

*Product Licences Granted*

<i>Product Licence Number</i>	<i>Company Name</i>	<i>Product Name</i>	<i>Active Ingredients</i>	<i>Indications (Non-Prescriptive Items)</i>
0576/0062	Global Pharmaceuticals Limited	Clamoxyl 250 mg	Amoxycillin Trihydrate equal to Amoxycillin 250 mg	POM
0576/0072	Global Pharmaceuticals Limited	Androcur 50mg	Cyproterone Acetate 50mg	POM
2103/0012	Hall Brothers (Whitefield) Limited	Mentholease	Per 3.6g tablet Menthol BP 17.820 mg Eucalyptus oil BP 7.920 mg	Relief of nasal congestion runny nose, and throat associated with hay fever and colds. GSL
3787/0047	Swingward Limited T/A Spectrum Marketing	Eusaprim Forte Tablets	Sulphamethoxazole 800 mg Trimethoprim 160 mg	POM
3787/0155	Swingward Limited Trading As Spectrum Marketing	Hiprex 1000mg Tablets	Hexamine Hippurate 1.0 g	<p>Hiprex is indicated in the prophylaxis and treatment of urinary tract infections:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. As maintenance therapy after successful initial treatment of acute infections with antibiotics.</li> <li>2. As long-term therapy in the prevention of recurrent cystitis.</li> <li>3. To suppress urinary infection in patients with indwelling catheters and to reduce the incidence of catheter blockage.</li> <li>4. To provide prophylaxis against the introduction of infection into the urinary tract during instrumental procedures.</li> <li>5. Asymptomatic bacteriuria.</li> </ol> <p>Methenamine hippurate is readily absorbed from the gastro-intestinal tract and excreted via the kidney. With Hiprex, as with other specific urinary antibacterial agents of this type, antibacterial activity is confined to the urinary tract. The antibacterial action is achieved by the slow release of the bactericidal formaldehyde, from the methenamine part, in the urine; acid pH less than pH 5.5 is necessary for this reaction to occur. It is obtained and maintained there by the presence of hippuric acid. Hiprex has a wide bacterial spectrum covering both gram-positive and gram-negative organisms. It is active against the bacteria which most commonly cause urinary tract infection—<i>Escherichia coli</i>, <i>Aerobacter aerogenes</i>, <i>Pseudomonas</i> and some strains of <i>Proteus</i>. Urinary antibacterial activity can be shown within 30 minutes of administration.</p>