

Paris, Octob. 22 Our Trade with Holland seems to be much interrupted by their late resolution of imposing 25 Crowns a Tunne upon all French Wines by whomsoever importe, which will on the other side much improve the Trade of Wines from the Rhine.

Monsieur Colbert wholly intent upon our advantages by foreign Commerce, has formed a design of erecting a new Company for the Barbary Trade, and to raise a Fort in the Isle of Alboran at the mouth of the Straights, if permission for it can be obtained from the Moors, where our Traders and other ships may ride with safety and security, and upon occasion deposit their Lading.

From Aeth we are advised, that the Fortifications there are well advanced, and that Marshal d'Huxvilliers intends shortly to put himself again into the Field with a body of Two thousand five hundred Horse and three or four thousand Foot for the Convoy of 800 Waggon's more laden with Coals which are to pass over some part of the Spanish Territories to Aeth, but its also said the Spaniards are drawing a considerable force to Aeth in their way, so that tis feared some action may happen between them to the disturbance of the peace.

The 23th instant the Prince de Condé, with the Duke d'Enguyen with their Retains met the King of Poland at Meaux, and from thence attended him to his House at Chantilly, where His Majesty was received by the Princess Palatine, the Duchesse d'Enguyen and the Princess Mary; and during his stay was entertained with much Honour and Satisfaction, the 24th on which day he went thence to his Abby of St. Maurin d'Evreux.

The Master of the Bark which arrived at Foulton the 5th instant from Candia speaks with much confidence of the surrender of the place to the Turks upon Articles; and that the Venetians had by this Treaty concluded a long Truce, and were to continue in the quiet possession of Suda and Spiza long, with some other small Towns of the Island, and of Cusaro in Dalmatia, with what else they had wonne by Arms there; as also that they had liberty to carry off from Candia 250 pieces of Cannon, leaving only 20 behind them in the Town, and that the Garrison was to march out in 22 days after the conclusion of these Articles.

From Espanche Comte we are advised, that some Officers of the Spanish Garrison at Besancon, having affronted some of the principal Burgers of that City, the Townsmen rose against the Garrison and forced them to secure themselves in the Citadel, but the Count d'Artemberg being then at some distance from the place, having intelligence of this disorder, drew together all the Spanish forces of the Province to the number of 6 or 7 thousand men and invested the Town, intending to punish the principal Authors of the Tumult and Revolt.

His Majesty has lately given Order for the fitting up of all Vessels upon the Coasts of Provence, which tis believed may be employed against those of Algiers, who have of late taken several French Prizes, and much interrupted our Trade.

The 25th instant, the Cardinal de Vendosmes Heart was brought hither, and with much solemnity deposited in the Church of the Nuns Capucines of the Passion; his Body arrived the 10th instant at Vendosmes, where it was attended by all the Gentry of the Countrey, and the next day buried in the Tomb of his Ancestors.

Paris, Oct. 26. On Tuesday last returned hither Monsieur de Villars from his Embassy to the Court of Spain, and immediately departed hence to the Court at St. Germain to give His Majesty an account of his Negotiation, by him we are acquainted that the Marquis de Esiches is made choice of by the Court to be sent Ambassador Extraordinary to the Court of Portugal, to manage the affair on the behalf of such persons as are in the service of His Catholick Majesty, but their Estates in Portugal under Sequestration till their return home, to which by the Treaty of peace they seemed to be obliged to within a year, for the Examination of their pretensions before a Tribunal granted for that purpose.

Monsieur d'Insevillie, our Intendant for Sea-affairs in the Mediterranean writes from Toulon, that according to his Order from the Court, he has shorned the Quarantaine of the forces lately returned from Candia, who are to be sent to other Quarters, and that he has received another Order to send all such sea-Officers to the Western Ports which were designed to have attended the Marshal de Bellefonds on his Expedition for Candia.

The Count de Schomberg intends to put to sea from Rochelle before the end of this moneth, where 6 Fregats are sitting up and may be in readiness before the end of November, to be sent against the Corsairs of Algiers who have broken the peace with us.

The King has been pleased that the Estate of the Prince de Ligne Confiscated in the Netherlands, shall be enjoyed by a Son of his in France, whose Education His Majesty will take care for.

Our Levies go on in most parts of France, but the War with the Turks, for the defence of Candia, is no farther talked of, and, it is said, The Venetian Ambassador has lately received the Articles of his Surrender; though some Letters from Rome tell us, That on the 27th of September last it was upon his Defence.

Censurione of Genoa having put himself with 3 Men of War into His Majesties Service, is said to have lately pursued one of them into the Port of Legorne, which refused to follow him, and endeavoured to have found Security in that place.

The Turkish Minister who pretends to be an Ambassador, is at Fountainbleau, but, as yet, no time prefix for his Audience.

On Wednesday last the Marquis de Louvois began his Journey to the Frontier, taking with him his Brother the Coadjutor of Rheims.

London, Octob. 20. Yesterday the Two Houses of Parliament again Assembled at the usual places at Westminster, where being late, His Majesty was pleased to take his Seat with the usual solemnity and Order in the House of Lords, where the House of Commons with their Speaker attending him, His Majesty was pleased in a Gracious Speech to acquaint them with his joy to see them at that time, and the hopes he had of a happy meeting, which he promised to himself from the great experience he had of their Affection and Loyalty, of which he doubted not the continuance; briefly minding them of his Debts, which though pressing, he was unwilling to call for their assistance till this time; acquainting them, That what they last gave was wholly applied to the Navy, and to the Extraordinary Fleet for which it was intended, desiring they would now take his Debts effectually into their consideration; afterwards hinting to them a Proposal of great Importance concerning the Uniting of England and Scotland, which requiring some length, His Majesty left it and some other things to His Lord Keeper to open them more fully, which his Lordship accordingly did: both which Speeches are since made publick by His Majesties Command upon the desire of the Parliament.

The Speeches ending, the House of Commons returned to their own House, and after a little time Adjourned till the Thursday following.

This morning the House of Lords met and Adjourned till Monday next.