

The London Gazette.

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From Tuesday April 4. to Thursday April 6. 1719.

Westminster, April 5.

HER Majesty came this Day to the House of Peers; and being in Her Royal Robes seated on the Throne, with the usual Solemnity, Mr. Aston, Deputy Gentleman-Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from Her Majesty to the House of Commons, requiring their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, Her Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to

An Act for continuing several Impositions, additional Impositions and Duties upon Goods imported, to raise Money by way of Loan for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ten, and for taking off the Oversea Duty on Coals exported in British Bottoms, and for better preventing Frauds in Drawbacks upon Certificate Goods, and for ascertaining the Duties of Currans imported in Venetian Ships, and to give further time to Foreign Merchants for Exportation of certain Foreign Goods Imported, and to limit a Time for Prosecutions upon certain Bonds given by Merchants, and for continuing certain Fees of the Officers of the Customs, and to prevent Imbezilements by such Officers, and for appropriating the Monies granted to Her Majesty, and for replacing Monies paid or to be paid for making good any Deficiencies on the Annuity Acts, and for Encouragement to raise Naval Stores in Her Majesty's Plantations, and to give further time for Registering Debentures, as is therein mentioned.

An Act for Explaining and Enlarging an Act of the Sixth Year of Her Majesty's Reign, Entituled, An Act for the Security of Her Majesty's Person and Government.

An Act for discharging the Attendance of Noblemen, Barons and Freeholders upon the Lords of Justice in their Circuits in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, and for abolishing the Method of Exhibiting Criminal Informations by the Persecutors Kail.

An Act for raising the Militia for the Year One thousand seven hundred and ten, although the Month's Pay formerly advanced be not repaid.

An Act to Regulate the Price and Assize of Bread.

An Act for the better Security of Rents, and to prevent Frauds committed by Tenants.

An Act for explaining and making more Effectual an Act for the better enabling the Master, Wardens and Assessors of Trinity House to rebuild the Light-house on the Edystone Rock.

An Act for making more effectual the Act for Repairing the Highway between Farnhill in the County of Bedford and Stony-Stratford in the County of Buckingham.

An Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by Vesting the Copies of printed Books in the Authors or Purchasers of such Copies during the Times therein mentioned.

An Act for Vesting certain Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in Trustees, for the better Fortifying and Securing the Harbours and Docks at Portsmouth, Chatham and Harwich.

And to thirteen Private Bills.

After which Her Majesty was pleased to make the following Speech to both Houses.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

It is with great Satisfaction that I come hither at this time, to return you my hearty Thanks for the many Marks of Duty and Affection which you have given me thro' the whole Course of this Session.

And I am to thank you, Gentlemen of the House of Commons, in a very particular manner, for the great Dispatch which you have made in providing, so early in the Year, such great and effectual Supplies for the Publick Service: This cannot but make me very desirous to repeat the Assurances I gave you at the opening of the Session, that they should be very carefully applied to the Uses for which you have designed them.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I cannot sufficiently express to you my great Concern that you have had so necessary an Occasion of taking up a great part of your Time towards the latter End of this Session.

I am confident no Prince that ever sat on the Throne has been more really and sincerely kind to the Church than my Self, nor ever had a more true and tender Concern for its Welfare and Prosperity than I have, and always shall continue to have.

The suppressing Immorality, and prophane and other wicked and malicious Libels, is what have I always earnestly recommended, and shall be glad of the first Opportunity to give my Consent to any Laws that might effectually conduce to that End: But this being an Evil complained of in all Times, it is very injurious to take a Pretext from thence to insinuate that the Church is in any Danger from my Administration.

I could heartily wish that Men would study to be quiet, and to their own Business, rather than busy themselves in reviving Questions and Disputes of a very high Nature, and which must be with an ill Intention, since they can only tend to foment, but not to heal our Divisions and Animosities.

For my own part, as it has pleased God to give Success to my Endeavours for the Union of my two Kingdoms, which I must ever esteem as one of the greatest Blessings of my Reign; so I hope his Divine Goodness will still continue favourable, and make me the happy Instrument of that yet more desirable Union of the Hearts of all my People in the Bonds of mutual Affection; that so there may remain no other Contention among you, but who shall exceed the other in contributing to advance our present Happiness, and secure the Protestant Succession.

Finding by the Advances from Abroad that our Army has not yet taken the Field, and that the Republick of France are still in Holland, I think it proper at present to make the Prerogative but for a very short time.

After which the Lord-Chancellor, by Her Majesty's Command, Prorogued the Parliament until Tuesday the 8th of April Instant.

T. 1719.

Turin, March 29. N. S. Advices from the Coast of Tuscany, say, that two Venetian and two Genoese Vessels arrived at Porto Longone on the 10th Instant from Messina, having on Board one thousand Men of Regular Troops, four large Guns, the same number of Mortars, and other Warlike Stores, with sufficient Provisions for three Months. These Vessels sailed from Sicily in Company with two Gallies and two Transports, which had on Board seven hundred and fifty Marines; but the Gallies were separated from them by bad Weather: They relate, that they were bound for Sardinia, and had formed a Design to attack Cagliari; in which Expedition they promised themselves the Assistance of some French Men of War from Marseilles, and expected to be favoured by a Sedition in the Island, which had been laid by the Duke of Uzeda. The Regency of Milan being informed of these Designs of the Enemy, they forthwith resolved to send over five or six hundred Men, belonging to that State, for the Defence and Security of the Island, provided that the Allies would be at the Charge of transporting them. Mr. Cherwynd, her Britannick Majesty's Envoy residing here, in consideration of the great Supplies of Corn and other Advantages received from Sardinia, and of what Consequence the Preservation of it is to the common Cause, consented to this Proposal, and gave Instructions for providing Vessels at Genoa for that Service, which will be ready to sail on the second of the next Month. On the twenty seventh Instant a Lieutenant-Colonel arrived here from Catalonia, being sent by Marshal Starremberg, to concert proper Measures with the British Minister at this Court for the Transportation of the Imperial Troops designed for Spain. The Air of Final being very fatal to the Troops that were quartered there last Year, it hath been thought requisite that they shall be sent to Pavia or Tortona, until the necessary Dispositions are made for their Embarkation. We have an Account by an Officer who arrived here Yesterday from Toulon, of the great Misery of the Inhabitants of that City, several People having died in the Streets for want of Subsistence. The last Advices from Barcelona say, that the Troops were in Motion towards the Frontiers; and that Prince Maurice, a Nephew to Prince Eugene, lately died there of a Fever, after a few Days Sickness. Two Brothers of the deceased Prince, who are in this City, are on their Departure for Germany; the Elder is to take Possession of a Regiment lately given him by the Emperor, and the Younger to serve in Hungary in Prince Eugene's Regiment of Dragoons. Letters from Briançon, of the 17th Instant, say, that Monsieur Dillon and Monsieur Caraccioli, two Lieutenants-General of the French Army, the one a Neapolitan, and the other a Native of Ireland, had Leave to quit that Service, with design, as it is supposed, to serve in Spain. We are advised from Grenoble, that the Corn which is brought thither from Marseilles is for the most part divided among those who contributed to the Purchase of it, though it was bought to form Magazines at Mont-Dauphin, Briançon, Chapparrillan, and Fort Barraux. The number of the Enemy's Forces in Provence, Savoy and Dauphiné, is computed to amount to ninety Battalions: However, they give out that they design to act only defensively on this Frontier, in order to be enabled to reinforce their Armies in Flanders, and on the Rhine. Most of the Troops that marched last Year out of Spain, are returned to the same Service, under the Pretence of Desertion. The Snow beginning to melt on the Mountains, his Royal Highness hath dispatched the Marquis d'Andorne to Pignerol, to observe the Motions of the Enemy on that side; and General St. Remy, who hath commanded during the Winter at Suza, is to concur with him in securing those Quarters from any Surprize of the Enemy.

Florence, March 25. N. S. On the 2d of the next Month this Court is to set out for Pisa, and the Great Duke designs to proceed from thence to Leghorn. Count Cuentres, the Viceroy of Sardinia, hath signified that he

is under no Apprehensions of any Enterprize of the Enemy upon that Island. Sir John Norris is speedily expected at Cagliari, with a Squadron of eighteen Men of War; the Troops that lately put into Porto-Longone are not fit to be employed on any Expedition, before they are accommodated with Cloaths and other Necessaries, should the Enemy attempt to make a Descent on Sardinia. Letters from Naples say, that her British Majesty's Ships the Chatham and Nassau sailed from thence on the 16th Instant for Leghorn, with a Prize laden with Corn. And on the 18th the Diligence and Ambuscade, two British Privateers, sailed from that Port to cruise. They write from Rome of the 22d Instant, that the Pope had appointed a Congregation of Cardinals to confer with the Imperial Ministers, concerning the Restitution of Commachio; and the Treasurer of the Church had taken out of the Castle of St. Angelo fifty thousand Crowns of Gold by the Order of his Holiness, which Sum, it is said, will be paid to the Marquis de Prié as soon as Commachio shall be evacuated by the Imperialists, and delivered to the Pope. His Holiness continued very much indisposed, and it was believed he would speedily remove to some Place for the Benefit of the Air.

Vienna, March 29. N. S. Prince Eugene set out from hence on the 26th Instant for Berlin, accompanied by the Counts Wallenstein, Lamberg and Bona. Great Numbers of Men have been raised in this Place for Recruiting the Imperial Regiments of Horses; that of Brevionne is entirely complete, and it is believed will serve the next Campaign on the Rhine, having already received Orders to prepare to march out of Hungary, where they had been quartered since their return from Lombardy last Year. Letters from Hungary say, that Prince Ragotzki, after having consumed all the Provisions about Kerkener, and extorted a considerable Sum of Money from the Places which paid Contribution to the Imperialists, was marched with a great Body of Hungarians, Poles and Swedes towards Erla. Several Parties of the Malecontents appearing lately near Tirnau, a Detachment of Horses was ordered out of the Town, which has killed and taken a considerable Number of their Prisoners. They talk here of making a new Scheme of War the next Campaign in Hungary, very different from what has been practised hitherto, which is to undertake the Siege of some Town of Consequence, instead of pursuing the Enemy in the open Country. Monsieur de Scimville, Lieutenant-General, is made Governor of Transilvania in the room of General Krichbaum. Count Schlick is returned for Hungary, to make further Alterations in the Powers granted to the Imperial Commissioners, the People making frequent Complaints of the Grievances they undergo from the Quartering of the Troops. The Emperor has granted his Passports, and assigned a Route for the March of one hundred Men and three hundred and fifty Horses from Augsburg into Italy, through the Country of the Grisons, for remounting the Earl of Rochford's Regiment of Dragoons, which is now in Quarters at Tortona in the Milanese, in order to be Transported to Barceona.

Copenhagen, April 5. N. S. Lieutenant-General Gerdorf set out last Week for Flanders, where he is to Command the Danish Troops in the room of Lieutenant-General Rantzau, who was sent for from thence to serve in the Expedition on Schonen. The Imperial Resident has had Instructions to press his Danish Majesty to desist from his Design to employ Count Velo as his Envoy at the Imperial Court; the Resident has executed those Orders, but has receiv'd no positive Answer on that Subject. Six hundred Sailors are arrived here from Jurland, and the like Number are soon expected from Hamburg; the Convoy which is to Transport four Thousand from Norway is not yet sailed. We have no certain Account of the Motions or Designs of the Swedish Army in Schonen, but it hath been reported that a strong Detachment was lately sent towards Norway, and another Body towards Finland. Major-General Krægt

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is made a Commander of Fredericia in Jutland. The Government hath laid some new Taxes upon the Subjects; servants are to pay a third Part of their Wages to the Publick; and all Money at Interest is charged in the same Proportion. On the 1st Instant, the Courier of the States returned to this Place from Stockholm, having brought Letters to the Dutch Envoy from the British and Dutch Ministers residing there; which inform us, that the Regency of Sweden hath agreed to the Neutrality for the Provinces in the Empire, on the Terms specified in the Resolution of the States General on the 13th of February last, and had sent Orders to the Swedish Envoy at the Hague, to treat and Agree for the Reception of part of the Troops in Pomerania in the Service of the Allies. The Danes have brought in here seven Ships from Rostock and Lubeck, laden with Corn and Salt, which were designed for Stockholm. The Troopers that wanted Horses are Marched into Funen, where Major-General Rowitz is gone to take Care that they are well remounted. A Captain of a Danish Frigate who lately arrived at this Port inform us, that while he was Cruising in the East Sea, his Lieutenant was sent to examine a Lubeck Ship sailing towards Dantzick, who found a Person on board that Vessel who feigned himself to be a Polish Colonel, and had a Passport as such; whereupon the Lieutenant permitted him to continue his Voyage. But we are Adviced since by another Vessel from Lubeck, that the pretended Officer was King Stanislaus, who had been at that Place, and was Sailed from thence towards Dantzick.

Brussels, April 10. N. S. The Forces of the Allies are marching from all Quarters towards the General Rendezvous, and the Duke of Marlborough and Prince Eugene are expected here within few Days. Advices from the Frontiers say, that the Enemy's Horse which were quartered along the Sambre were marched out of their Garrisons, in order to Canton in the Lines beyond Bavé. The want of Horses for remounting the French Cavalry hath obliged them to require the Neighbouring Villages to bring in all that can be found fit for that Service. These Advices repeat the former Accounts of the great want of Forage in all the Frontier Garrisons. Letters from Paris of the 7th Instant say, that the French King had made a Promotion of Twenty five Lieutenant's General, Twenty one Majors General, Thirty Brigadiers of Foot, and eighteen of Horse and Dragoons. The general Review of the French and Swiss Guards, and Troops of the Household, was deferred till the 10th Instant. We are Adviced from Madrid, that the Duke of Anjou had determined to make the ensuing Campaign in Arragon, and had appointed the Marquis de Villadarias and Prince Ferdinand to Command immediately under him.

Falmouth, April 1. Yesterday failed to the Eastward the Gardiner Frigate and Cornwall Galley. This Day failed hence the Indian Prince of this Place, bound for Madera, Robert Williams Master, to join my Lord Dursley, whose Squadron is now off of this Port, piping to the Westward.

Plimouth, April 2. Yesterday came in the Southampton from Fowry, with the Resolution, bound for London, from Leghorn; and the Phoenix and Mary Tin-Ships. The same Day came in a Swede from Amsterdam in Ballast for St. Ubes, and Conqueror of Weymouth for Ireland; and the Indian Prince of and from Falmouth, with Pilchards for the Maderas. This Day failed the Conqueror of Weymouth and Peter of Rotterdam, both for Ireland.

Dartmouth, April 2. This Afternoon came in here the Charles Galley of and for London, Captain Richard Struzeka Commander, from Virginia, from whence she came about five Weeks since,

and met no Opposition in her Passage till she came off of the Start, where a small French-Snow (which daily waits off our Harbour) of four Guns and about fifty Men, came up with her within Musket-Shot, and fired at her; but Captain Struzeka having twelve Guns mounted, and seventeen Men, plied the French with double and round Shot, and made him sheer off, and kept him from Boarding.

Bristol, April 2. This Day came in the Mary-Galley of this Port, John Plommer Master, from Barcelona, but last in seventeen Days from Gibraltar. Her Majesty's Ships the Hastings and Speedwel are still in Kingroad, with above fifty Sail of Outward-bound Ships.

Farmouth, April 3. On the first Instant failed her Majesty's Ships the Folkstone and Advice's Prize, with a Fleet of eight Colliers under their Convoy for Newcastle. The same Day came in her Majesty's Ships the Nightingale and Lively, with divers Vessels under their Convoy from the Southward. Yesterday several more Light Colliers failed hence to the Northward; divers Ships passed by at the same time on the back of our Sands from the Southward, which are supposed to be the Transports returning from Holland. This Day passed through our Road a Fleet of Merchantships from the Southward with their Convoys, bound for Humber. At the same time her Majesty's Ships the Nightingale and Lively failed to the Northward.

Portsmouth, April 4. On Sunday last in the Afternoon her Majesty's Ships the Cornwall, Arundel, Lark, and Bedford-Galley arrived at Spithead from the Downs, with one hundred and fifty Sail of Merchantmen and Coasters under their Convoy. The same Evening the Colchester failed into the Harbour. Yesterday about Noon the Leopard, Panther, Feversham and Laistoff, with the Merchantmen under their Convoy, were put back to St. Hellens; but the Wind being now fair, they are again under Sail. Yesterday also the Rose-Pink failed into the Harbour; and this Morning the Foy failed out to Spithead. There are at Spithead twenty English Men of War, and five Dutch.

Cowes, April 3. Yesterday came into this Road her Majesty's Ship the Colchester from cruising, and the Cornwall Galley from Barcelona.

The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty having received a Paper, dated the 31st of the last Month, signed A. B. C. D. &c. giving an account of several Abuses committed by Persons employed in the Navy; their Lordships do hereby give Notice, that the Persons who sent the said Paper shall receive all fitting Encouragement and Protection, not only for what is mentioned therein, but for any thing else which they shall henceforth transmit unto them for the Good of Her Majesty's Service.

The Court of Directors of the Bank of England give Notice, That printed Lists for the Annual Election are ready to be delivered at the Bank. That a General Court of Election will be held at the Bank on Thursday the 13th Instant, from 9 to 12 in the Forenoon, and from 3 to 6 in the Afternoon, for the choice of a Governor and Deputy-Governor, which Election will be declared that Evening. And the said Court will be continued by Adjournment, and held at the same Place, and during the same Hours, on Friday the 14th Instant, for the Choice of twenty four Directors (which will also be one of the Quarterly General Courts

Courts appointed by the Charter;) and this last Election will be declared as soon as the Scrutiny is over.

Advertisements.

A Collection of the several Statutes, and Parts of Statutes now in Force, relating to High-Treason, and Misprision of High-Treason; with the Form and Method of Trial of Commoners in Cases of High-Treason, and Misprision of High-Treason. Publish'd by Order of the House of Peers, for the better Information of the People of Great Britain, in Relation to those Laws. Sold at her Majesty's Printing-Office in Black Fryars, and by Mr. Robert Whittidge at the Bible in Ave-Mary-Lane, and by several Book-sellers in London and Westminster; where may be had also the Method of Trial of Commoners in Cases of High-Treason, singly.

On Tuesday the ninth of May next will be a Plate of fifty Pound Walker run for, on Bixley Chase, near Ipswich in Suffolk, by any Horse, Mare, or Gelding that never won fifty Pound in Money or Plate, carrying twelve Stone Weight, and to run three Heats. All the Horses, &c. are to be entered at the White Horse Inn in Ipswich aforesaid, a Fortnight before the Day of Running; and from that time to be kept in Ipswich, till the Day of Running is over. And on Thursday the fourth Day of the same Month will be a Galloway Plate of ten Pounds value to be run for at the same Place, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying eight Stone Weight, to run three Heats; and those Horses, &c. are likewise to be entered at the said White Horse Inn in Ipswich ten Days before the Day of Running, and to be kept in Ipswich from that time till the Day of Running is over. There will be likewise Cock-fighting, and several other Diversions, during that Week.

Major Bird, Merchant, in Pudding Lane, gives Notice, that once every Month he will Advertise in the Gazette the Price of true neat French Brandy. Note, he sells his Bourdeaux now for 12s. 6d. and his fine o'd Cognac for 13s. 6d. the Gallon. And to prevent Frauds he gives a printed Receipt of the Price; Quantity and Quality.

English Barrel Soap for 48 s. a Barrel ready Money, having been experienced both in City and Countrey to answer Expectation: Any Person may send for so small a quantity as half a Furkin, which containing 32 p. and neat at 6 s. comes to but two Pence Farthing a Pound. Sold by William Tazwell, at the farther end of Jerusalem-Alley in Gracechurch Street, London; who also sells white Cakes Soap, Castile marbled Soap, and white Genoa Soap all Oyl, also the best Crown Soap, Whole Sale or Retail, at reasonable Rates.

Maria Searle, the Daughter of Samuel and Margaret Searle, so famous for relieving and curing Deafness, still lives in Pye-Corner, near West-Smithfield, where she is always ready to assist those that apply themselves to her, being the Survivor of that Family, so noted for their extraordinary Cures for these fifty Years past, and is perfectly skilled in that Art.

Several Messuages, Lands and Tenements, late the Estate of Sir Jervase Cutler, Knr. deceased, lying at Leeming in the North-Riding of the County of York, containing 9 Messuages, Tenements or Farms, 4 Courages, a Water Corn Mills, 350 Acres of Arable, Meadow and Pasture Ground, of the value of 278 l. per Annum and upwards, to be Sold by a Decree of the High Court of Chancery before John Meller, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court. Particulars may be had at the said Master's Chamber in Symond's Inn in Chancery-Lane.

To be Sold a Freehold Estate at Aldbury, two Miles from Tring, 3 from Berkhamstead, and five from Hempsstead, in Hertfordshire, consisting of one Farm house, four Cottages, near 40 Acres of Wood, 65 Acres of Arable and Pasture inclosed, and 80 Acres of Field Land. Enquire of Mrs. Wirth at Aldbury, Mr. Joseph Carter at St. Albans, and Mr. Winch, Grocer, in Aldergate Street, London.

Round to be Let for Building, adjoining to the Wall of Hyde-Park near the Gate, having a full Prospect of both the Parks. Enquire of Mr. Thompson, at the Royal Oak facing Newport-street near Leicester-Fields.

Towards the lower End of St. Mary-Ax, going in at a great Gate, near Door to the blue Bear, is a large Brick Houfe, with Warehouse, large Cellars, and Garden, to be Lett. Enquire at the narrow next Door to the Gun-Tavern at Killinggate.

Mr. Gibb's Toy-shop on the Royal Exchange is to be Lett, and the Goods to be disposed of, the being Dead. Enquire at the White Hart in Cornhill, by St. Peter's Alley.

The Author of the Famous Cholick-Water, (publish'd these 10 Years, so well known throughout the Kingdom for its giving speedy Relief in Cases of Wind in the Stomach, Wind-Cholick, Vapours of both kinds, Stitches and Pains in the Sides, Gripes, Vomiting, or Looseness, and all other Indispositions and Weakness of Stomach and Bowels, immediately digesting any thing that offends, (having used it many Years in his own Practice with great Success) gives Notice, That it is still continu'd to be sold at these four Places only, viz. Old Man's Coffee-house at Charing-cross, Richard's at Temple-bar; Alice's at the Parliament-Houfe; and by Mr. Clark, Stationer, in Birch-in-lane, at 2s. 6d. a Bottle. 'Tis not purging, but a rich Cordial, pleasant to take, and at any time.

Whereas Jane Gilpin, Wife of Bernard Gilpin, Clerk, Recorder of Frickford, in the County of Oxon, hath come since

since Eloped from her Husband, and hath contracted several Debts, this is therefore to forbid all Persons from trusting the said Jane for that her said Husband will not pay any Debts she hath or shall contract, she having a separate Maintenance.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against Thomas Shackle, Jun. of London, Pewterer, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is required to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 13th and 20th Instant, and on the 6th of May next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the first of which Sitings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-mony, and chuse Assignees.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against James Smith, of Maidenhead in the County of Berks, Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is required to surrender himself to the Commissioners, who will sit on the 14th and 21st Instant, and on the 6th of May next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the first of which Sitings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-mony, and chuse Assignees.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against Edmond Burnett and Thomas Paton of Reading in the County of Berks, Timber-Merchants, Boat-builders and Coparmers, and they being declared Bankrupts are required to surrender themselves to the Commissioners on the 15th and 24th Instant, and on the 2d of May next, at 8 in the Forenoon at the Council-Chamber in the Guildhall in Reading aforesaid, at the first of which Sitings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-mony, and chuse new Assignees.

The Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Knowler, late of the City of Canterbury; Linen Draper, intend to meet on the 2d of May next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors that have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-mony, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

Whereas Joseph Johnson and Richard Gawton of St. James's Clerkwell, in the County of Middlesex, Salesmen and Partners, have surrendered themselves (pursuant to Notice) and been several times examined; these are to give Notice that they will attend the Commissioners on the 21st Instant, at the three Tun Tavern over against the Queen's Bench in Southwark, at 9 in the Forenoon, to finish their Examinations; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-mony, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of their Certificate.

Whereas William Brown, late of Manchester in the County of Lancaster, Merchant, hath surrendered himself and been examined; these are to give Notice, that the Commissioners will sit on the 20th of April Instant, at 10 in the Forenoon, at the Eagle and Child Coffee-house in Manchester aforesaid; when and where his Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay their Contribution-mony and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Whereas John Hall, of London, Upholster, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been several times examined; this is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 21st of April Instant, at 5 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where his Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay their Contribution-mony, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Whereas John Webb, of Higham-Ferrars in the County of Northampton, Mercer, hath surrendered himself (pursuant to Notice) and been examined; these are to give Notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 21st Instant, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; when and where his Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay their Contribution-mony, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Whereas the said Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against David Dennis of London, Merchant, have certified to the Right Honourable the Lord High-Chancellor of Great Britain, that he hath in all things conform'd himself according to the Directions of the late Acts of Parliament made against Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that his Certificate will be confirmed as the said Acts direct, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 26th Instant.

On Wednesday Evening, the 29th of March last, was stolen out of the Grounds of William Fyche, Esq; at Danbury in Essex, a brown bay Gelding, strong Limb'd, upwards of 14 Hand and a half high, full aged, handsome carriage'd, has a large Star, a large broom Tail cock'd, Trotts a little bare in Flesh, the near Fore-lap very near towards the Heel, having been gravelled, but had the Efflux on the inside of the off Leg before. Also a black Mare, strong Limb'd and plain, about 14 Hands and a half high, with a Star, and a little Diamond-like Snip on her Nose, the off Fore behind white, a little Bunch on the top of her Back under the Saddle with some white Hairs, now calling her Hovis, Trotts all, and die with some white Hairs, now calling her Hovis, Trotts all, and comes six this Grate. Whoever gives notice of the Gelding shall come six this Grate. Whoever gives notice of the Mare, with have two Guineas Reward, and one Guinea for the Mare, with reasonable Charges, so that they may be had again, paid by William Fyche, Esq; at Danbury aforesaid, or by George Fyars, Solicitor-keeper, in Round court in the Strand.