## The London Gazette.

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From Thursday November 16. to Saturday November 18. 1710.

Venice, November 7. N. S.

HE late Rains, which fell in great abun-dance in these Parts, have done us much mischief; and they write from Rome, that the Damages they have fusiained there by the In-undation of the Tiber, are greater than can be conceived. Publick Prayers have been appointed here, and the Image of the Virgin has been fo-lemnly exposed on this Occasion. Monsieur Mathei, the Pope's Nuncio, is speedily expected here; and they talk of fending an Ambassador from this State to the Court of Rome. They write from Cyprus, that the Plague had carried off a great Number of the Inhabitants of Famagosta, and among the rest several considerable Merchants that had settled in that Place; and that thereupon the Bassa had removed from thence, and was retired Our Letters from Rome add, that the swife Guards, upon a Pretence of some acid, that the Swife Guards, upon a Pretence of some Grievances, of which they had frequently demanded a Redress, had raised a Mutiny, which was with much Difficulty appealed by the Interposition of Cardinal Gozadini and Don Horatio Albani. This Affair has been laid before a Congregation held for that purpole, and Care will be taken to fatisfie the Swifs in their Demands, and prevent the like Tumults for the future. The Duke of Anjou's Nomination of Monsieur Molines, Auditor of the Rota, to the Archbishoprick of Toledo, is likewise referred to be considered by the same Congregation, who are to make their Report to his Holiness what is proper to be done in that Affair. Our Letters from Malta advise, that six of their Gallies had larely taken and carried into that Island two Turkish Saicks, and as many Corfairs belonging to Barbarry. The Hereditary Prince of Tuscany continues indisposed, and Publick Prayers are daily performed in Florence for his Recovery. They write from Turin, that General Thaun being perfeetly recovered of the Gout, has taken leave of his Royal Highness the Duke of Savoy, and is set out from thence for Milan, where he proposes to make a short stay, in order to regulate some Affairs relating to the Imperial Troops, and will then proceed to Vienna. These Letters add, that Susa, and the other Towns on the Frontiers, are provided with firong Garrisons, for the better Secutity of those Parts from any Insults of the French out of Dauphine. Three thousand Horse have received Orders to March towards Vado, in order to be transported from thence to Catalonia; and fo foon as the Season permits, the like number of Foot will be sent to Final for the same pur-

Hague, November 21. N. S. The Confederate Army broke up from before Aire on Saturday the 15th Instant, and marched that Day to Bethune. On Sunday they continued their March by Pont à Vendin into the Plains of Liste, whence the Troops designed to quarter in that Place, Tournay and Douay, went to their respective Garrisons. The

Duke of Marlborough and the Prince of Savoy left the Army the same Day, and went to Tournay The rest of the Troops were marching towards the feveral Places assigned them for their Winter Quarters; only the Forces which were posted at Pont-Rouge were ordered to continue there for fome Days, to secure the Passage of the Boats which are to bring the Artillery and heavy Baggage from Aire. The Duke of Marlborough and the Prince of Savoy came the 19th to Gand, and went the next Day to Brussels, where they will stay 'till the 25th or 26th, there being several Difficulties to be adjusted, for raising fifteen hundred thousand Gilders, to supply the Imperial and Palatine Troops with Bread and Forage during the Winter Season. The States have sent one of their Yachts to Antwerp, to receive his Grace and the Prince, who intend to come hither by Water. The State of the War for the enfuing Year was laid before the States-General the 17th, and they have fent it to the feveral Provinces for their Approbation. The States of Holland are met, and have had the State of the War communicated to them, which is at present under their Consideration. The Convoy, with her Britannick Majesty's Yachts, arrived the 16th at the Goerée, and the Yachts are since come up the Maese. It is expected that part of the Squardron of Men of War designed for the Mediterranean will be Sailing in ten or twelve Days towards the Coast of England, and the rest are to follow as fail as they can be got ready. The third of December next is appointed as a Day of Publick Devotion in these Provinces, for the Successes of the last Campaign. A strict Order is issued to all the Officers in the Service of the States, to get their several Companies compleat by the 25th Day of March next, on pain of being broke in case of failure. The Common News-Letters from Park fay, that his Catholick Majesty was decamped from Pardo, and had passed the Tagus with his Army; but little Credit is given here to those Advices, especially since other Letters from France make no mention of it; but on the contrary continue to tell us, that the French Court keeps great Silence as to the Affairs of Spain.

Plimouth, November 14. Yesterday arrived the America, Stadt Limbury, Mary and Ann, Elizabeth and Henrietta, and the Stadt Permerabo, all sive of and for Amsterdam, with Sugar, &c. from Surinam. The same Day came in the Valentine of and from Portsmouth, John Green Master, with Corn for Lisbon; the Fortune, Abraham Vanhooke Master, and the Peace, John Molman Master, both of and for Zurickzee from Ireland. This Day came in her Majesty's Ship the Lancaster from Portsmouth, and under her Convoy the Martin, Charles Richards Master, for Cork; the King David, Valentine May Master, for Lisbon, both of and from London; the Queen Ann, Thomas Rice, and the Hannah, Cornelius Hunn Master, both for this Place, and six Tin Ships for Falmouth.

Dartmouth.