

ritude, which we offer with a Joy equal (if possible) to our Duty to Your Majesty, and Thankfulness to the great Author of Peace and Lover of Concord, who hath inspired You and Your Prudent Ministry, to undertake so Advantageous and so Christian a Work.

The Power of making Peace and War is the undoubted Prerogative of the Crown, and therefore cannot but gratefully acknowledge Your Majesty's Extraordinary Condescension, in communicating to Your Parliament the Terms upon which a General Peace may be made: Your tender Concern, and steady pursuit of the true Interest of Your own People; Your particular Care of the Protestant Succession, and Your Endeavours to procure what is due by Treaties to Your Allies, and what is necessary for their Safety would add, (if any thing could) to our Affections and Zeal for Your Sacred Person and Government, and surely cannot but, with irresistible Conviction, subdue the most Ungrateful and Factious of Your Subjects, to a willing and chearfull Obedience.

We do not a little value our Selves, that we are all of one Heart in a zealous Allegiance, that we are firmly united against all Your Enemies and Opposers whatsoever.

And in our unfeigned Acknowledgments for what Your Majesty hath already done in Your present Negotiations of Peace, as well as in our earnest Prayers, that You may speedily finish so Glorious and so beneficial a Work, which Your Consummate Wisdom hath so far advanced.

That after a long and prosperous Reign over us, You may be Crowned in the Peaceful possession of an everlasting Kingdom.

The following Address from the City of Wells, was presented to Her Majesty by Edward Colston, Jun. one of their Representatives in Parliament.

To the QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty,

Most Gracious Sovereign!

WE Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Masters and Burgeses of the City of Wells, with the utmost Gratitude, acknowledge Your Majesty's great Goodness, in endeavouring to procure, after a long and expensive War, a Safe and Honourable Peace.

That Your Majesty may bring the same to a speedy Conclusion, and live long to enjoy the Blessings of it, are the hearty Wishes and Prayers of, Madam, Your Majesty's most Loyal and Dutiful Subjects.

All which Addresses Her Majesty received very graciously.

Petersburgh, June 7. N. S. The Courier who was lately dispatch'd back to Constantinople, carried only a general Ratification of all that had been Transacted by the Muscovite Plenipotentiaries, but the Ratification in form is now ready, and will be sent away suddenly with very considerable Presents for the chief Ministers at the Port. His Czarish Majesty has sent an Express to King Augustus, to let him know that he will go directly to the Head of his Army in Pomerania, without having any interview with his Majesty in Poland. The Czar's Baggage will set forward to Day or to Morrow for Riga, and his Departure is fixed for the Fourteenth. Before his going thither his Majesty will assist at the Launching of a Man of War of Fifty four Guns which he built himself, and is called the Pultava. The Fleet near Cronshloffe consists already of three Men of War, of fifty Guns each, and four Frigates from thirty six to sixteen Guns, besides other Vessels. On the Thirteenth of the last Month above a third part of the Town of Mosco was burnt, and most of the Houses of the chief Nobility were destroyed by the Fire. The Foundry, with a great Magazine of Powder, was likewise blown up. Before this Accident Five thousand Families of different Degrees were ordered to settle themselves here, that is a Thousand Families of the Gentry, Five hundred Merchants, five hundred substantial Tradesmen, Two thousand Artificers, and a Thousand Shopkeepers. They are to be chosen by the

Senate, and the Places where they must build are already mark'd out for them. The Czar and the whole Court are gone into Mourning for a Princess his half Sister, who died at Mosco.

Florence, June 14. N. S. Letters from Vado of the Eleventh Instant bring advice, that Her Majesty's Ship the Tartar, was to Sail the Week following for Barcelona; as were likewise the Dutch Men of War arrived there from Leghorn, and the English Transports which were to take on board six thousand German Foot that lay there to embark for the Service in Catalonia.

Venice, June 17. N. S. They write from Naples, that a new Man of War was Launched there, and called the St. Leopold. The Emperor has ordered the building of another large Man of War, and two new Gallies, designing in time to form a Fleet for the Security of that Kingdom. We have Advices from Rome, that the Papal Gallies were set out from Civita Vecchia for Marseilles, whither they are to carry Signior Bentivoglio, who goes with the Character of Nuncio to the Court of France. The Senate having occasion for Money for the publick Service, designs to open the Golden Book, to enter such Persons as will buy the Nobility of Venice for themselves or Families. The Nassau Galley arrived here on Saturday last, in twenty five Days from London, being very richly laden.

Milan, June 18. N. S. Some Days ago Prince Pio arrived here from Vienna, and having received Twenty five thousand Pistoles from the Treasury, set out for Genoa in order to Embark for Barcelona, whither he is to carry that Sum for the use of the Empress. The Emperor has demanded of this State a Million of Crowns towards the War in Spain, for the raising whereof it is intended to oblige the monied Men to lend each of them a Sum in proportion to his Riches; and for the reimbursing that Sum, Funds are to be appointed that will repay the Principal and Interest in a certain Number of Years, besides which the subscribers are to have the additional Advantage of being erected into a Bank.

Berlin, June 25. N. S. Prince Menzikoff on Sunday last had a short Audience of his Prussian Majesty at Charlottenburg, and having received the Visits of the principal Officers of the Court, set out from hence the next Day, in order to return to Pomerania. On Tuesday last three Ships laden with Bombs, Mortars, and other Ammunition, passed through this Place in order to join the Artillery which King Augustus had sent down the Elbe from Dresden. These Vessels were at first designed for Garz in Pomerania, but the Course which they take at present makes People believe that the Northern Allies will attack Wismar or the Dutchy of Bremen.

These are to give Notice, That from and after Thursday the Third of July next, the Post will go every Night, (Sundays excepted) between the General Post-Office, London, and Tunbridge-Wells, during the Summer Season.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament passed this Session, Intituled, An Act for the better Collecting and Receiving the Duties granted for the Support of the Royal Hospital at Greenwich; It is directed, that all Masters and Owners of Ships and Vessels, should take Care to clear the Six-pences a Month out of their Seamens Wages, with the Receivers of the said Duty, within 14 Days after their clearing inwards at the Custom House, under a Penalty of 20 l. Notice is hereby given thereof, that they may avoid the Penalty.

The Royal Lustring Company will expose to Sale by Inch of Candle, on Thursday the 2^d of July next at Ten in the Morning, a Parcel of English broad and narrow Alamods and Lustrings, at their House in Adermanbury, where Books of the Sale may be had, and the Goods seen three Days before the Sale.

Noticed