

# The London Gazette.

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From Monday July 23. to Thursday July 26. 1705.

## By the QUEEN, A PROCLAMATION, For a PUBLICK THANKSGIVING. ANNE R.

**W**E do most devoutly and Thankfully Acknowledge the great Goodness and Mercy of Almighty God, who has continued to Us His Protection and Assistance in the just War, in which, for the Common Safety of Our Realm; and for Disappointing the Baudels Ambition of France, We are now Engaged; and hath given to Our Arms, in Conjunction with Our Allies, under the Command of John Duke of Marlborough, Captain-General of Our Land-Forces, their having Forced the French Lines in the Spanish Netherlands, a Signal and Glorious Victory over the Forces of Our Enemies within those Lines; And therefore duly Considering that such great and publick Blessings do call for publick and solemn Acknowledgments, We have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue out this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Appointing and Commanding, That a General Thanksgiving to Almighty God, for these His Mercies, be Observed throughout Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, upon Thursday the Twentieth Day of August next. And for the better and more Religious and Orderly Solemnizing the same, We have given Directions unto the Archbishops and Bishops of this Our Kingdom to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches and Chapels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely Dispersing thereof through their respective Dioceses. And We strictly Charge and Command, That the said Publick Day of Thanksgiving be Religiously Observed by all Our Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of suffering such Punishments as We may justly inflict on all such as shall Contemn or Neglect the Performance of so Religious and Necessary a Duty.

Given at Our Court at Kensington, the Twentieth Day of July, 1705. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

G O D Save the Q U E E N .

*From Prince Eugene's Camp at Romanengo, July 16. N. S.*  
On the 9th instant the Count de Vehlen, who had been detached two days before with 500 Horse towards Soncino, sent Advice, That 600 of the Enemy's Horse were come into the Neighbourhood of that Place; whereupon it was resolved the whole Army should march that way, and some Horse and Foot were sent out to support the Count de Vehlen, and endeavour to surround this Detachment of the Enemy's Forces; but the Count de Vehlen having met with it about 11 at Night, attacked the Enemy with great Bravery, who immediately betook themselves to Flight, and escaped by the Favour of the night. On our side there were but 5 Troopers killed or wounded; and a Captain, who by some Accident fell from his Horse, is yet missing: We took 7 Prisoners; but know not yet what further Loss the Enemy may have had. In the mean time Prince Eugene advancing with the rest of the Army, came to Ticino, where we posted our selves very advantageously between two Canals. His Highness having resolved to attack Soncino, which was not above two Miles off, sent the Baron of Heibach with a Detachment to take Post before the Castle, who the next day made two real and as many false Attacks, and raised a Battery of Field-Pieces, which began to play that night with such Success, that the Cannon of the Castle was dismounted the day following. That day, being the 11th, 11 Deserters came over to us from the Town, who reported, that the Garrison had murdered, and would have obliged the Governor to surrender; but he had with much Difficulty appeased them, representing to them, that it were a Shame to yield till our heavy Cannon at least were brought up to fire against them. We had during these two days 36 Men killed and wounded. The 12th in the morning our Miners began to work, and Horses were sent to hasten the coming up of our heavy Artillery; but soon after the Besieged beat a Parley, desiring that they might march out, and be conducted to Cremona; which being granted, they surrendered in the evening at Discretion. The Ge-

sion consisted of 600 Men; among whom were 150 of our Men, some of whom had deserted, and the rest; being taken Prisoners, had, by the ill Usage they met with, been obliged to enter into the Enemy's Service. We also took in this Place two Colours, several Pieces of Cannon, 6000 Weight of Powder, 5000 Sacks of Meal, a great quantity of Oats; with Hay and other Provisions in great abundance; Bake-houses and an Hospital, that had been fitted up for the Service of the French Army, with all manner of Necessaries for those Uses. The 13th one of our Parties beat one of the Enemy's advanced Guards, killed Eleven of them; and took four Prisoners, together with Twenty of their Horses that were grazing near the Place where this Action happened. The 14th our heavy Artillery joined us; with 3000 Foot, that had been left at Riva to guard it, besides some Recruits; and a considerable number of Horses to remount our Cavalry: The 15th we marched by break of day; and came to this Camp. The Enemy marched at the same time from Ombriano, having likewise made choice of this Place for their Camp; and some of their Troops attacked our advanced Guard, but were repulsed with Loss; and finding themselves prevented, they encamped at Fiescho, within 2 Leagues of us. This day both Armies made a Halt; but it is thought we shall not continue long in this Post; our General intending, as is believed, either to give Battle to the Enemy, or to attack Pignatone, which Place the French have strongly fortified; and the taking of it would be of great Advantage to us in the besieging either of Cremona or Lodi.

*From the French Camp at Fiescho, July 16.* The Duke of Vendôme came the 14th Instant from Chivas to our Camp at Ombriano; and having held a Council of War with the Grand Prior his Brother, it was resolved we should march to Romanengo. We accordingly decamped the next day, and passed the River; but the Germans having prevented us, and already taken possession of that Post, we came to this Camp; our Right being at Fiescho, and our Left at Maro. This day a Detachment of 600 Horse was sent to Ustiano, a Post on the Oglio; and Orders were dispatched to Monsieur Destouches, who marched yesterday to Gezzolo with two Battalions of Foot, to remove from thence to Ustiano. The Regiment of Beik-Hic, and 3 Battalions of those we had sent to the Aday, have rejoined us; and we expect in two days Monsieur Albergotti with the Reinforcement from the Camp before Chivas. We are enlarging the Roads on our Right; and it is said, we are to make a small Motion that way, in order to cover Cremona and Pignatone. The Siege of Chivas, which is now under the Direction of the Duke de la Feuillade, goes on very slowly.

*Vienne, July 18.* The Two Hungarian Deputies, Vifa and Occoluciani, went from hence last night towards Hungary, with fresh Proposals for appeasing the Troubles in that Country; Count Wells set out two days ago towards Bamberg, where he is to confer with the Elector of Mentz, and afterwards to wait upon Prince Lewis of Baden; and then to proceed to his Grace the Duke of Marlborough's Camp; and to continue there the remaining part of the Campaign.

*Frankfort, July 26.* Monsieur d'Almeida, Envoy from the States General, is returned thither from Swabach, where he has been to confer with Prince Lewis of Baden, who intended to leave that Place this day, in order to repair to the Imperial Army, which is still encamped at Lauterbourg; Four Regiments of Horse have been sent from thence to the other side of the Rhine, for the Convenience of Forage. The French Army under the Marshal de Villars continues near Weissenbourg, from whence he has detached 3 Regiments of Horse and 5 Battalions towards Fort Louis; and they are now encamped between that Place and Drusenheim, where they are making a new Line. Count Wells arrived here yesterday from Vienna, and this day proceeded on his Journey towards the Duke of Marlborough's Camp.

*From the Duke of Marlborough's Camp at Melderdt, July 30. N. S.*  
The Duke of Marlborough being informed, That several Posts on the Dyke, between Loosvain and the Village of Nieder-Yelche, were kindly guarded, resolved, with the Advice of the Generals, to endeavour to force them, in order to the passing of that River. Accordingly a Detachment of 18 Battalions, commanded by the Count of Oxentien, and 20 Squadrons, under the Command of the Duke of Wirtemberg, were ordered to advance yesterday about 5 in the afternoon, with some Artillery and the Pontons. At 11 at Night the Army

Army decamped from the Left, and followed this Detachment, which arrived at the Posts above-mentioned about three this morning, and the Workmen immediately made Bridges at Nider-Yiche on the Left, and near Corbeck on the Right. Two Battalions, with 300 Grenadiers and as many Fusiliers, passed over at the former Place, and 500 Grenadiers at the latter, who obliged the Guards, that pretended to oppose them, to retire; but the Enemy having got Notice of our Motions, began to march likewise at midnight; and their Head appearing at the same time as our Army came to the River, they having the Advantage of the Ground, it was thought fit to order our Men to retire, which they did in very good Order, bringing away their Bridges, and having had only two or three Officers wounded, and about 50 private Men killed and wounded. Our Cannon, which fired in the mean time from two Batteries without Intermision, the Deserters say, did great Execution among their Troops. Afterwards the Army marched, and encamped on the Right at this Place, and the Left at Borflu. Yesterday the Earl of Sunderland came to the Army, with several other Gentlemen who intend to wait on his Lordship to Vienna, whither they will be going in two or three days.

*Hague, July 31.* N. S. Baron Spar has been lately reinforced by 10 or 11 Battalions from several Garisons; and we expect to hear shortly of his having made some Attempt upon the French Lines in the Country or Waes. Monsieur Buis, the Pope's Inter-Nuncio residing at Brussels, who lately came hither to endeavour to compose some Differences between the Roman Catholics of this Country, concerning the Office of Vice-General over them, which is claimed by two several Persons, one by virtue of the Pope's Nomination, the other as being appointed by the States, is returned to Brussels without being able to adjust that Affair; which the States of Holland and Westphalia have resolved to take into Consideration at the next Meeting.

*Baltimore, July 11.* On the 5th Instant two French Privateers chased into Crookhaven the Mary Brigantine of Castle-town, a small Privateer of 6 Guns and 4 Patrocoets, the Birch Galley of London, bound from Cerke with Provisions for Barbadoes, and a small Coaster. On the 6th the French Privateers, with a Ship they had taken, came about 6 in the evening into Crookhaven, thinking to carry off those Ships without much Opposition; but Captain Townshend, Commandant of the Mary, expecting the Enemy would come thither, had taken ashore his Guns, and those of the Birch, with which he had formed 3 Batteries of 4 Guns each, and had placed his Men along the Shore in the Rocks with their small Arms, who, with the Batteries, plied the Enemy so warmly, that about 8 they were obliged to make off, having, in all probability, lost a great number of their Men. The French Privateers came into the Bay the next morning, but went out again without venturing upon a second Attempt.

*Falmouth, July 19.* The 15th Instant sailed hence the Queen Ann, a Dutch Privateer. The same day came in the Dolphin of Middlebourg, laden with Wine, Roin, &c. from Bourdeaux. The 16th sailed two Dutch Privateers, one called the Fame, and the other the Charles the Third; as did also the St. Peter of and from Drams in Norway, bound for Dublin. This day came in Her Majesty's Ships the Southampton and Lizard, and under their Convoy upwards of 100 Sail of Coasters from Wales; and two Merchant-men, one called the William of Boston, John Scott Master, from Nevis, the other named the London Galley of London, John Grouse Master, from Antego. This day also came in Her Majesty's Ship the Swallow Prize from Lisbon, which in her Passage home took the St. John Baptista a Sloop of St. Malo, that was going to Martinico.

*Farmouth, July 22.* The 19th Instant came into our Road from the Southward several Coasters, under Convoy of Her Majesty's Ship the Dunwich. The next day came in from Newcastle about 100 Sail of laden Colliers, most of which are passed through to the Southward, under Convoy of Her Majesty's Ships the Dolphin and Sheermels.

**By the Principal Commissioners for Prizes.**

ON Wednesday the 15th of August next, will be exposed to publick Sale by the Gandle, at Salters-Hall in St. Swithin's Lane, London, the Ship St. Therese, Burden about 120 Tuns, lying at Plymouth, with her Cargo, consisting of Oyl, Raisins of the Sun, Wool, and Cork; as also the Ship Harp Volant, Privateer, Burden about 70 Tuns, lying at Plymouth. And at the same time will be resold, Lot 67, containing 5 Hogheads of White-wine, out of the Salvator of Stetin; Lots 45. and 55. cont. 14 Chests of White Sugar, by the Tauro Galon; and Lot 61. cont. 4 Cases of Chocolate, by the Mary Mat of War, lying at Bustolph-Wharf; together with a parcel of Stones and Jars, lying at Mr. Hunt's Wharf at Rotherhithe. Allotments of all which will be timely printed and dispersed. And on Thursday the 2d of August next will be exposed to publick Sale in the Port of Weymouth, by the Prize-Officer there, about 16 Tuns of Small Wine, which came out of a Digger of an unknown Name, brought into the said Port; which, for the Encouragement of the Buyers, will be put up at 10 l. per Tun. And on Friday the 10th of the same Month will be exposed to publick Sale by the Gandle in the Port of Plymouth, part of the Cargo of the Hope of Stockholm, consisting

of Bourdeaux Claret, High Country White-wine, Bourdeaux White-wine, Stum, and Bourdeaux Brandy; part of the Cargo of the Post or Poffilion, consisting of Sherry; part of the Cargo of the St. Anne of Stockholm, consisting of Bourdeaux Claret, Bourdeaux White-wine, High Country Red Wine, Stum, High Country White-wine, and Frontinack; all lying in the Port of Plymouth.

**By the Receiver-General for Prizes.**

THE Principal Commissioners and Comptroller for Prizes having now adjusted the Near Proceed of the Booty taken from Her Majesty's Enemies in the Action at Vigo; The Receiver-General doth hereby give Notice, That the Officers and Company of Her Majesty's Ships Royal Sovereign, the Ranelagh and Triumph, will, on the 20th, 23d and 25th Days of August next, at the Office for Payment of Captors in the Piazza's, Covent-Garden, be paid their just Proportions of the remaining part of Her Majesty's Bounty for the said Action, according to the Directions in Her Majesty's most Gracious Declaration, and Orders in Council.

Whereas Notice was given in the Gazette of the 12th Instant, That the Ship Pearle or White Pearle, and her Lading, lying at Penzance in Cornwall, would be set up for Sale by the Comdant of Lloyd's Coffee-house in Lombard-Street, London, on the 2d day of August next; but in regard to the Distance where the Ship and Goods lie, the Inventories and Allotments of the same could not be ready to be delivered in due time: This is therefore to give Notice, That the time of Sale is put off to Tuesday the 14th of August, at 10 in the morning, at the same Place. Inventories and Allotments are ready to be delivered out at the Place of Sale, and by the Agent for the Admiralty at Penzance, where the said Ship and Goods are, and may be seen at any time.

**Advertisements.**

Just published, The Second Edition of the Peculiar Use and Signification of certain Words in the Latin Tongue; Or, A Collection of Observations, wherein the Elegant, and commonly unobserv'd Sense of very near Nine hundred common Latin Words ( besides the various Senses of the same Words ) is fully and distinctly explain'd in English Sentences, translated from the truest Copies of the purest Latin Writers. To this Edition, besides some Alterations, are added Notes, partly confirming by parallel Sentences, cited at length from the best Roman Authors, the Usages of such Words as may at first View appear surprizing; partly shewing the Similitude of the Latin with the Greek Tongue. The Method new and easie. The whole entertaining to any Person that has, or would have a Taste of Language. By William Wilymott, M. A. Fellow of King's-College in Cambridge. To be had at Mr. Fary's, Druggist, near St. Magnus Church entering London-Bridge. Price 4 s.

FOR Sale by the Candle, at the Marine Coffee-house in Birch-lane, on Thursday the 9th of August next, at 3 in the afternoon, 25 Punches of Red French Wines, and 8 Casks of Brandy, seized and condemned according to Law: The Wines appraised upon Oath at Sixty Pounds per Tun and upwards. All lying in the Queen's Warehouse at East Cowes in the Isle of Wight; there to be delivered free of all Duties. Attendance is given at the Place aforesaid, for the Buyers to view and taste them till the time of Sale.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt against Richard Soame, of London, Merchant, intend to sit on Thursday the 16th of August next, at 8 in the forenoon, and 3 in the afternoon, at the Irish Chamber in Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the said Soame's Estate; And such Creditors as have not yet paid their Contribution money, and proved their Debts, are then to come prepared to do the same, or they'll be excluded the said Dividend.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt was awarded against Jonathan and Benjamin Furley, of Colchester, Merchants; The Commissioners in the said Commission named do hereby give Notice, That they will meet on Thursday the 2d day of August next, at 9 in the forenoon, at the Three Cups in Colchester, in order to take Proof of Debts; at which time all Persons concerned are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and pay their Contribution money, and to choose Assignees.

ON Monday the 10th of September next, a Plate of 50 Guineas will be run for on Steyning Down in Suffex, by any Horse, &c. carrying 11 Stone, according to the usual Articles, and to be entered that day fortnight at the White-Horse in Steyning, every Horse, the Owner not a Contributor, to pay 5 Guineas.

ON Wednesday the 29th of August next, will be run for a Plate to the Value of 80 l. on the Heats near Winchester in Hampshire, by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, not exceeding 7 years old, each to carry 12 Stone, none but Gentlemen to ride, the Horses to be entered that day sevenight before they run.

ON Thursday the 2d of August next, a Plate of about 16 Guineas shall never run for 10 l. in Plate or Money, 3 Heats, 12 Stone weight, the Horses to be entered the same day at the Starting-Post, between one and three in the afternoon, each Horse to be sold for 20 l.

HOLMAN'S London-Inn-Powder; being very useful for all Persons to make their Writing-Ink as strong and as black as they please, each Sixpenny Paper, weighing two Ounces, makes a Pint or a Pint and half of the best Ink, or a Quart for Shopkeepers Writing and Marking Ink, only by stirring or shaking it often in so much Rain or River Water: Approved on throughout the Kingdom; and it is the best for Carriage by Sea or Land. Sold by most Stationers, Bookellers, and Haberdashers; in and about London, and by Shopkeepers in the Cities and chiefest Towns in England. Made and Sold by Charles Holman, in Red-Lion-Street, against the White-Hart-Inn in Southwark; he having a Patent granted him under the Great Seal of England for making the same.