likewise, that on the 12th of September, his Swedish Majesty, without any Person to attend him, came to visit the Princess his Sister at Wadstena, and remained with her till next Day in the Evening: During his Majesty's Stay there, he was thrice in private Conversation with her Royal Highness for about two Hours each Time; and he shewed so great an Affection and Tenderness for her, that it was observed he shed Tears at Parting: The Night his Majesty continued there, he lay according to his Custom on Straw, with his Clothes and Boots on, the Princess not being able to prevail with him

to make use of a Bed. On the 13th his Majesty went from Wadstena to Lund in Schonen, and thence to Elsingbourg, accompanied by the Prince of Hesse, and a great Number of Generals and Officers; after a short Stay, they rode along the Shore to Landscona, and thence to Malmoe, to view the Lines that have this Summer been made between those Places. The King fixed his Head Quarters at Lund, whither all the Regiments that were to compose the Swedish Army were ordered, and a Camp was marked out for them on the great Plain near that Place. His Majesty likewise ordered the Chancerie, and all the Counsellors of States to remove from Ystadt to Lund. An Order of his Swedish Majesty had been published throughout the Kingdom, requiring every whole Farm to deliver into the Provincial Magazines, 3 Barrels of Rye (or for Want of Rye 6 Barrels of Barley) one Barrel and a half of Oats, and 800 Pounds of Hay. This Contribution amounts in some Provinces to twice as much as the Peasants whole Taxes besides for the Year. Just before the King left Swinsund, he caused Letters to be written to all the Courts of Admiralty, wherein he tells them, that notwithstanding they are still strictly to observe the Edict about Privateers, yet having thought fit to empower Baron Gortz to grant Passports to such Ships as he had good Assurance were not designed for those Ports which his Majesty cannot permit any Commerce with; the Courts of Admiralty are therefore to respect the said Passes, as if the Ships were actually provided with all the Documents prescribed by the for said Edict. The Princess Royal having set out from Wadstena in order to return to Stockholm, was expected there on the 7th Instant.

Copenhagen, Oct. 17. On the 14th several of the Russian Gallies and Transports sailed from hence, but the Wind coming contrary, they were obliged to return to an Anchor again. The Czar is still here, till the Transports can sail, and then 'tis said he will go by the Way of Hanover to Holland. Yesterday an English Ruiner arrived here from Coningsberg: She had been 10 Days in her Passage, wherein by different Winds she made great Traverfes, and altho' in Sight of Bornholm the last two Days, she neither saw nor heard any thing of the Swedish Fleet; so that 'tis hoped the Trade

Trade will come safely down the Baltick, the Ships from Riga being to fail as this Day; and while the Wind continues South-Easterly and keeps the Fleet here in Port, it will do the same by the Swedes. We have an Account that a Swedish Man of War from Gottenburg of 50 Guns, has been lately lost on the Coast of Norway.

Berlin, Oct. 17. The Queen of Prussia arrived here from Hanover on the 13th. Their Prussian Majesties are now at Charlottenbourg, whither the King is retired to receive the Communion to Morrow, and will go to Brandenburg on the 19th to review some of his Troops in those Quarters. Last Night M. Manteuffel received a Courier with Letters from Warsaw of the 9th Instant, advising that the two chief Points of the Evacuation of the Saxons, and Dissolution of the Confederacy had been signed, and the latter ratified by the Marshals of the Confederates; and that it was thought the Armistice would be renewed till the rest could be finished; but that the Issue was still uncertain, since M. Brantiski, Marshal of the Confederate Army, had passed the River Bug on the 3d to join M. Gniazdowski, and it was thought would still endeavour to revenge the Defeat M. Gniazdowski had received on the 5th Instant from General Bosen near Kowallwo, where the Poles and Lithuanians were about 14000 Men, and the Saxons near 7000; the first lost near 4000 Men in the Action, being most of the Lithuanian Foot, with several hundred Saxons, some Deserters, and other Prisoners forced into the Service, particularly 300 of Castell's Regiment taken at Posen. A great many of them were cut to Pieces before they were known, M. Gniazdowski to prevent it having obliged them to turn their Coats the wrong Side outwards. On the 6th General Bosen came to Thorn, and captioned his Troops in that Neighbourhood. The King's Departure from Warsaw had been again delayed for some Days. Mr. Whitworth, Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the King of Great Britain, returned hither on the 14th from Hanover. Sir Richard Vernon, His Britannick Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary to the King of Poland, arrived here on the 14th, and set out for Gohr this Afternoon. The Countess of Cossel has been seized at Hall by the King of Prussia's Orders, but as 'tis said at the Instances of the Court of Poland.

Hague, Oct. 27. It was expected, that according to Custom the Sessions of the States of the Province of Holland would have ended on Saturday last; it seldom happening that this Assembly continues to sit after the last Day of the 2d Week: But those States re-assembled to Day, and 'tis believed will continue their Session till Saturday next. As for the extraordinary Assembly of the Deputies of the Seven Provinces, 'tis thought it will be held next Month. Last Night the Post from the North of Germany brought Advice, that by Expresses 'twas known the Town and Castle of Temeswaer were surrendered to the Imperialists at Discretion on the 12th Instant. 'Tis advised from Paris, that the Pretender is very ill at Avignon.

Westminster, Oct. 16. This Day the Parliament met, and was further Prorogued to the 20th of November next.

Whitehall, October 1716.

Whereas the Ships of the Emperor of Morocco, and particularly those belonging to the Port of Salley, have, for some Time past, in breach of the Truce between His Majesty and the said Emperor, seized on several Ships and Vessels of His Majesty's Subjects which they have met with in their Cruize, and several of them near the Western Islands; which Ships and Vessels they have carried into their Ports, and sent the Companies which belonged to them into Slavery: To prevent which Piracies for the future, as much as possibly may be, His Majesty has appointed several of His Ships to Cruize against the aforesaid Rovers of Barbary, and to seize on them by way of Reprizals, until the said Emperor shall be obliged to make Satisfaction for the Injuries which have been done, as aforesaid, and to renew the Treaty with His Majesty: Notice is hereby given of this unjustifiable Proceeding of the Moors, that so the Masters of all Ships and Vessels of His Majesty's Subjects, which trade in the Way of the aforesaid Pyratrical Rovers, may take all possible Care to avoid falling into their Hands.

Advertisements.

ALL Sorts of Almanacks for the Year 1717. will be published at Stationers-Hall, on Tuesday the 13th of November next, 1716. N. B. If any others are Published or sold except those Published at the said Hall, they are Counterfeits, and the Sellers of them will be prosecuted at Law by the Company of Stationers, as soon as discovered.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against Edward Speake, of London, Packer, and he being declared a Bankrupt, This is to give Notice to all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any Goods or Effects of his in their Hands, that they pay or deliver the same to no Person but such whom the Commissioners shall appoint; and they are desired to give Notice thereof to Mr. Jeremiah Bentham, Attorney at Law, in the Minorities, London.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against John Perks, of the City of Bristol, Ironmonger, and he being declared a Bankrupt, the Commissioners intend to meet upon Monday the 29th of October Instant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the Elefant Coffee-house in All Saints-Lane in Bristol; where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts and pay their Contribution-Money: And all Persons that are indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any Goods or Effects of his in their Hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to any Person but such only as the Commissioners shall appoint.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against John Worgan, late of the City of Bristol, Ironmonger, and he being declared a Bankrupt, the Commissioners do intend to meet on Tuesday the 30th of October Instant, at Three in the Afternoon, at the Elephant Coffee-house, in the Parish of All Saints, within the said City of Bristol; where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and pay their Contribution-Money: And all Persons that are indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any Goods or Effects of his in their Hands, are not to pay or deliver the same to any Person or Persons but such only as the Commissioners shall appoint; and are forthwith to give Notice thereof to the said Commissioners, or some, or one of them, at the Elefant Coffee-house aforesaid.

The Commissioners in the renewed Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Roger Wilkins, late of Cowbridge, in the County of Glamorgan, Mercer, intend to meet on Friday the 9th of November next, at Nine in the Forenoon, at the Elephant Coffee-house in All Saints-Lane in the City of Bristol, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

The Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Robert Manwaring, of London, Merchant, intend to meet on Tuesday the 6th of November next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

The Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Hagan, of the City of Norwich, Grocer, intend to meet at the Dove Tavern in Norwich, on Friday the 2d of November next, at Three in the Afternoon, in order to make a Dividend of the Bankrupt's Estate; where such Persons as have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are then to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.