

The London Gazette.

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From Monday June 18. to Thursday June 21. 1705.

Turin, June 3. N. S.

THE French Troops in the Aftesal, and the neighbouring Countries, making several Motions, with intent to draw together at Fontanelle, our Duke gave Directions for the forming of a Camp at Chiberg, and Count Guido of Staremberg went thither yesterday, and his Royal Highness intends to go into the Field in 6 days, and his Equipage is all in a readiness for that purpose. The Enemy have lately quitted Pignerol; upon Notice Monsieur Desportes, who commands in the Vallies, went to see in what Condition they had left that Place, and to give an Account thereof to his Royal Highness, by whom he was sent back two days ago with Orders to examine it. Since the Enemy's abandoning Pignerol, 17 Serjeants, with a considerable number of private Men have deserted, and come over to us. A Serjeant and Men belonging to the Garison of Montmeillan, who went thence about 3 weeks ago, with Orders to endeavour to reconquer that Place, returned hither last week, and brought them the Marquis de Fourbin, a French Colonel of Horse, when they met on the little Mount Sr. Bernard, coming to France to his Regiment, which is with the Duke of Venise, and took him Prisoner. The Enemy are making Magazines at Ivrea for the Subistence of their Forces.

Turin, June 13. Letters from the Brescian give an Account, that Prince Eugene had sent a Detachment of 1000 and 2500 Horse to Nave, who had begun to fortify that Place, and was since marched thither with part of his Army, and was advancing towards the Oglio: His Highness had ordered by 2 Regiments and some Recruits from Germany, amounting in the whole to about 2500 Men, and extra Reinforcement of 4000 Men of the Elector Palatine's Army, who were already come on this side of Trent, and their March with all diligence. The French Troops yet made any Motion.

Turin, June 1. Part of the Muscovite Forces, under the Command of General Czeremet, have passed the Weisfel, for greater Convenience in providing themselves with Provisions and Forage; but the main Body of his Troops is to remain on this side. The Czar is said to be advanced as far as the Body of Coszaks, and to be marching hither with all Diligence, intending, as is said, to besiege Riga, which General Czeremet, with the Forces under his Command, makes head against the Swedish Army.

Turin, June 13. The Imperial Army under General Erben is still in the Island of Scur; nor have the Hungarians given any Disturbance on the Frontiers. The late Emperor's Obsequies are now celebrating in the Church of St. Francis Fryars, where a very itately Mausoleum is erected for that purpose. The Sieur Stafford, Great Marshal of the Duke of Wirtemberg, is lately arrived here, being sent by the Duke to make his Compliments of Condolence and Congratulation upon the Death of the late Emperor, and upon the late Majesty's Accession to the Throne. Monsieur Triand is also come hither from Nancy, upon the like Errand of the Duke of Lorraine. General Cusani went from hence 10 days ago towards Hungary. Prince Maximilian of Habsburg is lately arrived from Piedmont, who on the 9th inst. was passed through Prince Eugene's Army, which was preparing to march from Gavardo towards the Oglio.

Turin, June 17. The King of Poland is still at Carelsbad, and intends to continue there 8 or 10 days longer; after which his Majesty will return hither, and then proceed to Gerslitz, where most of his Troops are already gone: They are at present employed in making a Line from Gerslitz to Schiedlitz, to secure that Frontier. An Express is lately come to Carelsbad from Briscia, who is to have brought Letters to his Majesty from the Two Generals, the Crown Treasurer and Crown Chamberlain, with the Nobility of Sandomir, Podolia, and Ruthenia, full of Assurances of their constant Duty and Loyalty to his Majesty, and Zeal for his Service.

Turin, June 21. Prince Lewis of Baden being indisposed, the Duke of Wirtemberg is gone to Schlagenbad, to use the Waters there. The Duke of Frize marches with the Imperial Troops towards Haguenau. The French in Alsace are drawing their Troops to the Duke of Marlborough's Camp at Dreyborn, June 24. The Duke of Wirtemberg, about one in the morning, the Army of the Duke of Marlborough decamped from Haguenau, and came into the Neighbourhood of Triers, which was covered by 20 Squadrons of Horse, that com-

posed the Rear-Guard. The French Army under the Marshal de Villars continued in the mean time very quiet in their Camp between Sirk and Thionville, and none of their Troops came out to observe us. The day proved very rainy, which rendered our March uneasy; and our Forces not arriving before it was late in the Camp which had been marked out for them, were obliged to halt there the next day. His Grace left the Palatine Troops, under the Command of the Count d'Aubach, being 7000 in number, with those of Westphalia, to secure Triers, and guard the Moselle: The Duke of Wirtemberg's Forces, in the Pay of the States General, to the number of 4000 Men, and those of Prussia, being 12000 Men, were ordered to join Prince Lewis, as those of Westphalia were also to do as soon as the Marshal de Villars should have made any considerable Detachment. The 19th the remainder of the Foot, with the Train of Artillery, continued their March towards the Maese, under the Command of General Churchill. The same day the Duke of Marlborough sent the Baron de Hompesch to Monsieur d'Auverquerque to concert Matters with him, and to meet his Grace on the March. The 20th his Grace followed with the Horse, and encamped at Hopital, and the next day at Bibrach; the Foot and Artillery marching in two Bodies by different ways, and the Horse taking a third Route, for the greater Convenience of the Troops; but the whole is to join the 27th at Duren. That day we received Advice, that the Marshal de Villars had on the 17th detached the Marquis d'Allegre with 15 Battalions and as many Squadrons, who, as was supposed, were to join 12 Battalions and 2 Regiments of Dragoons, detached 3 days before by the Marshal de Villars, in order to march into the Bishoprick of Liege: Which Design, our Motions would probably disappoint. On the 22d the Duke of Marlborough marched with the Horse from Bibrich to Pruy, halted there yesterday, proceeded this day to Dreyborn, and intends to continue his March to tomorrow to Duren. His Grace sent Orders the 21st to General Churchill to detach 1000 Men, with all the Granadiers, out of each Battalion, to meet the Horse at Duren the 26th. And there being Advice come in since, that the Enemy had been retarded two or three days before Liege for want of their Artillery, his Grace sent fresh Orders to the Earl of Orkney, who commands that Detachment, to hasten his March, to as to be at Duren to-morrow, or at least so early the next day, as to be able to proceed with the Horse somewhat further the same day; his Grace making this extraordinary Diligence, that, if possible, he may join Monsieur d'Auverquerque time enough to save the Citadel of Liege, or give Battle to the Marshal de Villeroi before he can draw off his Cannon.

Hague, June 26. N. S. An Express arrived this Morning from the Duke of Marlborough, with the News, that his Grace was advancing with all possible Diligence in order to preserve the Citadel of Liege: And by another Express since come in, which was sent by Monsieur d'Auverquerque, we have an Account, that his Grace was expected last night at Maffricht; that a Detachment of 100 Men out of each Battalion, and of all the Granadiers, of the Army under his Command, would be there to-morrow; and the whole Army would come up the day following. Lieutenant-General Hompesch, who had been sent by the Duke of Marlborough to confer with Monsieur d'Auverquerque, arrived in his Camp the 23d; and after having been present in a Council of War that was held upon his Arrival, was gone back to meet his Grace, and give him an Account of what Resolutions had been taken there. The Enemy, upon Advice of his Grace's Motions, had begun to draw off their Artillery and Ammunition, from before the Citadel of Liege, and to put it on board several Boats on the Maese, and were preparing to march from thence. At the Departure of the Express mentioned above to have been dispatched hither by Monsieur d'Auverquerque, he had sent out a Party, with Orders to march above Leige, and endeavour to sink a long Bark across the Maese, in a Place where the Chanel of that River is very narrow, in order to stop the French Boats with their Artillery; which, if it succeeds, may perhaps give us an Opportunity of possessing our selves of it. There was Advice in our Army on the Maese, that the Marshal de Villars had sent the Troops of the French King's Household to join the Marshal de Villeroi, and designed to make up that Reinforcement 30000 Men in all. Letters from Madrid of the 5th Instant give an Account, that a great Conspiracy had been discovered in Granada a few days before it was to have broke out, and that several Persons had been imprisoned upon that Account; but that the principal Person among the Conspirators, and 10 of the chief of his Accomplices, had made their Escape: That the Duke of Anjou having resolved to put

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French Garrisons into St. Sebastian and Fontarabie, standing the Representations of his Council to the contrary, the Dukes of Montellano and Montalto, the Conde de Monteceri, and the Marquises de Manzeria and Mexorada, resigned their Employments, and withdrew from the Council. Letters from the same Place of the 10th, which are since come in, say, That the Marquis de Leganez had that day been apprehended by the Duke of Anjou's Order; That 80 of the Guards had been sent to Guadalajara; it was said to secure the Conde d'Oropesa; That 14 Persons belonging to the Buen-Retiro had been seized, and sent to Prison; and that now the Duke of Anjou always went thither with his Guard, which he had never done before. Letters from Paris add, That a Plot had been discovered to assassinate him and the Dutchess; but it was believed to be only a Pretext for securing such of the Grandees as were suspected of being inclined to the House of Austria.

Plymouth, June 15. This day came in here the Exeter from Ireland, and the Hampshire from New England, for London, laden with Masts for the Dock. Her Majesty's Ship the Advice passed by our Harbour at the same time, with about 15 Sail of Merchant-men, homeward-bound from New-England.

Cowes, June 16. On the 14th Instant came in here two Dutch Privateers, which it is said have not been out above 14 days, and in that time have sent home 10 Prizes. They have brought in with them as Prize the Golden Eagle of St. Malo, an English-built Ship, of 14 Guns and 80 Men; the Commander whereof is dangerously wounded.

Yarmouth, June 18. On the 15th Instant came into our Road a Fleet of outward-bound Merchant-men, under Convoys of several of Her Majesty's Ships. Yesterday came in a Squadron of Men of War, commanded by the Marquis of Carmarthen, with another Fleet of outward-bound Merchant Ships. All the light Colliers that were in our Road failed yesterday for Newcastle.

Whereas in a Pamphlet lately published, Entituled, The Expedient; or, The Shortest way with the Dissenters Exemplified, &c. it is confidently affirmed, That Abraham Gill was admitted to Holy Orders by the present Bishop of Chelster, and that the very Original Orders, signed by the Bishop of Chelster's own Hand, and Sealed with his Seal, are left at Mr. John Skey's at the Black-Boy and Three Tobacco-Pipes at Queen-Hithe.

This is therefore to certify, That the said Abraham Gill was never Ordained by me either Priest or Deacon, nor any other Person whose Surname was Gill.

And whereas it is said, That Richard Todd, a Minister of the Church of England, hath Sworn, That the said Abraham Gill was Ordained by Nicholas Bishop of Chelster, and Five other young Men, upon the same Day, that he this Deponent was, viz. at Trinity, in the Year of our Lord 1692. This is likewise to certify, That one Richard Todd, (who wrote his Name with a double dd) was Ordained Deacon by me, yet not upon Trinity Sunday, 1692. but upon Trinity Sunday, 1696. and that not only Five, but Ten other Persons were at the same time Ordained together with him. In Witness of what I have said, I subscribe my Hand, this 28th Day of May, 1705.

N. Cestriens.

These are to give Notice, That his Royal Highness the Prince is pleased to give a Gold Plate, Value One hundred Guineas, to be run for at Black Hambleton in Yorkshire, over the four Miles old Beacon Course, the last Thursday in July, by any Horse five years old last Foaling time: No Horse to be admitted to run but such as shall bring a Certificate from the Breeder, of his Horse's Age; and likewise to be judged and approved to be no older than aforesaid, by the Gentlemen whose Horses run for the said Plate; each Horse to carry ten Stone weight, and start at the usual hours.

And his Royal Highness is also pleased to give another Gold Plate, Value One hundred Guineas, to be run for the second Thursday in October next, one Heat, over the Heats Course at Newmarket, ten Stone, by Horses five years old, whose Age must be certified as aforesaid, and likewise allowed of by Gentlemen whose Horses run. This Year no Mare will be admitted to run for either of these Plates: Although for the future his Royal Highness designs to give a Plate of the like Value, to be run for at each of the aforesaid Courses by Mares only, of the said Age.

Whereas it has been made evident to the Supervisor and Governors of the Chest at Chatham, That several Seamen have made their Application to Mrs. Elliot and Mrs. Druitt, of Chatham, and given them considerable Sums of Money, to make an Interest for 'em to have their Business done there; The Supervisor and Governors of the said Chest do hereby give Notice to all Seamen that have received any Hurt in Her Majesty's Service, or are already settled Pensioners, that when they have anything to do at the said Chest, it's expected they repair directly to them, when together, on the first Tuesday of every Month, and that they make no Application to any private Person whatsoever; at which publick Meetings they shall have Justice done them, without any Fee or Reward, with all possible Dispatch. And they do further give Notice, That if any Seaman that has given Money to any Person belonging to the said Chest, or to any Body for them, to get their Allowances settled or enlarged, or for Dispatch of their Business, will come to them and discover it, they shall not only have their Pensions continued, but shall have their Money again: But if they refuse to come in and make such Discovery, and it be otherwise found out, such their Pensions shall not only be suspended, but the Person shall be prosecuted with the utmost Severity according to Law. And if any Person that can make any considerable Discovery of such corrupt Practices, who are not Pensioners, will come in and prove the same, they shall be well rewarded by the said Supervisor and Governors.

ON Wednesday the 27th Instant will be exposed to publick Sale by the Candle, at Salters-Hall in St. Swinton's Lane, London, Brown and White Sugars out of the Young Benjamin, lying at Plymouth; of which Allowments have been already dispersed. And on Wednesday the 28th of July next will be likewise exposed to publick Sale at the same place, the Ship Count de Triers, burden about 36 Tuns, lying at Portsmouth, with her Cargo, consisting of White Wine, Claret, Frontiniack, Muscat, Stun, Brandy Honey, Oyl of Turpentine, Gum Elemi, and Prunin; as also the Cargo of the St. Ann of Stockholm, consisting of Bourdeaux Claret, White Bourdeaux, High Country Red, High Country White Stun, Frontiniack, Brandy and Almonds; Allowments of which will be timely printed and dispersed. On Thursday the 28th Instant will be exposed to Sale at Portsmouth, the remaining White Wines out of the Neptune. And on the same day will be exposed to Sale at Weymouth, 16 Tuns of small White Wine, out of Dogger of an unknown Name, taken by the Maidstone.

By the Receiver-General for Prizes

THE Neat Proceed of the Ship Europe of St. Malo, taken by Her Majesty's Ship Antelope, being now adjusted; The Receiver-General doth hereby give Notice, That on Thursday the 28th Instant, at the Office (for Payment of Captains in the Little Piazza's, Covent-Garden, he will show up the Captains his just Proportion of the said Prize, according to the Directions in Her Majesty's most Gracious Declaration for the Encouragement of Her Ships of War, &c.

The Court of Directors of the English Company Trading to the East-Indies give Notice, That a General Court of the Company will be held at Skimmers-Hall on Friday the 29th of Instant June, at 11 of the Clock in the forenoon precisely, same being a Quarterly Court. And a General Court of the General Society will be held at the same Place, on the same Day at 12 a Clock: That the Transfer-Books will be shew up from 22d Instant to the 5th of July next: And the Warrants for Amunity and Interest due at Midsummer will be ready to be served on the 16th of July next.

These are to give Notice, That there is an Order made by the Judges of the Courts of Queen's-Bench and Common-Pleas and Barons of the Court of Exchequer, in Michaelmas last, That all Attornies and Clerks of the said Courts, nominated of one of the Inns of Court or Chancery, shall be admitted before the end of Trinity Term next, and take Chambers in or Lodgings near, and leave Notice in Writing of it with Butler or Porter of the Inn to which they belong. And that they shall be sworn Attornies for the future, or admitted Clerks, they are first admitted of one of the said Inns, and produce Certificate thereof. And that no Attorney or Clerk shall swear himself out of the Society of which he is admitted till he shall bring a Certificate that he is admitted of such Society, (unless he totally leaves off the Practice of the Law. And that every Attorney and Clerk shall duly keep Company with such Society of which they are admitted; and that every Attorney offending against this Rule, or any part of it, shall be out of the Roll, and every Clerk be displaced and discharged from the Office to which he belongs. And that the Treasurers and Principals of the Inns of Chancery, &c. shall deliver to the Chief Justices and Chief Baron of each Court, in Michaelmas Term yearly, a List of the Offenders against this Order, they may be compelled to give Obedience to it. And also deliver a List of such who practice as Attornies, not sworn, to the Intent such Offenders may be duly punished. Care will be taken effectually to put this Order in Execution against all Offenders against it.

Advertisements.

FOR Sale by the Candle by the Honourable Commissioners of Majesty's Customs, on Thursday the 28th Instant, at the Coffee-house in Birch-lane, at 3 in the afternoon, a parcel of Red Wines. The Wines above-mentioned are to be seen in the back of the Fountain-Tavern in Warwick-street at the back of the Hay-Market 3 days before the Sale, viz. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 25th, 26th, and 27th Instant. Catalogues be had at the Marine Coffee-house above-mentioned, or at the Warehouse at the Custom-house, London.

Dr. William Read, Her Majesty's Oculist, has had great Success in the City of Worcester, in the Cure of all Maladies affecting the Eyes, both external and internal, especially in the Case of one Michael Hall, aged 70, and Ed. Hickocks, aged 64, who instantly restored to Sight, as well as others of greater Note: Notice is thought fit to be given thereof, that others in the like condition may know where to have Relief. The Doctor designs to be at Nottingham the 28th Instant.

Whereas a Necklace, containing 27 Rose Diamonds, Value in a red Velvet Case lined with black Silk, was stolen about the 23d of July last: if any Person can discover who the same (so as it may be had again) shall have 20 Guineas paid by Mr. Thornycroft, Goldsmith, at the Golden-Boyle in the Strand, or if pawn'd, their Money again, with Interest.

Robert Levitt, one of the Gentlemen of the Light-Horse of Majesty's Royal Hospital at Chelsea, aged 72 years, having been afflicted to that unusual Degree with the Stone and Gravel, has been Bedridden for above a Year last past, not being able much as to turn himself in his Bed, and scarcely slept an hour the night; till hearing of several remarkable Cures in Cases of the kind, and Strangury, wrought by a Powder sold by Mr. Rogers, of Fleet-street, at 5 s. the Paper, he took one Dose on Tuesday, and another on Wednesday, the week before Easter, had so wonderful an Effect on him, that in two days he went to bed, and grows daily better. He voided in one night a handful of gravel since the taking of this Powder.

THE Advertisement mentioned in the Gazette of Thursday the 17th, about Two Plates to be run for at Kerfall-Moor near Chester in Lancashire, should have been inserted to be run on the 25th and 26th of July next, and not on the 25th and 26th of July next, and the Horses to be shewn and entered the 19th of July next.