The London Gazette.

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From Monday, April 2. to Thursday, April 5. 1666.

Falmouth, March 28.

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T Helford is arrived the Olive Branch of London from Alicant, a ship of 200 Tun, laden with Fruit, Sope and Wines, Captain Highway Commander, the came from Tangier the fifth Instant, and reports that place to be in a very good condition, and that Sir feremy Smith was then there with his iquadron.

Newcastle, March 30. We have almost every day some ships coming into this harbor, on Wednesday last came to this Bar the Pembroke with thirty fayl of small Vessels, and three ships belonging to this Town, they had carried provifions for the Navy; there is no Dutch upon our Coast.

Edenburgh, March 27. About 14 daies fince, Captain Hamilton Commander of a private Man of War went out, and had a sharp fight with several Vessels, and had seven of his Men killed, but yet came off successfully, bringing away with him his Prize, a Veffel of 200 Tun, laden with Wine and Brandy, and two others, one of 300, the other of 400 Tun, with Ballast going Northward about for Bourdeaux. Another Privateer, Captain Murray, hath taken four smal Vessels laden with Fish, which he brought safe home.

Tarmouth, March 30. This morning arrived here a Billander from Oftend, who tells us that several Capers both French and Dutch are upon that Coast, but have not the confidence to venture over. The True-Love Fregat came this day by our Road from by South, and several Light Colliers to the Northward, but no Enemy appears either way.

Legorne, March 8. A Bristol man that came ten daies fince from Algier, tells us, that the Prizes taken by them, proved most of them French. One of them very rich, laden for Spain, with Bayes, Sayes, Sarges, and Silks; that on the 26 of Feb. they brought in a Ship of St. Maloes, laden with I on of Bifcay, and bound for Cadia, and that two of their men of War returned much torne and shattered, having encountered a fhip neer Cadia, faid to be a Hamburger, which not being able to take, they fired, and brought in forty of her men.

The Duke of Beaufort hath free liberty given him, to take his own time with his Navy to put out to Sea: which yet he has not done, nor is like to doe suddenly, not thinking his Navy strong enough as yet, either in thips or men, but he pretends he shall be before the end of this Moneth: in the meantime Sir feremy Smith cruses in the narrow, at the Streights mouth, and remaines wholly Master of those Soas, as well within, as without the Streights.

Alicant, March 8. It feems the ship formerly burnt eff of Cadit, proves to be the Hamburger that came from Plymouth, richly laden for Alicante, he fought eight houres with five Turks, and killed them out of one of their ships above 100 men, and all the Officers, and had not an unhappy shot entred his powder room, might have taken one of them. Those of Argiers thrive extremely of late upon the French and Dutch in those seas, and have at present 22 Fregats

Texel, March 26. The preparations for our Navy begin now to appear more and more, here being at present 12men of War, and more every day expected. Yesterday 12 men of War, and more every day expected.

Rotterdam, March, 28. Yesterday de Ruster went for Helvoetsluys: Heer de Liefdt's Vessel sayled from Delsthaven to the Briel, and to morrow Heer Van Es his ship is to fall down 5 the new ships to follow as soon as they can be gor ready. The Rendezyous for the whole Fleet not cer tainly known.

Vicnna, March 20. It is credibly reported, that Count Balassi Imbre is by the Mediation of the States of Hungarya taken again into favor. The Emperors Library Keeper, formerly fent to Buda, hath had leave from the Governor of that Town to view the Library, which he findes not to arise to that value and worth as was discoursed of. The Governor refuses to let the Books be removed without a special Mandate from his Mafter. In looking over the Books they found great store of money, which, it seems, had been left there in the last war, but for what usq is not known.

His Imperial Majesty sent lately a Courrier to the Elector of Brandenburgh, to put a ftop to his League with Holland, as hoping he might be instrumental in effecting a composure of all differences; but it seems the business was already

Cleve, March 31. The meeting appointed to be held between the Princes of the Circle of Westphalia, is broken off, by what accident, we know not; however the Deputies for the Electors of Brandenburgh and Colon, and the Dukes of Newburgh and Brunswick, are still at Munsler, where they labor hard to finde ways expedient for the competing the difputes between the Bishop and the States of the United Provinces; to whom, they say, the Emperor is likewise sending his Envoyé, and that the Princes of the Diet at Ratisbone, are resolved to send their Deputies for that purpose, that the Empire may not be interested in that war ; but with so little confidence of success, that all parties are providing forces for the more effectual carrying on the war on all fides. Most of the Princes of Germany, being intent upon their Levies, though it is not known for what deligns.

Rome, March 20. Don Pedro d'Arragon, the Spanista Ambassador, is to remove on the twenty fifth of this moneth, from his own to the Popes Palace, where he is to be entertained at his Holinels expence for three days as Vice-Roy of Naples, according to custom; which being expired, he returns to the Government of his Kingdom, which is in great tranquility and quiet, with an unquestionable obedience to Lis Catholick Majesty. This ceremonious Treatment of the Vice-Roy, is not a little displeasing to the French Faction in this Court, who had the Pope hearkned to their Councils, should himself have taken the management of that Kingdom

Several refleccions have here been made upon several passages, during the Carnaval, but more particularly upon the Queen of Sweden, who afforded the Town more publick pleasure, then all the rest; for besides the Plays which every night the caused to be acted in her own Palace, the took an hoese in the most eminent part of the Town, adorning it most sumptuously with great and rich Galleries, where she stood publickly in the fight of great multitudes of people gazing on her, and always furrounded with 28 or 30 Cardinals in more then usual familiarity, which gives great jealousie and diffatisfaction to the Pope, who looks upon it as a matter of consequence, and not unlike a faction; and that which increafed his discontent was, that the erected a Royal Crown with a great Sculpture over her Gallery, which was construed as favoring too much of Soveraigney in another Princes Dominion, under whose protection she lived: But this was dissembled, by the Cardinal Nephews giving her a visit in the same place the last day of the Carnival, which he did with great state, accompanied with fix Cardina's of his Creatures. This Queen is observed to have won very much upon the opinion of most of the Cardinals, some of them continually attending her, when she is seen publickly.

The Duke de Vendosm is informed, that Cardinal de Retz was