## The London Gazette.

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From Monday, April 2. to Thursday, April 5. 1666.

Falmouth, March 28.

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T Helford is arrived the Olive Branch of London from Alicant, a ship of 200 Tun, laden with Fruit, Sope and Wines, Captain Highway Commander, the came from Tangier the fifth Instant, and reports that place to be in a very good condition, and that Sir feremy Smith was then there with his iquadron.

Newcastle, March 30. We have almost every day some ships coming into this harbor, on Wednesday last came to this Bar the Pembroke with thirty fayl of small Vessels, and three ships belonging to this Town, they had carried provifions for the Navy; there is no Dutch upon our Coast.

Edenburgh, March 27. About 14 daies fince, Captain Hamilton Commander of a private Man of War went out, and had a sharp fight with several Vessels, and had seven of his Men killed, but yet came off successfully, bringing away with him his Prize, a Veffel of 200 Tun, laden with Wine and Brandy, and two others, one of 300, the other of 400 Tun, with Ballast going Northward about for Bourdeaux. Another Privateer, Captain Murray, hath taken four smal Vessels laden with Fish, which he brought safe home.

Tarmouth, March 30. This morning arrived here a Billander from Oftend, who tells us that several Capers both French and Dutch are upon that Coast, but have not the confidence to venture over. The True-Love Fregat came this day by our Road from by South, and several Light Colliers to the Northward, but no Enemy appears either way.

Legorne, March 8. A Bristol man that came ten daies fince from Algier, tells us, that the Prizes taken by them, proved most of them French. One of them very rich, laden for Spain, with Bayes, Sayes, Sarges, and Silks; that on the 26 of Feb. they brought in a Ship of St. Maloes, laden with I on of Bifcay, and bound for Cadia, and that two of their men of War returned much torne and shattered, having encountered a fhip neer Cadia, faid to be a Hamburger, which not being able to take, they fired, and brought in forty of her men.

The Duke of Beaufort hath free liberty given him, to take his own time with his Navy to put out to Sea: which yet he has not done, nor is like to doe suddenly, not thinking his Navy strong enough as yet, either in thips or men, but he pretends he shall be before the end of this Moneth: in the meantime Sir feremy Smith cruses in the narrow, at the Streights mouth, and remaines wholly Master of those Soas, as well within, as without the Streights.

Alicant, March 8. It feems the ship formerly burnt eff of Cadit, proves to be the Hamburger that came from Plymouth, richly laden for Alicante, he fought eight houres with five Turks, and killed them out of one of their ships above 100 men, and all the Officers, and had not an unhappy shot entred his powder room, might have taken one of them. Those of Argiers thrive extremely of late upon the French and Dutch in those seas, and have at present 22 Fregats

Texel, March 26. The preparations for our Navy begin now to appear more and more, here being at present 12men of War, and more every day expected. Yesterday 12 men of War, and more every day expected.

Rotterdam, March, 28. Yesterday de Ruster went for Helvoetsluys: Heer de Liefdt's Vessel sayled from Delsthaven to the Briel, and to morrow Heer Van Ess his ship is to fall down 5 the new ships to follow as soon as they can be gor ready. The Rendezyous for the whole Fleet not cer tainly known.

Vicnna, March 20. It is credibly reported, that Count Balassi Imbre is by the Mediation of the States of Hungary, taken again into favor. The Emperors Library Keeper, formerly fent to Buda, hath had leave from the Governor of that Town to view the Library, which he findes not to arise to that value and worth as was discoursed of. The Governor refuses to let the Books be removed without a special Mandate from his Mafter. In looking over the Books they found great store of money, which, it seems, had been left there in the last war, but for what usq is not known.

His Imperial Majesty sent lately a Courrier to the Elector of Brandenburgh, to put a ftop to his League with Holland, as hoping he might be instrumental in effecting a composure of all differences; but it seems the business was already

Cleve, March 31. The meeting appointed to be held between the Princes of the Circle of Westphalia, is broken off, by what accident, we know not; however the Deputies for the Electors of Brandenburgh and Colon, and the Dukes of Newburgh and Brunswick, are still at Munsler, where they labor hard to finde ways expedient for the competing the difputes between the Bishop and the States of the United Provinces; to whom, they say, the Emperor is likewise sending his Envoyé, and that the Princes of the Diet at Ratisbone, are resolved to send their Deputies for that purpose, that the Empire may not be interested in that war ; but with so little confidence of success, that all parties are providing forces for the more effectual carrying on the war on all fides. Most of the Princes of Germany, being intent upon their Levies, though it is not known for what deligns.

Rome, March 20. Don Pedro d'Arragon, the Spanista Ambassador, is to remove on the twenty fifth of this moneth, from his own to the Popes Palace, where he is to be entertained at his Holinels expence for three days as Vice-Roy of Naples, according to custom; which being expired, he returns to the Government of his Kingdom, which is in great tranquility and quiet, with an unquestionable obedience to Lis Catholick Majesty. This ceremonious Treatment of the Vice-Roy, is not a little displeasing to the French Faction in this Court, who had the Pope hearkned to their Councils, should himself have taken the management of that Kingdom

Several refleccions have here been made upon several passages, during the Carnaval, but more particularly upon the Queen of Sweden, who afforded the Town more publick pleasure, then all the rest; for besides the Plays which every night the caused to be acted in her own Palace, the took an hoese in the most eminent part of the Town, adorning it most sumptuously with great and rich Galleries, where she stood publickly in the fight of great multitudes of people gazing on her, and always furrounded with 28 or 30 Cardinals in more then usual familiarity, which gives great jealousie and diffatisfaction to the Pope, who looks upon it as a matter of consequence, and not unlike a faction; and that which increafed his discontent was, that the erected a Royal Crown with a great Sculpture over her Gallery, which was construed as favoring too much of Soveraigney in another Princes Dominion, under whose protection she lived: But this was dissembled, by the Cardinal Nephews giving her a visit in the same place the last day of the Carnival, which he did with great state, accompanied with fix Cardina's of his Creatures. This Queen is observed to have won very much upon the opinion of most of the Cardinals, some of them continually attending her, when she is seen publickly.

The Dike de Vendosm is informed, that Cardinal de Retz was

was the man that hindred his promotion to a Cardinals Cap; making the Pope believe, that he was not yet absolved from the Excommunication which his Holineis ient cur against him formerly for arrelting his Nuncio by the King of France his order, who was sent to mediate an accommodation for Reig: For which, the Duke hath complained to the King, Though, some say, the Cardinal had no spight against the Dakes person, but onely was willing to be the onely French Cardinal; for which reason he formerly hindred the promo-

tion of the Prince de Conti. Genouz, March 20. We are told by Letters from Milan, that the new Empress will not leave Madrid untill the next Autumn, and that the Governor of Milan, Don Louis Pons de Leon, besides all other orders issued out by him, to the Commissaries for provisions, and other Officers, has commanded a Listo be brought into him, of all Caaches, and number of Horses that can be found in his Government, which he does to provide the more surely for the Empresses equipage at her arrival, and to be sarisfied in some other design

he has for the strength of his Country. Raib, March 5. Count Lesty is now arrived at Buda, where he intends to continue, till he have concluded with the Basia about the exchange of prisoners, and the number of what Villages are to contribute to the Fortress of Newhausel; with some other differences, that at present, hinder the entire executions of the Treaty: There is no doubt of a perfect agreement between them, fince we finde the Turks have great inclinations to live at peace with us. The Bassa of Waradin having cut off the heads of many of his Soldiery that had made incursions centrary to command, and fent information of the execution he had made to all our Governors of the Frontier Garrisons, to oblige them to a like severity.

Hague, March 28. The twenty sixth instant, the Vice-

Chancellor of Brandenburgh arrived at the Hague; from whence his Electoral Highnesses Deputies parted the same

The Princes Dowager of Orange hath by a Memorial fignified to the generality of the States, that the marriage be-twirt her daughter the Prince's Mary, and the Duke of Simeren, is fully concluded; in pursuance whereof, her Highness is resolved to 30 with her whole Retinue and Train for Cleve about the middle of April.

The Body of the Deputies of Zealand appeared yesterday in the Affembly of the States ; with what faccels is not known. To morrow they are to have a Conference with the Deputies of the States of Holland in the Council Chamber, to confult concerning the combination of the Courts of Justice, and to compele leveral differences risen between the two Pro-

Venice, March 10. Our Navy ( as we are informed by 2 Sayrnz Veilel that pait by our fhips ) did in three iquadrons put out from Pares, and fet fayl on their way for Candia, but to the great trouble both of Seamen and Soldiers were diverted by contrary windes, and forced to put in at Milo : Letters from Smyrna tell us, that the Turkish Empeter has commanded all Vessels of what Nation soever robe stopt, and an Imbargo set on them, having (as is supposed) a design to make use of them, with their Seamen, in his Warrs at Candia, where he resolves to use all endeaross to raile the fiege from Canes. We have news from Candia that 40 Turkish Galleys stole by night, out of the Dardanellocs, intended for the relief of that Island, but 14 of them sell into our hands, the others arrived with some men, whom they landed, but are in despaire of succouring Canes, which sievery Orgichals, hespead, but the Challetter Canes, which is very streightly besieged by the Christians, who hope in a short time to give a good account of the place, they being reduced to great wants: The Turks are preparing a great Flee: against the Spring, but it is thought will be diverted by the Perfian : to avoid the storm, the Turk has tent an Erwye to compose ( if possible ) all differences, the humour of the Ottoman Court at preient, being not at all inclined to Warrs.

The Pacquet boat between this place, Ferrara and Modens has lately been rob'd by several Banditi, which has so much incensed the Senate, that they offer pardon, and 1000 Ducats to any one of them that will come in and discover

Several Ottoman Gallyes have been at his accomplices. Candia with two hundred thousand Sultanins, for the pryment of their Army, but in their return, were half of them cast away by tempest. The Sultan has commanded his latendant of the Sea, to have his head taken off, for not putting out to Sea fo many thips as he was ordered to fit out.

Hague, April 6. The Envoye of Colon hath in his Mafters name renewed his demand of Rhineberg, and with greater inflance then formerly, faying plainly, his Master expects that, or the value of it in fomething elie, equally to his fatis-

From Sweden, the Sieur Isbrandts writes, that that Crown is exceedingly incented against Denmark for having thrown themselves into so st ict on Alliance with us, and slicks not to fay, they must and will maintain the freedom of the Baltick to all their Allies.

Holland calls to the other Provinces to come to the diffold of the principal charges in the Army this Campagne, but are foill fatisfied with the inclinations they perceive they bring with them to that work; that they have required them not to name in the States General, any of those they have already pitched upon in their respective Assemblies at home.

The Deputies in the Field begin to call out for more money, and yet we see no fruits of our expences hitherto.

The buliness of the Princes Advancement, is the great matter in debate now. Helland continues to of pole it Hiffly, the rele-of the Provinces hitherto affect it as resolutely; and fome have been told to fay, It may as well be carried even without or against Holland new, as Prince Mairice's was heretofore in 1586. against the Protestation of Frige in that

In the States General have been several bitter Invectives of late against the Papists, as being in their whole Body suspects ed ill-affected to the prefer frate of the Gwennment, and that they ought to be restrained. But Holland se resees the danger of that Theme, and have therefore got it laid aside.

At Cleve, Beverning tells us, tle e appear lo many Mediators, that he knows not with whom he hath to do 5 and bath therefore defi ed he may have none to deal with but that E'ector, who itands obliged to his Mafters to end these delayes,

and m fall to action.

Dort, March 27. Among other the apprehensions that have of late le zed our Neighbors in the Mayorie of Bolledue, and Barony of Breda; they are strangely alarmen of late with the report of some English Forces deligned to pais that way to the affiftance of the Bithop; infomuch, that feveral principal Families of Gently, and others of best interest about Endhoven, and the adjacent parts, have most cereft about Endhoven, tainly employed a person of credit about the King of England, to obtain Protections from that King for them and their Estates, and dilowning any other part in this War, then what they have been necessificated into by the millaken Politicks of a Cabale, which now holds the Helm in that Government.

What fuccels it may have, we know not, but it is most certain, they think themselves not safe without some security of

this kinde against the English.

Lyn, April 2. No Enemy has appeared here these mery dayes, till of late a Galliot Dutch Privateer, chaced into Bladney-haven, a Fisher Hoy with Lobsters, who was forced to run on shore; as likewise did a Ketch belonging to this Town, upen the Coaft of Lincolnshire.

Plymouth, April 1. The Sorlings is returned hither, having convoyed the Merchants into the Thames, in whole company the tent a P. ize taken by her in her passage, lacea with French Wines.

Brifiel, Afril 2. Two Vessels arriving yesterday from Kingfale, report, that they met three Turks Men of War upon our Coasts, who were very civil to them; and as they faid, had been conducting for e Merchants ships of value into Barnfraple, in order to their fecurity: adding, that they daily expected ten fayl more of their companions to joyn with them, to annoy his Majesties Enemies, the Dans

and French in their Sees. The Account of this Weeks Bill runs thus-211. Of the Plague 26. Decreased in all 13. Incressed

of the Plague 9.

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