

The London Gazette.

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Stockholm, July 13. N. S.

THE Circular Letters for Summoning the States of the Kingdom to meet here, are not yet sent to the several Provinces, and it is now believ'd that Design will be wholly laid aside. Some Days ago the Senate came to a Resolution to impose a general Poll-Tax, to be paid in Two Months, by which they propose to raise a Sum of above Five hundred thousand Crowns. A Squadron of Seven or Eight Men of War is fitting out, in order to convoy some Transport-Ships that are lading with Provisions and Ammunition for the Garrisons of Stralsund and Wismar. That of Stetin is thought to be already provided for Four Months. The Senate have lately receiv'd an Express from General Meyerfeldt, Governor of that Place, acquainting them with some Proposals that had been made to him for giving it up to the King of Prussia. To which he had return'd answer, That the King his Master having placed so great Confidence in him, as to entrust him with the Government of a Town of such Importance, he would suffer himself to be reduced to the last Extremity, before he would Surrender it to any other Power, without an express Order under his Majesty's own Hand. The Senate sent him word by the same Express, That they approve of his Conduct extremely, and applaud his Zeal for the King's Service, assuring him that in case he should be attack'd, they will employ their utmost Endeavours to succour him. The last Letters from Finland bring an account, that the Muscovites were advanced no further than Borgo, and the Swedes lay observing them at Helsingfors. Our Squadron there hath been lately reinforced by Four Men of War of Fifty Guns each, and we now think our selves secure at Sea. But as we have receiv'd Intelligence that the Czar is still making great Preparations at Wybourg, and Petersbourg, and several Regiments of Horse have lately join'd his Army at Borgo, we are in some pain for our Land Forces, which consist of no more than Seven thousand Men, whereas those of the Enemy are said to amount at least to Twenty thousand.

Warsaw, July 26. N. S. We have received Advice from Petersbourg, that the Czar intended to set out from thence in a few Days with a considerable Number of Troops, in order to make an entire Conquest of Finland. Letters from our Ambassador at the Ottoman Port bring an Account, that on the 24th past a Treaty of Peace was concluded between the Turks and Muscovites, upon which great Rejoicings had been made at Adrianople, and Sixty Days were allow'd for the Czar's Ratification. Nothing having been stipulated for the King of Sweden, it was believed his Majesty would go by Sea to Marfeilles, when he found no reason to hope for Assistance from the Grand Signior; but he had not declar'd what Resolution he would take, when those Advices came away.

Genoa, July 29. N. S. The Imperial Troops, that arrived here some time ago from Barcelona on Board the British Squadron, are upon their

March through the Milanese towards Germany: The Catalans continue Obstinate in their Resolution to resist his Catholick Majesty, against whom they have declared War, as they have likewise done against France; and it is said they have already formed a Body of Five thousand Horse. The Duke of Savoy having received the Treaty with Spain, by which Sicily is to be delivered to him, intends, within a Month, to embark on Board Her Majesty's Ships with a sufficient Number of Troops to take Possession of that Kingdom.

Berlin, August 5. N. S. The Ministers of the Northern Princes have been very Importunate with his Majesty to engage in the War, and it is said he resolves to continue at Potsdam some time longer than he had at first intended, to avoid the pressing Instances they make him. Count Schonborn is lately arrived here with a Commission from the Emperour, relating to those Affairs. Prince Menzikoff went from hence some Days ago, in order to return from Pomerania, where the Muscovite Troops are to Quarter next Winter. They have taken Possession of the Isle of Rugen, and have block'd up Stralsund and Stetin, but they have not yet made any formal Attack upon them, for want of Artillery and Ammunition.

Whitehall, August 14. Her Majesty hath been pleased to appoint Thomas Foley, Esq; to be One of the Auditors of the Imprest-Accounts.

For the better Notification of the Rules and Instructions signed by the most Hon. the Lord High Treasurer on the 25th of March last, concerning the Payments to be made on the Classes and Lottery Orders, the same are here inserted as followeth, viz.

Orders and Instructions to be observed by the Comptrollers and Paymasters of the several Offices, for Payment of the Lottery and Class Orders.

I. THAT the said Comptrollers and Paymasters are to give Attendance by themselves or their respective Clerks (for whom they are answerable) in their respective Offices, at least from Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon till One of the Clock in the Afternoon, from Michaelmas to Lady-day, and from Eight of the Clock in the Forenoon till One of the Clock in the Afternoon, from Lady-day to Michaelmas in every Year, Sundays and Holidays only excepted.

II. That the Comptrollers, who are to direct the Payments upon the Orders, are hereby required, by themselves, or their respective Clerks, for whom they are answerable, to take in the said Orders as they shall be brought to their respective Offices from time to time between the aforesaid Hours of Attendance (and not otherwise.)

III. To the end the Comptrollers may have a proper time to direct the Payments on the said Orders, it is hereby directed, That no Payment shall be made upon any Order the same Day it is delivered into their respective Offices.

IV. For avoiding any undue Preference in directing the Orders, or making the Payments thereupon, it is hereby