

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday April 29. to Tuesday May 2. 1710.

Venice, April 18. N. S.

Letters from Naples say, that Admiral Baker continued at Tarento, while the Ships under his Convooy took in their Loading of Corn, and other Stores, for the Service of his Catholick Majesty; that two Dutch Men of War bound from Manfredonia were driven into Brindisi by bad Weather; and that one hundred and fifty Catalans were arrived at Naples, in order to transport six hundred Horses to Barcelona. These Letters add, that by the last Advices from Sardinia, they had an Account of some Commotions in that Island; but it was believed they would be speedily suppressed, they having no longer hopes of Support and Assistance from the French and Sicilians. The last Courier that arrived at Naples from Barcelona, brought with him from his Catholick Majesty the Nominations to several vacant Bishopricks. It hath been resolved, that during the present Exigency of Affairs, one fifth part of all the Revenues in Naples formerly alienated from the Crown, shall be raised for the publick Service. Advices from Rome say, that the Pope assisted in Person at a Consistory held on the 7th Instant, wherein nothing was transacted, besides the usual Presentations to vacant Benefices. We hear that the Restitution of Commachio is resolved on, and that the Pope hath acquainted the College of Cardinals with the Proceedings of the Congregation appointed to adjust that Affair. His Holiness hath also represented to them what great Expences the Emperor hath been at in erecting new Fortifications, and that therefore a considerable Sum of Money must be granted to his Imperial Majesty, when it should be delivered up into his Possession. The Congregation, to whose Management this Affair is entrusted, continue their Conferences. Some Difficulties have happened about the Sum which is to be paid down at the Restitution; and they write that the Inhabitants of the Town and the Neighbouring Territories have sent a Petition to Vienna, desiring that they may be continued under the Government of the Emperor, or of their ancient Lord the Duke of Modena. The Pope having in some Measure recovered his Health, went to St. Peter's Church on the 11th Instant, and designs to officiate at some of the Functions of the Holy Week. His Journey to Loretto is laid aside. Several Spaniards, pursuant to an Edict of the Duke of Anjou, are departed from Rome.

Warsaw, April 24. N. S. This Day the Great Council of War was assembled, in order to concert the Operations of the ensuing Campaign. The Tax that was imposed by the General Council on the several sorts of Stamp Paper, having received the Consent of most of the Senators, was rejected by a Committee to whom the same was referred, after the General Diet was dissolved. Monsieur Konasky, Castellan of Cracow, and General of the Artillery of Poland, died lately at Camienicz in Podolia. Yesterday the King disposed of the Offices of which he was possessed at his Death. Adam Stanislaus Sieniawsky, Great General of the Crown, succeeds him in the Castellan of Cracow, and Count Fleming, his Majesty's first Minister, hath the Office of General of the Artillery of Poland. Monsieur Coningpolsky is made Weywod of Siradia, which Place was vacant by the Resignation of the Palatin of Siradia. The King hath also disposed of several other important Places; and it is reported that his Majesty will speedily remove to a Seat about twelve Leagues from this City, situated on the River, to enjoy the Diversions of Hunting and Horse-racing.

Hamburgh, April 28. N. S. Two Polish Officers from the Army of the Weywod Ryowsky are arrived at S-ralsund, with Advices to King Stanislaus. We daily expect to hear of an Engagement between the Swedish and Danish Fleets in the Baltick. Letters from Lithuania of the 14th Instant advise, that the Muscovites are marched out of their Winter Quarters to the Camp before Riga, having left that Country in an inexpressible Misery. These Letters say, that they have consumed and carried off every thing that might be serviceable to their Army, and left the Inhabitants destitute of Necessaries for their Subsistence. The Misery of that People makes them earnestly desire the Conclusion of the Diet of Warlaw, that they may be freed from those Exactions of the Muscovites. His Czarish Majesty is set out for Petersbourg, attended by his chief Ministers, and several Strangers, particularly by Monsieur Juel, formerly the Danish Envoy to the Czar, on whom we hear his Czarish Majesty will confer the Command of the Russian Fleet. Letters from Moscow of the 3d Instant say, that by the last Advices they received from Bender, his Swedish Majesty continued in that Place, and had refused to accept of the Grand Signior's Guard to accompany him in his Journey, but had again desired the Protection of the Ottoman Court, to continue at Bender in Safety, till a more convenient Opportunity should offer for his Return into his Dominions. These Letters add, that Mr. Whitworth, her Britannick Majesty's Ambassador to the Czar, was preparing to set out for England.

Lisbon, April 29. N. S. On the 23d Instant Sir Edward Whitaker arrived here with five British Men of War from Port-Mahon. The Earl of Galway is indisposed with the Gout. The Dispositions being made for opening the Campaign, our Army is to be assembled near Elvas, and the Troops are in motion towards that Place. The Enemy are likewise drawing their Forces together near Badajos, in which City the Marquis de Bay lies dangerously ill. The Duke of Anjou's Army doth not consist of more than ten thousand Men, four thousand of whom are Horse; but it is reported, that they speedily expect Reinforcements from Andalusia.

Brussels, May 7. N. S. Last Tuesday five Deputies of the States-General arrived here from visiting the Frenchiers. This Day they returned to Holland in the Yatch appointed to attend them. Letters from the Camp before Douay say, that the Works were carried on with such Silence, Order and Application when the Trenches were opened, that a Parallel of two thousand Paces was thrown up before the Enemy perceived the Workmen. Both Attacks are on the North side of the Scarpe, and have Communication with each other. Since the Allies began their Lines of Circumvallation, the besieged have not attempted to disturb the Workmen; but they have perfected their new Fortifications, and Monsieur Albergotti takes all Precautions to signalize himself by a vigorous Defense. Advices from the Enemy's Frontiers say, that the Marechal Villars was expected at Cambrai before the 9th Instant; that the French Troops were marching from all Quarters towards the General Rendezvous; that their Cavalry is advancing towards Cambrai, between which Place and Peronne they design to form their Army. At present they have no considerable Body in the Field; and the Horse being quartered in distant Garrisons for want of Forage, their Forces cannot be assembled before the 20th Instant. Letters from Madrid of the 21st of the last Month say, that

that the Duke of Anjou had again deferred his Departure to the Army for some Days; and that he had ordered the Duke of Medina Celi to be laid under an Arrest, who had been brought from Segovia to Alcanar, without any of his Domesticks to attend him; but the Duke of Orleans, with the Permission of the Duke of Anjou, sent him one of his Servants. All his Papers, and his two Secretaries, have been likewise seized; but the Reason of these Proceedings against that Grande are not publickly known: His Confinement occasions a great Disturbance in the Kingdom; and it is believed the Duke of Anjou hath delayed his Journey to Arragon because of this Accident.

Falmouth, April 27. On the 25th put in here the four Brothers of and for Fishing, Cryn Galardea Master; and the White-Horse Privateer of Fishing from Cruising, who re-took a Phoebe, commanded by John Bays, bound for New-England. Yesterday was sent in here by the Great Pearl, Captain Credo Commander, a small French Privateer of St. Malo, of six Guns and forty Men. Sailed also the same day the Palm e, Maudlin, and Forest, from Oporto, for London. This Day put in the Great Pearl, who re-took yesterday the three Crowns of and for London from Oporto, and brought her in with him, Jo. Overfall Master. Sailed also the Hope Galley of Lime for London, from Oporto. Just now arrived the Mercury Packet boat, Capt. Green Commander, in nine Days from Lisbon.

Plimouth, April 28. On the 25th sailed the Northumberland to the Eastward. On the 26th the Prince George of and for Copenhagen, arrived from the East Indies. The same Day sailed the Falmouth, with about thirty Sail under her Convoy to the Eastward, and the Rochester from Torbay, with twelve Sail under her Convoy came in here, being bound for Newfoundland. Yesterday arrived the Montague from Cruising. This Day came in the Prosperity, Two Brothers, Forrester, Palm Galley, Maudlin, and Peter and Mary, from Oporto, and the Mary Anne from Malaga, all bound for London; the Happy Return from Dublin bound for Ostend, and a Swede for France.

Dartmouth, April 28. On the 26th sailed up from the Westward her Majesty's Ship the Falmouth, having under her Convoy about twenty five Sail of Merchant-ships from Plimouth, bound to the Eastward; which Fleet was joined from this Place by the Charles Galley, the Richard Galley, the Speak Galley, a Dutch Dogger, the John and Thomas of Southampton, and the Richard and Mary of Rochester, bound for London: They anchored in Torbay that Night, and sailed yesterday to the Eastward.

Yarmouth, April 28. This Day came into our Road divers light Colliers from the Southward; as did at the same time four Gallies from the River of Thames, bound North about to New-England and the Streights. Her Majesty's Ship the Folkestone and Advice's Prize continue in our Road, bound for Holland.

Hull, April 29 Yesterday came into Humber the Advice from the Southward; and this Morning the Mermaid and Greyhound put to Sea, with the Transports that came from Scotland, bound for Holland, having on Board one thousand two hundred and fifty Recruits for the British Forces in Flanders. We have still in Humber the Tyger, Nightingale and Advice.

Cowes, April 29. Her Majesty's Ship the Falmouth, with several Counters, is now passing through this Road to the Eastward.

Sir Henry Furnese, Knt. and Bart. Sir William Scawen, Sir Gilbert Heathcote, Knights, Francis Eyles, Samuel Shephard, George Deighton and James Cragg, Esqrs; the present Trustees for Re-payment of the Loan of 250000 l. to the Emperor (of which three Fifth parts of the Principal has been already repaid, with Interest half Yearly, to the 7th of March last) being by her Majesty's Letters Patent, bearing date the 13th of March last past, appointed Commissioners to receive Subscriptions to a new Loan to be made to his Imperial Majesty of 100000 l. for Support of the Forces under the Command of Prince Eugene of Savoy in Flanders,

and payable to his Order, upon continuing the same undiminished Security, by his Imperial Majesty, and the States of Spain, for repayment thereof in four Years, with Interest upon the rate of 8 per Cent. per Annum that is to say, the first part of the said Loan to be repaid on the 28th of April 1713, and the other half on the 28th of April 1714. The said Commissioners do hereby give Notice, That on Monday the 5th of this Instant May, they open the Subscription Book, and will attend for that purpose at the Office near the Exchequer, from ten in the Morning till one, and at the Bank of England from four till six in the Evening, till the whole be subscribed. Each Subscriber to pay down one half part at the time of subscribing, and the other half on the 28th of June then next following.

Advertisements.

Just published, A new and exact Plan of Douay and Fort Scarpe, as new done from the Original. Printed at Brussel, by Henry Frix; with it is a Map of the Country about Douay, Arras, Lens, La Bassie, Ipres, Lille, Tourney, Conde, Valenciennes, &c. Sold by C. Browne, Print and Map-seller, at the Globe by St. Paul's Church, London.

Whereas Mary the Wife of William Walker, of Wington, in the County of Somerset, Gent. is Elop'd from her Husband, This is to give Notice, that her said Husband will not pay any Debts she shall contract after the Publication hereof.

Excellent English Barrel Soap, Sold only by the Maker William Cowpland, at the three Pigeons and Crown in the Old Bailey near Ludgate, for ready Money at 48 s. a Barrel, who by a peculiar Art (known to none but himself) has now successfully improv'd it, both for Scent and Service; it's not only Odoriferously pleasant and delightful to Smell to, but is every way as good as the best Crown Soap, goes as far, keeps much better and longer, and (which adds to its excellency) to delicately whiten, clean, preserves the strength and keeps from turning yellow the finest Linens, &c. that it's admir'd by all that use it; 'Tis likewise the cheapest and best for scouring of Silks, Wool, and Worsten. Any Person for a Trial may send for a small quantity as a half Peck, which contains 32 Pound neat, Paid, being but two Pence Farthing a Pound.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt was awarded against Robert Baker of Bishopsden, in the County of Suffolk, Founder, and he having satisfied and paid his several and respective Creditors their full demands; this is to give Notice that the said Commission is superseded under the Great Seal of Great Britain; therefore all Persons that owe the said Robert Baker any Money, or that have any Goods or other Effects of his in their Hands, are desired forthwith to pay and deliver the same to the said Mr. Baker.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against John Cumberland of St. Paul's Shadwell, in the County of Middlesex, Distiller, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is required to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 5th and 12th Instant, and on the 11th of June next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at the In-chamber in Guildhall, London; at the first of which Sitings his Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-money, and chuse Assignees.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against William Reding of the Parish of Rotherhithe in the County of Surrey, Shipwright, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is required to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 5th and 12th Instant, and on the 11th of June next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the first of which Sitings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-money, and chuse Assignees.

Whereas William Sprakman of Reading in the County of Berks, Timber-Dealer, hath surrender'd himself (pursuant to Notice) and been examined; this is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 17th Instant, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where his Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay their Contribution-money, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Whereas the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Thomas Proctor of York, Apothecary have certified to the Rt. Hon. the Lord High-Chancellor of Great Britain, that he hath in all things conform'd himself according to the Directions of the late Acts of Parliament made against Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that his Certificate will be confirm'd as the said Acts direct unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 23d Instant.

Deferted the 20th of April last from Colonel Francis Gibbon's Company, in the Honourable Colonel Andrews Windsor's Regiment, Tho. Salm, a stout well set Man, aged 27 Years, with a fair Wig. Tho. Austin, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Foot 7 Inches high, and brown Hair, their Relations live in White-chappel; also Robert Brooks, well cloth'd, wears a fair Wig over short brown Hair, his Son on one of his Checks, his Father lives at Oditham in Hampshire. Whoever secures them, and gives Notice to Col. Gibbon, at his Quarters in Derby, or to Major Marmaduke Soule at the Tower, shall have 3 Guineas reward for each; or if they will repair to Dury, at the Tower, in 15 Days, shall be pardon'd.