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St. James's, April 29.

THE following Addressee being transmitted from Ireland by his Grace the Duke of Shrewsbury, Lord Lieutenant of that Kingdom, were presented to Her Majesty by the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Bolingbroke, One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Clergy, and Gentlemen of the County of Limerick, at a general Assizes held at St. Francis's Abby.

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Justices of the Peace, Clergy, Gentlemen, and Freeholders of the County of Cork, at a general Assizes held at the King's Old Castle near Cork.

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Justices of the Peace, Clergy, Gentlemen, and Freeholders of the County of Clare, at a general Assizes held at Ennis.

The humble Address of the Justices of the Peace, Grand Jurors, Gentlemen, and Freeholders of the City and County of Londonderry, at the Assizes held at Londonderry.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Grand Jury, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen, Clergy, Common-Council Men, Sheriffs, Burgeesses, Gentlemen, Freeholders, Breemen and Inhabitants of the City and County of the City of Limerick, at a general Assizes held at Limerick.

St. James's, May 3. This Day was presented to Her Majesty the humble Address of the Nobility and Gentry of the County of Fife in Scotland, assembled at the Sheriff's Head Court held at Coupar the 13th of April last, by Sir Alexander Areskine, Baronet, Lyon King at Arms in Scotland, and Commissioner for the said Shire; accompanied by the Rt. Hon. the Lord Balmerino, Sir William Hope of Balcomie, Bart. and George Hope, Esq; and introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Mar, One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

All which Addressee Her Majesty received very graciously.

Madrid, April 23. N. S. On the 21st the Marquis de Mejorada took the Oath of Counsellor of State. Don Manuel Vadillo; who was appointed to succeed him as Secretary of the Universal Dispatch for Political and Ecclesiastical Affairs, has taken Possession of that Employment; and Don Juan de Elizabab, Secretary of War, has been declared Secretary of State, in the room of Monsieur Vadillo. Don Francisco Ronquillo is arrived at Arevalo in Castile, which he has chosen for the Place of his Residence. The King has granted him a Pension of Ten thousand Crowns a Year, which is equal to the Salary he received as President of Castile. Letters from the Camp before Barcelona bring an Account, that the Mortars of the Besiegers had play'd on the Town, four Days together with good Success; Whereupon the Catalonians had erected a Battery, on which they planted six Cannons and two Mortars without the new Gate, in order to dismount them, but without any effect. The Fleet had been obliged by a violent gust of Wind to quit the Road of Llobregat; to cut their Cables, and to put to Sea, but most of the Ships were returned. Some Battalions of French Troops were already arrived in the Province of Lampourdan, in their March towards the Army.

Hanover, May 1. N. S. Letters from Constantinople bring an Account, that the King of Sweden being informed at Demotica of the Conclusion of the Peace between the Emperor and France, had desired leave of the Grand Signior to return into his own Dominions. To which the Grand Vizir made answer, That the Port had several times offered to send him away with a sufficient Force to guard him to his own Kingdom, and he had always refused to take any way that had been proposed to him, but if he would now declare in what manner he would go, they would consider of it, and he should receive an Answer very soon. King Stanislaus had likewise solicited the Port by his Minister for liberty to depart from Bender, and to retire into Transilvania, but he was told it could not be granted, because they were informed his design was to go into Poland, which was contrary to the Treaty they had made with the Polish Ambassador. The same Advices inform us, that the Governor of Damascus persisted still in his Rebellion, and was joined by a great number of Malecontents, tho' four of the principal Bachas in Asia had been sent against him with a powerful Army.

Hamburg, May 4. N. S. The King of Denmark has deferred his Journey to Holstein for some time longer than he had at first intended, and it is not yet known when he will set out for that Country. The Danish Court continues still very uneasy upon the King of Prussia's Proceedings, notwithstanding the repeated Assurances which have been given by his Ministers, that his Majesty is of Opinion all Matters relating to the House of Gottorp, should be referred to the Congress of Brunswick. Part of the Danish Troops that served in Flanders during the last War, are already arrived in the Dutchy of Bremen, and those which are Quarter'd there before, are marching towards Gopperheide. It is computed his Majesty will assemble an Army of at least Thirty six thousand Men, but it's thought he will only observe the Motions of the Court of Prussia, and not undertake any Action, tho' he has been very much pressed by the Czar to begin the Operations against Sweden. It is said the King of Denmark is willing to conclude a Treaty of Peace with Sweden and Holstein upon the following Conditions. He offers to restore Bremen and Verden to his Swedish Majesty, provided Scania, Halland, Blecking and Bahuslehm be yielded up to him in Perpetuity, and that the Port of Carlserone and the Fortifications of Wismar be demolished. He will likewise deliver up the Dutchies of Sleswick and Holstein to the Duke, upon Condition his Highness will do Homage to him for the former. He insists, that Tonningen shall never be rebuilt; and lastly, he demands certain Territories, for the reimbursement of his Expences in the War. General Ducker is expected very soon at Wismar, in order to concert with the Governour when, and in what manner the Garrison shall march out of the Place, and Incamp. Two Regiments of Holstein, that are upon their return from Flanders, have received Orders to march directly into Pomerania. The Elector of Hanover has reduced his Troops, and the greatest part of the Men, who have been disbanded, have entered into the Swedish Service. They write from Stockholm, that the Assembly of the States was separated, and most of the Deputies were returned, to their own Countries.