

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday October 10. to Tuesday October 13. 1713.

Windsr, October 12.

**T**HE following Address from the Governor and Council of Jamaica, was presented to Her Majesty by the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Bolingbroke, One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

To the QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Governor and Council of Jamaica.

Most gracious Sovereign,

**W**E Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Governor and Council of Your Majesty's Island of Jamaica, humbly crave leave with Hearts full of Joy, to Congratulate Your Majesty upon the happy Conclusion of so Glorious and Honourable a Peace which not only extends Your Dominions, but must make them all flourish.

It is with the most dutiful and submissive Admiration we behold Your Majesty's Consummate Wisdom, seconded by a most Able and Faithful Ministry, surmount the greatest Difficulties and Obstructions, accomplishing that great End, the preserving the Balance of Power in Europe, and obtaining the most solid Advantage and Security to Your People and their Posterity which has ever been the Motive of all Your transcendit Actions.

Nor can we conceive any but the most obstinate and irreconcilable Enemies to our Church and Constitution, capable still of fomenting groundless Fears and Jealousies, after what Your Majesty has so effectually done for securing the Protestant Succession in the Illustrious House of Hanover.

But as Words are faint Expressions of the Happiness we enjoy under Your Auspicious Reign, our Actions, to the utmost of our Ability, shall always demonstrate our Loyalty.

That Your Majesty may live long possessed of the Hearts of Dutiful and Grateful Subjects to the Greatest and Best of QUEEN'S, Arbiters of Europe, to reap the blessed Fruits of Your Labours, was the united Acclamations of all Your People.

Which Address Her Majesty received very graciously.

On Board Her Majesty's Ship, the Blenheim in Villa Franca Harbour, October 2. N. S. On the 30th past, their Sicilian Majesties arrived at Nice, and as they have resolved to come on Board this Ship as soon as the Troops are embarked, we expect to set Sail within a few Hours. Their Household consists of Four hundred Persons, who are all to be received

on Board of our Squadron, consisting at present of Five Men of War. The Colchester and the Bristol were detached some Days ago towards Sicily, that in case any Attempt should be made to hinder his Majesty from taking Possession of the Kingdom, they might be in a readiness to prevent it. The Ormond is sent to Great Britain, and as soon as this Service is performed, the rest of the Squadron is likewise to return home.

Berlin, October 10. N. S. On the 7th Instant the Royal Regiment of Foot, and Prince Henry's Regiment entered into Stetin, where they are to remain in Garrison during the Sequestration of that Place, together with two Battalions in the Service of the Duke Administrator of Holstein. Major General Bork, who commands the Royal Regiment, is appointed by the King to be one of the Governors of the Place, and the Minister of Holstein is to Name another. It is said the Muscovites are to receive Four hundred thousand Dollars for the Expence of the Siege, and that his Prussian Majesty is to advance the Money. Yesterday Baron Goertz returned hither from Holstein.

Hamburg, October 13. N. S. The King of Denmark has sent Orders to the Ministers at Berlin and Hanover, to complain of the Conduct of Baron Goetz, who retired from Gottorp without giving notice of his Departure. When he went away, he left Directions with his Secretary to solicit the Danish Ministers for an Answer to the last Memorial he had presented to them, and having received it, he in like manner withdrew from that Place. Upon these Proceedings the Victuals and Forage that were got ready to be carried into Fonnigen, were countermanded, and Sold. On the 4th Instant the King of Prussia was met by Prince Menzikoff at Swed, where it was agreed that two Prussian Battalions should enter into Stetin, that the Fortresses of Wismar and Stralsund should likewise be put into Sequestration, and garrison'd by his Majesty's Troops. It is said the King of Prussia has engaged that the Swedes shall transport no more Forces into Pomerania, and that they shall not Attack any of the Provinces which the Allies possess in the Empire. The remainder of the Swedish Garrisons are to return to Sweden, and the Muscovite Troops are to march through Poland into the Czar's Dominions. Major-General Bork is to be Governor of Stetin. The Prussian Troops that are to enter into that Place, Wismar and Stralsund, are to be paid out of the Revenue of Pomerania; and if that does not yield enough to maintain them, the Duke of Holstein is to make good the Deficiency. A Minister of the Duke of Mecklenbourg and a Colonel of the Garrison of Wismar, are arrived at Harbourg, in order to consult with Count Welling, as is supposed upon the Capitulation of Wismar.

Hague,