Hook Rise South, Tolworth, Surbiton, Surrey, KT6 7NF November 1979

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACT 1950—GREAT BRITAIN **OUTBREAKS OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES CONFIRMED BY** THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, FISHERIES AND FOOD DURING THE PERIOD 1st-15th NOVEMBER 1979

Period		Ant	hrax	Aujeszky's Disease	Enzootic Bovine Leukosis	Equine Infectious Anaemia
		Outbreaks confirmed	Deaths	Outbreaks confirmed	Outbreaks confirmed	Outbreaks confirmed
1st-15th November Corresponding period in	1979 {1978 1977 1976	1 3 1				
1st January-15th November Corresponding period in	1979 {1978 1977 1976	18 165 131 43	20 178 157 48	7 		= 1

Period	Fowl Plague	Newcastle Disease (formerly listed as Fowl Pest)	Parasitic Swine \ Mange Dise		Vesicular ease	Sheep Scab
	Outbreaks confirmed	Outbreaks confirmed	Outbreaks confirmed	Outbreaks confirmed	*Animals slaughtered	Outbreaks confirmed
1st-15th November	= =	= =	_ _ _ _	= =	= =	8 1 12
1st January-15th November 1979 Corresponding period in { 1978	2 	$\frac{-1}{6}$	_ _ 1 _		36,939† 8,311‡ 1,628‡	61 40 46 76

^{*} Animals slaughtered as diseased or exposed to infection. † Provisional figures. ‡ Final figures.

Notes:

^{1.} The following diseases were eradicated from Great Britain in the years indicated: cattle plague or rinderpest (pestis bovina), 1877; epizootic lymphangitis (lymphangitis epizootica), 1906; foot-and-mouth disease (aphtae epizooticae), 1968; glanders (including farcy) (malleus), 1928; pleuropneumonia (pleuropneumonia contagiosa bovum), 1898; rabies (lyssa), 1970; sheep pox (variola ovina), 1866 and swine fever (pestis suum), 1971.

^{2.} The following diseases have never been recorded in Great Britain: African horse sickness (pestis equorum), African swine fever (pestis suum africana), blue tongue (febris catarrhalis ovium), dourine (exanthema coitale paralyticum), equine encephalomyelitis (meningo-encephalomyelitis enzootica eq.), lumpy skin disease (dermatosis nodularis) and Teschen disease encephalomyelitis myelitis enzootica suum).