

Parts to those who are of a grave Temper and Deportment.

*Vienna, Octob. 13. N. S.* Yesterday Morning their Imperial Majesties set out for Presbourg, and this Afternoon they will make their publick Entry into that Town, where Preparations are made for their Reception. The Chancery, the Ministers of the several Councils and the Deputies of all the Hereditary Countries are gone thither, as is likewise Sig. Spinola the Pope's Nuncio; and the other Foreign Ministers are preparing to follow, to see the Ceremony of Crowning the Empress Queen of Hungary.

*Hamburg, Octob. 23. N. S.* The King of Denmark has returned an Answer to the Letter written to him by the Emperour in Favour of the young Duke Charles Frederick of Holstein; which Answer we hear imports, that during the Administration of the Bishop of Lubeck, his Majesty cannot think it Convenient to restore that Duchy, considering the ill Intentions which he Judges that Prelate has on all Occasions shewn against the Northern Allies, and particularly in putting Tonninguen into the Hands of the Swedes; nor can his Majesty comply with such a Propositiion while the said Duke continues among the Swedes, who are the Enemies of Denmark; but if that young Prince will come and reside in a neutral Place, as at Hambourg or Lubeck, his Majesty will not fail to furnish him with a considerable Sum out of the Revenues of Holstein, to enable him to live like a Prince of his Birth, and to restore his Dominions to him as soon as may be. 'Tis advised from Copenhagen, that a Negotiation is carrying on between the Court of Denmark and that of Prussia; the Druit of which Negotiation we understand is to engage his Prussian Majesty to assist Denmark, in Case of any Attempt from the Hessians, or from the Swedes in Pomerania, and to settle a mutual Guarantee of the Advantages to be Stipulated for each Party; and 'tis supposed the Czar is to come into this Agreement.

*Genoa, October 16. N. S.* The 7th Instant the Cardinal our Archbishop went to San Pier d' Arena in a Coach with 6 Horses, followed by other Coaches of his Train, in which were the Gentlemen of his Chamber and the rest of his Retinue, to make a Visit to the Queen of Spain, who received him with all Marks of Esteem, obliging him to sit covered, and kept him an Hour in Conversation, during which she informed her self what Hour was proper for her to come into this City the next Day to see our Cathedral; and accordingly the 8th in the Afternoon her Majesty with the Princess of Piombino came hither in a Coach drawn by 6 Horses sent to her with the Liveries of this Republick, preceded by the Coaches of the French and Spanish Envoys, and of the Duke de Turis, a Company of Foot attending and the publick Guards walking on each Side of her Coach, and followed by several Coaches in which were the Cardinal Acquaviva, the Ladies and Gentlemen of her Court: At the Door of the Cathedral her Majesty was received by the Cardinal our Archbishop with the Chapter and the rest of the Clergy of that Church, and led up to the High Altar where is a Crucifix with some of the Wood of the true Cross, and thence to the Chappel where the Ashes of St. John Baptist are kept, both which she viewed with proper Acts of Devotion; and having received the Benediction, she made a Tour through the principal Streets of the Town, and in the Evening returned to San Pier d' Arena. The 9th she proceeded on her journey by Land, in the same Coach with 6 Horses belonging to this State, the Artillery firing three Rounds at her Departure. She dined that Day at Voltri and lay at Arenzano, and the 10th arrived at Savonet where she was welcomed with a triple Discharge of the Cannon, and conducted by the Governor to Lodgings provided for her. As soon as her Majesty was gone from hence, Cardinal Acquaviva embarked in a Galley of the great Duke's which waited for him, to carry him

back to Leghorne, whence he will go through Tuscany to Rome, having the Day before performed the Ceremony of committing her Majesty to the Care of the Marquis de los Balbafes, who is to conduct her to Madrid. During her Stay on the Territories of this State a Battallion of Soldiers served for her Guard; but our Government did not make her a Visit while she was at San Pier d' Arena, because her Majesty signified to them that she was travelling incognito under the Name of the Princess of Parma. Yesterday put to Sea the 6 Spanish Men of War for Toulon, to wait her Majesty's Pleasure whether she will imbarke there, or go all the rest of the way by Land. The British Men of War Rumney and Kinfales, are not yet failed from hence for Port-Mahon.

*Paris, Oct. 27. N. S.* Letters from Barcelona of the 22d of September confirm, That the Marshal Berwick has made an intire Change of the Government of that Capital, and of Catalonia in general, where all remains quiet, and none of the Inhabitants will any more be forced to keep Arms. The King having received Advice That the Queen of Spain, not being able to bear a Sea-Voyage has resolved to make the Journey incognito by Land through France, his Majesty has sent M. des Granges Master of the Ceremonies, to take Orders from her Catholick Majesty, in what Manner she will be received in those Places through which she is to pass.

*Hague, Oct. 28. N. S.* The Prince of Anhalt Koeten, and the Princess of Weissenfels, Aunt to the Princess of Wales, who came hither to meet Her Royal Highness, set out Yesterday on their return Home. The Count and Countess of Anau, Her Royal Highness's Sister, with the young Countess her Daughter, together with the Count and Countess of Waldeck and the Abless of Schagen, who came hither for the same Purpose, and design to return in a few Days, dined to Day at the Earl of Strafford's, as did also Prince William of Hesse. The Distemper and Mortality among the Cattle beginning to appear again in these Provinces the States of Holland and West Friseland have published a new Placart, for preventing by several Regulations the spreading of the Contagion. 'Tis advised from Maestricht, That some Troops of the Elector Palatine, who had lately taken Possession of the Castle of Kessenick, in favour of a Gentleman of the Palatine Court, who had some Pretensions to that Estate, had been obliged to retire from thence at the approach of a Body of Dutch Forces detached from the Garrisons of Maestricht, Venlo, Ruremonde, and Srevenfwart.

*St. James's, October 20.* This Day being appointed for the Solemnity of the Coronation of his Sacred Majesty King GEORGE, the same was performed at Westminster in the manner following.

His Majesty being come to Westminster about Nine of the Clock, and having retired into the Court of Wards, the Nobility, and those who formed the first part of the Proceeding being put in Order by the Herald, came down in Solemn Procession into Westminster-Hall, where His Majesty being Seated under His State, the Swords and Spurs were presented to him, and laid upon the Table at the Upper End of the Hall.

Then the Dean and Prebendaries of Westminster having brought the Crown and other Regalia, with the Bible, Chalice and Paten, they were presented severally to his Majesty, and shortly after were, together with the Swords and Spurs, delivered to the Lords appointed to carry them.

Whereupon the Procession began in this Manner: The Dean's Beadle of Westminster, the high Conitable of Westminster with his Staff, Drums and Trumpets; six Clerks in Chancery two a breast, (5 as the former Part of the Proceeding went) Chaplains having Dignities, Aldermen of Loudon; Masters in Chancery; the King's younger Serjeants; the Solicitor and Attorney-General; the King's ancient Serjeants; Gentlemen of the Privy-Chamber; Judges; Children of Westminster, and of the King's Chapel; Choir of Westminster, and Gen-  
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