

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday July 21. to Saturday July 25. 1713.

Kensington, July 22.

THE following Address from the Boroughs of *Weymouth* and *Melcomb-Regis*, was presented to Her Majesty by Sir *Thomas Hardy*, *William Harvey*, and *Reginald Marriott*, Esqrs; Members of Parliament for the said Boroughs; being introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Lord Viscount *Weymouth*.

To the QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Loyal Aldermen, Burgesses, and Commonalty of Your Majesty's Ancient and Loyal Corporation of *Weymouth* and *Melcomb-Regis*, in the County of *Dorset*.

May it please Your Majesty,

AMONG the many Testimonies of Duty and Gratitude to Your Royal Majesty, vouchsafe to accept our most humble Acknowledgments for the great Blessing Your Majesty (under GOD) has procured to Your People; & Safe, an Honourable, and Well-tim'd Peace.

Your Majesty's great Wisdom (to the real Joy of all Your Loyal Subjects) has Conquer'd the implacable Fury of Your Enemies; and no doubt, by the Blessing of GOD, but it will soon put to Silence the Insolence and Inveteracy of the Disobedient and Ungrateful, who daily endeavour to disturb the Quiet and Peace of, and were it in their Power subvert, the Constitution in Church and State.

We, of this Place, are in a more particular manner obliged to own Your indefatigable Care and consummate Prudence, for the many Advantages Your Majesty has gained us in Trade, in order to Redeem Your Subjects from the heavy Oppressions to which War, the Craft and Artifice of designing Men, have reduced us.

We are exceeding glad of that perfect Friendship between Your Sacred Majesty and the Illustrious House of Hanover, notwithstanding the malicious and secret Endeavours, the false and unreasonable Suggestions of wicked Men.

Every one must acknowledge Your Majesty has taken sufficient Care of securing the Succession in the Protestant Line: We most fervently pray for Your Majesty's Long, Happy, Prosperous and Peaceable Reign; that all Your Subjects may be Loyal, Obedient and Thankfull; and that the Blessings of Peace, and Plenty may flourish and abound.

Which Address Her Majesty received very graciously.

Venice, July 14. N. S. On the 10th, the Procurator *Thiepolo*, who has been Ambassador at *Paris*, *Vienna*, and last at *Rome*, made his Publick Entry, being accompanied by the Senators in their Scarlet Robes, and a great number of the Nobility. They write from *Rome*, that the Abbot *Albani*, Nephew to the Pope, was returned there from *Castel Gopdolpho*. The Canonry of *Santa Maria Maggiore*, which he expected, hath been conferr'd on the Ab-

bot *Fattinelli*. *Monignor Aldobrandini* was arriv'd from his Nunciature of *Naples*, and intended to set out for this City, as soon as the Heat of the Weather was abated. The Pope had receiv'd Letters from *Madrid*, which gave great Hopes of accommodating the Differences with that Court very speedily. We have receiv'd advice from *Naples*, that the Cessation of Arms for *Italy*, and the Islands in the Mediterranean, was Proclaim'd there on the 30th past. The Vice Roy had struck the first Nail in a large Gally that is building, and is to be call'd the *St. Gennaro*. The Province of *Abruzzo* was infested by a great number Banditti, who committed great Disorders, and the Government was taking Measures to put a stop to them. *Monignor Vicentini*, the Pope's Nuntio, had his first Audience of the Vice Roy. We are inform'd, by a Ship lately come in here from *Smyrna*, that the Plague was brought into that City by a Sultana from *Constantinople*, and a Saik from *Alexandria*, and great numbers of People dy'd there every Day.

Copenhagen, July 22. N. S. Some Days ago the King went from hence to *Bredricksburg*, and it is said he will return very soon into *Holstein*. The Squadron commanded by Vice Admiral *Keets*, is sail'd to the Gulph of *Kiog*, where it is order'd to stay, that it may be in a readiness to be employ'd where Occasion may require. An Express is arrived here with advice, that some Swedish Men of War were seen off the Coast of *Jutland*: It is thought they can have no Design in coming into these Seas, unless it be to Cruise on the Traders. The Master of a Ship lately come in here from *Riga*, gives out, that the *Muscovites* have been entirely defeated in *Finland*, but as the Court has received no authentick Accounts from that Province, since the *Czar's* Invasion of it, we don't yet give Credit to this Report.

Hamburg, July 25. N. S. On the 16th the King of *Prussia* return'd from *Swedt* to *Berlin*, and was soon after follow'd by all the Ministers concern'd in the Sequestration of *Holstein* and *Pomerania*, in order to renew the Conferences at that Place, which is thought more proper for a long Negotiation. His Prussian Majesty hath declared he will use his utmost Endeavours to incline the King of *Denmark* to evacuate *Holstein*, to which end he hath made a Treaty with the Duke, and order'd a Copy of it to be given to the Danish Ministers, who immediately sent Colonel *Meyer* with it to the King, to receive his Instructions upon it. *Spetia* is Inveited by Fourteen thousand *Muscovites*, who are to be reforc'd by a considerable Body of Saxons. It is said, *Monseur Meyerfeld*, the Governor, hath at last consented to receive two Battalions of Prussian Troops into the Fortress, provided the Senate of *Stockholm* will send him Orders to that purpose. The Saxons have begun to fortifie a Pass in *Pomerania*, called *Malchin*; The *Czar's* Minister hath presented a Memorial to the King of *Denmark*, desiring his Majesty not to release the Swedish Prisoners, till the *Muscovites* in *Sweden* are first set at Liberty. The Danish Envoy at the Court of *Vienna* is very pressing with the Emperor,