Community rules referred to in Annex A(1) to Directive 89/662/EEC and, as regards pathogens, to Directive 90/425/EEC (OJ No. L62, 15.3.93, p.49).

Notes

 Nothing in this licence gives exemption from any prohibition or restriction imposed by the Imported Food Regulations 1984, the Meat (Sterilisation and Staining) Regulations 1982 (as amended) or the Medicines Acts 1968 and 1971 or by any regulation superseding or amending the same, or any prohibition, regulation or restriction imposed by the Department of Trade and Industry.

2. This is not a Department of Trade and Industry Licence.

## Caution

Any breach of any conditions attached to this licence will constitute an offence against the Animal Health Act 1981.

E. REVOKED LICENCE

Licence No: (a) TAY/GEN/83/1307 (in England) (b) WOAD/GEN/83/86 (in Wales)

Subject: Meat/offal of ruminating animals and swine (not intended for human consumption)

Country of Origin: Australia and New Zealand

E. NEW GENERAL LICENCE

Licence No: (a) TAY/GEN/93/165 (in England) (b) WOAD/GEN/93/53 (in Wales)

Subject: Meat/offal of ruminating animals and swine (not intended for human consumption)

Country of Origin: Australia and New Zealand

## Conditions attaching to this Licence

- 1. Each consignment must be accompanied by a certificate signed by an official veterinarian stating:
  - (a) details of consignment (nature of consignment including species of animal from which the material was derived, number and nature of packages, identification marks, net weight;
  - (b) name and address of the slaughtering and dressing plants;
  - (c) name and address of the consignee establishment, including the post code;

(d) (i) that the whole of the consignment originated from a slaughterhouse under veterinary supervision and approved by the Government of the country of origin for the production of meat for human consumption.

(ii) (a) the meat/offal was derived from animals which received veterinary ante-mortem and post-mortem inspection and the meat/offal has been found fit for pet food in accordance with the Australia/New Zealand requirements.

(b) all animals slaughtered for export to Great Britain originated in Australia/New Zealand as appropriate.

(c) there has been no outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease or swine fever in Australia/New Zealand during the previous 12 months.

(d) in the case of pig meat, no vaccine against swine fever containing a live or attenuated swine fever virus has been used in Australia/New Zealand during the 12 months prior to slaughter.

(iii) that the consignment does not contain any high risk material as defined in Council Directive  $90/667/EEC(^1)$  (See Note 1).

The legend "only for the manufacture of petfood" or "only for the manufacture of pharmaceutical or technical products" must appear on the certificate.

2. The certificate required above must be the original certificate except in the case of products entering Great Britain via another Member State which, in accordance with Article 11.2(a) of Council Directive 90/675/EEC(<sup>2</sup>), must be accompanied by a copy of the original certificate authenticated by and provided by the official veterinarian at the border inspection post of entry to the community, together with a document signed by the official veterinarian at the border inspection post of entry to the Community confirming that veterinary checks have been carried out to his or her satisfaction. However, in the case of products transported by air or sea which have been transhipped in a port or airport in another Member State and which, in accordance with Article 8.4 of Council Directive 90/675/EEC, have not been subject to veterinary checks in that Member State the certificate must be the original certificate.

- 3. The consignment must be transported in containers sealed with a numbered seal which bear a label declaring the origin, type and nature of the material, the name and address of the consignee and the words "not for human consumption" or "only for the manufacture of petfood" or "only for the manufacture of pharmaceutical or technical products" in letters of at least 2 cm. high.
- 4. In the case of a consignment entering Great Britain via another Member State which has been subject to the necessary veterinary checks at a border inspection post in another Member State, the arrival of the consignment at the destination in Great Britain must be reported to the Divisional Veterinary Officer, in whose division the consignee establishment is situated, between the hours of 0900 and 1700, Monday to Friday, before further processing, or in accordance with other arrangements for reporting the arrival of consignments agreed with the Divisional Veterinary Officer.
- 5. Any material imported under this licence shall be made available, if so required, for inspection and/or sampling by an officer of the Ministry at any place nominated by him/her for such inspection and/or sampling. The importer or his agent shall afford all assistance necessary to such an officer to enable him/her to carry out the inspection and/or sampling in such manner as he/she shall determine and the importer shall be responsible for meeting any costs of carrying out such an inspection and/or sampling.

## Footnotes

- (<sup>1</sup>) Laying down the veterinary rules for the disposal and processing of animal waste, for its placing on the market and for the prevention of pathogens in feedstuffs of animal and fish origin and amending 90/425/EEC (OJ No. L363, 27.12.90, p51).
- (?) Laying down the principles governing the organisation of the veterinary checks on products entering the Community from third countries (OJ No. L373, 31.12.90, p1) as amended by Council Directive 91/496/EEC (OJ No. L268, 24.9.91 p56).

## Notes

- Under the terms of Council Directive 90/667/EEC "high risk" material includes:
  - (a) all bovine animals, pigs, goats, sheep, solipeds, poultry and all other animals kept for agricultural production, which have died or been killed on the farm but were not slaughtered for human consumption, including stillborn and unborn animals;
  - consumption, including stillborn and unborn animals; (b) animals other than those slaughtered for human consumption, which are killed in the context of disease control measures.
  - (c) animal by-products including blood originating from animals which show, during the veterinary inspection carried out at the time of slaughtering, signs of diseases communicable to man or other animals;
  - (d) with the exception of hides, skins, hooves, feathers, wool, horns, hair, blood and similar products, all those parts of animals slaughtered in the normal way which are not presented for post mortem inspection;
  - (e) all meat, poultrymeat, fish, game and foodstuffs of animal origin which are spoiled in such a way as to present a risk to human and animal health;

(f) farm animals which have died in transit;

- (g) animal by-products containing residues of substances which may pose a danger to human or animal health; milk, meat or products of animal origin rendered unfit for human consumption by the presence of such residues.
- 2. Nothing in this licence gives exemption from any requirement, prohibition or restriction imposed by the Products of Animal Origin (Import and Export) Regulations 1992 (which restrict importation to border inspection posts approved to handle the category of products concerned and require that imports are notified in advance to the enforcement authorities), the Imported Food Regulations 1984 or the Medicines Acts 1968 and 1971 or by any regulation superseding or amending the same, or any prohibition, regulation or restriction imposed by the Department of Trade and Industry.

3. This is not a Department of Trade and Industry Licence.

Caution.

Any breach of any conditions attached to this licence will constitute an offence against the Animal Health Act 1981.

- F. REVOKED LICENCES
  - Licence No: (a) TAY/GEN/89/940 (in England) (b) WOAD/GEN/89/55 (In Wales)

Subject: Meat/offal derived from domestic cattle, sheep and goats (not intended for human consumption)