

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday August 20. to Tuesday August 23. 1715.

Westminster, August 20.

HIS Majesty came this Day to the House of Peers; and being in His Royal Robes seated on the Throne, with the usual Solemnity, Sir William Oldes, Gentleman-Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to

An Act for enlarging the Fund of the Government and Company of the Bank of England relating to Exchequer-Bills; And for settling an Additional Revenue of One Hundred Twenty Thousand Pounds per Annum upon His Majesty during His Life for the Service of the Civil Government; And for establishing a certain Fund of Fifty Four Thousand Six Hundred Pounds per Annum in order to raise Six millions not exceeding Nine Hundred Ten Thousand Pounds for the Service of the Publick by Sale of Annuities after the Rate of Six Pounds per Cent per Annum, made payable by Parliament: And for satisfying an Arrear for Arduous Services at Sea, incurred whilst that Majesty was employed on the Expedition of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, and for other Purposes.

An Act for obliging an annual Account to be taken of Trophies taken by the Army of Great Britain called England more usefully for obliging an annual

An Act for the further Security of His Majesty's Person and Government and the Succession of the Crown in the Heirs of the late Princess Sophia, being Protestants, and for extinguishing the Hopes of the Pretended Prince of Wales, and his Open and Secret Abettors.

An Act for the Attainder of Henry Viscount Bolingbroke of High Treason, unless he shall render himself to Justice by a Day certain therein mentioned.

An Act for the Attainder of James Duke of Ormond of High Treason, unless he shall render himself to Justice by a Day certain therein mentioned.

An Act to make an Act of the Tenth Year of Her late Majesty intitled, An Act for regulating, improving, and encouraging of the Woollen Manufacture of Mixed or Medley Broad Cloth, and for the better Payment of the Poor employ'd therein, more effectual for the Benefit of Trade in general: And also to render more effectual an Act of the Seventh Year of Her said Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act for the better ascertaining the Lengths and Breadths of Woollen Cloth made in the County of York.

An Act for the better preventing Fresh Fish taken by Foreigners being imported into this Kingdom; and for the Preservation of the Fry of Fish, and for the giving Leave to import Lobsters and Turbets in Foreign Bottoms; and for the better Preservation of Salmon within several Rivers in that Part of this Kingdom called England.

And to six Private Bills.

St. James's, August 22. The following Addresses have been presented to his Majesty.

A humble Address of the Lord-Lieutenant, Deputy-Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Clergy, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Huntingdon; presented to his Majesty by Robert Pigott and John Biggs, Esqrs; introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Manchester.

A humble Address of the Noblemen, Barons, and Gentlemen of the Shire of Ayr; presented to his Majesty by John Montgomerie, Esq; introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Lowland.

A humble Address of the High-Sheriff, Deputy-Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace and Grand-Jury of the County of Hereford; presented to his Majesty by Colonel Dansey, one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for that County, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Coningsby, Lord-Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the County of Hereford, and Col. Dansey had the Honour to kiss his Majesty's Hand.

A humble Address of the High-Sheriff, Deputy-Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Radnor; presented to his Majesty by Humphrey Howorth, Esq; on whom his Majesty at the same time was pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood he was introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Coningsby, Lord-Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the County of Radnor.

A humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeses and Commonalty of Great Yarmouth in the County of Norfolk in Common-Council assembled; presented to his Majesty by the Honourable Horatio Townshend and James Artis, Esqrs; introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

A humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Magistrates and Common Council of the Borough of Plymouth in the County of Devon; presented to his Majesty by Francis Henry Drake, Esq; introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Townshend, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Which Addresses his Majesty was pleased to receive more graciously.

Stockholm, August 2. O. S. The Prince of Hesse finding that the Country suffered much by keeping the several Regiments which compose the Army encamped in one Body, has cantoned them all except three in different places at some Leagues distance, yet in such a manner that they may be drawn together in a short time. His Highness keeps a magnificent Table in the Camp, and has his Head-Quarters at a Place called Finotr. A Muscovite Galley which brought Major-General Horn, formerly Governor of Narva, with several other Swedish Officers, Prisoner in Russia, under pretence of exchanging them, has been seized with the whole Crew, by reason that having cruised along the Coast some Days before, it seemed as if the said Galley came to spy and get intelligence, rather than to exchange Prisoners. Those Officers report, that the Czar has at least 20000 Foot quartered in the Neighbourhood of Abo, and that there are a great number of Gallies, and several Men of War lying ready near that Town, from whence they conclude that the Muscovites will soon make some Descent, and it is believed their first Attempt will be upon the Island of Gotland.

Stralsund, August 6. O. S. On the 3d Instant arrived here Major Bodenbroke, being dispatched from the Swedish Fleet, with an Account of the late Engagement at Sea; importing, that the Danish Fleet having the Wind came full sail up with the Swedes, who had disposed themselves in a Line of Battle, and lay ready to receive them: The Fight began about 1 a Clock in the Afternoon, and lasted till near 8 at Night, when both Fleets ceased cannonading, and the Danes returned to the Coast of Rugen, the Wind not serving then to carry them homewards: About two Hours after the Danes were gone, the Wind proving fair for the Coast of Sweden, the Swedish Fleet expecting some Transports with Provisions from thence, took that Opportunity to go to meet them. The said Major relates, that the Ship in which he was received in her Hull above 200 Cannon-ball; that the Swedish Admirals Lillie and Henck were killed, and Vice-Admiral Ankerkierna wounded; and that the Fleet will return hither as soon as the Ships are repaired, and the Sick and wounded (of which there was a great number) disposed.

In the Evening Trenches were opened before the Fort of Penemunde; Batteries were raised the same Night, and began to fire on the 19th. On the 21st in the Morning a Detachment of 1000 Prussians and Saxons, commanded by Colonel Liebe, stormed the Fort Sword in hand; the Swedes received them with great Bravery, and the Dispute was very obstinate and bloody for 3 Hours; but in the End the Place was carried, the Garrison consisting of 400 Swedes being put to the Sword, except 90 who were made Prisoners of War, with the Loss of about 400 of the Beliegers killed or wounded, among them several Officers: The Swedish Lieutenant Colonel Kuse, who commanded in the Fort, and the Major named Charac, were both killed. The Swedish Commissary General has written to the Danish Commissary, that the King his Master will no longer hold himself obliged to observe the Cartel formerly made between the two Nations. M. Lintelo, Minister of the States General of the United Netherlands, has at length obtained Leave of the Kings of Denmark and Prussia to go into Stralsund for one Day. We have Advice, that the Danish Squadron commanded by Vice-Admiral Scheffedt, has been joined by another Frigate carrying 48 Guns, as also by 3 Gallies and several Transports; and that on the 25th or 26th Instant he will attempt to force his way through the Passage called the New Deep, in order to facilitate the Attack of the Island of Rugen.

Whitehall, August 22. On Saturday last arrived from Calais a Gentleman sent by the Earl of Peterborough, with such Particulars as had been written thither from Paris concerning the French King, viz that finding he was drawing to his End, he had appointed the Duke of Orleans to take on him the Regency immediately after his Decease, made several Dispositions relating to the young Dauphin his Successor, and died on the 27th Instant N. S.

London, August 16. This Day Signor Tron, Ambassador in Ordinary from the most serene Republick of Venice, made his Publick Entry. He was received at Greenwich by the Earl of Bristol and Sir Clement Cottril Master of the Ceremonies, accompanied by six Gentlemen of his Majesty's Privy Chamber. From thence he was brought by Water, together with all his Train, in his Majesty's Barges to the Tower: At his landing he was received by the honourable Hatton Compton Lieutenant of the Tower; and the Guard being drawn out upon the Wharf saluted his Excellency as he passed by. The Royal Standard was display'd upon this Occasion, and the Guns were fired as soon as his Excellency was gone off the Wharf. From thence they moved on in the following manner. The Earl of Bristol's Coach, 16 of the Ambassador's Footmen walking two and two, 6 Pages, and the Gentleman of the Horse mounted on Horse-back; then came the King's Coach of State, in which was the Ambassador, the Earl of Bristol, the Master of the Ceremonies, and the Secretary of the Ambassy; this was followed by another of the King's Coaches, as was that by one of his Royal Highnesses the Prince of Wales, in these came the 6 Gentlemen of the Privy Chamber; afterwards came 3 of his Excellencies Coaches, the first drawn by 8 Horses, which were followed by a numerous Train of Coaches of the Nobility and Gentry, with 6 Horses each. Thus they proceeded to his Excellency's House in St. James's Square, where the Earl of Bristol took his Leave: Soon after came the Lord Saunderson with his Majesty's Compliment of Welcome to the Ambassador; as did the Lord Harvey, Gentleman of the Bedchamber to his Royal Highness in waiting; and Mr. Pulteney Vice-Chamberlain to her Royal Highness, both sent by their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales upon the same Occasion.

London, August 22. This Day being appointed by his Majesty for the publick Audience of his Excellency Signor Tron, Ambassador in Ordinary from the most Serene Republick of Venice, the

lter of the Ceremonies, with 6 Gentlemen of his Majesty's Privy Chamber; brought him from his House to St. James's in his Majesty's Coach, followed by the Ambassador's Coaches in the same Order as was observed at his Entry. His Excellency was received at the Palace Gate by the Deputy-Knight Marshal. His Majesty's Foot Guards were drawn up in the Court, and the Officers saluted his Excellency with Pike and Colours, and afterwards with their Hats as he passed by, the Drums beating a March. He was received at the Door of the Guard Chamber by Mr. Charlton, Lieutenant in the Absence of the Earl of Uxbridge, Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard, and conducted by him to the End of his Command. He was received at the Door of the Room of Audience by the Duke of St. Albans, Caprain of the Band of Gentlemen Pensioners, who were ranged on each Side of the Room; and conducted by the Right Honourable Thomas Cooke, Esq; Vice Chamberlain in the Absence of his Grace the Duke of Bolton, Lord Chamberlain of his Majesty's Household.

Afterwards his Excellency was conducted by the Master of the Ceremonies to an Audience of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales: He was received at the Door of his Guard Chamber by the Earl of Hertford, Gentleman of the Bed Chamber to his Royal Highness in waiting; At the Door of the Room of Audience, his Royal Highness's Presence Chamber, he was met and conducted by the Duke of Argyll, Groom of the Stole to his Royal Highness.

From thence his Excellency went to her Royal Highness the Princess's Apartment; at the Door of the Guard Chamber he was met by Mr. Pulteney, Vice Chamberlain to her Royal Highness; and, entering into the Room of Audience, by the Earl of Bridgewater her Lord Chamberlain.

Before he returned home his Excellency paid his Compliment to the young Princesses in their Apartment; and then was reconducted to his House by the Earl of Rochford and the Master of the Ceremonies, with the same Attendance as abovementioned.

Whereas in the Gazette of the 12th of February last, there was published his Majesty's Pleasure, requiring that the Officers of the Army, where-soever employed, (whose Commissions were not already registred) to enter the same with the Secretary at War, and with the Commissary General of the Musters, in the Space of six Months from the Date thereof, according to the 41st Article of War, notwithstanding which many Officers have neglected to enter their respective Commissions. It is his Majesty's Pleasure therefore, that all Officers now on the Establishment of Great Britain, as well half-pay as others, do within forty Days from the Date hereof, Register their Commissions with the Secretary at War and with the Commissary General, for the Posts in which they now are or last served in, and such Officers as shall neglect to enter their Commissions within Forty Days as above will be suspended from their Pay.

By his Majesty's Command,
Wm. Pultney.

Whereas a Letter was received by the E. of Nottingham, dated August 20, 1715. and subscribed E. &c. if the Person who writ the same will come to the E. of Nottingham at his House in Bloomsbury Square, he shall receive all due Encouragement.

The Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs having on Saturday last received an anonymous Letter by the Penny-Post, mark'd E. J. giving Notice that an Officer of the Customs therein named had spoken scandalous and seditious Words of his Majesty and Council, and been guilty of Breach of Duty; they do hereby desire the Person who wrote the said Letter to attend them, or any one of their number, or transmit to them Affidavit, or other legal proof of the said Facts, so as such Officer may be regularly proceeded against; and the said Person shall receive all due Encouragement for the same.