

strengthened, and crept with the Right at Puntz, and the Left at Gundelshagen; from whence we advanced towards Langenau and Ober-Eichingen; and the 21st we came to Sefflingen, a little more than an English Mile from Ulm. Upon our March we were told, that great numbers of Officers of the Enemy had been killed in the several Villages by which we passed, and we were informed by the People here, that when the Enemy marched from Ulm they carried with them upwards of 7000 wounded, whereas near 1000 were Officers; and that they burnt many of their Wagons, that they might make use of the Horses to make Litters to carry off the Officers. All our Horses, with several Parties of Horse had been sent out in pursuit of the Enemy, who, with the Country People, cut off all that could not keep up with their Army; so that we heard they had made great Slaughter of them. The Enemy having left in Garrison at Ulm 4 French and 5 Bavarian Battalions, we began upon our Arrival at Sefflingen to block up them. The 21st in the morning a Deputy came from the City of Memmingen, to crave my Lord Duke of Marlborough's Protection, who gave an Account, That the Electors of Bavaria, with her 5 Children, had passed through that Place with a Guard of 12 Squadrons of Horse, in order to follow the Elector. The 22d the Governour of Ulm sent out of the Town 450 Prisoners, taken by the Army at Hochster, Dillingen, and other Places, with a Compliment to the Duke of Marlborough, praying his Grace would take advantage of this opportunity to return an equal number of theirs; but that he refused being all of the German Troops, his Grace sent them to Passau again. The Elector of Bavaria's Communication with his own Country being now entirely cut off, a Trumpeter came from the Camp the 23d at night, with a Letter from his Imperial Highness to the Duke of Marlborough, desiring he would send some of his own Troops to the Electors, which his Grace refused. The Elector is gone back to Ulm. Prince Lewis of Baden came to our Camp the 24th, to confer with his Grace and the Duke of Marlborough, having left his Army encamped at Lauingen. The 26th our Troops began their March towards the Rhine by different Routes, for the ease of the Country. Prince Lewis began his March the 29th with the Imperial Horse, and Prince Eugene resolved to go to Rowley to attack the Troops in those Parts and in the Lines, to join us on the Rhine. General Thungen was left at Sefflingen, with the Troops that were to have besieged Ingolstadt, to attack Ulm, in case the Place should not be surrendered by Composition. The Emperor has ordered the Troops that have been acting against the Elector of Bavaria on the Borders of Tirol, under the Command of Lieutenant-General Guttenstein, and Lieutenant-General Tierheimb, to march immediately to join in the Count of Leiningen, in order to make a Diversion in favour of the Duke of Savoy; and Count Massey set out the 29th in his way to Turin, to acquaint his Royal Highness with the Measures that are taking here for the rest of the Campaign, which 'tis hoped may oblige the Enemy to draw a considerable Body of their Troops out of Italy. By Letters we intercepted of the 19th past, going from Dulligen to the French Court, the Enemy own the Loss of upwards of 20000 Men killed, taken Prisoners, and who have deserted after their Retreat, which was in very great Disorder; They make the number of the Deserters to amount to many Thousand. The English and Danish Troops which marched, under the Command of General Churchill, from Sefflingen the 26th past, encamped that night at Heuntheim; the next day they continued their March to Gross-Schiffen; the 28th to Eberspach; where they halted the 29th; the 30th they came to Gross-Heppach; and the 31st to Mundelheim, where they halted the day following; and yesterday passed the Neckar at Laufen, and came to Gross-Gartach. His Grace the Duke of Marlborough joined them the 31st in the evening at Mundelheim from the Camp before Ulm, which he had left the day before at 5 in the morning. Count Wratislaw stays here to receive the Proposals of the Electors of Bavaria for the delivering up of that Place; and General Thungen, who commands the Siege, is making Preparations for carrying it on with Vigour, if it be not surrendered. He has with him 24 Squadrons and 23 Battalions, besides 3 Battalions more, which are on their March to join him: He was to open the Trenches the 30th at night, and will attack the Place with 40 Pieces of Cannon, besides Mortars. When we are Masters of it, the French will have no more Troops on this side the Rhine. My Lord Duke having received an Invitation from the Duke Regent of Wirtemberg, by his Grand Marshal, to his Residence at Stuttgart; his Grace went thither the first Instant in the morning, accompanied by several of the General Officers; and, after a very splendid Entertainment, returned in the evening to the Army. The Enemy having repassed the Black Forest, and being since retired over the Rhine, Prince Eugene did not go to Rowley, as he intended, but went directly to Raistr, to draw the Troops together, and march with them towards Philipsbourg. Prince Lewis is gone for 3 or 4 days to Alschaffembourg. We had a Report at Stuttgart, That the French had disarmed the Bavarians who are with them; but this wants Confirmation. This day we marched from Gross-Gartach hither, and to morrow the Duke of Marlborough will advance with the Horse to Langenrich, and from thence to Philipsbourg, to join the Troops Prince Eugene is drawing together there from the Lines, in order to pass the Rhine, and take Post on the other side, while the Foot comes up by easier Marches.

- A LIST of the Officers of Her Majesty's Forces who were killed in the Battel of Bleinim, and of those who are since dead of the Wounds they received in that Action:**
- Brigadier-General Row.
 - Of Major-General Wood's Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel Featherstonhugh, Cornet Odiarne.
 - Of Colonel Cadogan's, Lieutenant Greucere.

Of Lieutenant-General Wyndham's, Major Chenevix, Lieutenant Payne, Cornet Saunders, Cornet Thompson, Quarter-Master Crocker.

Of the Duke of Schomburg's, Major Creed, Lieutenant Hawker, Cornet Charleston.

Of the Guards, Lieutenant-Colonel Philip Dormer.

Of the Royal Regiment of Foot, Colonel John White, Lord Forbes Captain, Ensign Geo. Connaway, Ensign James Craig.

Of Prince George's, Captain Ol. Luke, Lieutenant Alexander Schimlhuice, Lieutenant Geo. Palfrey.

Of Brigadier Webb's, Major Frederick Cornwallis.

Of Brigadier Hamilton's, Captain Henry Browne, Captain A. hazed Rollefrow, Captain Vaulin, Ensign William M. yic.

Of the Lord North's, Captain Warner Dawes, Sir John Sarah, Captain Gr. Cavendish, Captain Thomas Burton, Lieutenant J. Frayer, Lieutenant John Wycks, Ensign Walter Breames, Ensign Tho. Dawson.

Of the Earl of Derby's, Captain Garret Coughlane, Lieutenant Ran. Browne, Ensign William Sabon, Ensign James Hesketh.

Of Brigadier Row's, Lieutenant-Colonel Dayel, Captain Alexander Straiton, Captain David Straiton, Lieutenant John Vandergrach, Lieutenant William Campbell, Lieutenant Walter Traillion.

Of Brigadier How's, Captain James Tankred, Lieutenant Will Kent, Lieutenant Thomas Simons, Ensign Thomas Jackson.

Of the Duke of Marlborough's, Captain Vere Fitz-Simons, Captain Gardner, Captain John Bayly, Lieutenant John Parvor.

Of Brigadier Ferguson's, Captain Alexander Campbell, Lieutenant Ar. Dowglais, Lieutenant Geo. Seaton, Ensign James Hope.

Philipsbourg, September 2. Prince Eugene of Savoy arrived here this day, and the Troops under his Command have begun to dig the Rhine. The Elector of Bavaria and the Marshal de Villars have passed that River with their Forces, and are now at Strasbourg.

Hague, September 9. N.S. Monsieur d'Auverquerque has left his Camp at St. Itron, and is now with his Army near Honsell. A Conspiracy has lately been discovered, wherein one of his Excellency's Guides and several other Persons were concerned, to bring him into the Hands of the Enemy. The Recruits, with a Supply of Ammunition designed from hence for Portugal, will sail a week or two. Our Fleet of Merchant Ships from Hull and Scotland, to the number of about 100 Sail, is come into the Harb. Our homeward-bound Greenland Fleet, to the number of 100 Sail, is like to be safely arrived in our Ports, as are also 100 more of Merchant Ships from the Baltic, and two from the East-Indies. Tomorrow is to be observed here as a Day of Publick Thanksgiving for the late Glorious Victory at Bleinim.

Portsmouth, August 31. Sir Stafford Fairborne sailed yesterday from Spithead to St. Helens, with several of Her Majesty's Ships.

Windsor, September 3. The Count de Briançon, Envoy Extraordinary from his Royal Highness the Duke of Savoy, had this day an Audience from Her Majesty, at which he delivered a Letter from his Master, in relation to the Affairs of Piedmont, whereas he received a very favourable Answer.

The Baron de Schurz, Envoy Extraordinary from the House of Brunwick Lunenbourg, had this day an Audience from Her Majesty; wherein he congratulated Her Majesty, in the Name of the Elector of Hanover and the Duke of Zell, for the Great and Glorious Victory lately obtained by Her Majesty's Forces at Mollath.

Her Majesty has received Two Letters, one from the Elector of Saxony, the other from the Bishop of Munster, congratulating the Success of Her Majesty's Arms at Hochster; by which Her Majesty has preserved the Empire from Ruine.

This is to give Notice to all Persons concerned, That Her Majesty has thought it necessary, in this time of War, to direct, That no Person whatsoever be received on board any of Her Majesty's Men of War, a Passenger, or any of the Packet-Boats, or be permitted to pass beyond the Sea on board any other Vessel out of any Port of England or Wales, who have not a Pass under Her Majesty's Royal Signet or Sign Manual, or under the Hand and Seal of One of Her Majesty's Secretaries of State; Except only Officers, Soldiers and Recruits of Her Majesty's Army in Holland, Flanders, or Portugal, who are to produce a Pass for that purpose from the Generalissimo, or General, and hereof all the Officers of the Customs, and other Her Majesty's Officers in the several Ports, are to take due Notice, and to be careful that none be suffered to pass beyond the Sea, but in the Manner mentioned; excepting only into the Kingdom of Ireland.

Whereas a Letter, dated the 31st of August, and signed J. T. W. sent by the Penny-Post to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; This is to give Notice to the Person who writ the said Letter, That if he will apply himself to the Secretary of State to whom he directed it, he shall receive Satisfaction in what he desires.

A Letter signed S. N. dated the 2d of this Instant September, has been sent to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to give Notice to the Person who wrote that Letter, that if he will come to the said Secretary of State, he shall receive all due Encouragement, and Satisfaction in what he mentions.

Whereas a Letter, dated the 31st day of August last past, and signed S. W. was sent to One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; These are to give Notice to the said Person, that if he will come to the said Secretary of State, he shall receive all due Encouragement, and Satisfaction in what he mentions.

The Directors for Greenwich Hospital do give Notice, That any Person desirous to perform the Work in the great Hall of the said Hospital, may there be informed, by the Clerk of the Works, of the manner how the same is to be done, and may make their Proposals to the Directors at the Office of Her Majesty's Works in Scotland, on Friday morning the 8th of this Instant September.

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THE following is the list of the names of the Officers of the Army, who were killed in the Battle of Bleinim, and of those who are since dead of the Wounds they received in that Action.

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